By: Canales

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT relating to the electronic recording of certain custodial 2 3 interrogations. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Chapter 2, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended by adding Articles 2.32 and 2.33 to read as follows: 6 Art. 2.32. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF CUSTODIAL 7 INTERROGATIONS. (a) In this article: 8 9 (1) "Custodial interrogation" means any investigative questioning, other than routine questions associated with booking, 10 by a peace officer during which: 11 12 (A) a reasonable person in the position of the person being interrogated would consider himself or herself to be 13 in custody; and 14 15 (B) a question is asked that is reasonably likely 16 to elicit an incriminating response. (2) "Electronic recording" means an audio or 17 audiovisual electronic recording of a custodial interrogation that 18 begins at or before the time the person being interrogated receives 19 a warning described by Section 2(a), Article 38.22, and continues 20 until the time the interrogation ceases. 21 22 (3) "Place of detention" means a police station or 23 other building that is a place of operation for a law enforcement agency, including a municipal police department or county sheriff's 24

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1	department, and is owned or operated by the law enforcement agency
2	for the purpose of detaining individuals in connection with the
3	suspected violation of a penal law. The term does not include a
4	courthouse.
5	(b) A law enforcement agency qualified under Article 2.33 to
6	conduct a custodial interrogation of the offense shall make an
7	electronic recording of any custodial interrogation that occurs in
8	a place of detention and is of a person suspected of committing or
9	charged with the commission of an offense under:
10	(1) Section 19.02, Penal Code (murder);
11	(2) Section 19.03, Penal Code (capital murder);
12	(3) Section 20.03, Penal Code (kidnapping);
13	(4) Section 20.04, Penal Code (aggravated
14	kidnapping);
15	(5) Section 20A.02, Penal Code (trafficking of
16	persons);
17	(6) Section 20A.03, Penal Code (continuous
18	<pre>trafficking of persons);</pre>
19	(7) Section 21.02, Penal Code (continuous sexual abuse
20	of young child or children);
21	(8) Section 21.11, Penal Code (indecency with a
22	child);
23	(9) Section 21.12, Penal Code (improper relationship
24	between educator and student);
25	(10) Section 22.011, Penal Code (sexual assault);
26	(11) Section 22.021, Penal Code (aggravated sexual
27	assault); or

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1	(12) Section 43.25, Penal Code (sexual performance by
2	<u>a child).</u>
3	(c) For purposes of Subsection (b), an electronic recording
4	of a custodial interrogation is complete only if the recording
5	begins at or before the time the person being interrogated receives
6	a warning described by Section 2(a), Article 38.22, and continues
7	until the time the interrogation ceases.
8	(d) A recording of a custodial interrogation that complies
9	with this article is exempt from public disclosure except as
10	provided by Section 552.108, Government Code.
11	(e) A law enforcement agency otherwise required to make an
12	electronic recording of a custodial interrogation under this
13	article is excused from the duty to make the electronic recording if
14	the law enforcement agency has good cause. For purposes of this
15	<pre>subsection, "good cause" includes:</pre>
16	(1) the accused refused to respond to questioning or
17	cooperate in a custodial interrogation of which an electronic
18	recording was made, provided that:
19	(A) a contemporaneous recording of the refusal
20	was made; or
21	(B) the peace officer or agent of the law
22	enforcement agency conducting the interrogation attempted, in good
23	faith, to record the accused's refusal but the accused was
24	unwilling to have the refusal recorded, and the peace officer or
25	agent contemporaneously, in writing, documented the refusal;
26	(2) the statement was not made exclusively as the
27	result of a custodial interrogation, including a statement that was

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1	made spontaneously by the accused and not in response to a question
2	by a peace officer;
3	(3) the peace officer or agent of the law enforcement
4	agency conducting the interrogation attempted, in good faith, to
5	record the interrogation but the recording equipment did not
6	function, the officer or agent inadvertently operated the equipment
7	incorrectly, or the equipment malfunctioned or stopped operating
8	without the knowledge of the officer or agent;
9	(4) exigent public safety concerns prevented or
10	rendered infeasible the making of an electronic recording of the
11	custodial interrogation; or
12	(5) the peace officer or agent of the law enforcement
13	agency conducting the interrogation reasonably believed at the time
14	the interrogation commenced that the accused interrogated was not
15	taken into custody for or being interrogated concerning the
16	commission of an offense listed in Subsection (b).
17	Art. 2.33. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES QUALIFIED TO CONDUCT
18	CERTAIN CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS. Only a law enforcement agency
19	that employs peace officers described by Subdivision (1), (2), (3),
20	(4), (5), (6), (7), (8), or (30), Article 2.12, is qualified to
21	conduct a custodial interrogation of an individual suspected of
22	committing an offense listed in Article 2.32(b).

23 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.