By: Zaffirini S.B. No. 1591

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to the emergency detention of persons with mental illness.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 571.018(a), Health and Safety Code, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 (a) The costs for a hearing or proceeding under this
- 7 subtitle shall be paid by:
- 8 (1) the county that initiates emergency detention
- 9 procedures under Subchapter A [or B], Chapter 573; or
- 10 (2) if no emergency detention procedures are
- 11 initiated, the county that accepts an application for court-ordered
- 12 mental health services, issues an order for protective custody, or
- 13 issues an order for temporary mental health services.
- 14 SECTION 2. Section 572.004, Health and Safety Code, is
- 15 amended by amending Subsections (d) and (f) and adding Subsections
- 16 (d-1) and (d-2) to read as follows:
- 17 (d) A physician who has reasonable cause to believe that a
- 18 patient might meet the criteria for court-ordered mental health
- 19 services or emergency detention shall examine the patient as soon
- 20 as possible within 24 hours after the time the request for discharge
- 21 is filed. The physician shall discharge the patient on completion
- 22 of the examination unless the physician determines that the person
- 23 meets the criteria for court-ordered mental health services or
- 24 emergency detention. If the physician makes a determination that

- 1 the patient meets the criteria for court-ordered mental health
- 2 services or emergency detention, the physician shall, not later
- 3 than 4 p.m. on the next succeeding business day after the date on
- 4 which the examination occurs:
- 5 (1) [, either] discharge the patient; [or]
- 6 (2) file an application for court-ordered mental
- 7 health services [or emergency detention] and obtain a written order
- 8 for further detention; or
- 9 (3) arrange for the patient to be apprehended by a
- 10 peace officer or transported for emergency detention under
- 11 Subchapter A, Chapter 573.
- 12 (d-1) The physician shall notify the patient if the
- 13 physician intends to:
- 14 (1) detain the patient under Subsection (d);
- 15 (2) [this subsection or intends to] file an
- 16 application for court-ordered mental health services; or
- 17 (3) arrange for the patient to be apprehended by a
- 18 peace officer or transported for emergency detention under
- 19 <u>Subchapter A, Chapter 573</u> [<u>emergency detention</u>].
- 20 <u>(d-2)</u> A decision to detain a patient under <u>Subsection (d)</u>
- 21 [this subsection] and the reasons for the decision shall be made a
- 22 part of the patient's clinical record.
- 23 (f) The patient is not entitled to leave the facility if
- 24 before the end of the period prescribed by this section:
- 25 (1) a written withdrawal of the request for discharge
- 26 is filed; [<del>or</del>]
- 27 (2) an application for court-ordered mental health

- 1 services [or emergency detention] is filed and the patient is
- 2 detained in accordance with this subtitle; or
- 3 (3) the patient is apprehended by a peace officer or
- 4 transported for emergency detention under Subchapter A, Chapter
- 5 573, and detained in accordance with this subtitle.
- 6 SECTION 3. The heading to Section 573.001, Health and
- 7 Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:
- 8 Sec. 573.001. APPREHENSION BY PEACE OFFICER [WITHOUT
- 9 WARRANT].
- SECTION 4. Sections 573.001(a) and (b), Health and Safety
- 11 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 12 (a) A peace officer[, without a warrant,] may take a person
- 13 into custody if the officer[÷
- 14  $\left[\frac{(1)}{1}\right]$  has reason to believe and does believe that:
- (1)  $[\frac{A}{A}]$  the person is mentally ill; and
- 16 (2) [<del>(B)</del>] because of that mental illness there is a
- 17 substantial risk of serious harm to the person or to others unless
- 18 the person is immediately restrained[; and
- 19 [(2) believes that there is not sufficient time to
- 20 obtain a warrant before taking the person into custody].
- 21 (b) A substantial risk of serious harm to the person or
- 22 others under Subsection (a)(2)  $[\frac{(a)(1)(B)}{(B)}]$  may be demonstrated by:
- 23 (1) the person's behavior; or
- 24 (2) evidence of severe emotional distress and
- 25 deterioration in the person's mental condition to the extent that
- 26 the person cannot remain at liberty.
- 27 SECTION 5. Section 573.023(a), Health and Safety Code, is

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- 1 amended to read as follows:
- 2 (a) A person apprehended by a peace officer or transported
- 3 for emergency detention under Subchapter A [or detained under
- 4 Subchapter B] shall be released on completion of the preliminary
- 5 examination unless the person is admitted to a facility under
- 6 Section 573.022.
- 7 SECTION 6. Section 573.024(c), Health and Safety Code, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 (c) If the person was apprehended by a peace officer under
- 10 Subchapter A, arrangements must be made to immediately transport
- 11 the person. If the person was transported for emergency detention
- 12 under Subchapter A [or detained under Subchapter B], the person is
- 13 entitled to reasonably prompt transportation.
- 14 SECTION 7. The following provisions are repealed:
- 15 (1) Section 54.1358(c), Government Code;
- 16 (2) Section 54.858(c), Government Code; and
- 17 (3) Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Health and Safety Code.
- SECTION 8. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013.