By: Campbell

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to emergency response employees or volunteers and others 3 exposed or potentially exposed to certain diseases or parasites.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Article 18.22(a), Code of Criminal Procedure, is 6 amended to read as follows:

7 (a) A person who is arrested for a misdemeanor or felony and who during the commission of that offense or an arrest following the 8 9 commission of that offense causes an emergency response employee or volunteer, as defined by Section 81.003, Health and Safety Code, [a 10 peace officer] to come into contact with the person's bodily fluids 11 12 shall, at the direction of the court having jurisdiction over the arrested person, undergo a medical procedure or test designed to 13 14 show or help show whether the person has a communicable disease. The court may direct the person to undergo the procedure or test on 15 16 its own motion or on the request of the <u>emergency response employee</u> or volunteer [peace officer]. If the person refuses to submit 17 voluntarily to the procedure or test, the court shall require the 18 person to submit to the procedure or test. Notwithstanding any 19 20 other law, the person performing the procedure or test shall make 21 the test results available to the local health authority and the designated infection control officer of the affected emergency 22 23 response employee or volunteer, and the local health authority or the designated infection control officer of the affected employee 24

1 <u>or volunteer</u> shall notify the <u>emergency response employee or</u> 2 <u>volunteer</u> [<u>peace officer</u>] of the test result. The state may not use 3 the fact that a medical procedure or test was performed on a person 4 under this article, or use the results of the procedure or test, in 5 any criminal proceeding arising out of the alleged offense.

6 SECTION 2. Section 607.102, Government Code, is amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Sec. 607.102. NOTIFICATION. An [A firefighter or] emergency response employee or volunteer, as defined by Section 9 10 81.003, Health and Safety Code, [medical technician] who is exposed to methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus or a disease caused 11 12 by a select agent or toxin identified or listed under 42 C.F.R. Section 73.3 is entitled to receive notification of the exposure in 13 the manner prescribed by Section 81.048, Health and Safety Code. 14

15 SECTION 3. Section 81.003, Health and Safety Code, is 16 amended by adding Subdivisions (1-a), (1-b), and (1-c) to read as 17 follows:

18 <u>(1-a) "Emergency response employee or volunteer"</u> 19 <u>means an individual acting in the course and scope of employment or</u> 20 <u>service as a volunteer as emergency medical service personnel, a</u> 21 <u>peace officer, a detention officer, a county jailer, or a fire</u> 22 <u>fighter.</u>

23 (1-b) "Executive commissioner" means the executive
 24 commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission.

25 <u>(1-c) "Designated infection control officer" means</u>
26 the person serving as an entity's designated infection control
27 officer under Section 81.012.

Code, is amended by adding Sections 81.012 and 81.013 to read as 2 3 follows: 4 Sec. 81.012. DESIGNATED INFECTION CONTROL OFFICER. (a) An 5 entity that employs or uses the services of an emergency response employee or volunteer shall nominate a designated infection control 6 7 officer and an alternate designated infection control officer to: 8 (1) receive notification of a potential exposure to an infectious disease from a health care facility; 9 10 (2) notify the appropriate health care providers of a potential exposure to an infectious disease; 11 12 (3) act as a liaison between the entity's emergency response employees or volunteers who may have been exposed to a 13 reportable disease during the course and scope of employment or 14 15 service as a volunteer; 16 (4) investigate and evaluate an exposure incident, 17 using current evidence-based information on the possible risks of communicable disease presented by the exposure incident; and 18 19 (5) monitor all follow-up treatment provided to the affected emergency response employee or volunteer, in accordance 20 with applicable federal, state, and local law. 21 (b) The executive commissioner shall adopt rules for the 22 department to approve the designated infection control officer and 23 24 alternate designated infection control officer nominated under Subsection (a). 25

SECTION 4. Subchapter A, Chapter 81, Health and Safety

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26 <u>Sec. 81.013.</u> CONSIDERATION OF FEDERAL LAW AND REGULATIONS. 27 The executive commissioner shall review the Ryan White HIV/AIDS

Treatment Extension Act of 2009 (Pub. L. No. 111-87) or any 1 successor law and any regulations adopted under the law and 2 determine whether adopting by rule any part of the federal law or 3 regulations is in the best interest of the state to further achieve 4 the purposes of this chapter. If the executive commissioner 5 determines that adopting the federal law or regulations is in the 6 best interest of the state to further achieve the purposes of this 7 8 chapter, the executive commissioner may by rule adopt all or a part of the federal law or regulations. 9 SECTION 5. Section 81.046(c), Health and Safety Code, is 10

amended to read as follows: 11

12 (C) Medical or epidemiological information may be released: for statistical purposes if released in a manner 13 (1)

14 that prevents the identification of any person;

15 (2) with the consent of each person identified in the 16 information;

17 (3) to medical personnel treating the individual, appropriate state agencies in this state or another state, a health 18 19 authority or local health department in this state or another state, or federal, county, or district courts to comply with this 20 chapter and related rules relating to the control and treatment of 21 communicable diseases and health conditions or under another state 22 or federal law that expressly authorizes the disclosure of this 23 24 information;

(4) to appropriate federal agencies, such as the 25 Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the United States 26 Public Health Service, but the information must be limited to the 27

1 name, address, sex, race, and occupation of the patient, the date of 2 disease onset, the probable source of infection, and other 3 requested information relating to the case or suspected case of a 4 communicable disease or health condition; [or]

5 (5) to medical personnel to the extent necessary in a 6 medical emergency to protect the health or life of the person 7 identified in the information; or

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(6) to a designated infection control officer.

9 SECTION 6. The heading to Section 81.048, Health and Safety
10 Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 81.048. NOTIFICATION OF EMERGENCY <u>RESPONSE EMPLOYEE OR</u>
VOLUNTEER [PERSONNEL, PEACE OFFICERS, DETENTION OFFICERS, COUNTY
JAILERS, AND FIRE FIGHTERS].

SECTION 7. Sections 81.048(b), (c), and (g), Health and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows:

(b) Notice of a positive test result for a reportable disease designated under Subsection (a) shall be given to an emergency <u>response employee or volunteer</u> [medical service <u>personnel, peace officer, detention officer, county jailer, or fire</u> <u>fighter</u>] as provided by this section if:

(1) the emergency <u>response employee or volunteer</u>
[medical service personnel, peace officer, detention officer,
county jailer, or fire fighter] delivered a person to a hospital as
defined by Section 74.001, Civil Practice and Remedies Code;

(2) the hospital has knowledge that the person has a
reportable disease and has medical reason to believe that the
person had the disease when the person was admitted to the hospital;

1 and

2 (3) the emergency <u>response employee or volunteer</u>
3 [medical service personnel, peace officer, detention officer,
4 county jailer, or fire fighter] was exposed to the reportable
5 disease during the course <u>and scope of the person's employment or</u>
6 <u>service as a volunteer</u> [of duty].

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(c) Notice of the possible exposure shall be given:

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(1) by the hospital to the local health authority;

9 (2) by the <u>hospital to the designated infection</u> 10 <u>control officer of</u> [local health authority to the director of the 11 appropriate department of] the entity that employs <u>or uses the</u> 12 <u>services of</u> the <u>affected emergency response employee or volunteer</u> 13 [<u>emergency medical service personnel, peace officer, detention</u> 14 <u>officer, county jailer, or fire fighter</u>]; and

15 (3) by the <u>local health authority or the designated</u> 16 <u>infection control officer of the entity that employs or uses the</u> 17 <u>services of the affected emergency response employee or volunteer</u> 18 [<u>director</u>] to the employee <u>or volunteer</u> affected.

A hospital that gives notice of a possible exposure 19 (g) under Subsection (c) or a local health authority or designated 20 21 infection control officer that receives notice of a possible exposure under Subsection (c) may give notice of the possible 22 23 exposure to a person other than the affected emergency response employee or volunteer [emergency medical personnel, a peace 24 25 officer, a detention officer, a county jailer, or a fire fighter] if 26 the person demonstrates that the person was exposed to the reportable disease while providing emergency care. The executive 27

S.B. No. 1901 commissioner [of the Health and Human Services Commission] shall 1 adopt rules to implement this subsection. 2 3 SECTION 8. Sections 81.050(b) and (h), Health and Safety Code, are amended to read as follows: 4 5 A person whose occupation or whose volunteer service is (b) included in one or more of the following categories may request the 6 department or a health authority to order testing of another person 7 8 who may have exposed the person to a reportable disease, including HIV infection: 9 10 (1)a law enforcement officer; 11 (2) a fire fighter; 12 (3) an emergency medical service employee or 13 paramedic; 14 (4) a correctional officer; 15 (5) an employee, contractor, or volunteer, other than a correctional officer, who performs a service in a correctional 16 17 facility as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code, or a secure correctional facility or secure detention facility as defined by 18 Section 51.02, Family Code; [or] 19 an employee of a juvenile probation department; or 20 (6) 21 (7) any other emergency response employee or 22 volunteer. 23 (h) The department or the department's designee shall 24 inform the person who requested the order and the designated infection control officer of the person who requested the order, if 25 26 that person is an emergency response employee or volunteer, of the results of the test. If the person subject to the order is found to 27

1 have a reportable disease, the department or the department's 2 designee shall inform that person and the person who requested the 3 order of the need for medical follow-up and counseling services. 4 The department or the department's designee shall develop protocols 5 for coding test specimens to ensure that any identifying 6 information concerning the person tested will be destroyed as soon 7 as the testing is complete.

8 SECTION 9. Sections 81.095(a) and (b), Health and Safety 9 Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) In a case of accidental exposure of a health care worker
to blood or other body fluids of a patient in a licensed hospital,
the hospital, following a report of the exposure incident, shall
take reasonable steps to test the patient for hepatitis B, [or]
hepatitis C, HIV, or any reportable disease or parasite.

15 (b) This subsection applies only in a case of accidental exposure of certified emergency medical services personnel, an 16 17 emergency response employee or volunteer [a firefighter, a peace officer], or a first responder who renders assistance at the scene 18 19 of an emergency or during transport to the hospital to blood or other body fluids of a patient who is transported to a licensed 20 hospital. The hospital receiving the patient, following a report 21 of the exposure incident, shall take reasonable steps to test the 22 patient for hepatitis B, [or] hepatitis C, HIV, or any reportable 23 24 disease or parasite if the report shows there is significant risk to the person exposed. The organization that employs the person or for 25 26 which the person works as a volunteer in connection with rendering the assistance is responsible for paying the costs of the test. The 27

1 hospital shall provide the test results to the department or to the local health authority and to the designated infection control 2 3 officer of the entity employing or using the services of an affected emergency response employee or volunteer, which are responsible for 4 5 following the procedures prescribed by Section 81.050(h) to inform the person exposed and, if applicable, the patient regarding the 6 The hospital shall follow applicable reporting 7 test results. 8 requirements prescribed by Subchapter C. This subsection does not impose a duty on a hospital to provide any further testing, 9 10 treatment, or services or to perform further procedures.

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11 SECTION 10. Sections 81.0955(a) and (b), Health and Safety
12 Code, are amended to read as follows:

(a) This section applies only to the accidental exposure to the blood or other body fluids of a person who dies at the scene of an emergency or during transport to the hospital involving <u>an</u> <u>emergency response employee or volunteer</u> [certified emergency <u>medical services personnel, a firefighter, a peace officer,</u>] or <u>another</u> [a] first responder who renders assistance at the scene of an emergency or during transport of a person to the hospital.

20 (b) A hospital, certified emergency medical services personnel, justice of the peace, medical examiner, or a physician 21 on behalf of the person exposed, following a report of the exposure 22 23 incident, shall take reasonable steps to have [test] the deceased 24 person tested for communicable diseases. The hospital, certified emergency medical services personnel, justice of the peace, medical 25 26 examiner, or physician shall provide the test results to the 27 department or to the local health authority and to the designated

infection control officer of an affected emergency response 1 employee or volunteer responsible for following the procedures 2 3 prescribed by Section 81.050(h) to inform the person exposed. If [and, if] applicable, the department or the local health authority 4 shall inform the next of kin of the deceased person regarding the 5 test results. The hospital, certified emergency medical services 6 personnel, or physician shall follow applicable reporting 7 8 requirements prescribed by Subchapter C. This subsection does not impose a duty on a hospital, certified emergency medical services 9 10 personnel, medical examiner, or a physician to provide any further testing, treatment, or services or to perform further procedures. 11 12 This subsection does not impose a duty on a justice of the peace to order that further testing, treatment, or services be provided or 13 further procedures be performed. The executive commissioner [of the 14 15 Health and Human Services Commission] shall adopt rules to implement this subsection. 16

SECTION 11. Section 81.102(c), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

19 (c) Protocols adopted under Subsection (a)(5)(D) [(a)(4)(D)] must clearly establish procedural guidelines with 20 criteria for testing that respect the rights of the person with the 21 infection and the person who may be exposed to that infection. The 22 protocols may not require the person who may have been exposed to be 23 24 tested and must ensure the confidentiality of the person with the infection in accordance with this chapter. 25

26 SECTION 12. Section 81.103(b), Health and Safety Code, is 27 amended to read as follows:

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(b) A test result may be released to:

(1) the department under this chapter;

3 (2) a local health authority if reporting is required4 under this chapter;

5 (3) the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of 6 the United States Public Health Service if reporting is required by 7 federal law or regulation;

8 (4) the physician or other person authorized by law9 who ordered the test;

10 (5) a physician, nurse, or other health care personnel 11 who have a legitimate need to know the test result in order to 12 provide for their protection and to provide for the patient's 13 health and welfare;

14 (6) the person tested or a person legally authorized15 to consent to the test on the person's behalf;

16 (7) the spouse of the person tested if the person tests
17 positive for AIDS or HIV infection, antibodies to HIV, or infection
18 with any other probable causative agent of AIDS;

(8) a person authorized to receive test results under
Article 21.31, Code of Criminal Procedure, concerning a person who
is tested as required or authorized under that article;

22 (9) a person exposed to HIV infection as provided by
23 Section 81.050; [and]

(10) a county or district court to comply with this
chapter or rules relating to the control and treatment of
communicable diseases and health conditions; and

27 (11) a designated infection control officer of an

1 affected emergency response employee or volunteer.

2 SECTION 13. Section 81.107(a), Health and Safety Code, is 3 amended to read as follows:

(a) In a case of accidental exposure to blood or other body
fluids under Section <u>81.102(a)(5)(D)</u> [<u>81.102(a)(4)(D)</u>], the health
care agency or facility may test a person who may have exposed the
health care worker <u>or other emergency response employee or</u>
volunteer to HIV without the person's specific consent to the test.

9 SECTION 14. Not later than December 1, 2015, the executive 10 commissioner of the Health and Human Services Commission shall 11 adopt the rules required by Section 81.012, Health and Safety Code, 12 as added by this Act.

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SECTION 15. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.