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HOUSE VERSION

SECTION 1. Section 1956.001, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subdivisions (4), (9), and (10) and adding Subdivision (6-a) to read as follows:

- (4) "Copper or brass material" means:
- (A) <u>a power inverter or</u> insulated or noninsulated copper wire or cable <u>that contains copper or an alloy of copper or zinc and</u> is of the type used by:
- (i) a public utility or common carrier;
- (ii) a telecommunications provider as defined by Section 51.002, Utilities Code;
- (iii) a cable service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (iv) a video service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code [that contains copper or an alloy of copper or zine]:
- (B) a copper or brass item of a type commonly used in construction or by:
- (i) a public utility;
- (ii) a telecommunications provider as defined by Section 51.002, Utilities Code;
- (iii) a cable service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (iv) a video service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (C) copper pipe or copper tubing.

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SECTION 1. Section 1956.001, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subdivisions (4), (9), and (10) and adding Subdivisions (6-a), (6-b), and (6-c) to read as follows: [FA1(1)]

- (4) "Copper or brass material" means:
- (A) <u>a power inverter or</u> insulated or noninsulated copper wire or cable <u>that contains copper or an alloy of copper or zinc and is</u> of the type used by:
- (i) a public utility or common carrier;
- (ii) a telecommunications provider as defined by Section 51.002. Utilities Code:
- (iii) a cable service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (iv) a video service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code [that contains copper or an alloy of copper or zine]:
- (B) a copper or brass item of a type commonly used in construction or by:
- (i) a public utility;
- (ii) a telecommunications provider as defined by Section 51.002, Utilities Code;
- (iii) a cable service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (iv) a video service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code; or
- (C) copper pipe or copper tubing.
- (6-a) "Explosive component" means any component of an explosive weapon containing or consisting of regulated material, including exploded or disassembled ammunition, munitions, shell casings, spin or fin stabilized projectiles, and shrapnel. The term does not include pellet ammunition, shotgun ammunition, or ammunition of .50 caliber or less that

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does not contain explosive powder.

(6-b) "Explosive weapon" means any explosive or incendiary device that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror, including an explosive or incendiary bomb, grenade, rocket, or mine, or a device designed, made, or adapted for delivering or shooting an explosive or incendiary device or starting a fire in a time-delayed manner. The term includes exploded or unexploded ammunition, munition, blasting caps, anti-tank rounds, ordnances, or projectiles. The term does not include pellet ammunition, shotgun ammunition, or ammunition of .50 caliber or less that does not contain explosive powder.

(6-c) "Lead material" means: [FA1(3)]

- (A) a commercial grade lead battery, lead-acid battery, or spiral cell battery; or
- (B) a material or an item readily identifiable as being made of or containing lead.
- (9) "Regulated material" means:
- (A) aluminum material;
- (B) bronze material;
- (C) copper or brass material; [or]
- (D) lead material; or
- (E) regulated metal.
- (10) "Regulated metal" means:
- (A) manhole covers;
- (B) guardrails;
- (C) metal cylinders designed to contain compressed air, oxygen, gases, or liquids;
- (D) beer kegs made from metal other than aluminum;

(6-a) "Lead material" means:

- (A) a commercial grade lead battery, lead-acid battery, or spiral cell battery; or
- (B) a material or an item readily identifiable as being made of or containing lead.
- (9) "Regulated material" means:
- (A) aluminum material;
- (B) bronze material;
- (C) copper or brass material; [or]
- (D) <u>lead material; or</u>
- (E) regulated metal.
- (10) "Regulated metal" means:
- (A) manhole covers;
- (B) guardrails;
- (C) metal cylinders designed to contain compressed air, oxygen, gases, or liquids;
- (D) beer kegs made from metal other than aluminum;

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- (E) historical markers or cemetery vases, receptacles, or memorials made from metal other than aluminum;
- (F) unused rebar;
- (G) street signs;
- (H) drain gates;
- (I) safes;
- (J) communication, transmission, and service wire or cable;
- (K) condensing or evaporator coils for central heating or air conditioning units;
- (L) utility structures, including the fixtures and hardware;
- (M) aluminum or stainless steel containers designed to hold propane for fueling forklifts;
- (N) metal railroad equipment, including tie plates, signal houses, control boxes, signs, signals, traffic devices, traffic control devices, traffic control signals, switch plates, e-clips, and rail tie functions:
- (O) catalytic converters not attached to a vehicle;
- (P) fire hydrants;
- (Q) metal bleachers or other seating facilities used in recreational areas or sporting arenas;
- (R) any metal item clearly and conspicuously marked with any form of the name, initials, or logo of a governmental entity, utility, cemetery, or railroad;
- (S) insulated utility, communications, or electrical wire that has been burned in whole or in part to remove the insulation;
- (T) backflow valves; [and]
- (U) metal in the form of commonly recognized products of the industrial metals recycling process, including bales, briquettes, billets, sows, ingots, pucks, and chopped or shredded metals; and
- (V) commercial grade lead batteries or lead-acid batteries.

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- (E) historical markers or cemetery vases, receptacles, or memorials made from metal other than aluminum;
- (F) unused rebar;
- (G) street signs;
- (H) drain gates;
- (I) safes;
- (J) communication, transmission, and service wire or cable;
- (K) condensing or evaporator coils for central heating or air conditioning units;
- (L) utility structures, including the fixtures and hardware;
- (M) aluminum or stainless steel containers designed to hold propane for fueling forklifts;
- (N) metal railroad equipment, including tie plates, signal houses, control boxes, signs, signals, traffic devices, traffic control devices, traffic control signals, switch plates, e-clips, and rail tie functions:
- (O) catalytic converters not attached to a vehicle;
- (P) fire hydrants;
- (Q) metal bleachers or other seating facilities used in recreational areas or sporting arenas;
- (R) any metal item clearly and conspicuously marked with any form of the name, initials, or logo of a governmental entity, utility, cemetery, or railroad;
- (S) insulated utility, communications, or electrical wire that has been burned in whole or in part to remove the insulation;
- (T) backflow valves; [and]
- (U) metal in the form of commonly recognized products of the industrial metals recycling process, including bales, briquettes, billets, sows, ingots, pucks, and chopped or shredded metals; and
- (V) commercial grade lead batteries or lead-acid batteries.

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SECTION 2. Section 1956.002, Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 1956.002. EXCEPTION. This chapter does not apply to: (1) a purchase of regulated material from a public utility, a telecommunications provider as defined by Section 51.002, Utilities Code, a cable service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code, a video service provider as defined by Section 66.002, Utilities Code, or a manufacturing, industrial, commercial, retail, or other seller that sells regulated material in the ordinary course of the seller's business;

- (2) a purchase of regulated material by a manufacturer whose primary business is the manufacture of iron and steel products made from melting scrap iron and scrap steel; or
- (3) the transport or hauling of recyclable materials to or from the metal recycling entity.

SECTION 2. Same as House version.

No equivalent provision.

SECTION __. Section 1956.015(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) The department shall establish a statewide electronic reporting system to track the sales of regulated metal reported to the department under Section 1956.036. The department shall use the system to track the sale or attempted sale of an explosive weapon or an explosive component reported to the department under Section 1956.036(f). [FA1(6)]

SECTION 3. Section 1956.017(b), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The advisory committee consists of 15 [12] members

SECTION 3. Same as House version.

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appointed by the director as follows:

- (1) one representative of the department;
- (2) two representatives of local law enforcement agencies located in different municipalities, each with a population of 500,000 or more;
- (3) two representatives of local law enforcement agencies located in different municipalities, each with a population of 200,000 or more but less than 500,000;
- (4) one representative of a local law enforcement agency located in a municipality with a population of less than 200,000:
- (5) <u>five</u> [four] representatives of metal recycling entities; [and]
- (6) two members who represent industries that are impacted by theft of regulated material;
- (7) one sheriff of a county with a population of 500,000 or more; and
- (8) one sheriff of a county with a population of less than 500,000.

SECTION 4. Section 1956.033(b), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) The record must be in English and include:
- (1) the place, [and] date, and amount of the purchase;
- (2) the name and address of the seller in possession of the regulated material purchased;
- (3) the identifying number of the seller's personal identification document;
- (4) a description made in accordance with the custom of the trade of the commodity type and quantity of regulated material purchased;

SECTION 4. Same as House version.

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- (5) the information required by Sections 1956.032(a)(2) and (3);
- (6) as applicable:
- (A) the identifying number of the seller's air conditioning and refrigeration contractor license displayed under Section 1956.032(a)(4)(A);
- (B) a copy of the seller's air conditioning and refrigeration technician registration displayed under Section 1956.032(a)(4)(B);
- (C) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.032(a)(4)(C); or
- (D) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.032(a)(4)(D);
- (7) if applicable, a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.032(a)(5); [and]
- (8) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.032(g); and
- (9) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.0381(b).

SECTION 5. Section 1956.035(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (a) On request, a metal recycling entity shall permit a peace officer of this state, a representative of the department, or a representative of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision that issues a license or permit under Section 1956.003(b) to inspect, during the entity's usual business hours:
- (1) a record required by Section 1956.033;
- (2) a digital photograph or video recording required by Section 1956.0331; $[\Theta F]$

SECTION 5. Same as House version.

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- (3) regulated material in the entity's possession; or
- (4) an application for a cash transaction card submitted to the entity.
- SECTION 6. Section 1956.036, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (d-1) to read as follows:
- (a) Except as provided by Subsections (b) and (d), not later than the close of business on a metal recycling entity's second working day after the date of the purchase or other acquisition of material for which a record is required under Section 1956.033, the entity shall send an electronic transaction report to the department via the department's Internet website. Except as provided by Subsection (d-1), the [The] report must contain the information required to be recorded under Section 1956.033.
- (d-1) A metal recycling entity is not required to include in a transaction report required by this section:
- (1) the amount of the purchase; or
- (2) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.0381(b).

- SECTION 6. Section 1956.036, Occupations Code, is amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (d-1) and (f) to read as follows: [FA1(4)]
- (a) Except as provided by Subsections (b) and (d), not later than the close of business on a metal recycling entity's second working day after the date of the purchase or other acquisition of material for which a record is required under Section 1956.033, the entity shall send an electronic transaction report to the department via the department's Internet website. Except as provided by Subsection (d-1), the [The] report must contain the information required to be recorded under Section 1956.033.
- (d-1) A metal recycling entity is not required to include in a transaction report required by this section:
- (1) the amount of the purchase; or
- (2) a copy of the documentation described by Section 1956.0381(b).
- (f) A metal recycling entity shall report to the department by telephone, by e-mail, or through the department's Internet website each sale or attempted sale to the entity of an explosive weapon or explosive component as soon as possible after the sale or attempted sale, but not later than the close of business on the entity's first working day after the date of the sale or attempted sale. [FA1(5)]

SECTION 7. Section 1956.038, Occupations Code, is

SECTION 7. Same as House version.

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amended by adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
(a-1) A metal recycling entity may only pay for a purchase of regulated material in the manner provided by Section 1956.0381.

SECTION 8. Subchapter A-3, Chapter 1956, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Sections 1956.0381, 1956.0382, and 1956.041 to read as follows:

Sec. 1956.0381. PAYMENT BY METAL RECYCLING ENTITY. (a) A metal recycling entity may pay for a purchase of regulated material only by:

- (1) cash if the seller has been issued a cash transaction card under Section 1956.0382, unless the metal recycling entity is prohibited from paying in cash under Section 1956.038(b);
- (2) debit card if the seller has been issued a cash transaction card under Section 1956.0382;
- (3) check;
- (4) money order; or
- (5) direct deposit by electronic funds transfer.
- (b) A metal recycling entity shall include in the record of purchase required by Section 1956.033, as applicable, a copy of:
- (1) the seller's cash transaction card or approved application for a cash transaction card if the entity paid for a purchase of regulated material by cash;
- (2) the debit card receipt and the seller's cash transaction card or approved application for a cash transaction card if the entity paid for a purchase of regulated material by debit card; or
- (3) the check if the entity paid for a purchase of regulated material by check.

Sec. 1956.0382. CASH TRANSACTION CARD. (a) A

SECTION 8. Same as House version.

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metal recycling entity may pay a seller for a purchase of regulated material by cash or debit card only if, before the entity issues payment:

- (1) the seller presents to the entity a valid cash transaction card issued by the entity or by another metal recycling entity located in this state; or
- (2) the entity obtains a copy of the seller's cash transaction card from the records of the entity.
- (b) An application for the issuance or renewal of a cash transaction card must include:
- (1) the name, address, sex, and birth date of the applicant;
- (2) the identification number from the applicant's personal identification document;
- (3) a digital photograph that accurately depicts the applicant's entire face taken at the time the applicant completes the application;
- (4) a clear and legible thumbprint of the applicant; and
- (5) the signature of the applicant.
- (c) On receipt of an application that contains the information required by Subsection (b), a metal recycling entity may approve the application and issue a cash transaction card to the applicant. The individual approving the application on behalf of the metal recycling entity must sign the application.
- (d) A cash transaction card must include:
- (1) the name and address of the seller;
- (2) a digital photograph of the seller that accurately depicts the seller's entire face;
- (3) an identifying number that is unique to the individual card; and
- (4) the expiration date of the card, which may not be later than two years from the date the card was issued or renewed.
- (e) A metal recycling entity must mail the issued cash

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transaction card to the address provided on the application for the card.

- (f) A cash transaction card issued under this section is not transferable.
- (g) A metal recycling entity shall preserve:
- (1) each application for a cash transaction card the entity receives until the second anniversary of the date the application was received; and
- (2) a copy of each cash transaction card the entity issues or renews until the second anniversary of the date the card was issued or renewed.
- Sec. 1956.041. ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY. (a) The commission, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing, may impose an administrative penalty on a person who violates Section 1956.036.
- (b) The amount of the administrative penalty may not exceed \$1,000. Each day a violation occurs or continues to occur is a separate violation for the purpose of imposing a penalty. In determining the amount of the administrative penalty, the commission shall consider:
- (1) the seriousness of the violation, including the nature, circumstances, extent, and gravity of the violation;
- (2) the economic harm caused by the violation;
- (3) the history of previous violations;
- (4) the amount necessary to deter a future violation;
- (5) efforts to correct the violation; and
- (6) any other matter that justice may require.
- (c) The enforcement of the administrative penalty may be stayed during the time the order is under judicial review if the person pays the penalty to the clerk of the court or files a supersedeas bond with the court in the amount of the penalty. A person who cannot afford to pay the penalty or file the bond

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may stay the enforcement by filing an affidavit in the manner required by the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure for a party who cannot afford to file security for costs, subject to the right of the commission to contest the affidavit as provided by those rules.

- (d) The attorney general may sue to collect the administrative penalty.
- (e) A proceeding to impose an administrative penalty is considered to be a contested case under Chapter 2001, Government Code.

No equivalent provision.

- SECTION __. Section 1956.040, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Subsections (c-1), (c-2), (c-3), (c-4), (c-5), and (d-1) to read as follows:
- (c-1) A person commits an offense if the person knowingly sells to a metal recycling entity:
- (1) an explosive component; or
- (2) an explosive weapon.
- (c-2) A metal recycling entity commits an offense if the entity knowingly buys:
- (1) an explosive component; or
- (2) an explosive weapon.
- (c-3) Except as provided by Subsection (c-5), an offense under Subsection (c-1)(1) or (c-2)(1) is a Class A misdemeanor. Except as provided by Subsection (c-5), an offense under Subsection (c-1)(2) or (c-2)(2) is a felony of the third degree.
- (c-4) A metal recycling entity commits an offense if the entity knowingly stores or allows to be stored on the entity's premises an explosive component or explosive weapon. Except as provided by Subsection (c-5), an offense under this

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subsection is a Class A misdemeanor.

- (c-5) An offense under Subsection (c-1), (c-2), or (c-4) is a felony of the second degree if it is shown at the trial of the offense that a person suffered death or serious bodily injury, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code, as a result of the detonation of an explosive component or explosive weapon.
- (d-1) On conviction of an offense under Subsection (c-1), (c-2), or (c-4), the court may order the defendant to make restitution to:
- (1) the state or a political subdivision of the state for the costs incurred by the state or subdivision for responding to an offense and any removal, cleaning, sanitizing, demolition, reconstruction, or other treatment required as a result of the offense; and
- (2) the owner of any property damaged as a result of the offense. [FA1(6)]

SECTION 9. Section 1956.041, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a violation of Section 1956.036, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act, committed on or after the effective date of this Act. A violation committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the violation was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 9. Same as House version.

SECTION 10. The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in

SECTION 10. Same as House version.

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effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date.

SECTION 11. As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Act, the public safety director of the Department of Public Safety of the State of Texas shall appoint the three additional members to the advisory committee as required by Section 1956.017, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act.

SECTION 11. Same as House version.

SECTION 12. During the calendar year ending December 31, 2023, the advisory committee established under Section 1956.017, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act, shall study the effects of the cash transaction card provisions of Section 1956.0382, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, and report the committee's findings and recommendations to the legislature before December 1, 2024.

SECTION 12. Same as House version.

SECTION 13. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

SECTION 13. Same as House version.