SENATE AMENDMENTS

2nd Printing

By: Thompson of Harris H.B. No. 3003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits affecting
3	the parent-child relationship.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Chapter 107, Family Code, is amended by adding
6	Subchapters E and F to read as follows:
7	SUBCHAPTER E. OFFICE OF FAMILY REPRESENTATION
8	Sec. 107.061. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
9	(1) "Governmental entity" includes a county, a group
10	of counties, a department of a county, an administrative judicial
11	region created by Section 74.042, Government Code, and any entity
12	created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act as permitted by
13	Chapter 791, Government Code.
14	(2) "Office" means an office of family representation
15	created under this subchapter.
16	Sec. 107.062. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter applies to a
17	suit filed by a governmental entity seeking termination of the
18	parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator for a
19	child in which appointment of an attorney is required under Section
20	107.012 or 107.013.
21	Sec. 107.063. NONPROFIT FUNDING. This subchapter does not
22	limit or prevent a nonprofit corporation from receiving and using
23	money obtained from other entities to provide legal representation
24	and services as authorized by this subchapter.

- 1 Sec. 107.064. OFFICE OF FAMILY REPRESENTATION. (a) An
- 2 office of family representation is an entity that uses public money
- 3 to provide legal representation and services for a child or parent
- 4 in a suit filed by a governmental entity seeking termination of the
- 5 parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator for
- 6 the child in which appointment is mandatory for a child under
- 7 Section 107.012 or for a parent under Section 107.013.
- 8 (b) An office may be a governmental entity or a nonprofit
- 9 corporation operating under a written agreement with a governmental
- 10 entity, other than an individual judge or court.
- 11 Sec. 107.065. CREATION OF OFFICE OF FAMILY REPRESENTATION.
- 12 (a) The commissioners court of any county, on written approval of a
- 13 judge of a statutory county court or a district court having family
- 14 law jurisdiction in the county, may create an office of family
- 15 representation by establishing a department of the county or
- 16 <u>designating under a contract a nonprofit corporation to perform the</u>
- 17 duties of an office.
- 18 (b) The commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 19 <u>enter into a written agreement to jointly create and jointly fund a</u>
- 20 regional office.
- 21 (c) In creating an office under this section, the
- 22 commissioners court shall specify or the commissioners courts shall
- 23 jointly specify, as applicable:
- 24 (1) the duties of the office;
- 25 (2) the types of cases to which the office may be
- 26 appointed under this chapter and the courts in which an attorney
- 27 employed by the office may be required to appear;

- 1 (3) if the office is a nonprofit corporation, the term
 2 during which the contract designating the office is effective and
- 3 how that contract may be renewed on expiration of the term; and
- 4 (4) if an oversight board is established under Section
- 5 107.071 for the office, the powers and duties that have been
- 6 <u>delegated to the oversight board.</u>
- 7 Sec. 107.066. NONPROFIT AS OFFICE. (a) Before contracting
- 8 with a nonprofit corporation to serve as an office, the
- 9 commissioners court or commissioners courts, as applicable, must
- 10 solicit proposals for the office.
- 11 (b) After considering each proposal for an office submitted
- 12 by a nonprofit corporation, the commissioners court or
- 13 commissioners courts, as applicable, shall select a proposal that
- 14 reasonably demonstrates that the office will provide adequate
- 15 quality representation for children and parents for whom appointed
- 16 counsel is required under Section 107.012 or 107.013.
- 17 (c) The total cost of the proposal may not be the sole
- 18 consideration in selecting a proposal.
- 19 Sec. 107.067. PLAN OF OPERATION FOR OFFICE. The applicable
- 20 commissioners court or commissioners courts shall require a written
- 21 plan of operation from an entity serving as an office. The plan must
- 22 include:
- 23 (1) a budget for the office, including salaries;
- 24 (2) a description of each personnel position,
- 25 including the chief counsel position;
- 26 (3) the maximum allowable caseloads for each attorney
- 27 employed by the office;

(4) provisions for training personnel and attorneys 1 2 employed by the office; 3 (5) a description of anticipated overhead costs for the office; 4 5 (6) policies regarding the use of licensed investigators and expert witnesses by the office; and 6 7 (7) a policy to ensure that the chief of the office and other attorneys employed by the office do not provide 8 representation to a child, a parent, or an alleged father if doing 9 so would create a conflict of interest that has not been waived by 10 the client. 11 Sec. 107.068. OFFICE PERSONNEL. (a) An office must be 12 directed by a chief counsel who: 13 14 (1) is a member of the State Bar of Texas; 15 (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and 16 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of 17 child welfare law. (b) An office may employ attorneys, licensed investigators, 18 19 licensed social workers, and other personnel necessary to perform the duties of the office as specified by the commissioners court or 20 commissioners courts. 21 (c) An attorney for the office must comply with any 22

4

applicable continuing education and training requirements of

(d) Except as authorized by this chapter, the chief counsel

(1) engage in the private practice of child welfare

Sections 107.004 and 107.0131 before accepting representation.

and other attorneys employed by an office may not:

23

24

25

26

27

- 1 law; or
- 2 (2) accept anything of value not authorized by this
- 3 chapter for services rendered under this chapter.
- 4 (e) A judge may remove from a case a person who violates
- 5 Subsection (d).
- 6 Sec. 107.069. APPOINTMENTS IN COUNTY IN WHICH OFFICE
- 7 CREATED. (a) If there is an office serving a county, a court in that
- 8 county shall appoint an attorney from the office in a suit filed in
- 9 the county by a governmental entity seeking termination of the
- 10 parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator for
- 11 the child, unless there is a conflict of interest or other reason to
- 12 appoint a different attorney from the list maintained by the court
- 13 of attorneys qualified for appointment under Section 107.012 or
- 14 107.013.
- 15 (b) An office may not accept an appointment if:
- 16 (1) a conflict of interest exists;
- 17 (2) the office has insufficient resources to provide
- 18 adequate representation;
- 19 (3) the office is incapable of providing
- 20 representation in accordance with the rules of professional
- 21 conduct; or
- 22 <u>(4) the office shows other good cause for not</u>
- 23 <u>accepting the appointment.</u>
- 24 (c) An office may investigate the financial condition of any
- 25 person the office is appointed to represent under Section 107.013.
- 26 The office shall report the results of the investigation to the
- 27 appointing judge. The judge may hold a hearing to determine if the

- 1 person is indigent and entitled to appointment of representation
- 2 under Section 107.013.
- 3 (d) If it is necessary to appoint an attorney who is not
- 4 employed by an office for one or more parties, the attorney is
- 5 entitled to the compensation provided by Section 107.015.
- 6 Sec. 107.070. FUNDING OF OFFICE. (a) An office is entitled
- 7 to receive money for personnel costs and expenses incurred in
- 8 operating as an office in amounts set by the commissioners court and
- 9 paid out of the appropriate county fund, or jointly fixed by the
- 10 commissioners courts and proportionately paid out of each
- 11 appropriate county fund if the office serves more than one county.
- 12 (b) Any fees ordered by the court under Section 107.015 to
- 13 be paid by a party shall be paid to the office and used for attorney
- 14 salaries and other administrative costs.
- Sec. 107.071. OVERSIGHT BOARD. (a) The commissioners court
- 16 of a county or the commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 17 <u>establish an oversight board for an office created in accordance</u>
- 18 with this subchapter.
- 19 (b) A commissioners court that establishes an oversight
- 20 board under this section shall appoint members of the board.
- 21 Members may include one or more of the following:
- 22 (1) an attorney with substantial experience in child
- 23 <u>welfare law;</u>
- 24 (2) the judge of a trial court having family law
- 25 jurisdiction in the county or counties for which the office was
- 26 created;
- 27 (3) a county commissioner; and

Τ	(4) a county judge.
2	(c) A commissioners court may delegate to the oversight
3	board any power or duty of the commissioners court to provide
4	oversight of the office under this subchapter, including:
5	(1) recommending selection and removal of a chief
6	counsel of the office;
7	(2) setting policy for the office; and
8	(3) developing a budget proposal for the office.
9	(d) An oversight board established under this section may
10	not access privileged or confidential information.
11	SUBCHAPTER F. MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM
12	Sec. 107.101. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
13	(1) "Governmental entity" includes a county, a group
14	of counties, a department of a county, an administrative judicial
15	region created by Section 74.042, Government Code, and any entity
16	created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act as permitted by
17	Chapter 791, Government Code.
18	(2) "Program" means a managed assigned counsel program
19	created under this subchapter.
20	Sec. 107.102. MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM. (a)
21	managed assigned counsel program may be operated with public money
22	for the purpose of appointing counsel to provide legal
23	representation and services for a child or parent in a suit filed by
24	a governmental entity seeking termination of the parent-child
25	relationship or the appointment of a conservator for the child in
26	which appointment is mandatory for a child under Section 107.012 or
27	for a negative destina 107 012

- 1 (b) The program may be operated by a governmental entity,
- 2 nonprofit corporation, or local bar association under a written
- 3 agreement with a governmental entity, other than an individual
- 4 judge or court.
- 5 Sec. 107.103. CREATION OF MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM.
- 6 (a) The commissioners court of a county, on written approval of a
- 7 judge of a statutory county court or a district court having family
- 8 law jurisdiction in the county, may appoint a governmental entity,
- 9 nonprofit corporation, or local bar association to operate a
- 10 managed assigned counsel program.
- 11 (b) The commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 12 enter into a written agreement to jointly appoint and fund a
- 13 governmental entity, nonprofit corporation, or bar association to
- 14 operate a program.
- 15 (c) In appointing an entity to operate a program under this
- 16 section, the commissioners court shall specify or the commissioners
- 17 courts shall jointly specify:
- 18 (1) the types of cases in which the program may appoint
- 19 counsel under this section, and the courts in which the counsel
- 20 appointed by the program may be required to appear; and
- 21 (2) the term of any agreement establishing a program
- 22 and how the agreement may be terminated or renewed.
- Sec. 107.104. PLAN FOR PROGRAM REQUIRED. The commissioners
- 24 court or commissioners courts shall require a written plan of
- 25 operation from an entity operating a program under this section.
- 26 The plan of operation must include:
- 27 (1) a budget for the program, including salaries;

1	(2) a description of each personnel position,
2	including the program's director;
3	(3) the maximum allowable caseload for each attorney
4	appointed under the program;
5	(4) provisions for training personnel of the program
6	and attorneys appointed under the program;
7	(5) a description of anticipated overhead costs for
8	the program;
9	(6) a policy regarding licensed investigators and
10	expert witnesses used by attorneys appointed under the program;
11	(7) a policy to ensure that appointments are
12	reasonably and impartially allocated among qualified attorneys;
13	and
14	(8) a policy to ensure that an attorney appointed
15	under the program does not accept appointment in a case that
16	involves a conflict of interest for the attorney.
17	Sec. 107.105. PROGRAM DIRECTOR; PERSONNEL. (a) Unless a
18	program uses a review committee appointed under Section 107.106, a
19	program under this section must be directed by a person who:
20	(1) is a member of the State Bar of Texas;
21	(2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
22	(3) has substantial experience in the practice of
23	<pre>child welfare law.</pre>
24	(b) A program may employ personnel necessary to perform the
25	duties of the program and enter into contracts necessary to perform
26	the program's duties as specified by the commissioners court or
27	commissioners courts under this section.

- 1 Sec. 107.106. REVIEW COMMITTEE. (a) The governmental
- 2 entity, nonprofit corporation, or local bar association operating a
- 3 program may appoint a review committee of three or more individuals
- 4 to approve attorneys for inclusion on the program's public
- 5 appointment list.
- 6 (b) Each member of the committee:
- 7 (1) must meet the requirements described by Section
- 8 107.105(a) for the program director;
- 9 (2) may not be employed as a prosecutor; and
- 10 (3) may not be included on or apply for inclusion on
- 11 the public appointment list.
- 12 Sec. 107.107. APPOINTMENT FROM PROGRAM'S PUBLIC APPOINTMENT
- 13 LIST. (a) The judge of a county served by a program shall make any
- 14 appointment required under Section 107.012 or 107.013 in a suit
- 15 filed in the county by a governmental entity seeking termination of
- 16 the parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator
- 17 for the child from the program's public appointment list.
- (b) The program's public appointment list from which an
- 19 attorney is appointed under this section must contain the names of
- 20 qualified attorneys, each of whom:
- 21 (1) applies to be included on the list;
- 22 (2) meets any applicable requirements, including any
- 23 education and training programs required under Sections 107.004 and
- 24 107.0131; and
- 25 (3) is approved by the program director or review
- 26 committee, as applicable.
- Sec. 107.108. FUNDING OF PROGRAM. (a) A program is entitled

H.B. No. 3003

- 1 to receive money for personnel costs and expenses incurred in
- 2 amounts set by the commissioners court and paid out of the
- 3 appropriate county fund or jointly fixed by the commissioners
- 4 courts and proportionately paid out of each appropriate county fund
- 5 <u>if the program serves more than one county.</u>
- 6 (b) An attorney appointed under the program is entitled to
- 7 reasonable fees as provided by Section 107.015.
- 8 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

ADOPTED

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3003:

H.B. No. 3003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits affecting 2 3 the parent-child relationship. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 SECTION 1. Chapter 107, Family Code, is amended by adding Subchapters E and F to read as follows: 6 7 SUBCHAPTER E. OFFICE OF CHILD REPRESENTATION AND OFFICE OF PARENT 8 REPRESENTATION Sec. 107.061. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, 9 "governmental entity" includes a county, a group of counties, a 10 11 department of a county, an administrative judicial region created 12 by Section 74.042, Government Code, and any entity created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act as permitted by Chapter 791, 13 14 Government Code. 15 Sec. 107.062. APPLICABILITY. This subchapter applies to a suit filed by a governmental entity seeking termination of the 16 17 parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator for a 18 child in which appointment of an attorney is required under Section 107.012 or 107.013. 19 Sec. 107.063. NONPROFIT FUNDING. This subchapter does not 20 21 limit or prevent a nonprofit corporation from receiving and using 22 money obtained from other entities to provide legal representation and services as authorized by this subchapter. 23 Sec. 107.064. OFFICE OF CHILD REPRESENTATION. An office of 24

- 1 child representation is an entity that uses public money to provide
- 2 legal representation and services for a child in a suit filed by a
- 3 governmental entity seeking termination of the parent-child
- 4 relationship or the appointment of a conservator for the child in
- 5 which appointment is mandatory for a child under Section 107.012.
- 6 Sec. 107.065. OFFICE OF PARENT REPRESENTATION. An office of
- 7 parent representation is an entity that uses public money to
- 8 provide legal representation and services for a parent in a suit
- 9 filed by a governmental entity seeking termination of the
- 10 parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator for a
- 11 child in which appointment is mandatory for a parent under Section
- 12 107.013.
- Sec. 107.066. CREATION OF OFFICE OF CHILD REPRESENTATION OR
- 14 OFFICE OF PARENT REPRESENTATION. (a) An office described by
- 15 Section 107.064 or 107.065 may be a governmental entity or a
- 16 nonprofit corporation operating under a written agreement with a
- 17 governmental entity, other than an individual judge or court.
- 18 (b) The commissioners court of any county, on written
- 19 approval of a judge of a statutory county court or a district court
- 20 having family law jurisdiction in the county, may create an office
- 21 of child representation, an office of parent representation, or
- 22 both offices by establishing a department of the county or
- 23 designating under a contract a nonprofit corporation to perform the
- 24 <u>duties of an office</u>.
- (c) The commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 26 enter into a written agreement to jointly create and jointly fund a
- 27 regional office of child representation, a regional office of

```
1 parent representation, or both regional offices.
```

- 2 (d) In creating an office of child representation or office
- 3 of parent representation under this section, the commissioners
- 4 court shall specify or the commissioners courts shall jointly
- 5 specify, as applicable:
- 6 (1) the duties of the office;
- 7 (2) the types of cases to which the office may be
- 8 appointed under this chapter and the courts in which an attorney
- 9 employed by the office may be required to appear;
- 10 (3) if the office is a nonprofit corporation, the term
- 11 during which the contract designating the office is effective and
- 12 how that contract may be renewed on expiration of the term; and
- 13 (4) if an oversight board is established under Section
- 14 107.072 for the office, the powers and duties that have been
- 15 <u>delegated to the oversight board.</u>
- Sec. 107.067. NONPROFIT AS OFFICE. (a) Before contracting
- 17 with a nonprofit corporation to serve as an office of child
- 18 representation or office of parent representation, the
- 19 commissioners court or commissioners courts, as applicable, must
- 20 solicit proposals for the office.
- (b) After considering each proposal for an office of child
- 22 representation or office of parent representation submitted by a
- 23 nonprofit corporation, the commissioners court or commissioners
- 24 courts, as applicable, shall select a proposal that reasonably
- 25 demonstrates that the office will provide adequate quality
- 26 representation for children for whom appointed counsel is required
- 27 under Section 107.012 or for parents for whom appointed counsel is

```
required under Section 107.013, as applicable.

(c) The total cost of the proposal may not be the sole consideration in selecting a proposal.

Sec. 107.068. PLAN OF OPERATION FOR OFFICE. The applicable commissioners court or commissioners courts shall require a written plan of operation from an entity serving as an office of child
```

- 9 (1) a budget for the office, including salaries;
- 10 (2) a description of each personnel position,

representation or office of parent representation. The plan must

- 11 including the chief counsel position;
- 12 (3) the maximum allowable caseloads for each attorney
- 13 employed by the office;
- (4) provisions for training personnel and attorneys
- 15 employed by the office;
- (5) a description of anticipated overhead costs for
- 17 the office;

7

8

include:

- 18 (6) policies regarding the use of licensed
- 19 investigators and expert witnesses by the office; and
- 20 (7) a policy to ensure that the chief of the office and
- 21 other attorneys employed by the office do not provide
- 22 representation to a child, a parent, or an alleged father, as
- 23 applicable, if doing so would create a conflict of interest.
- Sec. 107.069. OFFICE PERSONNEL. (a) An office of child
- 25 representation or office of parent representation must be directed
- 26 by a chief counsel who:
- 27 (1) is a member of the State Bar of Texas;

```
1 (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
```

- 2 (3) has substantial experience in the practice of
- 3 <u>child welfare law.</u>
- 4 (b) An office of child representation or office of parent
- 5 representation may employ attorneys, licensed investigators,
- 6 licensed social workers, and other personnel necessary to perform
- 7 the duties of the office as specified by the commissioners court or
- 8 <u>commissioners courts.</u>
- 9 <u>(c) An attorney for the office of child representation or</u>
- 10 office of parent representation must comply with any applicable
- 11 continuing education and training requirements of Sections 107.004
- 12 and 107.0131 before accepting representation.
- (d) Except as authorized by this chapter, the chief counsel
- 14 and other attorneys employed by an office of child representation
- or office of parent representation may not:
- (1) engage in the private practice of child welfare
- 17 <u>law; or</u>
- (2) accept anything of value not authorized by this
- 19 chapter for services rendered under this chapter.
- (e) A judge may remove from a case a person who violates
- 21 Subsection (d).
- Sec. 107.070. APPOINTMENTS IN COUNTY IN WHICH OFFICE
- 23 CREATED. (a) If there is an office of child representation or
- 24 office of parent representation serving a county, a court in that
- 25 county shall appoint for a child or parent, as applicable, an
- 26 attorney from the office in a suit filed in the county by a
- 27 governmental entity seeking termination of the parent-child

- 1 relationship or the appointment of a conservator for the child,
- 2 unless there is a conflict of interest or other reason to appoint a
- 3 different attorney from the list maintained by the court of
- 4 attorneys qualified for appointment under Section 107.012 or
- 5 107.013.
- 6 (b) An office of child representation or office of parent
- 7 representation may not accept an appointment if:
- 8 <u>(1) a conflict of interest exists;</u>
- 9 (2) the office has insufficient resources to provide
- 10 adequate representation;
- 11 (3) the office is incapable of providing
- 12 representation in accordance with the rules of professional
- 13 conduct;
- 14 (4) the appointment would require one or more
- 15 attorneys at the office to have a caseload that exceeds the maximum
- 16 <u>allowable caseload; or</u>
- 17 (5) the office shows other good cause for not
- 18 accepting the appointment.
- (c) An office of parent representation may investigate the
- 20 financial condition of any person the office is appointed to
- 21 represent under Section 107.013. The office shall report the
- 22 results of the investigation to the appointing judge. The judge may
- 23 hold a hearing to determine if the person is indigent and entitled
- 24 to appointment of representation under Section 107.013.
- 25 (d) If it is necessary to appoint an attorney who is not
- 26 employed by an office of child representation or office of parent
- 27 representation for one or more parties, the attorney is entitled to

```
1 the compensation provided by Section 107.015.
```

- Sec. 107.071. FUNDING OF OFFICE. An office of child
- 3 representation or office of parent representation is entitled to
- 4 receive money for personnel costs and expenses incurred in
- 5 operating as an office in amounts set by the commissioners court and
- 6 paid out of the appropriate county fund, or jointly fixed by the
- 7 commissioners courts and proportionately paid out of each
- 8 appropriate county fund if the office serves more than one county.
- 9 Sec. 107.072. OVERSIGHT BOARD. (a) The commissioners court
- 10 of a county or the commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 11 establish an oversight board for an office of child representation
- 12 or office of parent representation created in accordance with this
- 13 subchapter.
- (b) A commissioners court that establishes an oversight
- 15 board under this section shall appoint members of the board.
- 16 Members may include one or more of the following:
- (1) an attorney with substantial experience in child
- 18 welfare law;
- (2) the judge of a trial court having family law
- 20 jurisdiction in the county or counties for which the office was
- 21 created;
- 22 (3) a county commissioner; and
- 23 <u>(4) a county judge.</u>
- (c) A commissioners court may delegate to the oversight
- 25 board any power or duty of the commissioners court to provide
- 26 oversight of an office of child representation or office of parent
- 27 representation under this subchapter, including:

1	(1) recommending selection and removal of a chief
2	counsel of the office;
3	(2) setting policy for the office; and
4	(3) developing a budget proposal for the office.
5	(d) An oversight board established under this section may
6	not access privileged or confidential information.
7	(e) A judge who serves on an oversight board under this
8	section has judicial immunity in a suit arising from the
9	performance of a power or duty described by Subsection (c).
10	SUBCHAPTER F. MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM FOR THE
11	REPRESENTATION OF CERTAIN CHILDREN AND PARENTS
12	Sec. 107.101. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
13	(1) "Governmental entity" includes a county, a group
14	of counties, a department of a county, an administrative judicial
15	region created by Section 74.042, Government Code, and any entity
16	created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act as permitted by
17	Chapter 791, Government Code.
18	(2) "Program" means a managed assigned counsel program
19	created under this subchapter.
20	Sec. 107.102. MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM. (a) A
21	managed assigned counsel program may be operated with public money
22	for the purpose of appointing counsel to provide legal
23	representation and services for a child or parent in a suit filed by
24	a governmental entity seeking termination of the parent-child
25	relationship or the appointment of a conservator for the child in
26	which appointment is mandatory for a child under Section 107.012 or
27	for a naront under Coation 107 013

```
1 (b) The program may be operated by a governmental entity,
```

- 2 nonprofit corporation, or local bar association under a written
- 3 agreement with a governmental entity, other than an individual
- 4 judge or court.
- 5 Sec. 107.103. CREATION OF MANAGED ASSIGNED COUNSEL PROGRAM.
- 6 (a) The commissioners court of a county, on written approval of a
- 7 judge of a statutory county court or a district court having family
- 8 law jurisdiction in the county, may appoint a governmental entity,
- 9 nonprofit corporation, or local bar association to operate a
- 10 managed assigned counsel program for the legal representation of:
- 11 (1) a child in a suit in which appointment is mandatory
- 12 under Section 107.012; or
- 13 (2) a parent in a suit in which appointment is
- 14 mandatory under Section 107.013.
- (b) The commissioners courts of two or more counties may
- 16 enter into a written agreement to jointly appoint and fund a
- 17 governmental entity, nonprofit corporation, or bar association to
- 18 operate a program that provides legal representation for children,
- 19 parents, or both children and parents.
- (c) In appointing an entity to operate a program under this
- 21 subchapter, the commissioners court shall specify or the
- 22 commissioners courts shall jointly specify:
- (1) the types of cases in which the program may appoint
- 24 counsel under this section, and the courts in which the counsel
- 25 appointed by the program may be required to appear; and
- 26 (2) the term of any agreement establishing a program
- 27 and how the agreement may be terminated or renewed.

```
1
          Sec. 107.104. PLAN FOR PROGRAM REQUIRED. The commissioners
 2
    court or commissioners courts shall require a written plan of
 3
    operation from an entity operating a program under this subchapter.
    The plan of operation must include:
 4
 5
               (1) a budget for the program, including salaries;
 6
               (2) a description of each personnel position,
 7
    including the program's director;
 8
               (3) the maximum allowable caseload for each attorney
 9
    appointed under the program;
10
               (4) provisions for training personnel of the program
11
    and attorneys appointed under the program;
12
               (5) a description of anticipated overhead costs for
13
    the program;
14
               (6) a policy regarding licensed investigators and
15
    expert witnesses used by attorneys appointed under the program;
16
               (7) a policy to ensure that appointments are
17
    reasonably and impartially allocated among qualified attorneys;
18
    and
19
               (8) a policy to ensure that an attorney appointed
20
   under the program does not accept appointment in a case that
21
    involves a conflict of interest for the attorney.
22
          Sec. 107.105. PROGRAM DIRECTOR; PERSONNEL. (a) Unless a
    program uses a review committee appointed under Section 107.106, a
23
24
   program under this subchapter must be directed by a person who:
25
               (1) is a member of the State Bar of Texas;
26
               (2) has practiced law for at least three years; and
27
                    has substantial experience in the practice of
```

```
1 child welfare law.
```

- 2 (b) A program may employ personnel necessary to perform the
- 3 duties of the program and enter into contracts necessary to perform
- 4 the program's duties as specified by the commissioners court or
- 5 commissioners courts under this subchapter.
- 6 Sec. 107.106. REVIEW COMMITTEE. (a) The governmental
- 7 entity, nonprofit corporation, or local bar association operating a
- 8 program may appoint a review committee of three or more individuals
- 9 to approve attorneys for inclusion on the program's public
- 10 appointment list.
- 11 (b) Each member of the committee:
- (1) must meet the requirements described by Section
- 13 107.105(a) for the program director;
- (2) may not be employed as a prosecutor; and
- 15 (3) may not be included on or apply for inclusion on
- 16 the public appointment list.
- Sec. 107.107. APPOINTMENT FROM PROGRAM'S PUBLIC APPOINTMENT
- 18 LIST. (a) The judge of a county served by a program shall make any
- 19 appointment required under Section 107.012 or 107.013 in a suit
- 20 filed in the county by a governmental entity seeking termination of
- 21 the parent-child relationship or the appointment of a conservator
- 22 for the child from the program's public appointment list, unless
- 23 there is a conflict of interest or other reason to appoint a
- 24 different attorney from the list maintained by the court of
- 25 attorneys qualified for appointment under Section 107.012 or
- 26 107.013.
- (b) The program's public appointment list from which an

- 1 attorney is appointed under this section must contain the names of
- 2 qualified attorneys, each of whom:
- 3
 (1) applies to be included on the list;
- 4 (2) meets any applicable requirements, including any
- 5 education and training programs required under Sections 107.004 and
- 6 107.0131; and
- 7 (3) is approved by the program director or review
- 8 committee, as applicable.
- 9 Sec. 107.108. FUNDING OF PROGRAM. (a) A program is entitled
- 10 to receive money for personnel costs and expenses incurred in
- 11 amounts set by the commissioners court and paid out of the
- 12 appropriate county fund or jointly fixed by the commissioners
- 13 courts and proportionately paid out of each appropriate county fund
- 14 if the program serves more than one county.
- (b) An attorney appointed under the program is entitled to
- 16 reasonable fees as provided by Section 107.015.
- SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 20, 2015

TO: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3003 by Thompson, Senfronia (Relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits

affecting the parent-child relationship.), As Passed 2nd House

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Family Code to authorize the commissioners of one county or a collection of counties to establish an Office of Parent Representation and an Office of Child Representation. These offices would each separately provide attorneys to represent parents and children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The bill would require a written plan of operations for these offices and would require a court operating in a county with such an office to appoint an attorney from these offices unless certain circumstances exist. These offices would be funded by county funds.

The bill would also amend the Family Code to authorize a county to establish a Managed Assigned Counsel Program that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The program would be funded by the county and run by a governmental entity, nonprofit organization, or the local bar association. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the program and would require a court operating in a county with such a program to appoint an attorney from that program's list.

Based on the analysis of the Office of Court Administration, duties and responsibilities associated with implementing the provisions of the bill could be accomplished by utilizing existing resources.

Local Government Impact

There could be costs to a county that chose to establish an Office of Child Representation, an Office of Parent Representation, or a Managed Assigned Counsel Program. However, it is assumed that a county would establish a program only if sufficient funds were available or it would not result in a negative fiscal impact; therefore, no significant fiscal impact is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

LBB Staff: UP, SD, AG, FR, GDz, KVe

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 12, 2015

TO: Honorable Joan Huffman, Chair, Senate Committee on State Affairs

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3003 by Thompson, Senfronia (Relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits affecting the parent-child relationship.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Family Code to authorize the commissioners of one county or a collection of counties to establish an Office of Parent Representation and an Office of Child Representation. These offices would each separately provide attorneys to represent parents and children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The bill would require a written plan of operations for these offices and would require a court operating in a county with such an office to appoint an attorney from these offices unless certain circumstances exist. These offices would be funded by county funds.

The bill would also amend the Family Code to authorize a county to establish a Managed Assigned Counsel Program that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The program would be funded by the county and run by a governmental entity, nonprofit organization, or the local bar association. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the program and would require a court operating in a county with such a program to appoint an attorney from that program's list.

Based on the analysis of the Office of Court Administration, duties and responsibilities associated with implementing the provisions of the bill could be accomplished by utilizing existing resources.

Local Government Impact

There could be costs to a county that chose to establish an Office of Child Representation, an Office of Parent Representation, or a Managed Assigned Counsel Program. However, it is assumed that a county would establish a program only if sufficient funds were available or it would not result in a negative fiscal impact; therefore, no significant fiscal impact is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

LBB Staff: UP, AG, FR, GDz, KVe

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 5, 2015

TO: Honorable Joan Huffman, Chair, Senate Committee on State Affairs

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3003 by Thompson, Senfronia (Relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits affecting the parent-child relationship.), As Engrossed

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Family Code to authorize the commissioners of one county or a collection of counties to establish an Office of Family Representation that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the office and would require a court operating in a county with such an office to appoint an attorney from that office unless certain circumstances exist. The Office of Family Representation would be funded by county funds.

The bill would also amend the Family Code to authorize a county to establish a Managed Assigned Counsel Program that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The program would be funded by the county and run by a governmental entity, nonprofit organization, or the local bar association. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the program and would require a court operating in a county with such a program to appoint an attorney from that program's list.

Based on the analysis of the Office of Court Administration, duties and responsibilities associated with implementing the provisions of the bill could be accomplished by utilizing existing resources.

Local Government Impact

There could be costs to a county that chose to establish an Office of Family Representation or a Managed Assigned Counsel Program. However, it is assumed that a county would establish a program only if sufficient funds were available or it would not result in a negative fiscal impact; therefore, no significant fiscal impact is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

LBB Staff: UP, AG, FR, GDz, KVe

FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

April 13, 2015

TO: Honorable John T. Smithee, Chair, House Committee on Judiciary & Civil Jurisprudence

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB3003 by Thompson, Senfronia (Relating to the appointment of counsel in certain suits

affecting the parent-child relationship.), As Introduced

No significant fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend the Family Code to authorize the commissioners of one county or a collection of counties to establish an Office of Family Representation that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the office and would require a court operating in a county with such an office to appoint an attorney from that office unless certain circumstances exist. The Office of Family Representation would be funded by county funds.

The bill would also amend the Family Code to authorize a county to establish a Managed Assigned Counsel Program that would provide attorneys to represent parents and/or children in termination of parental rights cases or for the appointment of a conservator for children in which appointment is mandatory. The program would be funded by the county and run by a governmental entity, nonprofit organization, or the local bar association. The bill would require a written plan of operations for the program and would require a court operating in a county with such a program to appoint an attorney from that program's list.

Based on the analysis of the Office of Court Administration, duties and responsibilities associated with implementing the provisions of the bill could be accomplished by utilizing existing resources.

Local Government Impact

There could be costs to a county that chose to establish an Office of Family Representation or a Managed Assigned Counsel Program. However, it is assumed that a county would establish a program only if sufficient funds were available or it would not result in a negative fiscal impact; therefore, no significant fiscal impact is anticipated.

Source Agencies: 212 Office of Court Administration, Texas Judicial Council

LBB Staff: UP, FR, GDz, KVe