By: Burkett

H.B. No. 348

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to the administration of appraisal districts; authorizing 3 a fee. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 5.103(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows: 6 7 (b) The model hearing procedures shall address: the statutory duties of an appraisal review board; 8 (1)the process for conducting a hearing; 9 (2) the scheduling of hearings; 10 (3) 11 (4) the postponement of hearings; 12 (5) the notices required under this title; 13 the determination of good cause under Section (6) 14 41.44(b); (7) the determination of good cause under Sections 15 41.45(e) and (e-1); 16 a party's right to offer evidence and argument; 17 (8) 18 (9) a party's right to examine or cross-examine witnesses or other parties; 19 20 (10) a party's right to appear by an agent; 21 (11)the prohibition of an appraisal review board's consideration of information not provided at a hearing; 22 23 (12) ex parte and other prohibited communications; 24 (13)the exclusion of evidence at a hearing as

1 required by Section 41.67(d);

2 (14) the postponement of a hearing as required by 3 Section 41.66(h);

4

(15) conflicts of interest; and

5 (16) [the process for the administration of
6 applications for membership on an appraisal review board; and

7 [(17)] any other matter related to fair and efficient
8 appraisal review board hearings.

9 SECTION 2. Section 5.12(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as 10 follows:

At the written request of the governing bodies of a 11 (b) 12 majority of the taxing units participating in an appraisal district [or of a majority of the taxing units entitled to vote on the 13 14 appointment of appraisal district directors], the comptroller 15 shall audit the performance of the appraisal district. The governing bodies may request a general audit of the performance of 16 17 the appraisal district or may request an audit of only one or more particular duties, practices, functions, departments, or other 18 19 appraisal district matters.

20 SECTION 3. Section 5.13(h), Tax Code, is amended to read as 21 follows:

(h) At any time after the request for an audit is made, the comptroller may discontinue the audit in whole or in part if requested to do so by:

(1) the governing bodies of a majority of the taxing
units participating in the district, if the audit was requested by a
majority of those units; or

(2) <u>the taxpayers who requested the audit</u>, [the
 governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units entitled to vote
 on the appointment of appraisal district directors, if the audit
 was requested by a majority of those units; or

5 [(3)] if the audit was requested under Section 5.12(c)
6 [of this code, by the taxpayers who requested the audit].

SECTION 4. Section 6.03, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (l) and adding Subsections (a-1), (a-2), (a-3), and (m) to read as follows:

10 (a) The appraisal district is governed by a board of <u>five or</u>
11 <u>seven</u> directors, as provided by Subsections (a-1) and (a-2).

12 (a-1) This subsection applies to an appraisal district established in a county with a population of less than 200,000. The 13 14 appraisal district is governed by a board of five directors. One 15 director is elected from each of the four commissioners precincts of the county for which the appraisal district is established. The 16 17 county assessor-collector is a director by virtue of the person's office. The directors other than the county assessor-collector are 18 19 elected at the general election for state and county officers and serve two-year terms beginning on January 1 of odd-numbered years. 20 21 [Five directors are appointed by the taxing units that participate in the district as provided by this section. If the county 22 assessor-collector is not appointed to the board, the county 23 24 assessor-collector serves as a nonvoting director.] The county assessor-collector is ineligible to serve if the board enters into 25 a contract under Section 6.05(b) or if the commissioners court of 26 the county enters into a contract under Section 6.24(b). If the 27

1 county assessor-collector is ineligible to serve, the appraisal 2 district is governed by the four directors elected from the 3 commissioners precincts and a director elected from the county at 4 large. The director elected from the county at large is elected at 5 the same election and serves the same term of office as the four 6 directors elected from the commissioners precincts.

7 (a-2) This subsection applies to an appraisal district 8 established in a county with a population of 200,000 or more. The appraisal district is governed by a board of seven directors. One 9 director is elected from each of the four commissioners precincts 10 of the county for which the appraisal district is established and 11 12 two directors are elected from the county at large. The county assessor-collector is a director by virtue of the person's office. 13 14 The directors other than the county assessor-collector are elected 15 at the general election for state and county officers and serve two-year terms beginning on January 1 of odd-numbered years. The 16 17 county assessor-collector is ineligible to serve if the board enters into a contract under Section 6.05(b) or if the 18 19 commissioners court of the county enters into a contract under Section 6.24(b). If the county assessor-collector is ineligible to 20 serve, the appraisal district is governed by the four directors 21 elected from the commissioners precincts and three directors 22 elected from the county at large in the manner provided by this 23 24 subsection.

25 <u>(a-3)</u> To be eligible to serve on the board of directors, an 26 individual other than <u>the</u> [a] county assessor-collector [serving as 27 a nonvoting director] must:

1 (1) be a resident of: 2 (A) the commissioners precinct from which the office is elected, in the case of a director elected from a 3 commissioners precinct; or 4 5 (B) the county for which the appraisal district is established, in the case of a director elected at large; 6 7 [district] and 8 (2) [must] have resided in the appraisal district for at least two years immediately preceding the date the individual 9 10 takes office. [An individual who is otherwise eligible to serve on the board is not ineligible because of membership on the governing 11 12 body of a taxing unit. An employee of a taxing unit that participates in the district is not eligible to serve on the board 13 14 unless the individual is also a member of the governing body or an 15 elected official of a taxing unit that participates in the district.] 16 17 (1) A [If a] vacancy [occurs] on the board of directors is filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by appointment by the 18 19 commissioners court of the county for which the appraisal district is established. A person appointed to fill a vacancy on the board 20 of directors must meet the qualifications of the vacated position 21 [other than a vacancy in the position held by a county 22 23 assessor-collector serving as a nonvoting director, each taxing 24 unit that is entitled to vote by this section may nominate by resolution adopted by its governing body a candidate to fill the 25 26 vacancy. The unit shall submit the name of its nominee to the chief appraiser within 45 days after notification from the board of 27

1 directors of the existence of the vacancy, and the chief appraiser shall prepare and deliver to the board of directors within the next 2 five days a list of the nominees. The board of directors shall 3 elect by majority vote of its members one of the nominees to fill 4 5 the vacancy]. (m) If as a result of a change in the boundaries of a 6 7 commissioners precinct an individual serving as a director no 8 longer resides in the precinct from which the office is elected, the individual is not for that reason disqualified from office during 9 the remainder of the term of office being served at the time the 10 boundary change takes effect. If as a result of a change in the 11 12 boundaries of a commissioners precinct an individual elected as a director before the boundary change to a term that begins after the 13 boundary change no longer resides in the precinct from which 14 elected, the individual is not for that reason disqualified from 15 serving the term to which elected. 16 17 SECTION 5. Section 6.036(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as

18 follows:

(a) An individual is not eligible to be <u>a candidate for, to</u> <u>be</u> appointed to<u>,</u> or to serve on the board of directors of an appraisal district if the individual or a business entity in which the individual has a substantial interest is a party to a contract with:

- 24
- (1) the appraisal district; or

(2) a taxing unit that participates in the appraisal
district, if the contract relates to the performance of an activity
governed by this title.

H.B. No. 348 1 SECTION 6. Section 6.051(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as 2 follows:

3 (b) The acquisition or conveyance of real property or the construction or renovation of a building or other improvement by an 4 appraisal district must be approved by the governing bodies of 5 three-fourths of the taxing units that participate in the district 6 [entitled to vote on the appointment of board members]. The board 7 8 of directors by resolution may propose a property transaction or other action for which this subsection requires approval of the 9 The chief appraiser shall notify the presiding 10 taxing units. officer of each governing body entitled to vote on the approval of 11 12 the proposal by delivering a copy of the board's resolution, together with information showing the costs of other available 13 14 alternatives to the proposal. On or before the 30th day after the 15 date the presiding officer receives notice of the proposal, the governing body of a taxing unit by resolution may approve or 16 17 disapprove the proposal. If a governing body fails to act on or before that 30th day or fails to file its resolution with the chief 18 appraiser on or before the 10th day after that 30th day, the 19 proposal is treated as if it were disapproved by the governing body. 20 21 SECTION 7. Sections 6.06(a), (b), and (i), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows: 22

(a) Each year the chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed
budget for the operations of the district for the following tax year
and shall submit copies to each taxing unit participating in the
district and to the district board of directors before June 15. <u>The</u>
chief appraiser [He] shall include in the budget a list showing each

proposed position, the proposed salary for the position, all 1 benefits proposed for the position, each proposed 2 capital 3 expenditure, and an estimate of the amount of the budget that will allocated to each taxing unit. Each taxing unit that 4 be participates in the district [entitled to vote on the appointment 5 of board members] shall maintain a copy of the proposed budget for 6 public inspection at its principal administrative office. 7

8 (b) The board of directors shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget. The secretary of the board shall deliver to 9 10 the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit participating in the district not later than the 10th day before the 11 12 date of the hearing a written notice of the date, time, and place fixed for the hearing. The board shall complete its hearings, make 13 14 any amendments to the proposed budget it desires, and finally 15 approve a budget before September 15. If governing bodies of a majority of the taxing units participating in the district 16 [entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] adopt 17 resolutions disapproving a budget and file them with the secretary 18 19 of the board within 30 days after its adoption, the budget does not take effect, and the board shall adopt a new budget within 30 days 20 of the disapproval. 21

(i) The fiscal year of an appraisal district is the calendar year unless the governing bodies of three-fourths of the taxing units <u>participating in the district</u> [entitled to vote on the appointment of board members] adopt resolutions proposing a different fiscal year and file them with the secretary of the board not more than 12 and not less than eight months before the first day

1 of the fiscal year proposed by the resolutions. If the fiscal year of an appraisal district is changed under this subsection, the 2 3 chief appraiser shall prepare a proposed budget for the fiscal year as provided by Subsection (a) [of this section] before the 15th day 4 5 of the seventh month preceding the first day of the fiscal year established by the change, and the board of directors shall adopt a 6 budget for the fiscal year as provided by Subsection (b) [of this 7 8 section] before the 15th day of the fourth month preceding the first day of the fiscal year established by the change. 9 Unless the 10 appraisal district adopts a different method of allocation under Section 6.061 [of this code], the allocation of the budget to each 11 12 taxing unit shall be calculated as provided by Subsection (d) [of this section] using the amount of property taxes imposed by each 13 participating taxing unit in the most recent tax year preceding the 14 15 fiscal year established by the change for which the necessary information is available. Each taxing unit shall pay its 16 17 allocation as provided by Subsection (e) [of this section], except that the first payment shall be made before the first day of the 18 19 fiscal year established by the change and subsequent payments shall be made quarterly. In the year in which a change in the fiscal year 20 occurs, the budget that takes effect on January 1 of that year may 21 be amended as necessary as provided by Subsection (c) [of this 22 23 section] in order to accomplish the change in fiscal years.

24 SECTION 8. Sections 6.061(b) and (e), Tax Code, are amended 25 to read as follows:

(b) The taxing units participating in an appraisal districtmay adopt a different method of allocating the costs of operating

1 the district if the governing bodies of three-fourths of the taxing units that participate in the district [are entitled to vote on the 2 appointment of board members] adopt resolutions providing for the 3 other method. However, a change under this subsection is not valid 4 5 if it requires any taxing unit to pay a greater proportion of the appraisal district's costs than the unit would pay under Section 6 6.06 [of this code] without the consent of the governing body of 7 8 that unit.

9 (e) A change in allocation of district costs made as 10 provided by this section remains in effect until changed in a manner 11 provided by this section or rescinded by resolution of a majority of 12 the governing bodies <u>of the taxing units that participate in the</u> 13 <u>district</u> [that are entitled to vote on appointment of board members 14 <u>under Section 6.03 of this code</u>].

15 SECTION 9. Section 6.063(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as 16 follows:

(b) The report of the audit is a public record. A copy of the report shall be delivered to the presiding officer of the governing body of each taxing unit <u>that participates in the</u> <u>district</u> [eligible to vote on the appointment of district directors], and a reasonable number of copies shall be available for inspection at the appraisal office.

23 SECTION 10. Section 6.15(c), Tax Code, is amended to read as 24 follows:

(c) Subsections (a) and (b) do not apply to a routine communication between the chief appraiser and the county assessor-collector that relates to the administration of an

1 appraisal roll, including a communication made in connection with 2 the certification, correction, or collection of an account, 3 regardless of whether the county assessor-collector <u>serves on</u> [was 4 appointed to] the board of directors of the appraisal district [or 5 serves as a nonvoting director].

6 SECTION 11. Sections 6.41(b), (d), (d-1), (e), (f), (j),
7 and (k), Tax Code, are amended to read as follows:

8 (b) The board consists of three members. <u>The</u> [However, the] 9 district board of directors by resolution of a majority of its 10 members may increase the size of the appraisal review board to the 11 number of members the board of directors considers appropriate<u>,</u> 12 <u>subject to Subsection (d-1)</u>.

(d) Except as provided by Subsection (d-1), members of the board are appointed by resolution of a majority of the appraisal district board of directors. A vacancy on the board is filled [in the same manner] for the unexpired portion of the term in the same manner as the original appointment.

If the district board of directors increases the size 18 (d-1) 19 of the appraisal review board under Subsection (b), each director is entitled to appoint an equal number of members to the expanded 20 appraisal review board. [In a county with a population of 120,000 21 or more the members of the board are appointed by the local 22 administrative district judge under Subchapter D, Chapter 74, 23 24 Government Code, in the county in which the appraisal district is established. All applications submitted to the appraisal district 25 26 to the appraisal review board from persons seeking appointment a member of the appraisal review board shall be delivered to the 27

1 local administrative district judge. The appraisal district may 2 provide the local administrative district judge with information 3 regarding whether an applicant for appointment to or a member of the 4 board owes any delinquent ad valorem taxes to a taxing unit 5 participating in the appraisal district.]

6 (e) Members of the board hold office for terms of two years 7 beginning January 1. The appraisal district board of directors by 8 resolution shall provide for staggered terms, so that the terms of as close to one-half of the members as possible expire each year. 9 10 In making the initial or subsequent appointments, the board of directors [or the local administrative district judge or the 11 judge's designee] shall designate those members who serve terms of 12 one year as needed to comply with this subsection. 13

(f) A member of the <u>appraisal review</u> board may be removed from the board by a majority vote of the appraisal district board of directors, or by the <u>member of the appraisal district board of</u> <u>directors</u> [local administrative district judge or the judge's <u>designee</u>], as applicable, that appointed the member. Grounds for removal are:

20 (1) a violation of Section 6.412, 6.413, 41.66(f), or 21 41.69;

(2) good cause relating to the attendance of members
at called meetings of the board as established by written policy
adopted by a majority of the appraisal district board of directors;
or

26 (3) clear and convincing evidence of repeated bias or27 misconduct.

1 (j) A chief appraiser or another employee or agent of an appraisal district commits an offense if the person communicates 2 3 with a member of the appraisal review board for the appraisal district or $[\tau]$ a member of the board of directors of the appraisal 4 district[, or, if the appraisal district is an appraisal district 5 described by Subsection (d-1), the local administrative district 6 judge] regarding a ranking, scoring, or reporting of the percentage 7 8 by which the appraisal review board or a panel of the board reduces the appraised value of property. 9

10 (k) An offense under Subsection [(i) or] (j) is a Class A 11 misdemeanor.

SECTION 12. Section 6.414(b), Tax Code, is amended to read as follows:

(b) An auxiliary board member is appointed <u>by resolution of</u> <u>a majority of the appraisal district board of directors</u> [in the same manner and] for the same term as an appraisal review board member under Section 6.41 and is subject to the same eligibility requirements and restrictions as a board member under Sections 6.41, 6.411, 6.412, and 6.413.

20 SECTION 13. Section 41.45, Tax Code, is amended by adding 21 Subsection (b-4) to read as follows:

22 (b-4) At all times during a hearing on a protest, an 23 appraisal review board member conducting the hearing must be able 24 to be identified by either an identification badge or a nameplate. 25 The badge or nameplate must be of sufficient size to be visible and 26 must clearly state: 27 (1) the first and last name of the appraisal review

1	board member; and
2	(2) if applicable, the first and last name of the
3	appraisal district director who appointed the appraisal review
4	member to the board.
5	SECTION 14. Section 172.024(a), Election Code, is amended
6	to read as follows:
7	(a) The filing fee for a candidate for nomination in the
8	general primary election is as follows:
9	(1) United States senator
10	(2) office elected statewide, except United States
11	senator
12	(3) United States representative
13	(4) state senator
14	(5) state representative
15	(6) member, State Board of Education
16	(7) chief justice or justice, court of appeals, other
17	than a justice specified by Subdivision (8)
18	(8) chief justice or justice of a court of appeals that
19	serves a court of appeals district in which a county with a
20	population of more than one million is wholly or partly
21	situated
22	(9) district judge or judge specified by Section
23	52.092(d) for which this schedule does not otherwise prescribe a
24	fee
25	(10) district or criminal district judge of a court in
26	a judicial district wholly contained in a county with a population
27	of more than 1.5 million

H.B. No. 348 1 (11)judge, statutory county court, other than a judge 2 judge of a statutory county court in a county with 3 (12)4 district attorney, criminal district attorney, 5 (13)county attorney performing the duties of a district 6 or 7 8 (14) county commissioner, district clerk, county 9 clerk, sheriff, county tax assessor-collector, county treasurer, 10 or judge, constitutional county court: (A) county with a population of 200,000 or 11 12 (B) county with a population of under 13 14 15 (15) justice of the peace or constable: 16 (A) county with a population of 200,000 or 17 (B) county with a population of under 18 19 20 (16) 21 (17)office of the county government for which this 22 (18) appraisal district director: 23 24 (A) county with a population of 200,000 or 25 (B) county with a population of under 26 27

1 SECTION 15. The following provisions of the Tax Code are
2 repealed:

3 (1) Sections 6.03(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), 4 (i), (j), and (k);

5 (2) Section 6.031;

6 (3) Section 6.033;

7 (4) Section 6.034;

8 (5) Section 6.037;

9 (6) Section 6.052(f);

10 (7) Section 6.10; and

11 (8) Sections 6.41(d-2), (d-3), (d-4), (d-5), (d-6), 12 (d-7), (d-8), (d-9), and (i).

13 SECTION 16. (a) Appraisal district directors shall be 14 elected as provided by Section 6.03, Tax Code, as amended by this 15 Act, beginning with the primary and general elections conducted in 16 2018. Members then elected take office January 1, 2019.

(b) The change in the manner of selection of appraisal district directors made by this Act does not affect the selection of directors who serve on the board before January 1, 2019.

20 (c) The term of an appraisal district director serving on21 December 31, 2018, expires on January 1, 2019.

SECTION 17. (a) The change in the manner of selection of appraisal review board members made by Section 6.41, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, does not affect the selection of members who serve on the board before January 1, 2019.

(b) The term of an appraisal review board member serving on
27 December 31, 2018, expires on January 1, 2019.

(c) Auxiliary members may be appointed under Section 6.414,
 Tax Code, as amended by this Act, by the elected appraisal review
 board members on or after January 1, 2019.

4 (d) The change in the manner of selection of auxiliary
5 members made by Section 6.414, Tax Code, as amended by this Act,
6 does not affect the selection of auxiliary members who serve before
7 January 1, 2019.

8 (e) The term of an auxiliary member serving on December 31,
9 2018, expires on January 1, 2019.

10 SECTION 18. The repeal by this Act of Section 6.41(i), Tax Code, and the change in law made by this Act to Section 6.41(j), Tax 11 Code, do not apply to an offense committed under either of those 12 subsections before January 1, 2019. An offense committed before 13 14 January 1, 2019, is governed by the applicable subsection as it 15 existed on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, 16 17 an offense was committed before January 1, 2019, if any element of the offense occurred before that date. 18

SECTION 19. (a) Except as otherwise provided by thissection, this Act takes effect January 1, 2019.

(b) This section and Sections 14, 16, and 17 of this Act take
effect December 1, 2017.