Taylor of Collin 1-1 S.B. No. 664 By: 1-2 (In the Senate - Filed February 20, 2015; February 24, 2015, read first time and referred to Committee on Natural Resources and 1-3 Economic Development; March 11, 2015, reported favorably by the following vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0; March 11, 2015, sent to printer.) 1-4 1-5

1-6 COMMITTEE VOTE

1-7		Yea	Nay	Absent	PNV
1-8	Fraser	X	-		,
1-9	Estes	Х			
1-10	Birdwell	Х			
1-11	Hall	X			
1-12	Hancock			X	
1-13	Hinojosa	X			
1-14	Lucio	X			
1-15	Nichols	X			
1-16	Seliger	X			
1-17	Uresti	X			
1-18	Zaffirini	Х			

1-19 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1-20 AN ACT

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relating to employment termination for falsification of military record in obtaining employment or employment benefits.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

This Act shall be known as the Stolen Valor Act. SECTION 1.

SECTION 2. Title 3, Labor Code, is amended by adding Chapter 105 to read as follows:

CHAPTER 105. EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION FOR FALSIFICATION OF MILITARY RECORD IN OBTAINING EMPLOYMENT OR EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Sec.

105.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
(1) "Employee" means an individual who is employed by an employer for compensation.

"Employer" means a person who employs one or more (2) employees.

"Military record" has the meaning assigned by (3)Section 32 54, Penal Code.
105.002. EMPLOYMENT TERMINATION; EMPLOYMENT CONTRACT

Sec. AND UNENFORCEABLE. (a) An employer may discharge an VOID employee, regardless of whether the employee is employed under an employment contract with the employer, if the employer determines, based on a reasonable belief, that the employee, in obtaining the employee's employment or any benefit relating to the employee's employment, falsified or otherwise misrepresented any information regarding the employee's military record in a manner that would constitute an offense under Section 32.54, Penal Code.

(b) An employment contract entered into by an employer with

employee discharged by the employer under this section is void

and unenforceable as against public policy. Sec. 105.003. SUIT TO APPEAL TERMINATION. An employee who was employed by an employer under an employment contract on the date of the employee's termination and who believes the employee was wrongfully terminated under Section 105.002 may bring suit against the employer in a district court in the county in which the termination occurred for appropriate relief, including rehiring or reinstatement to the employee's previous job, payment of back wages, and reestablishment of employee benefits to which the employee otherwise would have been eligible if the employee had not been terminated.

SECTION 3. Chapter 105, Labor Code, as added by this Act, applies only to an employee termination that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

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