BILL ANALYSIS

S.B. 991 By: Rodríguez Land & Resource Management Committee Report (Unamended)

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

Interested parties note that fossil-fueled electricity production used to power desalination plants is water-intensive, making for an inefficient desalination process in which water is being used to desalinate water. The parties assert that coupling desalination with certain renewable energy resources would allow for a freshwater production process that requires much less water. S.B. 991 seeks to provide for a study of ways to use less water-intensive methods to power desalination plants.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution.

ANALYSIS

S.B. 991 requires the General Land Office (GLO) in consultation with the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) to conduct a study regarding the use of wind or solar power to desalinate brackish groundwater on real property owned by the state. The bill authorizes the GLO and the TWDB to request data from any state agency in conducting the study and requires an agency receiving such a request to provide the requested data. The bill authorizes the GLO to coordinate with a research division of a university in conducting the study. The bill requires the GLO, not later than December 31, 2016, to report the results of the study to the governor and the legislature and prohibits the report from disclosing information that is excepted from state public information law relating to the availability of public information during the normal business hours of a governmental body.

EFFECTIVE DATE

On passage, or, if the bill does not receive the necessary vote, September 1, 2015.