# **SENATE AMENDMENTS**

# 2<sup>nd</sup> Printing

By: Guillen H.B. No. 4037

# A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the rate of the hotel occupancy tax in certain counties
3	and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by certain
4	counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Section 352.003, Tax Code, is amended by adding
7	Subsection (t) to read as follows:
8	(t) The tax rate in a county that is authorized to impose the
9	tax under Section 352.002(a)(6), that has a population of less than
10	25,000, and that is adjacent to a county with a population of more
11	than 750,000 may not exceed nine percent of the price paid for a
12	room in a hotel.
13	SECTION 2. Sections 352.1033(a) and (c), Tax Code, are
14	amended to read as follows:
15	(a) Subject to Subsection (c), the revenue from a tax
16	imposed under this chapter by a county that borders the Gulf of
17	Mexico authorized to impose the tax by Section 352.002(a)(6) may be
18	used only to:
19	(1) clean public beaches;
20	(2) acquire, furnish, or maintain facilities,
21	including parks, that enhance public access to beaches;
22	(3) provide and maintain public restrooms on or
23	adjacent to beaches or beach access facilities;
24	(4) provide and maintain litter containers on or

- 1 adjacent to beaches or beach access facilities;
- 2 (5) create, renovate, promote, and maintain parks
- 3 adjacent to bays, rivers, and other navigable waterways if the
- 4 county does not operate a public beach on the Gulf of Mexico; [and]
- 5 (6) advertise and conduct solicitations and
- 6 promotional programs to attract tourists and convention delegates
- 7 or registrants to the county or its vicinity, any of which may be
- 8 conducted by the county or through contracts with persons or
- 9 organizations selected by the county;
- 10 (7) acquire a site for and construct, improve,
- 11 enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information
- 12 center; and
- 13 (8) encourage, promote, and improve historical
- 14 preservation and restoration efforts.
- 15 (c) In addition to the uses allowed by Subsection (a), a
- 16 county authorized to impose a tax under this chapter by Section
- 17 352.002(a)(6) that has a population of 50,000 or less and in which
- 18 there is located at least one [state park and one] national wildlife
- 19 refuge may use the revenue from the tax to:
- 20 (1) acquire, construct, furnish, or maintain
- 21 facilities, such as aquariums, birding centers and viewing sites,
- 22 history and art centers, and nature centers and trails;
- 23 (2) advertise and conduct solicitations and
- 24 promotional programs to attract conventions and visitors; and
- 25 (3) provide and maintain public restrooms and litter
- 26 containers on public land in an area that is a tourism venue.
- 27 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives

H.B. No. 4037

- 1 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 2 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 3 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 4 Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

# ADOPTED

MAY 2 6 2015

By: LUGO

Substitute the following for M.B. No. 4037:

<u>И</u>.в. No. <u>4037</u> c.s.<u>М</u>.в. No. <u>4037</u>

#### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT 1

- relating to the authority of certain counties to impose a hotel 2
- occupancy tax and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by
- certain counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax; 4
- authorizing the imposition of a tax.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 6
- SECTION 1. Section 352.002, Tax Code, is amended by adding 7
- Subsection (n) to read as follows: 8
- (n) The commissioners court of a county with a population of 9
- more than 300,000 and in which there is located all or part of the 10
- most populous military installation in this state may impose a tax 11
- 12 as provided by Subsection (a).
- SECTION 2. Section 352.003, Tax Code, is amended by adding 13
- Subsections (p) and (t) to read as follows: 14
- (p) In a county authorized to impose the tax under Section 15
- 352.002(n), the county tax rate in relation to a hotel located in a 16
- municipality that imposes a tax under Chapter 351 may not exceed a 17
- rate that, when added to the rate of the tax imposed by the 18
- municipality under Chapter 351, exceeds the sum of the rate 19
- prescribed by Section 351.003(a) plus two percent. 20
- (t) The tax rate in a county that is authorized to impose the 21
- tax under Section 352.002(a)(6), that has a population of less than 22
- 25,000, and that is adjacent to a county with a population of more 23
- than 750,000 may not exceed nine percent of the price paid for a 24

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1 room in a hotel.
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- 2 SECTION 3. Sections 352.1033(a) and (c), Tax Code, are
- 3 amended to read as follows:
- 4 (a) Subject to Subsection (c), the revenue from a tax
- 5 imposed under this chapter by a county that borders the Gulf of
- 6 Mexico authorized to impose the tax by Section 352.002(a)(6) may be
- 7 used only to:
- 8 (1) clean public beaches;
- 9 (2) acquire, furnish, or maintain facilities,
- 10 including parks, that enhance public access to beaches;
- 11 (3) provide and maintain public restrooms on or
- 12 adjacent to beaches or beach access facilities;
- 13 (4) provide and maintain litter containers on or
- 14 adjacent to beaches or beach access facilities;
- 15 (5) create, renovate, promote, and maintain parks
- 16 adjacent to bays, rivers, and other navigable waterways if the
- 17 county does not operate a public beach on the Gulf of Mexico; [and]
- 18 (6) advertise and conduct solicitations and
- 19 promotional programs to attract tourists and convention delegates
- 20 or registrants to the county or its vicinity, any of which may be
- 21 conducted by the county or through contracts with persons or
- 22 organizations selected by the county;
- 23 (7) acquire a site for and construct, improve,
- 24 enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information
- 25 center; and
- 26 (8) encourage, promote, and improve historical
- 27 preservation and restoration efforts.

- 1 (c) In addition to the uses allowed by Subsection (a), a
- 2 county authorized to impose a tax under this chapter by Section
- 3 352.002(a)(6) that has a population of 50,000 or less and in which
- 4 there is located at least one [state park and one] national wildlife
- 5 refuge may use the revenue from the tax to:
- 6 (1) acquire, construct, furnish, or maintain
- 7 facilities, such as aquariums, birding centers and viewing sites,
- 8 history and art centers, and nature centers and trails;
- 9 (2) advertise and conduct solicitations and
- 10 promotional programs to attract conventions and visitors; and
- 11 (3) provide and maintain public restrooms and litter
- 12 containers on public land in an area that is a tourism venue.
- SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives
- 14 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as
- 15 provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
- 16 Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
- 17 Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

# FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

May 27, 2015

**TO**: Honorable Joe Straus, Speaker of the House, House of Representatives

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB4037 by Guillen (Relating to the authority of certain counties to impose a hotel occupancy tax and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by certain counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax; authorizing the imposition of a tax.), As Passed 2nd House

# No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would add Subsection (n) to Section 352.002 to provide that a county with a population of more than 300,000, and in which there is located all or part of the most populous military installation in the state, may impose a county hotel occupancy tax.

The bill would add Subsection (p) to Section 352.003 to provide that in a county authorized to impose the tax under new Subsection 352.002(n), the county tax rate in relation to a hotel located in a municipality that imposes a municipal hotel occupancy tax may not exceed a rate that, when added to the rate of the tax imposed by the municipality, exceeds the sum of the rate prescribed by Section 351.003(a) plus two percent.

The bill would amend Section 352.003 of the Tax Code to allow a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico, has a population of less than 25,000, and is adjacent to a county with a population of more than 750,000 to impose a hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. The bill provides that the revenue from the tax imposed under this chapter, in addition to other uses authorized by law, may be used to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(a) of the Tax Code to provide that a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico may also use hotel tax revenue to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(c) by removing a requirement that a county bordering the Gulf of Mexico with a population of 50,000 or less must have at least one state park along with at least one national wildlife refuge.

# **Local Government Impact**

Under the provisions of the bill Bell, Willacy and Kenedy Counties would be able to impose a county hotel occupancy tax. As the tax rate that might be set by the counties and the timing for the imposition of this tax are unknown, there would be an indeterminate revenue gain to Bell, Willacy and Kenedy Counties. The provisions of the bill would allow all counties that border the Gulf of Mexico additional uses for hotel occupancy tax revenue. An additional use for hotel tax revenue would have no effect on revenue, but could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for these purposes.

**Source Agencies:** 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: UP, SZ, KK, SD, AG

# FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

### May 22, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Troy Fraser, Chair, Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Economic Development

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

IN RE: HB4037 by Guillen (relating to the authority of certain counties to impose a hotel occupancy tax and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by certain counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax; authorizing the imposition of a tax.), Committee Report 2nd House, Substituted

# No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would add Subsection (n) to Section 352.002 to provide that a county with a population of more than 300,000, and in which there is located all or part of the most populous military installation in the state, may impose a county hotel occupancy tax.

The bill would add Subsection (p) to Section 352.003 to provide that in a county authorized to impose the tax under new Subsection 352.002(n), the county tax rate in relation to a hotel located in a municipality that imposes a municipal hotel occupancy tax may not exceed a rate that, when added to the rate of the tax imposed by the municipality, exceeds the sum of the rate prescribed by Section 351.003(a) plus two percent.

The bill would amend Section 352.003 of the Tax Code to allow a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico, has a population of less than 25,000, and is adjacent to a county with a population of more than 750,000 to impose a hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. The bill provides that the revenue from the tax imposed under this chapter, in addition to other uses authorized by law, may be used to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(a) of the Tax Code to provide that a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico may also use hotel tax revenue to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(c) by removing a requirement that a county bordering the Gulf of Mexico with a population of 50,000 or less must have at least one state park along with at least one national wildlife refuge.

# **Local Government Impact**

Under the provisions of the bill Bell, Willacy and Kenedy Counties would be able to impose a county hotel occupancy tax. As the tax rate that might be set by the counties and the timing for the imposition of this tax are unknown, there would be an indeterminate revenue gain to Bell, Willacy and Kenedy Counties. The provisions of the bill would allow all counties that border the Gulf of Mexico additional uses for hotel occupancy tax revenue. An additional use for hotel tax revenue would have no effect on revenue, but could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for these purposes.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: UP, SZ, KK, SD, AG

# FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

### May 18, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Troy Fraser, Chair, Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Economic Development

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

**IN RE:** HB4037 by Guillen (Relating to the rate of the hotel occupancy tax in certain counties and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by certain counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax.), As Engrossed

### No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Section 352.003 of the Tax Code to allow a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico, has a population of less than 25,000, and is adjacent to a county with a population of more than 750,000 to impose a hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. The bill provides that the revenue from the tax imposed under this chapter, in addition to other uses authorized by law, may be used to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(a) of the Tax Code to provide that a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico may also use hotel tax revenue to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(c) by removing a requirement that a county bordering the Gulf of Mexico with a population of 50,000 or less must have at least one state park along with at least one national wildlife refuge.

# **Local Government Impact**

Under the provisions of the bill Willacy and Kenedy Counties would be able to impose a county hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. As the tax rate that might be set by the counties and the timing for the imposition of this tax are unknown, there would be an indeterminate revenue gain to Willacy and Kenedy Counties. The provisions of the bill would allow all counties that border the Gulf of Mexico additional uses for hotel occupancy tax revenue. An additional use for hotel tax revenue would have no effect on revenue, but could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for these purposes.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: UP, SZ, KK, SD, AG

### FISCAL NOTE, 84TH LEGISLATIVE REGULAR SESSION

## May 4, 2015

**TO:** Honorable Dennis Bonnen, Chair, House Committee on Ways & Means

FROM: Ursula Parks, Director, Legislative Budget Board

**IN RE: HB4037** by Guillen (Relating to the rate of the hotel occupancy taxes in certain counties and the use of revenue from the hotel occupancy tax by certain counties; authorizing an increase in the rate of a tax.), **As Introduced** 

### No fiscal implication to the State is anticipated.

The bill would amend Section 352.003 of the Tax Code to allow a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico, has a population of less than 25,000, and is adjacent to a county with a population of more than 750,000 to impose a hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. The bill provides that the revenue from the tax imposed under this chapter, in addition to other uses authorized by law, may be used to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(a) of the Tax Code to provide that a county that borders the Gulf of Mexico may also use hotel tax revenue to acquire a site for and construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate, and maintain a visitor information center; and encourage, promote, and improve historical preservation and restoration efforts.

The bill would also amend Section 352.1033(c) by removing a requirement that a county bordering the Gulf of Mexico with a population of 50,000 or less must have at least one state park along with at least one national wildlife refuge.

#### **Local Government Impact**

Under the provisions of the bill Willacy and Kenedy Counties would be able to impose a county hotel occupancy tax not to exceed 9 percent of the price paid for a hotel room. As the tax rate that might be set by the counties and the timing for the imposition of this tax are unknown, there would be an indeterminate revenue gain to Willacy and Kenedy Counties. The provisions of the bill would allow all counties that border the Gulf of Mexico additional uses for hotel occupancy tax revenue. An additional use for hotel tax revenue would have no effect on revenue, but could create a savings if another revenue source had been used for these purposes.

Source Agencies: 304 Comptroller of Public Accounts

LBB Staff: UP, KK, SD, AG