By: Carona (Thompson of Harris, Smith)

S.B. No. 950

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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2 relating to requiring certain alcoholic beverage permittees to be 3 the primary American source of supply for certain alcoholic 4 beverages.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 37.10, Alcoholic Beverage Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 Sec. 37.10. RESTRICTION AS TO SOURCE OF SUPPLY. (a) No 9 holder of a nonresident seller's permit may solicit, accept, or 10 fill an order for distilled spirits or wine from a holder of any 11 type of wholesaler's <u>or winery</u> permit unless the nonresident seller 12 is the primary American source of supply for the brand of distilled 13 spirits or wine that is ordered.

In this section, "primary American source of supply" 14 (b) means the distiller, the producer, the owner of the commodity at the 15 time it becomes a marketable product, the bottler, or the exclusive 16 17 agent of any of those. To be the "primary American source of supply" the nonresident seller must be the first source, that is, 18 the manufacturer or the source closest to the manufacturer, in the 19 channel of commerce from whom the product can be secured by Texas 20 [American] wholesalers and Texas wineries. Except as provided by 21 Subsection (c), a product may have only one primary American source 22 of supply to Texas. 23

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(c) A product may have more than one primary American source

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of supply to Texas if the product is a wine that is bottled or
 produced outside of the United States.

3 SECTION 2. Subsections (a) and (d), Section 101.671,
4 Alcoholic Beverage Code, are amended to read as follows:

5 Before an authorized permittee may ship distilled (a) spirits or wine into the state or sell distilled spirits or wine 6 7 within the state, the permittee must register the distilled spirits or wine with the commission and provide proof that the permittee is 8 the primary American source of supply for purposes of Section 9 37.10. Except for rare or vintage wine that is acquired at auction 10 and for which no certificate is available, the [The] registration 11 application must include a certificate of label approval issued by 12 the United States Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau for the 13 product. Rare or vintage wine purchased at auction and registered 14 15 by the commission under this subsection must comply with all other 16 provisions of this code, including provisions regarding the sale, purchase, importation, and distribution of that wine. 17

18 (d) The commission by rule <u>may</u> [shall] establish procedures
19 for accepting:

20 <u>(1)</u> federal certificates of label approval for 21 registration under this section; and

22 (2) proof, such as a letter of authorization, that a 23 permittee is the primary American source of supply for purposes of 24 Section 37.10.

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SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.

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