| **House Bill 347**  Senate Amendments  Section-by-Section Analysis | | |
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| HOUSE VERSION | SENATE VERSION (CS) | CONFERENCE |
| No equivalent provision. | SECTION 1. The heading to Section 545.425, Transportation Code, is amended to read as follows:  Sec. 545.425. USE OF WIRELESS COMMUNICATION DEVICE IN A SCHOOL CROSSING ZONE OR WHILE OPERATING A SCHOOL BUS WITH A MINOR PASSENGER; OFFENSE. |  |
| SECTION 1. Section 545.425(b), Transportation Code, is amended to read as follows:  (b) Except as provided by Subsection (c), an operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle:  (1) in [~~within~~] a school crossing zone, as defined by Section 541.302, Transportation Code, unless:  (A) [~~(1)~~] the vehicle is stopped; or  (B) [~~(2)~~] the wireless communication device is used with a hands-free device; or  (2) on the property of a public elementary, middle, or junior high school for which a local authority has designated a school crossing zone, during the time a reduced speed limit is in effect for the school crossing zone, unless:  (A) the vehicle is stopped; or  (B) the wireless communication device is used with a hands-free device. | SECTION 2. Subchapter I, Chapter 545, Transportation Code, is amended by adding Section 545.4252 to read as follows:  Sec. 545.4252. USE OF WIRELESS COMMUNICATION DEVICE ON SCHOOL PROPERTY; OFFENSE. (a) In this section:  (1) "Hands-free device" has the meaning assigned by Section 545.425.  (2) "Wireless communication device" has the meaning assigned by Section 545.425.  (b) Except as provided by Section 545.425(c), an operator may not use a wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle on the property of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school for which a local authority has designated a school crossing zone, during the time a reduced speed limit is in effect for the school crossing zone, unless:  (1) the vehicle is stopped; or  (2) the wireless communication device is used with a hands-free device.  (c) It is an affirmative defense to prosecution of an offense under this section that the wireless communication device was used to make an emergency call to:  (1) an emergency response service, including a rescue, emergency medical, or hazardous material response service;  (2) a hospital;  (3) a fire department;  (4) a health clinic;  (5) a medical doctor's office;  (6) an individual to administer first aid treatment; or  (7) a police department.  (d) This section does not apply to:  (1) an operator of an authorized emergency vehicle using a wireless communication device while acting in an official capacity; or  (2) an operator who is licensed by the Federal Communications Commission while operating a radio frequency device other than a wireless communication device.  (e) This section preempts all local ordinances, rules, or regulations that are inconsistent with specific provisions of this section adopted by a political subdivision of this state relating to the use of a wireless communication device by the operator of a motor vehicle, except that a political subdivision may by ordinance or rule prohibit the use of a wireless communication device while operating a motor vehicle throughout the jurisdiction of the political subdivision. |  |
| SECTION 2. The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date. | SECTION 3. Same as House version. |  |
| SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2013. | SECTION 4. Same as House version. |  |