By: Huffman

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	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED						
1	AN ACT						
2	relating to specialty court programs in this state.						
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:						
4	ARTICLE 1. SPECIALTY COURT PROGRAMS						
5	SECTION 1.01. Title 2, Government Code, is amended by						
6	adding Subtitle K to read as follows:						
7	SUBTITLE K. SPECIALTY COURTS						
8	CHAPTER 121. GENERAL PROVISIONS						
9	Sec. 121.001. DEFINITION. In this subtitle, "specialty						
10	court" means a court established under this subtitle or former law.						
11	Sec. 121.002. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and						
12	the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to						
13	appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the						
14	oversight of specialty court programs.						
15	(b) For the purpose of determining the eligibility of a						
16	specialty court program to receive state or federal grant funds						
17	administered by a state agency, the governor or a legislative						
18	committee to which duties are assigned under Subsection (a) may						
19	request the state auditor to perform a management, operations, or						
20	financial or accounting audit of the program.						
21	(c) Notwithstanding any other law, a specialty court						
22	program may not operate until the judge, magistrate, or						
23	coordinator:						
24	(1) provides to the criminal justice division of the						

1 governor's office: 2 (A) written notice of the program; and (B) any resolution or other official declaration 3 under which the program was established; and 4 5 (2) receives from the division written verification of the program's compliance with Subdivision (1). 6 7 (d) A specialty court program shall: (1) comply with all programmatic best practices 8 adopted by the criminal justice division of the governor's office; 9 10 and (2) report to the division any information required by 11 12 the division regarding the performance of the program. (e) A specialty court program that fails to comply with 13 14 Subsections (c) and (d) is not eligible to receive any state or 15 federal grant funds administered by any state agency. 16 SECTION 1.02. Subchapter J, Chapter 264, Family Code, is 17 transferred to Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code, as added by this Act, redesignated as Chapter 122, Government Code, and amended 18 to read as follows: 19 CHAPTER 122 [SUBCHAPTER J]. FAMILY DRUG COURT PROGRAM 20 21 Sec. <u>122.001</u> [264.801]. FAMILY DRUG COURT PROGRAM DEFINED. In this chapter [subchapter], "family drug court program" 22 23 means a program that has the following essential characteristics: 24 (1)the integration of substance abuse treatment 25 services in the processing of civil cases in the child welfare 26 system with the goal of family reunification; 27 (2) the use of a comprehensive case management

S.B. No. 462 approach involving Department of Family and Protective Services 1 [department] caseworkers, court-appointed case managers, 2 and 3 court-appointed special advocates to rehabilitate a parent who has had a child removed from the parent's care by the department because 4 5 of suspected child abuse or neglect and who is suspected of substance abuse; 6 7 (3) early identification and prompt placement of 8 eligible parents who volunteer to participate in the program; 9 (4) comprehensive substance abuse needs assessment 10 and referral to an appropriate substance abuse treatment agency; 11 (5) a progressive treatment approach with specific 12 requirements that a parent must meet to advance to the next phase of 13 the program; 14 (6) monitoring of abstinence through periodic alcohol 15 or other drug testing; 16 judicial interaction (7) ongoing with program 17 participants; monitoring and evaluation of program goals and 18 (8) effectiveness; 19 20 continuing interdisciplinary education to promote (9) 21 effective program planning, implementation, and operations; and 22 development of partnerships with public agencies (10)23 and community organizations. 24 Sec. 122.002 [264.802]. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PROGRAM. 25 The commissioners court of a county may establish a family drug 26 court program for persons who: (1) have had a child removed from their care by the 27

1 <u>Department of Family and Protective Services</u> [department]; and 2 (2) are suspected by the <u>Department of Family and</u> 3 <u>Protective Services</u> [department] or a court of having a substance 4 abuse problem.

5 [Sec. 264.803. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and 6 the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to 7 appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the 8 oversight of family drug court programs established under this 9 subchapter.

10 [(b) A legislative committee or the governor may request the 11 state auditor to perform a management, operations, or financial or 12 accounting audit of a family drug court program established under 13 this subchapter.]

Sec. <u>122.003</u> [264.804]. PARTICIPANT PAYMENT FOR TREATMENT AND SERVICES. A family drug court program may require a participant to pay the cost of all treatment and services received while participating in the program, based on the participant's ability to pay.

19 Sec. <u>122.004</u> [264.805]. FUNDING. A county creating a 20 family drug court under this chapter shall explore the possibility 21 of using court improvement project funds to finance the family drug 22 court in the county. The county shall also explore the 23 availability of federal and state matching funds to finance the 24 court.

25 SECTION 1.03. Section 76.011(a), Government Code, is 26 amended to read as follows:

27

(a) The department may operate programs for:

1 (1)the supervision and rehabilitation of persons in pretrial intervention programs; 2 3 (2) the supervision of persons released on bail under: Chapter 11, Code of Criminal Procedure; 4 (A) (B) Chapter 17, Code of Criminal Procedure; 5 (C) Article 44.04, Code of Criminal Procedure; or 6 any other law; 7 (D) the supervision of a person subject to, or the 8 (3) verification of compliance with, a court order issued under: 9 Article 17.441, Code of Criminal Procedure, 10 (A) requiring a person to install a deep-lung breath analysis mechanism 11 12 on each vehicle owned or operated by the person; Chapter 123 of this code or former law $[469_r]$ 13 (B) 14 Health and Safety Code], issuing an occupational driver's license; 15 (C) Section 49.09(h), Penal Code, requiring a person to install a deep-lung breath analysis mechanism on each 16 17 vehicle owned or operated by the person; or Subchapter L, Chapter 521, Transportation 18 (D) 19 Code, granting a person an occupational driver's license; and supervision of 20 (4) the a person not otherwise described by Subdivision (1), (2), or (3), if a court orders the 21 person to submit to the supervision of, or to receive services from, 22 23 the department. 24 SECTION 1.04. Chapter 469, Health and Safety Code, is

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25 transferred to Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code, as added by 26 this Act, redesignated as Chapter 123, Government Code, and amended 27 to read as follows:

S.B. No. 462 CHAPTER 123 [469]. DRUG COURT PROGRAMS 1 Sec. 123.001 [469.001]. DRUG 2 COURT PROGRAM DEFINED; PROCEDURES FOR CERTAIN DEFENDANTS. 3 (a) In this chapter, "drug court program" means a program that has the following essential 4 5 characteristics: (1) the integration of alcohol and other 6 drug 7 treatment services in the processing of cases in the judicial 8 system; 9 (2) the use of a nonadversarial approach involving 10 prosecutors and defense attorneys to promote public safety and to protect the due process rights of program participants; 11 12 (3) early identification and prompt placement of eligible participants in the program; 13 14 (4) access to a continuum of alcohol, drug, and other 15 related treatment and rehabilitative services; 16 (5) monitoring of abstinence through weekly alcohol and other drug testing; 17 a coordinated strategy to govern program responses 18 (6) 19 to participants' compliance; ongoing judicial 20 (7)interaction with program participants; 21 monitoring and evaluation of program goals and 22 (8) 23 effectiveness; 24 (9) continuing interdisciplinary education to promote effective program planning, implementation, and operations; and 25 26 (10) development of partnerships with public agencies 27 and community organizations.

If a defendant successfully completes a drug court 1 (b) program, regardless of whether the defendant was convicted of the 2 3 offense for which the defendant entered the program or whether the court deferred further proceedings without 4 entering an 5 adjudication of guilt, after notice to the state and a hearing on whether the defendant is otherwise entitled to the petition and 6 whether issuance of the order is in the best interest of justice, 7 the court shall enter an order of nondisclosure under Section 8 411.081[, Government Code,] as if the defendant had received a 9 discharge and dismissal under Section 5(c), Article 42.12, Code of 10 Criminal Procedure, with respect to all records and files related 11 to the defendant's arrest for the offense for which the defendant 12 entered the program if the defendant: 13

14 (1) has not been previously convicted of <u>an</u> [a felony]
15 offense <u>listed in Section 3g</u>, <u>Article 42.12</u>, <u>Code of Criminal</u>
16 <u>Procedure</u>, or a sexually violent offense, as defined by <u>Article</u>
17 62.001, Code of Criminal Procedure; and

18 (2) is not convicted for any [other] felony offense
19 between the date on which the defendant successfully completed the
20 program and [before] the second anniversary of that date [the
21 defendant's successful completion of the program].

(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a defendant is not entitled to petition the court for an order of nondisclosure following successful completion of a drug court program if the defendant's entry into the program arose as the result of a conviction for an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle while intoxicated.

S.B. No. 462 [469.002]. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PROGRAM. 1 Sec. <u>123.002</u> The commissioners court of a county or governing body of a 2 3 municipality may establish the following types of drug court 4 programs: 5 (1)drug courts for persons arrested for, charged with, or convicted of: 6 an offense in which an element of the offense 7 (A) 8 is the use or possession of alcohol or the use, possession, or sale of a controlled substance, a controlled substance analogue, or 9 10 marihuana; or an offense in which the use of alcohol or a 11 (B) 12 controlled substance is suspected to have significantly contributed to the commission of the offense and the offense did not 13 14 involve: 15 (i) carrying, possessing, or using а firearm or other dangerous weapon; 16 17 (ii) the use of force against the person of another; or 18 19 (iii) the death of or serious bodily injury to another; 20 21 drug courts for juveniles detained for, taken into (2) custody for, or adjudicated as having engaged in: 22 23 (A) delinquent conduct, including habitual 24 felony conduct, or conduct indicating a need for supervision in which an element of the conduct is the use or possession of alcohol 25 26 or the use, possession, or sale of a controlled substance, a controlled substance analogue, or marihuana; or 27

1 (B) delinquent conduct, including habitual 2 felony conduct, or conduct indicating a need for supervision in 3 which the use of alcohol or a controlled substance is suspected to 4 have significantly contributed to the commission of the conduct and 5 the conduct did not involve:

6 (i) carrying, possessing, or using a7 firearm or other dangerous weapon;

8 (ii) the use of force against the person of 9 another; or

10 (iii) the death of or serious bodily injury 11 to another;

12 (3) reentry druq courts for persons with а 13 demonstrated history of using alcohol or a controlled substance who may benefit from a program designed to facilitate the person's 14 15 transition and reintegration into the community on release from a state or local correctional facility; 16

17 (4) family dependency drug treatment courts for family 18 members involved in a suit affecting the parent-child relationship 19 in which a parent's use of alcohol or a controlled substance is a 20 primary consideration in the outcome of the suit; or

(5) programs for other persons not precisely described
by Subdivisions (1)-(4) who may benefit from a program that has the
essential characteristics described by Section <u>123.001</u> [469.001].

Sec. <u>123.003</u> [469.0025]. ESTABLISHMENT OF REGIONAL PROGRAM. (a) The commissioners courts of two or more counties, or the governing bodies of two or more municipalities, may elect to establish a regional drug court program under this chapter for the

1 participating counties or municipalities.

2 (b) For purposes of this chapter, each county or 3 municipality that elects to establish a regional drug court program under this section is considered to have established the program 4 and is entitled to retain fees under Article 102.0178, Code of 5 Criminal Procedure, in the same manner as if the county or 6 municipality had established a drug court program without 7 8 participating in a regional program.

9 [Sec. 469.003. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and 10 the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to 11 appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the 12 oversight of drug court programs established under this chapter.

13 [(b) A legislative committee or the governor may request the 14 state auditor to perform a management, operations, or financial or 15 accounting audit of a drug court program established under this 16 chapter.

17 [(c) A drug court program established under this chapter
18 shall:

19 [(1) notify the criminal justice division of the 20 governor's office before or on implementation of the program; and

21 [(2) provide information regarding the performance of 22 the program to the division on request.]

23 Sec. <u>123.004</u> [469.004]. FEES. (a) A drug court program 24 established under this chapter may collect from a participant in 25 the program:

26 (1) a reasonable program fee not to exceed \$1,000; and
27 (2) an alcohol or controlled substance testing,

1 counseling, and treatment fee in an amount necessary to cover the 2 costs of the testing, counseling, and treatment.

3 (b) Fees collected under this section may be paid on a 4 periodic basis or on a deferred payment schedule at the discretion 5 of the judge, magistrate, or <u>coordinator</u> [program director 6 administering the program]. The fees must be:

7

(1) based on the participant's ability to pay; and

8

(2) used only for purposes specific to the program.

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9 Sec. <u>123.005</u> [469.005]. DRUG COURT PROGRAMS EXCLUSIVELY 10 FOR CERTAIN INTOXICATION OFFENSES. (a) The commissioners court of 11 a county may establish under this chapter a drug court program 12 exclusively for persons arrested for, charged with, or convicted of 13 an offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle while 14 intoxicated.

(b) A county that establishes a drug court program under this chapter but does not establish a separate program under this section must employ procedures designed to ensure that a person arrested for, charged with, or convicted of a second or subsequent offense involving the operation of a motor vehicle while intoxicated participates in the county's existing drug court program.

22 Sec. <u>123.006</u> [469.006]. PROGRAM IN CERTAIN COUNTIES 23 MANDATORY. (a) The commissioners court of a county with a 24 population of more than 200,000 shall<u>:</u>

25 (1) establish a drug court program under [Subdivision 26 (1) of] Section <u>123.002(1); and</u>

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(2) direct the judge, magistrate, or coordinator to

1

comply with Section 121.002(c)(1) [469.002].

2 A county required under this section to establish a drug (b) court program shall apply for federal and state funds available to 3 pay the costs of the program. The criminal justice division of the 4 5 governor's office may assist a county in applying for federal funds as required by this subsection. 6

7 Notwithstanding Subsection (a), a county is required to (c) 8 establish a drug court program under this section only if:

9 (1) the county receives federal or state funding, 10 including funding under Article 102.0178, Code of Criminal Procedure, specifically for that purpose; and 11

12 (2) the judge, magistrate, or coordinator receives the verification described by Section 121.002(c)(2). 13

14 (d) A county that does not establish a drug court program as 15 required by this section and maintain the program is ineligible to receive from the state: 16

17 (1)funds for a community supervision and corrections department; and 18

grants for substance abuse treatment programs 19 (2) administered by the criminal justice division of the governor's 20 21 office.

Sec. 123.007 [469.007]. USE OF OTHER DRUG AND ALCOHOL 22 23 AWARENESS PROGRAMS. In addition to using a drug court program 24 established under this chapter, the commissioners court of a county or a court may use other drug awareness or drug and alcohol driving 25 26 awareness programs to treat persons convicted of drug or alcohol 27 related offenses.

[469.008]. 1 Sec. <u>123.008</u> SUSPENSION OR DISMISSAL OF COMMUNITY SERVICE REQUIREMENT. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 13 2 and 16, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, to encourage 3 participation in a drug court program established under this 4 5 chapter, the judge or magistrate administering the program may suspend any requirement that, as a condition of community 6 supervision, a participant in the program work a specified number 7 8 of hours at a community service project or projects.

9 (b) On a participant's successful completion of a drug court 10 program, a judge or magistrate may excuse the participant from any 11 condition of community supervision previously suspended under 12 Subsection (a).

Sec. 123.009 [469.009]. OCCUPATIONAL DRIVER'S 13 LICENSE. 14 Notwithstanding Section 521.242, Transportation Code, if а 15 participant's driver's license has been suspended as a result of an alcohol-related or drug-related enforcement contact, as defined by 16 17 Section 524.001, Transportation Code, or as a result of а conviction under Section 49.04, 49.07, or 49.08, Penal Code, the 18 19 judge or magistrate administering a drug court program under this chapter may order that an occupational license be issued to the 20 participant. An order issued under this section is subject to 21 Sections 521.248-521.252, Transportation Code, except that any 22 23 reference to a petition under Section 521.242 of that code does not 24 apply.

25 SECTION 1.05. Chapter 617, Health and Safety Code, is 26 transferred to Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code, as added by 27 this Act, redesignated as Chapter 124, Government Code, and amended

1 to read as follows:

CHAPTER <u>124</u> [617]. VETERANS COURT PROGRAM
Sec. <u>124.001</u> [617.001]. VETERANS COURT PROGRAM DEFINED;
PROCEDURES FOR CERTAIN DEFENDANTS. (a) In this chapter, "veterans
court program" means a program that has the following essential
characteristics:

7 (1) the integration of services in the processing of8 cases in the judicial system;

9 (2) the use of a nonadversarial approach involving 10 prosecutors and defense attorneys to promote public safety and to 11 protect the due process rights of program participants;

(3) early identification and prompt placement ofeligible participants in the program;

14 (4) access to a continuum of alcohol, controlled 15 substance, mental health, and other related treatment and 16 rehabilitative services;

17 (5) careful monitoring of treatment and services18 provided to program participants;

19 (6) a coordinated strategy to govern program responses20 to participants' compliance;

21 (7) ongoing judicial interaction with program 22 participants;

(8) monitoring and evaluation of program goals andeffectiveness;

(9) continuing interdisciplinary education to promote
 effective program planning, implementation, and operations; and
 (10) development of partnerships with public agencies

and community organizations, including the United States
 Department of Veterans Affairs.

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(b) If a defendant successfully completes a veterans court program[₇] as authorized under Section 76.011, [Government Code₇] after notice to the attorney representing the state and a hearing in the veterans court at which that court determines that a dismissal is in the best interest of justice, the court in which the criminal case is pending shall dismiss the criminal action against the defendant.

[617.002]. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PROGRAM; 10 Sec. 124.002 ELIGIBILITY. (a) The commissioners court of a county may establish 11 a veterans court program for persons arrested for or charged with 12 any misdemeanor or felony offense. A defendant is eligible to 13 14 participate in a veterans court program established under this 15 chapter only if the attorney representing the state consents to the defendant's participation in the program and if the court in which 16 17 the criminal case is pending finds that the defendant:

(1) is a veteran or current member of the United States
armed forces, including a member of the reserves, national guard,
or state guard; and

21 suffers from a brain injury, mental illness, or (2) mental disorder, including post-traumatic stress disorder, that: 22 23 (A) resulted from the defendant's military 24 service in a combat zone or other similar hazardous duty area; and 25 (B) materially affected the defendant's criminal 26 conduct at issue in the case. The court in which the criminal case is pending shall 27 (b)

allow an eligible defendant to choose whether to proceed through
 the veterans court program or otherwise through the criminal
 justice system.

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(c) Proof of matters described by Subsection (a) may be 4 5 submitted to the court in which the criminal case is pending in any form the court determines to be appropriate, including military 6 service and medical records, previous determinations 7 of а 8 disability by a veteran's organization or by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, testimony or affidavits of other 9 10 veterans or service members, and prior determinations of eligibility for benefits by any state or county veterans 11 office. The court's findings must accompany any docketed case. 12

Sec. <u>124.003</u> [617.003]. DUTIES OF VETERANS COURT. (a) A veterans court program established under this chapter must:

(1) ensure a person eligible for the program is
provided legal counsel before volunteering to proceed through the
program and while participating in the program;

18 (2) allow a participant to withdraw from the program
19 at any time before a trial on the merits has been initiated;

20 (3) provide a participant with a court-ordered 21 individualized treatment plan indicating the services that will be 22 provided to the participant; and

(4) ensure that the jurisdiction of the veterans court continues for a period of not less than six months but does not continue beyond the period of community supervision for the offense charged.

27

(b) A veterans court program established under this chapter

1 shall make, establish, and publish local procedures to ensure 2 maximum participation of eligible defendants in the county or 3 counties in which those defendants reside.

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4 (c) This chapter does not prevent the initiation of 5 procedures under Chapter 46B, Code of Criminal Procedure.

6 Sec. <u>124.004</u> [617.004]. ESTABLISHMENT OF REGIONAL 7 PROGRAM. <u>(a)</u> The commissioners courts of two or more counties may 8 elect to establish a regional veterans court program under this 9 chapter for the participating counties.

10 (b) For purposes of this chapter, each county that elects to 11 establish a regional veterans court program under this section is 12 considered to have established the program and is entitled to 13 retain fees under Article 102.0178, Code of Criminal Procedure, in 14 the same manner as if the county had established a veterans court 15 program without participating in a regional program.

16 [Sec. 617.005. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and 17 the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to 18 appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the 19 oversight of veterans court programs established under this 20 chapter.

21 [(b) A legislative committee or the governor may request the 22 state auditor to perform a management, operations, or financial or 23 accounting audit of a veterans court program established under this 24 chapter.

25 [(c) A veterans court program established under this
26 chapter shall:
27 [(1) notify the criminal justice division of the

S.B. No. 462 governor's office before or on implementation of the program; and 1 2 [(2) provide information regarding the performance of 3 the program to that division on request.] 4 Sec. 124.005 [617.006]. FEES. (a) A veterans court program established under this chapter may collect from a 5 participant in the program: 6 7 (1)a reasonable program fee not to exceed \$1,000; and a testing, counseling, and treatment fee in an 8 (2)amount necessary to cover the costs of any testing, counseling, or 9 10 treatment performed or provided under the program. (b) Fees collected under this section may be paid on a 11 periodic basis or on a deferred payment schedule at the discretion 12 of the judge, magistrate, or <u>coordinator</u> [program director 13 14 administering the program]. The fees must be: 15 (1)based on the participant's ability to pay; and 16 used only for purposes specific to the program. (2) 17 SECTION 1.06 Chapter 616, Health and Safety Code, is transferred to Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code, as added by 18 19 this Act, redesignated as Chapter 125, Government Code, and amended to read as follows: 20 21 CHAPTER 125 [616]. MENTAL HEALTH COURT PROGRAMS Sec. 125.001 [616.001]. MENTAL HEALTH COURT 22 PROGRAM In this chapter, "mental health court program" means a 23 DEFINED. 24 program that has the following essential characteristics: 25 (1) the integration of mental illness treatment 26 services and mental retardation services in the processing of cases in the judicial system; 27

S.B. No. 462 1 (2) the use of a nonadversarial approach involving prosecutors and defense attorneys to promote public safety and to 2 3 protect the due process rights of program participants; (3) early identification and prompt placement 4 of 5 eligible participants in the program; (4) access to mental illness treatment services and 6 7 mental retardation services; 8 (5) ongoing judicial interaction with program participants; 9 10 (6) diversion of potentially mentally ill or mentally retarded defendants to needed services as an alternative to 11 12 subjecting those defendants to the criminal justice system; (7) monitoring and evaluation of program goals and 13 14 effectiveness; 15 (8) continuing interdisciplinary education to promote effective program planning, implementation, and operations; and 16 17 (9) development of partnerships with public agencies and community organizations, including local mental retardation 18 19 authorities. Sec. 125.002 [616.002]. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH PROGRAM. 20 The commissioners court of a county may establish a mental health 21 court program for persons who: 22 23 (1) have been arrested for or charged with а 24 misdemeanor or felony; and (2) are suspected by a law enforcement agency or a 25 26 court of having a mental illness or mental retardation. Sec. 125.003 [616.003]. PROGRAM. (a) A mental health court 27

1 program established under Section <u>125.002</u> [616.002]:

2 (1) may handle all issues arising under Articles 16.22
3 and 17.032, Code of Criminal Procedure, and Chapter 46B, Code of
4 Criminal Procedure; and

5 (2) must:

6 (A) ensure a person eligible for the program is 7 provided legal counsel before volunteering to proceed through the 8 mental health court program and while participating in the program; 9 (B) allow a person, if eligible for the program, 10 to choose whether to proceed through the mental health court

11 program or proceed through the regular criminal justice system; 12 (C) allow a participant to withdraw from the

13 mental health court program at any time before a trial on the merits 14 has been initiated;

(D) provide a participant with a court-ordered individualized treatment plan indicating the services that will be provided to the participant; and

(E) ensure that the jurisdiction of the mental
health court extends at least six months but does not extend beyond
the probationary period for the offense charged if the probationary
period is longer than six months.

(b) The issues shall be handled by a magistrate, as designated by Article 2.09, Code of Criminal Procedure, who is part of a mental health court program established under Section <u>125.002</u> [616.002].

26 [Sec. 616.004. OVERSIGHT. (a) The lieutenant governor and 27 the speaker of the house of representatives may assign to

appropriate legislative committees duties relating to the 1 oversight of mental health court programs established under Section 2 616.002. 3 4 [(b) A legislative committee or the governor may request the 5 state auditor to perform a management, operations, or financial or accounting audit of a mental health court program established under 6 Section 616.002.] 7 Sec. 125.004 [616.005]. PARTICIPANT PAYMENT FOR TREATMENT 8 A mental health court program may require a AND SERVICES. 9 participant to pay the cost of all treatment and services received 10 while participating in the program, based on the participant's 11 12 ability to pay. SECTION 1.07. Section 772.0061(a)(2), Government Code, is 13 14 amended to read as follows: "Specialty court" means: 15 (2) (A) <u>a family drug court program established under</u> 16 17 Chapter 122 or former law; (B) a drug court program established under 18 Chapter 123 or former law [469, Health and Safety Code]; 19 20 (C) a veterans court program established under Chapter 124 or former law; and 21 (D) [(B)] a mental 22 health court program established under Chapter 125 or former law [616, Health and Safety 23 24 Code; and [(C) a veterans court program established under 25 26 Chapter 617, Health and Safety Code]. SECTION 1.08. Section 772.0061, Government Code, is amended 27

S.B. No. 462 by amending Subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) and adding 1 Subsection (j) to read as follows: 2 The governor shall establish the Specialty Courts 3 (b) Advisory Council within the criminal justice division established 4 5 under Section 772.006 to: 6 (1) evaluate applications for grant funding for 7 specialty courts in this state and to make funding recommendations 8 to the criminal justice division; and 9 (2) make recommendations to the criminal justice division regarding best practices for specialty courts established 10 under Chapter 122, 123, 124, or 125 or former law. 11 The council is composed of nine [seven] 12 (c) members appointed by the governor as follows: 13 14 (1)one member with experience as the judge of a 15 specialty court described by Subsection (a)(2)(A); 16 (2) one member with experience as the judge of a 17 specialty court described by Subsection (a)(2)(B); (3) one member with experience as the judge of a 18 19 specialty court described by Subsection (a)(2)(C); (4) one member with experience as the judge of a 20 specialty court described by Subsection (a)(2)(D) [three members 21 with experience as judges of a specialty court]; and 22 23 (5) five [(2) four] members who represent the public. 24 (d) The members appointed under Subsection (c)(5) [(c)(2)]25 must: 26 (1) reside in various geographic regions of the state; 27 and

(2) have experience practicing law in a specialty
 court or possess knowledge and expertise in a field relating to
 behavioral or mental health issues or to substance abuse treatment.
 (e) Members are appointed for staggered six-year terms,
 with the[. The] terms of [either two or] three members expiring[, as
 applicable, expire] February 1 of each odd-numbered year.

7 <u>(j) A member of the council may not receive compensation for</u> 8 <u>service on the council. The member may receive reimbursement from</u> 9 <u>the criminal justice division for actual and necessary expenses</u> 10 <u>incurred in performing council functions as provided by Section</u> 11 <u>2110.004.</u>

12

ARTICLE 2. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS

13 SECTION 2.01. Section 18(b), Article 42.12, Code of 14 Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(b) If a judge requires as a condition of community supervision or participation in a drug court program established under Chapter <u>123, Government</u> [469, Health and Safety] Code, <u>or</u> <u>former law</u> that the defendant serve a term in a community corrections facility, the term may not be more than 24 months.

20 SECTION 2.02. Article 59.062(f), Code of Criminal 21 Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

(f) A civil penalty collected under this article shall be deposited to the credit of the <u>specialty</u> [drug] court account in the general revenue fund to help fund <u>specialty</u> [drug] court programs established under Chapter <u>122</u>, <u>123</u>, <u>124</u>, or <u>125</u>, <u>Government</u> [469, <u>Health and Safety</u>] Code, or former law.

27 SECTION 2.03. Articles 102.0178(e) and (g), Code of

1 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

2

(e) A county is entitled to:

3 (1) if the custodian of the county treasury complies 4 with Subsection (d), retain 10 percent of the funds collected under 5 this article by an officer of the county during the calendar quarter 6 as a service fee; and

7 (2) if the county has established a specialty [drug] 8 court program or establishes a specialty [drug] court program before the expiration of the calendar quarter, retain in addition 9 10 to the 10 percent authorized by Subdivision (1) another 50 percent of the funds collected under this article by an officer of the 11 12 county during the calendar quarter to be used exclusively for the development and maintenance of specialty [drug] court programs 13 14 operated within the county.

15 (g) The comptroller shall deposit the funds received under this article to the credit of the specialty [drug] court account in 16 17 the general revenue fund to help fund specialty [drug] court programs established under Chapter <u>122, 123,</u> 124, or 125, 18 19 Government [469, Health and Safety] Code, or former law. The 20 legislature shall appropriate money from the account solely to the criminal justice division of the governor's office for distribution 21 to specialty [drug] court programs that apply for the money. 22

23 SECTION 2.04. Section 58.003(c-1), Family Code, is amended 24 to read as follows:

(c-1) Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (c) and subject to Subsection (b), a juvenile court may order the sealing of records concerning a child adjudicated as having engaged in delinquent

1 conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision that violated 2 a penal law of the grade of misdemeanor or felony if the child 3 successfully completed a drug court program under Chapter <u>123</u>, 4 <u>Government</u> [469, Health and Safety] Code, or former law. The court 5 may:

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6 (1) order the sealing of the records immediately and 7 without a hearing; or

8 (2) hold a hearing to determine whether to seal the9 records.

SECTION 2.05. Section 54.1801, Government Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 54.1801. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "drug court" or "drug court program" has the meaning assigned by Section <u>123.001</u> [469.001, Health and Safety Code].

15 SECTION 2.06. Section 76.017(d), Government Code, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 (d) After a person is screened and evaluated, а representative of the department shall meet with the participating 18 19 criminal justice and treatment agencies to review the person's case and to determine if the person should be referred for treatment. If 20 a person is considered appropriate for referral, the person may be 21 referred to community-based treatment accordance 22 in with 23 applicable law or any other treatment program deemed appropriate. 24 A magistrate may order a person to participate in a treatment program recommended under this section, including treatment in a 25 26 drug court program established under Chapter 123 or former law [469, Health and Safety Code], as a condition of bond or condition 27

1 of pretrial release.

2 SECTION 2.07. Section 102.021, Government Code, is amended 3 to read as follows:

Sec. 102.021. COURT COSTS ON CONVICTION: CODE OF CRIMINAL
PROCEDURE. A person convicted of an offense shall pay the following
under the Code of Criminal Procedure, in addition to all other
costs:

8 (1) court cost on conviction of any offense, other 9 than a conviction of an offense relating to a pedestrian or the 10 parking of a motor vehicle (Art. 102.0045, Code of Criminal 11 Procedure)...\$4;

12 (2) a fee for services of prosecutor (Art. 102.008,
13 Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$25;

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(3) fees for services of peace officer:

(A) issuing a written notice to appear in court
for certain violations (Art. 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure)
17 . . . \$5;

(B) executing or processing an issued arrest
warrant, capias, or capias pro fine (Art. 102.011, Code of Criminal
Procedure) . . . \$50;

(C) summoning a witness (Art. 102.011, Code of
Criminal Procedure) . . . \$5;

(D) serving a writ not otherwise listed (Art.
24 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$35;

(E) taking and approving a bond and, if
necessary, returning the bond to courthouse (Art. 102.011, Code of
Criminal Procedure) . . . \$10;

S.B. No. 462 (F) 1 commitment or release (Art. 102.011, Code of 2 Criminal Procedure) . . . \$5; summoning a jury (Art. 102.011, Code of 3 (G) Criminal Procedure) . . . \$5; 4 5 (H) attendance of a prisoner in habeas corpus case if prisoner has been remanded to custody or held to bail (Art. 6 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$8 each day; 7 8 (I) mileage for certain services performed (Art. 9 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$0.29 per mile; and services of a sheriff or constable who serves 10 (J) process and attends examining trial in certain cases (Art. 102.011, 11 Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . not to exceed \$5; 12 services of a peace officer in conveying a witness 13 (4) 14 outside the county (Art. 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . 15 \$10 per day or part of a day, plus actual necessary travel expenses; 16 (5) overtime of peace officer for time spent 17 testifying in the trial or traveling to or from testifying in the trial (Art. 102.011, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . actual cost; 18 19 (6) court costs on an offense relating to rules of the road, when offense occurs within a school crossing zone (Art. 20 102.014, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$25; 21 (7) court costs on an offense of passing a school bus 22 23 (Art. 102.014, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$25; 24 (8) court costs on an offense of truancy or contributing to truancy (Art. 102.014, Code of Criminal Procedure) 25 26 . . . \$20; (9) cost for visual recording of intoxication arrest 27

S.B. No. 462 1 before conviction (Art. 102.018, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . 2 \$15;

3 (10) cost of certain evaluations (Art. 102.018, Code
4 of Criminal Procedure) . . . actual cost;

5 (11) additional costs attendant to certain 6 intoxication convictions under Chapter 49, Penal Code, for 7 emergency medical services, trauma facilities, and trauma care 8 systems (Art. 102.0185, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$100;

9 (12) additional costs attendant to certain child 10 sexual assault and related convictions, for child abuse prevention 11 programs (Art. 102.0186, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$100;

(13) court cost for DNA testing for certain felonies
(Art. 102.020(a)(1), Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$250;

14 (14) court cost for DNA testing for the offense of 15 public lewdness or indecent exposure (Art. 102.020(a)(2), Code of 16 Criminal Procedure) . . . \$50;

17 (15) court cost for DNA testing for certain felonies
18 (Art. 102.020(a)(3), Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$34;

(16) if required by the court, a restitution fee for costs incurred in collecting restitution installments and for the compensation to victims of crime fund (Art. 42.037, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$12;

(17) if directed by the justice of the peace or municipal court judge hearing the case, court costs on conviction in a criminal action (Art. 45.041, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . part or all of the costs as directed by the judge; and

27 (18) costs attendant to convictions under Chapter 49,

S.B. No. 462 Penal Code, and under Chapter 481, Health and Safety Code, to help 1 fund specialty [drug] court programs established under Chapter 122, 2 123, 124, or 125, Government [469, Health and Safety] Code, or 3 former law (Art. 102.0178, Code of Criminal Procedure) . . . \$60. 4 5 SECTION 2.08. (a) Subchapter B, Chapter 103, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 103.0271 to read as follows: 6 7 Sec. 103.0271. ADDITIONAL MISCELLANEOUS FEES AND COSTS: 8 GOVERNMENT CODE. Fees and costs shall be paid or collected under the Government Code as follows: 9 10 (1) a program fee for a drug court program (Sec. 123.004, Government Code) . . . not to exceed \$1,000; 11 12 (2) an alcohol or controlled substance testing, counseling, and treatment fee (Sec. 123.004, Government Code) . . . 13 14 the amount necessary to cover the costs of testing, counseling, and 15 treatment; 16 (3) a reasonable program fee for a veterans court 17 program (Sec. 124.005, Government Code) . . . not to exceed \$1,000; 18 and (4) a testing, counseling, and treatment fee for 19 testing, counseling, or treatment performed or provided under a 20 veterans court program (Sec. 124.005, Government Code) . . . the 21 amount necessary to cover the costs of testing, counseling, or 22 23 treatment. 24 (b) Subchapter B, Chapter 103, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 103.0292 to read as follows: 25 26 Sec. 103.0292. ADDITIONAL MISCELLANEOUS FEES AND COSTS: HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE. A nonrefundable program fee for a first 27

S.B. No. 462 1 offender prostitution prevention program established under Section 169.002, Health and Safety Code, shall be collected under Section 2 169.005, Health and Safety Code, in a reasonable amount not to 3 exceed \$1,000, which includes: 4 5 (1) a counseling and services fee in an amount necessary to cover the costs of counseling and services provided by 6 7 the program; 8 (2) a victim services fee in an amount equal to 10 percent of the total fee; and 9 10 (3) a law enforcement training fee in an amount equal to five percent of the total fee. 11 Sections 103.029 and 103.0291, Government Code, are 12 (c) 13 repealed. 14 SECTION 2.09. Section 493.009(a), Government Code, is 15 amended to read as follows: 16 (a) The department shall establish a program to confine and 17 treat: (1)defendants required to participate in the program 18 under Section 14, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal Procedure; and 19 individuals referred for treatment as part of a 20 (2) drug court program established under Chapter 123 [469, Health and 21 Safety Code,] or a similar program created under other law. 22 23 SECTION 2.10. Section 509.001(1), Government Code, is 24 amended to read as follows: (1)"Community corrections facility" means a physical 25 26 structure, established by the judges described by Section 76.002 after authorization of the establishment of the structure has been

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1 included in the local community justice plan, that is operated by a department or operated for a department by an entity under contract 2 3 with the department, for the purpose of treating persons who have been placed on community supervision or who are participating in a 4 drug court program established under Chapter 123 or former law 5 [469, Health and Safety Code,] and providing services and programs 6 to modify criminal behavior, deter criminal activity, protect the 7 8 public, and restore victims of crime. The term includes:

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(C) a substance abuse treatment facility;

(A)

(B)

12

(D) a custody facility or boot camp;

a restitution center;

a court residential treatment facility;

(E) a facility for an offender with a mental
impairment, as defined by Section 614.001, Health and Safety Code;
and

16 (F) an intermediate sanction facility.
17 ARTICLE 3. TRANSITION

SECTION 3.01. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of this section, the change in law made by this Act applies to a specialty court as defined by Section 121.001, Government Code, as added by this Act, regardless of whether that court was created under Subtitle K, Title 2, Government Code, as added by this Act, or former law.

(b) Section 123.001(b), Government Code, as redesignated and amended by this Act, applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect when

1 the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect 2 for that purpose. For purposes of this subsection, an offense was 3 committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of 4 the offense occurred before that date.

(c) Promptly after this Act takes effect, the governor shall
appoint two additional members to the Specialty Courts Advisory
Council under Section 772.0061, Government Code, as amended by this
Act, as follows:

9 (1) one member who has experience as a judge of a 10 specialty court, to serve a term expiring February 1, 2017; and

(2) one member who represents the public, to serve aterm expiring February 1, 2019.

The change in law made by this Act in the qualifications 13 (d) 14 applying to a member of the Specialty Courts Advisory Council does 15 not affect the entitlement of a member serving on the council immediately before September 1, 2013, to continue to serve and 16 17 function as a member of the council for the remainder of the member's term. The change in law in the qualifications applies only 18 to a member appointed on or after September 1, 2013. 19 However, as the terms of the members serving immediately before September 1, 20 2013, expire or become vacant, the governor shall make additional 21 appointments to the council as necessary to comply with Section 22 772.0061, Government Code, as amended by this Act. 23

(e) To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails over
another Act of the 83rd Legislature, Regular Session, 2013,
relating to nonsubstantive additions to and corrections in enacted
codes.

1		ARTICLE 4.	EFFECTIVE D	ATE		
2	SECTION 4.01.	This Act t	akes effect	September	1,	2013.