By: White

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H.J.R. No. 42

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment providing for an exemption 1 2 from ad valorem taxation for public school purposes of a portion of the market value of a residence homestead based on the median market 3 value of all residence homesteads in the state and providing for a 4 5 reduction of the limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead of an 6 7 elderly or disabled person to reflect the increased exemption amount. 8

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas
Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

12 <u>A portion [The amount of \$25,000]</u> of the market value of (c) the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including 13 14 one living alone, equal to 25 percent of the highest median market value for any tax year beginning with the 2017 tax year of all 15 16 residence homesteads in the state is exempt from ad valorem 17 taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law shall specify the method 18 for computing the median market value of residence homesteads for 19 purposes of this subsection. The legislature by general law may 20 provide that all or part of the exemption does not apply to a 21 district or political subdivision that imposes ad valorem taxes for 22 23 public education purposes but is not the principal school district providing general elementary and secondary public education 24

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throughout its territory. In addition to this exemption, the 1 legislature by general law may exempt an amount not to exceed 2 \$10,000 of the market value of the residence homestead of a person 3 who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) of this section and of 4 5 a person 65 years of age or older from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school purposes. 6 The legislature by general law may base the amount of and condition 7 8 eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by this subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age or 9 10 older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school 11 district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 12 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all 13 14 residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant to 15 Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may 16 17 receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or 18 disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where 19 ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, 20 21 the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 22 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this 23 subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy 24 would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was 25 The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect created. 26 school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by 27 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this

1 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 2 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this 3 section.

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4 Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a (d) 5 person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 65 6 years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad 7 8 valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it 9 remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's 10 spouse who receives the exemption. If a person 65 years of age or 11 12 older dies in a year in which the person received the exemption, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on the homestead for 13 14 general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person's 15 surviving spouse if the spouse is 55 years of age or older at the 16 17 time of the person's death, subject to any exceptions provided by general law. The legislature, by general law, may provide for the 18 19 transfer of all or a proportionate amount of a limitation provided by this subsection for a person who qualifies for the limitation and 20 establishes a different residence homestead. 21 However, taxes otherwise limited by this subsection may be increased to the extent 22 the value of the homestead is increased by improvements other than 23 24 repairs or improvements made to comply with governmental requirements and except as may be consistent with the transfer of a 25 26 limitation under this subsection. For a residence homestead 27 subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996

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1 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and 2 3 subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 1997 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school 4 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence 5 homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in 6 the 2014 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall 7 provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2015 8 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 9 10 multiplied by the 2015 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 11 12 homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 2017 tax year or an earlier tax 13 year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of 14 15 the limitation for the 2018 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to the amount computed by subtracting \$25,000 from the 16 17 amount equal to 25 percent of the median market value in the 2017 tax year of all residence homesteads in the state, as determined in 18 19 accordance with a general law enacted under Subsection (c) of this section, and multiplying that amount by the 2018 tax rate for 20 general elementary and secondary public school purposes applicable 21 22 to the residence homestead. 23 SECTION 2. The following temporary provision is added to

the Texas Constitution:
 <u>TEMPORARY PROVISION.</u> (a) This temporary provision applies
 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 85th Legislature,
 1st Called Session, 2017, providing for an exemption from ad

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1	valorem taxation for public school purposes of a portion of the
2	market value of a residence homestead based on the median market
3	value of all residence homesteads in the state and providing for a
4	reduction of the limitation on the total amount of ad valorem taxes
5	that may be imposed for those purposes on the homestead of an
6	elderly or disabled person to reflect the increased exemption
7	amount.
8	(b) The amendments to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,
9	of this constitution take effect for the tax year beginning January
10	<u>1, 2018.</u>
11	(c) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2019.
12	SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be
13	submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 7, 2017.
14	The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the
15	proposition: "The constitutional amendment providing for an
16	exemption from ad valorem taxation for public school purposes of a
17	portion of the market value of a residence homestead equal to 25
18	percent of the median market value of all residence homesteads in
19	the state and providing for a reduction of the limitation on the
20	total amount of ad valorem taxes that may be imposed for those
21	purposes on the homestead of an elderly or disabled person to
22	reflect the increased exemption amount."