By: Anderson of Dallas H.B. No. 3181

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to ethyl alcohol monitoring as a condition of community
3	supervision for certain intoxication offenses.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 2, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal
6	Procedure, is amended by adding Subdivision (5) to read as follows:
7	(5) "Ethyl alcohol monitoring device" means:
8	(A) a device worn by the defendant that detects
9	ethyl alcohol in the defendant's perspiration through transdermal
10	testing; or
11	(B) a portable ethyl alcohol detection device
12	<pre>carried by the defendant that:</pre>
13	(i) requires the defendant at specified or
14	random intervals to submit a breath sample;
15	(ii) analyzes and records the sample;
16	(iii) transmits the results of the
17	analysis; and
18	(iv) is capable of verifying that the
19	breath sample was provided by the defendant.
20	SECTION 2. Section 13, Article 42.12, Code of Criminal
21	Procedure, is amended by adding Subsection (o) to read as follows:
22	(o)(1) This subsection applies to a defendant for whom a
23	judge may order or is required to order the installation and use of
24	an ignition interlock device under Subsection (i).

1	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (i) and subject to
2	Subdivision (6), in lieu of or in addition to requiring a defendant
3	to install and use an ignition interlock device under that
4	subsection, the judge may require the defendant to submit to ethyl
5	alcohol monitoring under this subsection. The judge must specify
6	the date by which the defendant must begin wearing or using the
7	ethyl alcohol monitoring device.
8	(3) The judge may revoke community supervision and
9	order the defendant to the term of confinement specified in the
10	<pre>defendant's sentence if:</pre>
11	(A) the defendant refuses to wear or use the
12	ethyl alcohol monitoring device;
13	(B) the defendant tampers with or otherwise
14	attempts to disable the device;
15	(C) the device shows that the defendant has
16	violated a condition of community supervision; or
17	(D) the defendant fails to pay the costs of ethyl
18	alcohol monitoring, if:
19	(i) payment is ordered under Subdivision
20	(4) as a condition of community supervision; and
21	(ii) the judge determines that the
22	defendant is not indigent and is financially able to make the
23	payments as ordered.
24	(4) The cost of the ethyl alcohol monitoring device
25	may be ordered paid as a condition of community supervision by the
26	defendant to the court or to the entity designated by the judge
27	under Subdivision (5) or waived or reduced based on the defendant's

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- 1 ability to pay. The court may impose a reasonable payment schedule
- 2 for the cost of the device, in whole or in part, as applicable, for a
- 3 period not to exceed twice the period of the court's order requiring
- 4 ethyl alcohol monitoring.
- 5 (5) The judge may designate an appropriate entity to
- 6 verify that the defendant is wearing or using the ethyl alcohol
- 7 monitoring device appropriately, and to monitor the device.
- 8 (6) A judge may not order ethyl alcohol monitoring in
- 9 lieu of an ignition interlock device under this subsection for a
- 10 defendant subject to Section 49.09(h), Penal Code. The judge may
- 11 order ethyl alcohol monitoring in addition to the ignition
- 12 interlock device required under that section.
- 13 SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 14 to a defendant who is placed on community supervision on or after
- 15 the effective date of this Act, regardless of whether the offense
- 16 for which the defendant is placed on community supervision is
- 17 committed before, on, or after that date.
- SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.