Amend Amendment No. 23 by Gutierrez to CSSB 1 (house committee report) by striking the text of the amendment and substituting the following:

Amend CSSB 1 (house committee printing) by adding the following appropriately numbered SECTION to the bill and renumbering the SECTIONS of the bill accordingly:

SECTION _____. (a) Section 1.12(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

- (d) For purposes of this section, the appraisal ratio of a homestead to which Section 23.23 applies or of commercial or industrial real property to which Section 23.231 applies is the ratio of the property's market value as determined by the appraisal district or appraisal review board, as applicable, to the market value of the property according to law. The appraisal ratio is not calculated according to the appraised value of the property as limited by Section 23.23 or 23.231.
- (b) Subchapter B, Chapter 23, Tax Code, is amended by adding Section 23.231 to read as follows:

Sec. 23.231. LIMITATION ON APPRAISED VALUE OF COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL REAL PROPERTY. (a) In this section, "new improvement" means an improvement to commercial or industrial real property made after the most recent appraisal of the property that increases the market value of the property and the value of which is not included in the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year. The term does not include repairs to or ordinary maintenance of an existing structure or the grounds or another feature of the property.

- (b) This section does not apply to:
 - (1) residential property;
 - (2) a mineral interest; or
- (3) property appraised under Subchapter C, D, E, F, G, or H.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of Section 25.18 and regardless of whether the appraisal office has appraised the property and determined the market value of the property for the tax year, an appraisal office may increase the appraised value of a parcel of commercial or industrial real property for a tax year to

an amount not to exceed the lesser of:

(1) the market value of the property for the most recent tax year that the market value was determined by the appraisal office; or

(2) the sum of:

- (A) 11 percent of the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year;
- (B) the appraised value of the property for the preceding tax year; and
- (C) the market value of all new improvements to the property.
- (d) When appraising a parcel of commercial or industrial real property, the chief appraiser shall:
 - (1) appraise the property at its market value; and
- (2) include in the appraisal records both the market value of the property and the amount computed under Subsection (c)(2).
- (e) The limitation provided by Subsection (c) takes effect as to a parcel of commercial or industrial real property on January 1 of the tax year following the first tax year in which the owner owns the property on January 1 and in which the property qualifies as commercial or industrial real property under this section. Except as provided by Subsection (f), the limitation expires on January 1 of the tax year following the first tax year in which the owner of the property ceases to own the property or the property ceases to qualify as commercial or industrial real property.
- is owned by two or more persons, the limitation expires on January 1 of the tax year following the first tax year in which the ownership of at least a 50 percent interest in the property is sold or otherwise transferred.
- (g) Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (c) and except as provided by Subdivision (2) of this subsection, an improvement to property that would otherwise constitute a new improvement is not treated as a new improvement if the improvement is a replacement structure for a structure that was rendered unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property

under Subsection (c) in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted a new improvement:

- (1) the appraised value the property would have had in the preceding tax year if the casualty or damage had not occurred is considered to be the appraised value of the property for that year, regardless of whether that appraised value exceeds the actual appraised value of the property for that year as limited by Subsection (c); and
- (2) the replacement structure is considered to be a new improvement only if:
- (A) the square footage of the replacement structure exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed before the casualty or damage occurred; or
- (B) the exterior of the replacement structure is of higher quality construction and composition than that of the replaced structure.
- (h) In this subsection, "disaster recovery program" means the disaster recovery program administered by the General Land Office that is funded with community development block grant disaster recovery money authorized by the Consolidated Security, Disaster Assistance, and Continuing Appropriations Act, 2009 (Pub. L. No. 110-329), and the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2012 (Pub. L. No. 112-55). Notwithstanding Subsection (g)(2), and only to the extent necessary to satisfy the requirements of the disaster recovery program, a replacement structure described by that subdivision is not considered to be a new improvement if to satisfy the requirements of the disaster recovery program it was necessary that:
- (1) the square footage of the replacement structure exceed that of the replaced structure as that structure existed before the casualty or damage occurred; or
- (2) the exterior of the replacement structure be of higher quality construction and composition than that of the replaced structure.
- (c) Sections 25.19(b) and (g), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:
 - (b) The chief appraiser shall separate real from personal

property and include in the notice for each:

- (1) a list of the taxing units in which the property is taxable;
- (2) the appraised value of the property in the preceding year;
- (3) the taxable value of the property in the preceding year for each taxing unit taxing the property;
- (4) the appraised value of the property for the current year, the kind and amount of each exemption and partial exemption, if any, approved for the property for the current year and for the preceding year, and, if an exemption or partial exemption that was approved for the preceding year was canceled or reduced for the current year, the amount of the exemption or partial exemption canceled or reduced;

(4-a) a statement of whether the property qualifies for the limitation on appraised value provided by Section 23.231;

- (5) if the appraised value is greater than it was in the preceding year, the amount of tax that would be imposed on the property on the basis of the tax rate for the preceding year;
- (6) in italic typeface, the following statement: "The Texas Legislature does not set the amount of your local taxes. Your property tax burden is decided by your locally elected officials, and all inquiries concerning your taxes should be directed to those officials";
- (7) a detailed explanation of the time and procedure for protesting the value;
- (8) the date and place the appraisal review board will begin hearing protests; and
- (9) a brief explanation that the governing body of each taxing unit decides whether or not taxes on the property will increase and the appraisal district only determines the value of the property.
- (g) By April 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable if the property is a single-family residence that qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13, or by May 1 or as soon thereafter as practicable in connection with any other property, the chief appraiser shall deliver a written notice to the owner of each

property not included in a notice required to be delivered under Subsection (a), if the property was reappraised in the current tax year, if the ownership of the property changed during the preceding year, or if the property owner or the agent of a property owner authorized under Section 1.111 makes a written request for the notice. The chief appraiser shall separate real from personal property and include in the notice for each property:

- (1) the appraised value of the property in the preceding year;
- (2) the appraised value of the property for the current year and the kind of each partial exemption, if any, approved for the current year;

(2-a) a statement of whether the property qualifies for the limitation on appraised value provided by Section 23.231;

- (3) a detailed explanation of the time and procedure for protesting the value; and
- (4) the date and place the appraisal review board will begin hearing protests.
- (d) Section 41.41(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) A property owner is entitled to protest before the appraisal review board the following actions:
- (1) determination of the appraised value of the owner's property or, in the case of land appraised as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, determination of its appraised or market value;
 - (2) unequal appraisal of the owner's property;
- (3) inclusion of the owner's property on the appraisal
 records;
- (4) denial to the property owner in whole or in part of a partial exemption;
- (4-a) determination that the owner's property does not qualify for the limitation on appraised value provided by Section 23.231;
- (5) determination that the owner's land does not qualify for appraisal as provided by Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23;

- (6) identification of the taxing units in which the owner's property is taxable in the case of the appraisal district's appraisal roll;
- (7) determination that the property owner is the owner of property;
- (8) a determination that a change in use of land appraised under Subchapter C, D, E, or H, Chapter 23, has occurred; or
- (9) any other action of the chief appraiser, appraisal district, or appraisal review board that applies to and adversely affects the property owner.
- (e) Section 42.26(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:
- (d) For purposes of this section, the value of the property subject to the suit and the value of a comparable property or sample property that is used for comparison must be the market value determined by the appraisal district when the property is [accested] subject to the limitation on appraised value imposed by Section 23.23 or 23.231.
- (f) Sections 403.302(d) and (i), Government Code, are amended to read as follows:
- (d) For the purposes of this section, "taxable value" means the market value of all taxable property less:
- (1) the total dollar amount of any residence homestead exemptions lawfully granted under Section 11.13(b) or (c), Tax Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school district;
- (2) one-half of the total dollar amount of any residence homestead exemptions granted under Section 11.13(n), Tax Code, in the year that is the subject of the study for each school district;
- (3) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted before May 31, 1993, within a reinvestment zone under agreements authorized by Chapter 312, Tax Code;
- (4) subject to Subsection (e), the total dollar amount of any captured appraised value of property that:
 - (A) is within a reinvestment zone created on or

before May 31, 1999, or is proposed to be included within the boundaries of a reinvestment zone as the boundaries of the zone and the proposed portion of tax increment paid into the tax increment fund by a school district are described in a written notification provided by the municipality or the board of directors of the zone to the governing bodies of the other taxing units in the manner provided by former Section 311.003(e), Tax Code, before May 31, 1999, and within the boundaries of the zone as those boundaries existed on September 1, 1999, including subsequent improvements to the property regardless of when made;

- (B) generates taxes paid into a tax increment fund created under Chapter 311, Tax Code, under a reinvestment zone financing plan approved under Section 311.011(d), Tax Code, on or before September 1, 1999; and
- (C) is eligible for tax increment financing under Chapter 311, Tax Code;
- (5) the total dollar amount of any captured appraised value of property that:
 - (A) is within a reinvestment zone:
- (i) created on or before December 31, 2008, by a municipality with a population of less than 18,000; and
- (ii) the project plan for which includes the alteration, remodeling, repair, or reconstruction of a structure that is included on the National Register of Historic Places and requires that a portion of the tax increment of the zone be used for the improvement or construction of related facilities or for affordable housing;
- (B) generates school district taxes that are paid into a tax increment fund created under Chapter 311, Tax Code; and
- (C) is eligible for tax increment financing under Chapter 311, Tax Code;
- (6) the total dollar amount of any exemptions granted under Section 11.251 or 11.253, Tax Code;
- (7) the difference between the comptroller's estimate of the market value and the productivity value of land that qualifies for appraisal on the basis of its productive capacity, except that the productivity value estimated by the comptroller may

not exceed the fair market value of the land;

- (8) the portion of the appraised value of residence homesteads of individuals who receive a tax limitation under Section 11.26, Tax Code, on which school district taxes are not imposed in the year that is the subject of the study, calculated as if the residence homesteads were appraised at the full value required by law;
- (9) a portion of the market value of property not otherwise fully taxable by the district at market value because of:
- (A) action required by statute or the constitution of this state, other than Section 11.311, Tax Code, that, if the tax rate adopted by the district is applied to it, produces an amount equal to the difference between the tax that the district would have imposed on the property if the property were fully taxable at market value and the tax that the district is actually authorized to impose on the property, if this subsection does not otherwise require that portion to be deducted; or
- (B) action taken by the district under Subchapter B or C, Chapter 313, Tax Code, before the expiration of the subchapter;
- (10) the market value of all tangible personal property, other than manufactured homes, owned by a family or individual and not held or used for the production of income;
- (11) the appraised value of property the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under Section 33.06, Tax Code;
- (12) the portion of the appraised value of property the collection of delinquent taxes on which is deferred under Section 33.065, Tax Code; and
- (13) the amount by which the market value of <u>property</u> [a residence homestead] to which Section 23.23 or 23.231, Tax Code, applies exceeds the appraised value of that property as calculated under <u>Section 23.23 or 23.231</u>, Tax Code, as applicable [that section].
- (i) If the comptroller determines in the study that the market value of property in a school district as determined by the appraisal district that appraises property for the school district,

less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal district, is valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of Subsection (d)(13) subtract from the market value as determined by the appraisal district of properties [residence homesteads] to which Section 23.23 or 23.231, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as calculated by the appraisal district under Section 23.23 or 23.231, Tax Code, as applicable. If the comptroller determines in the study that the market value of property in a school district as determined by the appraisal district that appraises property for the school district, less the total of the amounts and values listed in Subsection (d) as determined by that appraisal district, is not valid, the comptroller, in determining the taxable value of property in the school district under Subsection (d), shall for purposes of Subsection (d)(13) subtract from the market value as estimated by the comptroller of <u>properties</u> [<u>residence homesteads</u>] to which Section 23.23 or 23.231, Tax Code, applies the amount by which that amount exceeds the appraised value of those properties as calculated by the appraisal district under Section 23.23 or 23.231, Tax Code, as applicable.

(g) This section applies only to the appraisal of commercial or industrial real property for ad valorem tax purposes beginning with the 2018 tax year.