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| BILL ANALYSIS |

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| H.B. 28 |
| By: Ortega |
| Public Health |
| Committee Report (Unamended) |

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| **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE** Stakeholders contend that the Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Task Force's ability to fulfill its duties would be enhanced by having a member on the task force with practical experience working directly with women during the labor and delivery process. H.B. 28 seeks to address this issue by including a nurse specializing in labor and delivery among the task force's membership. |
| **CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT**It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision. |
| **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY** It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution. |
| **ANALYSIS** H.B. 28 amends the Health and Safety Code to include a nurse specializing in labor and delivery among the members appointed by the commissioner of state health services to the Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Task Force. |
| **EFFECTIVE DATE** On passage, or, if the bill does not receive the necessary vote, the 91st day after the last day of the legislative session. |