## LEGISLATIVE BUDGET BOARD Austin, Texas

## FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

## April 13, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Richard Peña Raymond, Chair, House Committee on Human Services

**FROM:** Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

**IN RE: HB3523** by Raymond (Relating to improving the delivery and quality of Medicaid acute care services and long-term care services and supports.), **As Introduced** 

The fiscal implications of the bill cannot be determined at this time, due to the lack of specific estimates of both reduced revenue and potential lost savings and related to the delay of transition of certain programs into managed care.

The bill would delay the transition to managed care of services provided to persons enrolled in the Texas Home Living Waiver (TxHmL) from not later than September 1, 2017 to on or after September 1, 2018, and makes the transition optional. Further, the bill would delay by at least one year (from no later than September 1, 2020 to no sooner than September 1, 2021) the transition date for the carve-into managed care of services provided to individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities who receive care in intermediate care facilities other than a state supported living center or a Medicaid waiver program other than TxHmL, and makes this transition optional as well.

Any savings that may have been achieved by providing services through managed care will be delayed or not realized (if the transitions are not implemented). Additionally, delaying or not implementing the transitions into managed care will result in the loss of premium tax revenue. Savings and revenue associated with the provision of TxHmL services will be lost in fiscal years 2017 and 2018 at a minimum, and may be lost in later fiscal years if the transition is further delayed or not implemented. Also, savings and revenue associated with the provision of services for persons receiving care in intermediate care facilities or other waivers will be lost in fiscal years 2020 and 2021, and may be lost in later fiscal years if the transition is further delayed or not implemented. Specific estimates of lost savings and reduced revenue cannot be provided.

Additionally, the bill requires the Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) to conduct an evaluation of the outcomes of the TxHmL transition and include those findings in the annual report to be submitted by September 30th of each year. Based on analysis provided by HHSC, the first required evaluation of the TxHmL waiver transition, due by September 30th, would be delayed due to a six-month data delay. It is assumed that the Department of Aging and Disability Services (DADS) and HHSC can accomplish this provision of the bill within existing resources.

Finally, the bill would amend the requirements and responsibilities related to the Intellectual and Developmental Disability System Redesign Advisory Committee. The bill would require HHSC to analyze the outcomes of providing acute care Medicaid benefits to individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities under managed care. It is assumed that HHSC can accomplish this provision of the bill within existing resources.

## Local Government Impact

No fiscal implication to units of local government is anticipated.

Source Agencies:529 Health and Human Services Commission, 539 Aging and Disability<br/>Services, Department ofLBB Staff: UP, NB, WP, CH, LR