By: West (Parker) S.B. No. 1440

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to adjudication and disposition of juvenile conduct.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Article 4.19, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	Art. 4.19. TRANSFER OF PERSON CERTIFIED TO STAND TRIAL AS AN
7	ADULT [CHILD]. (a) Notwithstanding the order of a juvenile court
8	to detain a person under the age of 17 who has been certified to
9	stand trial as an adult [child] in a certified juvenile detention
10	facility under Section 54.02(h), Family Code, the judge of the
11	criminal court having jurisdiction over the <u>person</u> [child] may
12	order the <u>person</u> [child] to be transferred to <u>an adult</u> [another]
13	facility [and treated as an adult as provided by this code]. <u>A</u>
14	child who is transferred to an adult facility must be detained under
15	conditions meeting the requirements of Section 51.12, Family Code.
16	(b) On the 17th birthday of a person described by Subsection
17	(a) who is detained in a certified juvenile detention facility
18	under Section 54.02(h), Family Code, the judge of the criminal
19	court having jurisdiction over the person shall order the person to
20	be transferred to an adult facility.
21	SECTION 2. Article 24.011, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
22	amended by amending Subsection (c) and adding Subsection (d-1) to

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read as follows:

(c) If the witness is in a placement in the custody of the

Texas Juvenile Justice Department [Youth Commission], a juvenile 1 2 secure detention facility, or a juvenile secure correctional facility, the court may issue a bench warrant or direct that an 3 4 attachment issue to require a peace officer or probation officer to secure custody of the person at the placement and produce the person 5 in court. When the person is no longer needed as a witness or the 6 7 period prescribed by Subsection (d-1) has expired without extension, the court shall order the peace officer or probation 8 9 officer to return the person to the placement from which the person 10 was released.

11 (d-1) A witness younger than 17 years of age held in custody 12 under this article may be placed in a certified juvenile detention 13 facility for a period not to exceed 30 days. The length of 14 placement may be extended in increments of 30 days by the court that 15 issued the original bench warrant. If the placement is not 16 extended, the period under this article expires and the witness may 17 be returned as provided by Subsection (c).

SECTION 3. Subsection (f), Article 45.0216, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows:

20 (f) The court shall order the conviction, together with all 21 complaints, verdicts, sentences, and prosecutorial and law 22 enforcement records, and any other documents relating to the 23 offense, expunged from the person's record if the court finds that:

(1) for a person applying for the expunction of a
conviction for an offense described by Section 8.07(a)(4) or (5),
Penal Code, the person was not convicted of any other offense
described by Section 8.07(a)(4) or (5), Penal Code, while the

1 person was a child; and

2 (2) for a person applying for the expunction of a conviction for an offense described by Section 43.261, Penal Code, 3 4 the person was not found to have engaged in conduct indicating a supervision described by Section 5 need for 51.03(b)(8) [51.03(b)(7)], Family Code, while the person was a child. 6

7 SECTION 4. Subsection (b), Section 51.03, Family Code, as 8 amended by Chapters 1150 (H.B. 2015) and 1322 (S.B. 407), Acts of 9 the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011, is reenacted and 10 amended to read as follows:

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(b) Conduct indicating a need for supervision is:

12 (1) subject to Subsection (f), conduct, other than a 13 traffic offense, that violates:

14 (A) the penal laws of this state of the grade of15 misdemeanor that are punishable by fine only; or

16 (B) the penal ordinances of any political17 subdivision of this state;

18 (2) the absence of a child on 10 or more days or parts 19 of days within a six-month period in the same school year or on 20 three or more days or parts of days within a four-week period from 21 school;

(3) the voluntary absence of a child from the child's
home without the consent of the child's parent or guardian for a
substantial length of time or without intent to return;

(4) conduct prohibited by city ordinance or by state law involving the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of paint and other protective coatings or glue and other adhesives and the

the

volatile chemicals itemized in Section 485.001, Health and Safety
 Code;

3 (5) an act that violates a school district's 4 previously communicated written standards of student conduct for 5 which the child has been expelled under Section 37.007(c), 6 Education Code;

7 (6) conduct that violates a reasonable and lawful
8 order of a court entered under Section 264.305; [or]

9 (7) notwithstanding Subsection (a)(1), conduct 10 described by Section 43.02(a)(1) or (2), Penal Code<u>; or</u>

11 (8) notwithstanding Subsection (a)(1), [(7)] conduct 12 that violates Section 43.261, Penal Code.

13 SECTION 5. Section 51.0412, Family Code, is amended to read 14 as follows:

Sec. 51.0412. JURISDICTION OVER INCOMPLETE PROCEEDINGS. 15 16 The court retains jurisdiction over a person, without regard to the age of the person, who is a respondent in an adjudication 17 proceeding, a disposition proceeding, a proceeding to modify 18 disposition, a proceeding for waiver of jurisdiction and transfer 19 20 to criminal court under Section 54.02(a), or a motion for transfer 21 of determinate sentence probation to an appropriate district court 22 if:

(1) the petition or motion [to modify] was filed while the respondent was younger than 18 [years of age] or [the motion for transfer was filed while the respondent was younger than] 19 years of age, as applicable;

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(2) the proceeding is not complete before

1 respondent becomes 18 or 19 years of age, as applicable; and

(3) the court enters a finding in the proceeding that
the prosecuting attorney exercised due diligence in an attempt to
complete the proceeding before the respondent became 18 or 19 years
of age, as applicable.

6 SECTION 6. Section 51.07, Family Code, is amended to read as 7 follows:

Sec. 51.07. TRANSFER TO ANOTHER COUNTY FOR DISPOSITION. 8 9 (a) When a child has been found to have engaged in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision under Section 10 11 54.03, the juvenile court may transfer the case and transcripts of records and documents to the juvenile court of the county where the 12 13 child resides for disposition of the case under Section 54.04. Consent by the court of the county where the child resides is not 14 15 required.

16 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a), while a child is the 17 subject of a suit under Title 5, the child is considered to reside 18 in the county in which the court of continuing exclusive 19 jurisdiction over the child is located.

SECTION 7. Section 51.072, Family Code, is amended by amending Subsection (f) and adding Subsections (f-2), (j-1), and (j-2) to read as follows:

(f) Not later than 10 business days after a receiving county has agreed to provide interim supervision of a child, the juvenile probation department of the sending county shall provide the juvenile probation department of the receiving county with a copy of the following documents:

S.B. No. 1440 1 the petition and the adjudication and disposition (1)2 orders for the child, including the child's thumbprint; (2) the child's conditions of probation; 3 4 (3) the social history report for the child; 5 (4) psychological any or psychiatric reports concerning the child; 6 7 (5) the Department of Public Safety CR 43J form or tracking incident number concerning the child; 8 9 (6) any law enforcement incident reports concerning 10 the offense for which the child is on probation; 11 (7) any sex offender registration information concerning the child; 12 13 (8) any juvenile probation department progress reports concerning the child and any other pertinent documentation 14 15 for the child's probation officer; 16 (9) case plans concerning the child; 17 (10) the Texas Juvenile Justice Department [Probation Commission] standard assessment tool results for the child; 18 (11) the computerized referral and case history for 19 the child, including case disposition; 20 the child's birth certificate; 21 (12)22 (13)the child's social security number or social security card, if available; 23 the name, address, and telephone number of the 24 (14)25 contact person in the sending county's juvenile probation 26 department; Title IV-E eligibility screening information for 27 (15)

1 the child, if available;

2 (16) the address in the sending county for forwarding3 funds collected to which the sending county is entitled;

4 (17) any of the child's school or immunization records
5 that the juvenile probation department of the sending county
6 possesses; [and]

7 (18) any victim information concerning the case for8 which the child is on probation; and

9 <u>(19) if applicable, documentation that the sending</u> 10 <u>county has required the child to provide a DNA sample to the</u> 11 <u>Department of Public Safety under Section 54.0405 or 54.0409 or</u> 12 <u>under Subchapter G, Chapter 411, Government Code</u>.

(f-2) On initiating a transfer of probation supervision 13 under this section, for a child ordered to submit a DNA sample as a 14 condition of probation, the sending county shall provide to the 15 16 receiving county documentation of compliance with the requirements of Section 54.0405 or 54.0409 or of Subchapter G, Chapter 411, 17 Government Code, as applicable. If the sending county has not 18 provided the documentation required under this section within the 19 20 time provided by Subsection (f), the receiving county may refuse to accept interim supervision until the sending county has provided 21 the documentation. 22

23 (j-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (j), the sending county 24 may request interim supervision from the receiving county that 25 issued a directive under Subsection (i)(2). Following the 26 conclusion of any judicial proceedings in the sending county or on 27 the completion of any residential placement ordered by the juvenile

court of the sending county, the sending and receiving counties may 1 2 mutually agree to return the child to the receiving county. The 3 sending and receiving counties may take into consideration whether: (1) the person having legal custody of the child 4 5 resides in the receiving county; 6 (2) the child has been ordered by the juvenile court of 7 the sending county to reside with a parent, guardian, or other person who resides in the sending county or any other county; and 8 (3) the case meets the statutory requirements for 9 collaborative supervision. 10 (j-2) The period of interim supervision under Subsection 11 (j-1) may not exceed the period under Subsection (m). 12 13 SECTION 8. Subsections (d) and (e), Section 51.13, Family 14 Code, are amended to read as follows: 15 (d) An adjudication under Section 54.03 that a child engaged 16 in conduct that occurred on or after January 1, 1996, and that constitutes a felony offense resulting in commitment to the Texas 17 Juvenile Justice Department [Youth Commission] under Section 18 54.04(d)(2), (d)(3), or (m) or 54.05(f) is a final felony 19 20 conviction only for the purposes of Sections 12.42(a), (b), and (c)(1), [and (e), Penal Code. 21 22 (e) A finding that a child engaged in conduct indicating a need for supervision as described by Section 51.03(b)(8) 23 24 [51.03(b)(7)] is a conviction only for the purposes of Sections 25 43.261(c) and (d), Penal Code.

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26 SECTION 9. Subsection (c), Section 51.17, Family Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

(c) Except as otherwise provided by this title, the Texas
 Rules of Evidence <u>applicable</u> [apply] to criminal cases and Articles
 33.03 and 37.07 and Chapter 38, Code of Criminal Procedure, apply in
 a judicial proceeding under this title.

5 SECTION 10. Section 52.0151, Family Code, is amended by 6 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (c) to read as 7 follows:

If a witness is in a placement in the custody of the 8 (a) 9 Texas Juvenile Justice Department [Youth Commission], a juvenile secure detention facility, or a juvenile secure correctional 10 11 facility, the court may issue a bench warrant or direct that an attachment issue to require a peace officer or probation officer to 12 13 secure custody of the person at the placement and produce the person 14 in court. Once the person is no longer needed as a witness or the period prescribed by Subsection (c) has expired without extension, 15 16 the court shall order the peace officer or probation officer to 17 return the person to the placement from which the person was released. 18

19 (c) A witness held in custody under this section may be 20 placed in a certified juvenile detention facility for a period not 21 to exceed 30 days. The length of placement may be extended in 22 30-day increments by the court that issued the original bench 23 warrant. If the placement is not extended, the period under this 24 section expires and the witness may be returned as provided by 25 Subsection (a).

26 SECTION 11. The heading to Section 53.045, Family Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

Sec. 53.045. <u>OFFENSES ELIGIBLE FOR DETERMINATE SENTENCE</u>
 [VIOLENT OR HABITUAL OFFENDERS].

3 SECTION 12. Subsection (e), Section 54.011, Family Code, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 (e) A status offender may be detained for a necessary 6 period, not to exceed <u>the period allowed under the Interstate</u> 7 <u>Compact for Juveniles</u> [five days], to enable the child's return to 8 the child's home in another state under Chapter 60.

9 SECTION 13. Section 54.02, Family Code, is amended by 10 adding Subsection (h-1) and amending Subsections (k) and (l) to 11 read as follows:

12 (h-1) If the juvenile court orders a person detained in a 13 certified juvenile detention facility under Subsection (h), the 14 juvenile court shall set or deny bond for the person as required by 15 the Code of Criminal Procedure and other law applicable to the 16 pretrial detention of adults accused of criminal offenses.

(k) The petition and notice requirements of Sections 53.04, 17 53.05, 53.06, and 53.07 of this code must be satisfied, and the 18 summons must state that the hearing is for the purpose of 19 20 considering waiver of jurisdiction under Subsection (j) [of this section]. The person's parent, custodian, guardian, or guardian ad 21 litem is not considered a party to a proceeding under Subsection (j) 22 and it is not necessary to provide the parent, custodian, guardian, 23 or guardian ad litem with notice. 24

(1) The juvenile court shall conduct a hearing without a
jury to consider waiver of jurisdiction under Subsection (j) [of
this section]. Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a

waiver of jurisdiction under Subsection (j) may be made without the 1 2 necessity of conducting the diagnostic study or complying with the requirements of discretionary transfer proceedings under 3 Subsection (d). If requested by the attorney for the person at 4 least 10 days before the transfer hearing, the court shall order 5 that the person be examined pursuant to Section 51.20(a) and that 6 7 the results of the examination be provided to the attorney for the person and the attorney for the state at least five days before the 8 9 transfer hearing.

SECTION 14. Subsection (a), Section 54.0404, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) If a child is found to have engaged in conduct indicating a need for supervision described by Section <u>51.03(b)(8)</u> [<u>51.03(b)(7)</u>], the juvenile court may enter an order requiring the child to attend and successfully complete an educational program described by Section 37.218, Education Code, or another equivalent educational program.

18 SECTION 15. The heading to Section 56.03, Family Code, is 19 amended to read as follows:

20 Sec. 56.03. APPEAL BY STATE IN CASES OF <u>OFFENSES ELIGIBLE</u> 21 <u>FOR DETERMINATE SENTENCE</u> [VIOLENT OR HABITUAL OFFENDER].

SECTION 16. Subsection (c-3), Section 58.003, Family Code, as added by Chapter 1322 (S.B. 407), Acts of the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011, is redesignated as Subsection (c-5), Section 58.003, Family Code, to read as follows:

26 <u>(c-5)</u> [(c-3)] Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (c) and 27 subject to Subsection (b), a juvenile court may order the sealing of

records concerning a child found to have engaged in conduct 1 2 indicating a need for supervision that violates Section 43.261, Penal Code, or taken into custody to determine whether the child 3 4 engaged in conduct indicating a need for supervision that violates Section 43.261, Penal Code, if the child attends and successfully 5 completes an educational program described by Section 37.218, 6 7 Education Code, or another equivalent educational program. The 8 court may:

9 (1) order the sealing of the records immediately and 10 without a hearing; or

11 (2) hold a hearing to determine whether to seal the 12 records.

SECTION 17. Subsection (c-4), Section 58.003, Family Code, as added by Chapter 1322 (S.B. 407), Acts of the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011, is redesignated as Subsection (c-6), Section 58.003, Family Code, and amended to read as follows:

(c-6) [(c-4)] A prosecuting attorney or juvenile probation 17 department may maintain until a child's 17th birthday a separate 18 record of the child's name and date of birth and the date on which 19 20 the child successfully completed the educational program, if the child's records are sealed under Subsection (c-5) [(c-3)]. 21 The prosecuting attorney or juvenile probation department, 22 as shall send the record to the court as soon as applicable, 23 24 practicable after the child's 17th birthday to be added to the 25 child's other sealed records.

26 SECTION 18. Subsection (d), Section 58.003, Family Code, as 27 amended by Chapters 1150 (H.B. 2015) and 1322 (S.B. 407), Acts of

1 the 82nd Legislature, Regular Session, 2011, is reenacted and 2 amended to read as follows:

The court may grant to a child the relief authorized in 3 (d) Subsection (a), (c-1), $[\frac{0}{2}]$ (c-3), or (c-5) at any time after final 4 discharge of the child or after the last official action in the case 5 if there was no adjudication, subject, if applicable, to Subsection 6 7 (e). If the child is referred to the juvenile court for conduct constituting any offense and at the adjudication hearing the child 8 9 is found to be not guilty of each offense alleged, the court shall immediately and without any additional hearing order the sealing of 10 11 all files and records relating to the case.

SECTION 19. Subsection (g-1), Section 58.003, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

14 (g-1) <u>Statistical data</u> [<u>Any records</u>] collected or 15 maintained by the Texas Juvenile Justice Department, including 16 statistical data submitted under Section 221.007, Human Resources 17 Code, <u>is</u> [are] not subject to a sealing order issued under this 18 section.

SECTION 20. Subsection (a), Section 58.203, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The department shall certify to the juvenile probation department to which a referral was made that resulted in information being submitted to the juvenile justice information system that the records relating to a person's juvenile case are subject to automatic restriction of access if:

26 (1) the person is at least 17 years of age;
27 (2) the juvenile case did not include [violent or

1 habitual felony] conduct resulting in <u>determinate sentence</u>
2 proceedings in the juvenile court under Section 53.045; and

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3 (3) the juvenile case was not certified for trial in4 criminal court under Section 54.02.

5 SECTION 21. Subsection (b), Section 58.204, Family Code, is 6 amended to read as follows:

7 (b) On certification of records in a case under Section 8 58.203, the department may permit access to the information in the 9 juvenile justice information system relating to the case of an 10 individual only:

(1) by a criminal justice agency for a criminal justice purpose, as those terms are defined by Section 411.082, Government Code; [or]

14 (2) for research purposes, by the Texas Juvenile 15 Justice Department;

16 (3) by the person who is the subject of the records on 17 an order from the juvenile court granting the petition filed by or 18 on behalf of the person who is the subject of the records;

19 (4) with the permission of the juvenile court at the
 20 request of the person who is the subject of the records; or

21 (5) with the permission of the juvenile court, by a 22 party to a civil suit if the person who is the subject of the records 23 has put facts relating to the person's records at issue in the suit 24 [Probation Commission, the Texas Youth Commission, or the Criminal 25 Justice Policy Council].

26 SECTION 22. Section 58.207, Family Code, is amended to read 27 as follows:

S.B. No. 1440 1 Sec. 58.207. JUVENILE COURT ORDERS ON CERTIFICATION. 2 (a) On certification of records in a case under Section 58.203, the juvenile court shall order: 3 4 (1)that the following records relating to the case may be accessed only as provided by Section 58.204(b): 5 6 (A) if the respondent was committed to the Texas Juvenile Justice Department [Youth Commission], records maintained 7 by the department [commission]; 8 9 (B) records maintained by the juvenile probation department; 10 11 (C) records maintained by the clerk of the court; 12 (D) records maintained by the prosecutor's 13 office; and 14 (E) records maintained by a law enforcement 15 agency; and 16 (2) the juvenile probation department to make а 17 reasonable effort to notify the person who is the subject of records for which access has been restricted of the action restricting 18 access and the legal significance of the action for the person, but 19 20 only if the person has requested the notification in writing and has provided the juvenile probation department with a current address. 21 22 Except as provided by Subsection (c), on [On] receipt of (b) an order under Subsection (a)(1), the agency maintaining the 23 24 records: 25 (1)may allow access only as provided by Section 58.204(b); and 26 27 (2) shall respond to a request for information about

S.B. No. 1440 the records by stating that the records do not exist. 1 2 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply if: (1) the subject of an order issued under Subsection 3 4 (a) (1) is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or the Texas 5 Juvenile Justice Department; or 6 (2) the agency has received notice that the records 7 are not subject to restricted access under Section 58.211. (d) Notwithstanding Subsection (b) and Section 58.206(b), 8 with the permission of the subject of the records, an agency listed 9 in Subsection (a)(1) may permit the state military forces or the 10 11 United States military forces to have access to juvenile records held by that agency. On receipt of a request from the state 12 military forces or the United States military forces, an agency may 13 provide access to juvenile records held by that agency in the same 14 manner authorized by law for records that have not been restricted 15 under Subsection (a). 16 SECTION 23. Section 58.209, Family Code, is amended to read 17 as follows: 18 Sec. 58.209. INFORMATION TO CHILD BY PROBATION OFFICER OR 19 20 TEXAS JUVENILE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT [<u>YOUTH COMMISSION</u>]. (a) When a child is placed on probation for an offense that may be eligible for 21 22 automatic restricted access at age 17 or when a child is received by

the Texas <u>Juvenile Justice Department</u> [Youth Commission] on an indeterminate commitment, a probation officer or an official at the Texas <u>Juvenile Justice Department</u> [Youth Commission] reception center, as soon as practicable, shall explain the substance of the following information to the child:

1 (1) if the child was adjudicated as having committed 2 delinquent conduct for a felony or jailable misdemeanor, that the 3 child probably has a juvenile record with the department and the 4 Federal Bureau of Investigation;

5 (2) that the child's juvenile record is a permanent 6 record that is not destroyed or erased unless the record is eligible 7 for sealing and the child or the child's family hires a lawyer and 8 files a petition in court to have the record sealed;

9 (3) that the child's juvenile record, other than 10 treatment records made confidential by law, can be accessed by 11 police, sheriff's officers, prosecutors, probation officers, 12 correctional officers, and other criminal and juvenile justice 13 officials in this state and elsewhere;

14 (4) that the child's juvenile record, other than 15 treatment records made confidential by law, can be accessed by 16 employers, educational institutions, licensing agencies, and other 17 organizations when the child applies for employment or educational 18 programs;

19 (5) if the child's juvenile record is placed on 20 restricted access when the child becomes 17 years of age, that 21 access will be denied to employers, educational institutions, and 22 others except for criminal justice agencies; [and]

(6) that restricted access does not require any action by the child or the child's family, including the filing of a petition or hiring of a lawyer, but occurs automatically at age 17<u>;</u> and

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(7) that if the child is under the jurisdiction of the

S.B. No. 1440 juvenile court or the Texas Juvenile Justice Department on or after 1 2 the child's 17th birthday, the law regarding restricted access will not apply until the person is discharged from the jurisdiction of 3 4 the court or department, as appropriate. 5 The probation officer or Texas (b) Juvenile Justice Department [Youth Commission] official shall: 6 7 (1)give the child a written copy of the explanation provided; and 8 communicate the same information to at least one 9 (2)of the child's parents or, if none can be found, to the child's 10 11 guardian or custodian. (c) The Texas Juvenile <u>Justice Department</u> [Probation 12 Commission and the Texas Youth Commission] shall adopt rules to 13 implement this section and to facilitate the effective explanation 14 15 of the information required to be communicated by this section. SECTION 24. Subsection (a), Section 23.101, Government 16 17 Code, is amended to read as follows: 18 (a) The trial courts of this state shall regularly and frequently set hearings and trials of pending matters, giving 19 20 preference to hearings and trials of the following: 21 (1) temporary injunctions; 22 criminal actions, with the following actions given (2) preference over other criminal actions: 23 24 (A) criminal actions against defendants who are 25 detained in jail pending trial; (B) criminal actions involving a charge that a 26 27 person committed an act of family violence, as defined by Section

71.004, Family Code; 1 2 (C) an offense under: 3 (i) Section 21.02 or 21.11, Penal Code; Chapter 22, Penal Code, if the victim 4 (ii) of the alleged offense is younger than 17 years of age; 5 6 (iii) Section 25.02, Penal Code, if the 7 victim of the alleged offense is younger than 17 years of age; (iv) Section 25.06, Penal Code; 8 9 (v) Section 43.25, Penal Code; or 10 (vi) Section 20A.03, Penal Code; 11 (D) an offense described by Article 62.001(6)(C) or (D), Code of Criminal Procedure; and 12 13 (E) criminal actions against persons [children] who are detained as provided by Section 51.12, Family Code, after 14 15 transfer for prosecution in criminal court under Section 54.02, 16 Family Code; 17 (3) election contests and suits under the Election Code; 18 orders for the protection of the family under (4) 19 Subtitle B, Title 4, Family Code; 20 appeals of final rulings and decisions of the 21 (5) 22 division of workers' compensation of the Texas Department of 23 Insurance regarding workers' compensation claims and claims under the Federal Employers' Liability Act and the Jones Act; 24 25 (6) appeals of final orders of the commissioner of the General Land Office under Section 51.3021, Natural Resources Code; 26 27 (7) actions in which the claimant has been diagnosed

S.B. No. 1440 1 with malignant mesothelioma, other malignant asbestos-related 2 cancer, malignant silica-related cancer, or acute silicosis; and 3 (8) appeals brought under Section 42.01 or 42.015, Tax

4 Code, of orders of appraisal review boards of appraisal districts5 established for counties with a population of less than 175,000.

6 SECTION 25. Section 243.005, Human Resources Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 Sec. 243.005. INFORMATION PROVIDED BY COMMITTING COURT. In 9 addition to the information provided under Section 243.004, a court 10 that commits a child to the department shall provide the department 11 with a copy of the following documents:

12 (1) the petition and the adjudication and disposition13 orders for the child, including the child's thumbprint;

14 (2) if the commitment is a result of revocation of 15 probation, a copy of the conditions of probation and the revocation 16 order;

(3) the social history report for the child;

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18 (4) any psychological or psychiatric reports19 concerning the child;

20 (5) the contact information sheet for the child's 21 parents or guardian;

(6) any law enforcement incident reports concerningthe offense for which the child is committed;

24 (7) any sex offender registration information 25 concerning the child;

26 (8) any juvenile probation department progress27 reports concerning the child;

the child, including case disposition; (11)the child's birth certificate; (12) the child's social security number or social security card, if available; (13) the name, address, and telephone number of the court administrator in the committing county; (14)Title IV-E eligibility screening information for the child, if available; (15) the address in the committing county for forwarding funds collected to which the committing county is entitled; any of the child's school or immunization records (16)that the committing county possesses; (17) any victim information concerning the case for which the child is committed; [and] (18) any of the child's pertinent medical records that the committing court possesses; (19) the Texas Juvenile Justice Department standard assessment tool results for the child; (20) the Department of Public Safety CR-43J form or tracking incident number concerning the child; and (21) documentation that the committing court has required the child to provide a DNA sample to the Department of

any assessment documents concerning the child;

the computerized referral and case history for

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26 Public Safety.

27 SECTION 26. The heading to Section 244.014, Human Resources

1 Code, is amended to read as follows:

2 Sec. 244.014. REFERRAL OF <u>DETERMINATE SENTENCE</u> [VIOLENT AND
3 HABITUAL] OFFENDERS FOR TRANSFER.

4 SECTION 27. (a) Article 4.19, Code of Criminal Procedure, 5 and Section 51.07, Family Code, as amended by this Act, apply to a 6 juvenile case transfer that occurs on or after the effective date of 7 this Act, regardless of whether the delinquent conduct or conduct 8 indicating a need for supervision that is the basis of the case 9 occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

(b) Article 24.011, Code of Criminal Procedure, and Section 52.0151, Family Code, as amended by this Act, apply to the detention of a witness that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act, regardless of whether any prior event connected to the proceeding, action, or decision occurred before the effective date of this Act.

15 (c) Section 51.072, Family Code, as amended by this Act, 16 applies to a request for interim supervision that is initiated on or 17 after the effective date of this Act, regardless of whether the 18 child was placed on probation before, on, or after the effective 19 date of this Act.

(d) Section 243.005, Human Resources Code, as amended by this Act, applies to a child who is committed to the Texas Juvenile Justice Department on or after the effective date of this Act, regardless of whether the delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision for which the child was committed occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

26 SECTION 28. To the extent of any conflict, this Act prevails 27 over another Act of the 83rd Legislature, Regular Session, 2013,

1	relating to	nonsubstantive	additions	to	and	corrections	in	enacted
2	codes.							

3 SECTION 29. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.