By: Alonzo H.B. No. 3207

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

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1	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the authority of public defenders to refuse to accept
- 3 indigent defense appointments for good cause.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 5 SECTION 1. Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 6 amended by amending Subsection (j) and adding Subsections (j-1) and
- 7 (j-2) to read as follows:
- 8 (j) A public defender's office may not accept an appointment
- 9 under Article 26.04(f) if:
- 10 (1) a conflict of interest exists that has not been
- 11 waived by the client;
- 12 (2) the public defender's office has insufficient
- 13 resources to provide adequate representation for the defendant;
- 14 (3) the public defender's office is incapable of
- 15 providing representation for the defendant in accordance with the
- 16 rules of professional conduct;
- 17 (4) the acceptance of the appointment would violate
- 18 the maximum allowable caseloads established at the public
- 19 defender's office; or
- (5) $[\frac{(4)}{(4)}]$ the public defender's office shows other
- 21 good cause for not accepting the appointment.
- 22 <u>(j-1) On refusing an appointment under Subsection (j), a</u>
- 23 chief public defender shall file with the court a written statement
- 24 that identifies any reason for refusing the appointment. The court

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- 1 <u>shall</u> determine whether the chief public defender has demonstrated
- 2 <u>adequate good cause for refusing the appointment and shall include</u>
- 3 the statement with the papers in the case.
- 4 (j-2) A chief public defender may not be terminated,
- 5 removed, or sanctioned for refusing in good faith to accept an
- 6 appointment under Subsection (j).
- 7 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.