By: Aycock H.B. No. 3347

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT

- 2 relating to revocation of a charter for an open-enrollment charter
- 3 school and procedures for the disposition of property owned by a
- 4 charter school after revocation or surrender of a charter.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 6 SECTION 1. Section 12.116, Education Code, is amended by
- 7 amending Subsections (a), (c), and (d) and adding Subsections (e)
- 8 and (f) to read as follows:
- 9 (a) The commissioner shall adopt an informal review
- 10 procedure to be used for revoking the charter of an open-enrollment
- 11 charter school or for reconstituting the governing body of the
- 12 charter holder as authorized by Section 12.115.
- 13 (c) A decision by the commissioner to revoke a charter is
- 14 subject to review by the State Office of Administrative
- 15 Hearings. Notwithstanding Chapter 2001, Government Code:
- 16 (1) the State Office of Administrative Hearings shall
- 17 conduct a revocation review hearing and issue a final decision not
- 18 later than the 90th day after the date that the notice of hearing is
- 19 filed with the State Office of Administrative Hearings;
- 20 <u>(2)</u> the administrative law judge shall uphold a
- 21 decision by the commissioner to revoke a charter unless the judge
- 22 finds the decision is arbitrary and capricious or clearly
- 23 erroneous; and
- (3) $\left[\frac{(2)}{2}\right]$ a decision of the administrative law judge

- 1 under this subsection is final and may not be appealed.
- 2 (d) If the commissioner issues a decision to revoke
- 3 [revokes] the charter of an open-enrollment charter school, the
- 4 commissioner may:
- 5 (1) manage the school until alternative arrangements
- 6 are made for the school's students; [and]
- 7 (2) assign operation of one or more campuses formerly
- 8 operated by the charter holder who held the revoked charter to a
- 9 different charter holder who consents to the assignment; or
- 10 (3) appoint a board of managers under Section 12.1165
- 11 or an agent of the commissioner to close the operations of the
- 12 school and manage the disposition of the state's personal and real
- 13 property in the possession of the charter holder.
- 14 (e) If the commissioner decides to manage the school under
- 15 Subsection (d)(1), the commissioner may:
- 16 (1) allow the existing governing body of the school to
- 17 manage the school, under the commissioner's direction, until the
- 18 conclusion of the academic school year;
- 19 (2) appoint a board of managers under Section 12.1165;
- 20 or
- 21 (3) appoint an individual to serve as the agent of the
- 22 commissioner.
- 23 <u>(f) The commissioner shall transfer to the charter school</u>
- 24 liquidation account established under Section 12.269 any funds
- 25 received by the charter holder under Section 12.106 that remain
- 26 after the operations of the school are closed under this section.
- 27 SECTION 2. Subchapter D, Chapter 12, Education Code, is

- 1 amended by adding Sections 12.1165 and 12.1166 to read as follows:
- 2 Sec. 12.1165. BOARD OF MANAGERS FOR OPERATION OR
- 3 DISSOLUTION. (a) If the commissioner issues a decision to revoke
- 4 the charter of an open-enrollment charter school, the commissioner
- 5 may appoint a board of managers and a charter superintendent to:
- 6 (1) manage the school under Section 12.116(d)(1); or
- 7 (2) close the operations of the school under Section
- 8 12.116(d)(3).
- 9 (b) The commissioner may designate an individual member of
- 10 the board of managers to submit to the agency any required data,
- 11 reports, or other information necessary to close the operations of
- 12 the school.
- 13 (c) The board of managers may exercise all of the powers and
- 14 duties assigned to a governing body of a charter holder by any
- 15 <u>statute or rule.</u>
- 16 (d) If the governing body of a charter holder is managing a
- 17 school under Section 12.116(e)(1), the governing body's powers are
- 18 terminated on the effective date of the commissioner's appointment
- 19 of the board of managers.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, the
- 21 board of managers may amend the school's budget. The board of
- 22 managers may use cash on hand received by the former charter holder
- 23 under Section 12.106 or any allocation of state funding due to the
- 24 former charter holder under Section 12.106 to close the operations
- 25 of the school. Actions taken under this subsection are subject to
- 26 the approval of the commissioner.
- 27 (f) A person who serves on the board of managers or as a

- 1 charter superintendent under this section acts on behalf of the
- 2 commissioner and is entitled to:
- 3 (1) sovereign immunity; and
- 4 (2) representation by the attorney general for any act
- 5 or omission taken while acting in the person's official capacity.
- 6 (g) The board of managers shall continue to operate until
- 7 dissolved by the commissioner. Members of the board of managers and
- 8 a charter superintendent serve at the discretion of the
- 9 commissioner and may be replaced by the commissioner at any time.
- 10 (h) Except as otherwise provided, this chapter applies to a
- 11 school governed by a board of managers in the same manner this
- 12 chapter applies to any other charter school.
- Sec. 12.1166. COMPENSATION OF BOARD OF MANAGERS AND CHARTER
- 14 SUPERINTENDENT. (a) The commissioner may authorize compensation
- 15 for a member of a board of managers or a charter superintendent
- 16 appointed under Section 12.1165.
- 17 (b) The commissioner shall establish the terms of
- 18 compensation provided under Subsection (a).
- 19 (c) The commissioner shall use funds of the former school
- 20 due or received under Section 12.106 for compensation of a charter
- 21 superintendent or a member of a board of managers.
- 22 (d) If funds described by Subsection (c) are not available
- 23 or the commissioner determines that the circumstances require, the
- 24 commissioner may use available agency funds for compensation under
- 25 this section, provided that the use of the available funds for that
- 26 purpose is not prohibited by other law.
- 27 (e) If the commissioner determines that the amount

- 1 appropriated for purposes of the Foundation School Program exceeds
- 2 the amount to which school districts are entitled under Chapters 42
- 3 and 46, the commissioner may authorize the comptroller to transfer
- 4 funds from the Foundation School Program to the agency's
- 5 administrative account for compensation as provided by this
- 6 section.
- 7 SECTION 3. Section 12.128, Education Code, is amended by
- 8 adding Subsections (c-1), (c-2), and (f) to read as follows:
- 9 <u>(c-1)</u> In supervising the disposition of property under
- 10 Subsection (c)(2), the commissioner may:
- 11 (1) file a suit for receivership under Subchapter G;
- 12 or
- 13 (2) seek a court of competent jurisdiction to declare
- 14 the property to be state property and order the property to be
- 15 titled in the name of the state.
- 16 <u>(c-2)</u> If the commissioner obtains a court declaration
- 17 described by Subsection (c-1)(2):
- 18 (1) the General Land Office shall:
- (A) sell any real property through any method
- 20 available to the General Land Office; and
- 21 (B) transfer any proceeds of the sale of the real
- 22 property to the charter school liquidation account established
- 23 under Section 12.269; and
- 24 (2) the Texas Facilities Commission shall transfer any
- 25 proceeds from the sale of property disposed of under Chapter 2175,
- 26 Government Code, into the charter school liquidation account
- 27 established under Section 12.269.

- 1 (f) The proceeds of the sale of property under Subsection
- 2 (c-2) are not subject to the requirements of the General
- 3 Appropriations Act or statutory requirements or rules related to
- 4 the general revenue fund.
- 5 SECTION 4. Chapter 12, Education Code, is amended by adding
- 6 Subchapter G to read as follows:
- 7 SUBCHAPTER G. CHARTER SCHOOL RECEIVERSHIP AND LIQUIDATION
- 8 Sec. 12.251. PURPOSE. The purpose of this subchapter is to
- 9 aid the commissioner in carrying out the commissioner's duty to
- 10 supervise the disposition of public property of a charter school
- 11 that ceases to operate. This subchapter shall be liberally
- 12 construed to permit the commissioner, acting as a receiver, to
- 13 promptly dispose of public property to preserve state funds.
- 14 Sec. 12.252. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 15 (1) "Former charter school" means a charter school
- 16 that may no longer function as a charter school under this chapter
- 17 or Chapter 39 because the school's charter has been revoked or
- 18 surrendered.
- 19 (2) "Liquidation order" means a final order entered by
- 20 the receivership court approving the receiver's disposition of all
- 21 public property and closing the receivership.
- 22 (3) "Proposed disposition plan" means a plan presented
- 23 by the receiver to the court that accounts for the disposition of
- 24 all assets in the possession of a former charter school.
- 25 (4) "Receiver" means the commissioner, acting in an
- 26 official capacity to take possession, assume control, and dispose
- 27 of public property of a former charter school. The term includes a

- 1 special deputy receiver.
- 2 (5) "Receivership order" means a court order by which
- 3 the court assumes jurisdiction, opens a receivership proceeding,
- 4 and appoints the commissioner as the receiver for the assets of a
- 5 former charter school.
- 6 (6) "Special deputy receiver" means a person appointed
- 7 by or acting under a contract with the commissioner as a receiver on
- 8 the commissioner's behalf.
- 9 Sec. 12.253. RECEIVERSHIP; JURISDICTION AND VENUE. (a) If
- 10 the commissioner revokes or accepts the surrender of the charter of
- 11 a charter school, the commissioner may determine that a
- 12 receivership is warranted to conserve or dispose of public property
- 13 over which the commissioner assumes control or possession under
- 14 this chapter or Chapter 39.
- 15 (b) At the request of the commissioner, the attorney general
- 16 shall bring an action in a Travis County district court to appoint a
- 17 receiver to liquidate the assets of a former charter school or a
- 18 charter school that has otherwise ceased to operate.
- 19 (c) A court does not have jurisdiction over any receivership
- 20 proceeding for a charter school commenced on behalf of a person
- 21 other than the commissioner.
- 22 (d) Not later than the 30th day after the date the attorney
- 23 general brings an action to appoint a receiver under this section,
- 24 the court shall enter a receivership order opening the receivership
- 25 proceeding.
- Sec. 12.254. RECEIVERSHIP ORDER. (a) A receivership order
- 27 shall:

- 1 (1) appoint the commissioner and any successor in
- 2 office as the receiver for the former charter school; and
- 3 (2) direct the receiver to take possession of the
- 4 property of the former charter school and administer the property
- 5 subject to this subchapter.
- 6 (b) The receiver may request that the receivership court
- 7 appoint a single judge to supervise the receivership and hear any
- 8 cases or controversies arising out of or related to the
- 9 receivership.
- 10 (c) The rights and liabilities of all persons interested in
- 11 the assets of the former charter school become fixed as of the date
- 12 of entry of the court's receivership order.
- Sec. 12.255. POWERS AND DUTIES OF RECEIVER. (a) The
- 14 receiver may assume or reject any executory contract or unexpired
- 15 <u>lease of the former charter school.</u>
- 16 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, the receiver is
- 17 authorized to liquidate by sale or contract for sale any real
- 18 property owned by a former charter school to satisfy debts of the
- 19 school and return public property and proceeds to the state.
- 20 (c) The receiver may dispose of the former charter school's
- 21 property using provisions for:
- 22 (1) the disposal of surplus and salvage property under
- 23 Chapter 2175, Government Code; or
- 24 (2) the sale of real property under Section
- 25 12.128(c-2).
- 26 <u>(d) If the receiver disposes of real property under</u>
- 27 Subsection (c)(2), the receivership court shall assume sole

- 1 jurisdiction of the transfer of title.
- 2 (e) The receiver shall dispose of any property determined to
- 3 be held in trust or any federal property in compliance with
- 4 applicable law.
- 5 Sec. 12.256. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS. (a) Any law
- 6 governing the procurement of goods and services by the state does
- 7 not apply to a contract entered into by the commissioner as a
- 8 receiver. This section does not waive any immunity or create a
- 9 cause of action against the state.
- 10 (b) A receiver appointed under this subchapter may not be
- 11 required to pay any filing, recording, transcript, or
- 12 authentication fee to any public officer in the state.
- 13 Sec. 12.257. SPECIAL DEPUTY RECEIVER; OTHER EMPLOYMENT.
- 14 (a) The receiver may appoint or contract with one or more special
- 15 deputy receivers to act for the receiver under this subchapter and
- 16 employ or contract with legal counsel, actuaries, accountants,
- 17 appraisers, consultants, clerks, assistants, and other personnel
- 18 necessary to assist in the liquidation of the former charter
- 19 school's assets.
- 20 (b) A special deputy receiver has all powers of the receiver
- 21 granted by this subchapter, unless specifically limited by the
- 22 receiver, and serves at the pleasure of the receiver.
- 23 (c) A special deputy receiver or other person with whom the
- 24 receiver contracts under this section may act on behalf of the
- 25 commissioner only in the commissioner's capacity as receiver.
- 26 (d) The receiver may determine the reasonable compensation
- 27 for any special deputy, employee, or contractor and pay

- 1 compensation in accordance with Section 12.262.
- 2 Sec. 12.258. PERFORMANCE BOND REQUIRED. The receiver shall
- 3 execute a bond to ensure the proper performance of the receiver's
- 4 duties under this subchapter in an amount to be set by the court.
- 5 Sec. 12.259. ASSETS OF FORMER CHARTER SCHOOL. (a) The
- 6 receiver or a special deputy receiver shall take possession of all
- 7 student records, books, papers, electronic data, personal and real
- 8 property, and other assets purchased or acquired, wholly or partly,
- 9 with state funds of a former charter school.
- 10 (b) If a record or asset described under Subsection (a) is
- 11 in the possession of a special deputy receiver, the receiver may
- 12 review that asset promptly on request made to the special deputy
- 13 receiver.
- 14 (c) A receiver or special deputy receiver is required to
- 15 comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20
- 16 <u>U.S.C. Section 1232g).</u>
- 17 Sec. 12.260. IMMUNITY, INDEMNIFICATION, AND
- 18 REPRESENTATION. (a) The commissioner is entitled to immunity for
- 19 all acts taken as a receiver. A special deputy receiver is entitled
- 20 to immunity to the same extent as the commissioner acting as a
- 21 <u>receiver.</u>
- (b) If any legal action is commenced against the receiver or
- 23 <u>a special deputy receiver</u>, whether against the receiver or special
- 24 deputy receiver personally or in their official capacity, resulting
- 25 from an alleged act, error, or omission of the receiver or special
- 26 deputy receiver arising out of or by reason of their duties or
- 27 employment, the receiver or special deputy receiver is indemnified

- 1 for all expenses, attorney's fees, judgments, settlements,
- 2 decrees, or amounts due and owing or paid in satisfaction of or
- 3 incurred in the defense of the legal action, unless it is determined
- 4 on a final adjudication on the merits that the alleged act, error,
- 5 or omission of the receiver or special deputy receiver giving rise
- 6 to the claim:
- 7 (1) did not arise out of or by reason of the receiver's
- 8 or special deputy receiver's duties or employment; or
- 9 (2) was caused by intentional or wilful and wanton
- 10 misconduct.
- 11 (c) Any indemnification shall first be paid from the assets
- 12 of the former charter school. If no assets of the former charter
- 13 school are available, the state shall indemnify the receiver or
- 14 special deputy receiver.
- 15 (d) The attorney general shall represent the receiver or
- 16 special deputy receiver:
- 17 (1) in all actions relating to a receivership under
- 18 this subchapter; and
- 19 (2) in any suit challenging an action taken by the
- 20 receiver or special deputy receiver in the receiver's or special
- 21 deputy receiver's capacity as a receiver unless the conduct was
- 22 <u>caused by intentional or wilful and wanton misconduct.</u>
- Sec. 12.261. REQUESTED NOTICE. (a) On written request to
- 24 the receiver, a person must be placed on the service list to receive
- 25 notice of matters filed by the receiver. It is the responsibility
- 26 of the person requesting notice to inform the receiver in writing of
- 27 any changes in the person's address or to request that the person's

- 1 name be deleted from the service list. The receiver may require
- 2 that a person on the service list provide confirmation to remain on
- 3 the service list. Any person who fails to confirm the person's
- 4 intent to remain on the service list may be purged from the service
- 5 list. Inclusion on the service list does not confer standing in the
- 6 receivership proceeding to raise, appear, or be heard on any issue.
- 7 (b) Notice of a proposed disposition plan to a person on the
- 8 service list must be provided as established by Section 12.265.
- 9 Sec. 12.262. APPROVAL AND PAYMENT OF EXPENSES. (a) The
- 10 receiver shall submit an estimate of expenses to the receivership
- 11 court for approval.
- 12 (b) The receiver may pay any expenses under contracts,
- 13 leases, employment agreements, or other arrangements entered into
- 14 by the former charter school before receivership from the assets of
- 15 the former charter school. The receiver is not required to pay any
- 16 expenses that the receiver determines are not necessary and may
- 17 reject any contract under Section 12.257.
- 18 (c) The receiver may deposit former charter school funds in
- 19 the charter school liquidation account established under Section
- 20 12.269 and pay former charter school expenses from that account.
- 21 (d) If a special deputy receiver has been appointed to pay
- 22 <u>certain expenses and the special deputy receiver has insufficient</u>
- 23 funds to pay those expenses from the assets of the former charter
- 24 school, the special deputy receiver may request that the receiver
- 25 draw funds from the charter school liquidation account established
- 26 under Section 12.269 to pay the expenses.
- (e) If the receiver determines that the expenses under

- 1 Subsection (d) are necessary, the receiver may withdraw the amount
- 2 necessary to pay the expenses of the receivership.
- 3 Sec. 12.263. PRIORITIZATION AND SATISFACTION OF DEBTS. (a)
- 4 The state, commissioner, or receiver may not be held liable for the
- 5 debts or liabilities incurred by a former charter school.
- 6 (b) The receiver shall satisfy debts of a former charter
- 7 school in accordance with a proposed disposition plan after payment
- 8 of:
- 9 (1) debts to state and federal governmental entities,
- 10 including payments to a conservator, monitor, superintendent, or
- 11 member of a board of managers or management;
- 12 (2) perfected liens;
- 13 (3) secured debts; and
- 14 (4) expenses of the receivership.
- 15 <u>(c)</u> After satisfaction of the debts and expenses listed in
- 16 Subsection (b), any remaining state assets of a former charter
- 17 school shall be used to satisfy debts in the following priority,
- 18 unless otherwise ordered by the receivership court:
- 19 (1) salary owed to non-administrative faculty and
- 20 staff;
- 21 (2) unpaid, unsecured rent on leasehold;
- 22 <u>(3) vendors; and</u>
- 23 (4) any other debts recognized by law.
- Sec. 12.264. PROPOSED DISPOSITION PLAN. (a) The receiver
- 25 shall file with the court a proposed disposition plan that accounts
- 26 for:
- 27 (1) the disposition of all known assets of the former

- 1 <u>charter school; and</u>
- 2 (2) the amount of all expenses that the receiver may
- 3 incur.
- 4 (b) The proposed disposition plan must specifically
- 5 identify any property that is not considered to be public property
- 6 under Section 12.128.
- 7 (c) If the commissioner appoints a special deputy receiver
- 8 to develop the disposition plan, the special deputy receiver must
- 9 present the plan to the commissioner for approval before filing the
- 10 plan with the court.
- Sec. 12.265. NOTICE OF PROPOSED DISPOSITION PLAN. (a)
- 12 Unless the receivership court otherwise directs, the receiver shall
- 13 give notice of the proposed disposition plan as soon as possible:
- 14 (1) by first class mail or electronic communication as
- 15 permitted by the receivership court to:
- 16 <u>(A) any person known or reasonably expected to</u>
- 17 have a claim against the former charter school, at the person's last
- 18 known address as indicated by the records of the former charter
- 19 school;
- 20 (B) each state and federal agency with an
- 21 <u>interest in the proceeding; and</u>
- (C) any person on the service list under Section
- 23 <u>12.261; and</u>
- 24 (2) by publication in a newspaper of general
- 25 circulation in the county in which the principal place of business
- 26 of the former charter school was located, in any county in which the
- 27 former charter holder operated a school, and in any other location

- 1 as the receiver deems appropriate.
- 2 (b) The notice of the proposed disposition plan must contain
- 3 or provide directions for obtaining the following information:
- 4 (1) a statement that the former charter school has
- 5 ceased to operate and that the commissioner has taken possession
- 6 and assumed control of the school's assets under Section 12.128;
- 7 (2) a statement of the date, time, and location of any
- 8 initial status hearing scheduled at the time the notice is sent;
- 9 (3) a description of the process for obtaining notice
- 10 of matters before the receivership court; and
- 11 (4) any other information the receiver or the
- 12 receivership court deems appropriate.
- 13 (c) If notice is given in accordance with this section, the
- 14 distribution of property of the former charter school under this
- 15 <u>subchapter is conclusive with respect to all claimants, regardless</u>
- 16 of whether the claimant received notice.
- 17 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
- 18 the receiver has no duty to locate any person if an address is not
- 19 found in the records of the former charter school or if mailings are
- 20 returned to the receiver because of the inability to deliver to the
- 21 address shown in the records of the school. If notice is not given
- 22 to a person as provided by this subsection, notice by publication or
- 23 <u>actual notice received is sufficient.</u>
- (e) Written certification by the receiver or other
- 25 knowledgeable person acting for the receiver that the notice was
- 26 deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, or that the
- 27 notice has been electronically transmitted is prima facie evidence

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- 1 of mailing and receipt of notice. All claimants shall keep the
- 2 receiver informed of any changes of address.
- 3 Sec. 12.266. HEARING AND APPEAL ON DISPOSITION PLAN. (a)
- 4 Any party objecting to the proposed disposition plan must file an
- 5 objection specifying the grounds for the objection not later than
- 6 the 45th day after the date of the notice of the filing of the
- 7 proposed disposition plan or within another period as the
- 8 receivership court may set. An objection must also be served on the
- 9 receiver and any other person served with the proposed disposition
- 10 plan. An objecting party has the burden of showing why the
- 11 receivership court should not authorize the proposed disposition
- 12 plan or any other action proposed by the receiver.
- 13 (b) If no objection to the proposed disposition plan is
- 14 timely filed, the receivership court shall enter an order approving
- 15 the application without a hearing. The receiver may request that
- 16 the receivership court enter an order or hold a hearing on any
- 17 outstanding motions on an expedited basis.
- 18 (c) If an objection is timely filed, the receivership court
- 19 may hold a hearing. If the receivership court approves the proposed
- 20 disposition plan and, on a motion by the receiver, determines that
- 21 the objection was frivolous or filed for delay or for another
- 22 improper purpose, the receivership court shall order the objecting
- 23 party to pay the receiver's reasonable costs and fees of defending
- 24 the action.
- Sec. 12.267. LIQUIDATION ORDER. (a) When the receiver has
- 26 disposed of all assets according to the proposed disposition plan
- 27 approved by the court, the receiver shall promptly apply to the

- 1 receivership court for entry of a liquidation order.
- 2 (b) On demonstration to the court that the receiver has
- 3 complied with the disposition plan and all assets have been
- 4 disposed of in accordance with the plan, the court shall enter a
- 5 liquidation order discharging the receiver and closing the
- 6 receivership.
- 7 (c) A liquidation order under this subchapter is final and
- 8 may not be appealed.
- 9 Sec. 12.268. DISPOSITION OF REMAINING FUNDS. After a
- 10 liquidation order has been entered, the commissioner shall deposit
- 11 any remaining funds from the former charter school in the charter
- 12 school liquidation account established under Section 12.269.
- 13 Sec. 12.269. CHARTER SCHOOL LIQUIDATION ACCOUNT. (a) The
- 14 commissioner shall remit to the comptroller funds received under
- 15 <u>Sections 12.116</u> and 12.128 and this subchapter for deposit in an
- 16 <u>interest-bearing deposit account in the Texas Treasury Safekeeping</u>
- 17 Trust Company to be known as the charter school liquidation
- 18 account. Money in the account may be spent by the commissioner only
- 19 for the purposes provided by this section.
- 20 (b) The charter school liquidation account shall be
- 21 <u>administered</u> by the commissioner to pay the expenses incurred
- 22 <u>during a receivership of any former charter school.</u>
- 23 <u>(c) The commissioner shall annually review the charter</u>
- 24 school liquidation account and transfer any funds exceeding \$2
- 25 million to the comptroller for deposit in the charter district bond
- 26 guarantee reserve fund established under Section 45.0571. The
- 27 commissioner may delay a transfer under this subsection if the

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- 1 excess does not exceed \$100,000.
- 2 Sec. 12.270. RULES. The commissioner may adopt rules
- 3 <u>necessary to implement this subchapter.</u>
- 4 SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.