## RESOLUTION

1 WHEREAS, The year 2015 marks the 40th anniversary of the end 2 of a decades-long conflict in Vietnam, during which American 3 service personnel fought alongside South Vietnamese troops to 4 defend the cause of freedom; and

5 WHEREAS, Concerned about the threat of a Communist takeover in Vietnam, the United States began sending material support to the 6 French forces in that country in 1950, and the flow of military aid 7 and advisors continued after the French withdrew and Vietnam was 8 divided in 1954; the number of advisors climbed significantly in 9 the early 1960s, and in 1962, American helicopter units began to 10 11 transport South Vietnamese soldiers in military operations; three 12 years later, the first American combat troops landed on South Vietnamese soil; ultimately, more than 2.5 million Americans served 13 14 in South Vietnam, with 500,000 seeing actual fighting, and over 3.4 million served in Southeast Asia; and 15

16 WHEREAS, During the course of the conflict, more than 58,000 17 American service members lost their lives and over 150,000 were 18 seriously wounded; some 2,500 were listed as missing in action, 19 many of whom remain unaccounted for; losses among South Vietnamese 20 forces are estimated at a quarter of a million killed and perhaps as 21 many badly injured, and countless civilians perished; and

WHEREAS, American military involvement in the war ended with the signing of the Paris Peace Accords in January 1973; a few U.S. troops remained in South Vietnam to guard the American Embassy in

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Saigon, but the last of those were withdrawn on April 30, 1975, hours before the North Vietnamese Army captured the city; in the days before Saigon fell, approximately 135,000 Vietnamese were evacuated stateside, most of them military personnel and urban, educated professionals whose previous associations made them targets of the Viet Cong and North Vietnamese; and

7 WHEREAS, Over the ensuing decade, the Communists tightened 8 their grip on the country and 840,000 more people fled, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees; some crossed 9 10 Cambodia and Laos to reach Thailand, while hundreds of thousands risked their lives in small, wooden boats; although a large number 11 12 reached refugee camps in such places as Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, and Hong Kong, over 250,000 died at sea 13 14 as a result of storms, illness, starvation, or capture by pirates; 15 and

WHEREAS, The United States has continued to 16 welcome 17 immigrants from Vietnam; by 2012, this population had reached almost 1.3 million and constituted the sixth-largest foreign-born 18 19 group in the nation; Texas is now home to well over 200,000 Vietnamese Americans, who have made substantial contributions to 20 the economy, education, public service, science, medicine, the 21 arts, and many other aspects of society; and 22

WHEREAS, The observance of this anniversary reminds us of the magnitude of the sacrifices made and hardships endured in the quest for freedom, and we pay tribute to those whose lives were lost and recognize the courage and determination of the Vietnamese people who came to these shores in search of a better life; now, therefore,

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be it
RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the 84th Texas
Legislature hereby commemorate the 40th anniversary of the end of
the war in Vietnam.

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Speaker of the House

I certify that H.R. No. 2242 was adopted by the House on May 21, 2015, by a non-record vote.

Chief Clerk of the House