By: Bettencourt, et al.

S.B. No. 763

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to the exemption from ad valorem taxation of certain 3 income-producing tangible personal property. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Section 22.01, Tax Code, is amended by amending 5 6 Subsection (f) and adding Subsection (f-1) to read as follows: 7 Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (b), a rendition (f) 8 statement of a person who owns tangible personal property used for the production of income located in the appraisal district that, in 9 10 the owner's opinion, has an aggregate value of less than \$50,000 [\$20,000] is required to contain only: 11 12 (1) the name and address of the property owner; 13 (2) a general description of the property by type or 14 category; and 15 (3) the physical location or taxable situs of the 16 property. (f-1) A person who owns tangible personal property used for 17 the production of income located in the appraisal district that, in 18 the owner's opinion, has an aggregate value of at least \$50,000 must 19 render the property under Subsection (a), but any amount less than 20 \$50,000 of that value is exempt from taxation under this title. The 21 22 exemption may not be transferred to another person. 23 SECTION 2. Section 22.07, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (c) and (f) and adding Subsection (g) to read as 24

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1 follows:

(c) The chief appraiser may request, either in writing or by
electronic means, that the property owner provide a statement
containing supporting information indicating how the value
rendered under Section 22.01(a)(5) or claimed to be exempt under
Section 22.01(f) was determined. The statement must:

7 (1) summarize information sufficient to identify the8 property, including:

9 (A) the physical and economic characteristics 10 relevant to the opinion of value, if appropriate; and

(B) the source of the information used;
(2) state the effective date of the opinion of value;
and

14 (3) explain the basis of the value rendered <u>or claimed</u>
15 <u>exempt</u>. If the property owner is a business with 50 employees or
16 less, the property owner may base the estimate of value on the
17 depreciation schedules used for federal income tax purposes.

(f) Except as provided by Subsection (g), failure [Failure] to comply with this section in a timely manner is considered to be a failure to timely render under Section 22.01 and penalties as described in Section 22.28 shall be applied by the chief appraiser.

(g) Failure to provide in a timely manner a statement requested under Subsection (c) indicating how the value claimed to be exempt under Section 22.01(f) was determined is a violation of Section 22.01 and the chief appraiser shall apply a penalty in an amount equal to 10 percent of the total amount of taxes that would have been imposed on the property for that year by taxing units

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1 participating in the appraisal district but for the exemption under 2 Section 22.01(f).

3 SECTION 3. This Act applies beginning with the tax year that 4 begins January 1, 2016.

5 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect on the date on which the 6 constitutional amendment proposed by the 84th Legislature, Regular 7 Session, 2015, authorizing the legislature to exempt from ad 8 valorem taxation income-producing tangible personal property 9 valued at less than \$50,000 takes effect, if that constitutional 10 amendment is approved by the voters. If that constitutional 11 amendment is not approved by the voters, this Act has no effect.