

17 MAY -7 PM 12: 58 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

BY: Giddings

Floor Amendment No: _____

Amend $+$.B. No. $-$ by adding the following appropriately
numbered SECTIONS to the bill and renumbering the sections of the
bill accordingly:
SECTION Section 107.016, Family Code, is amended to
read as follows:
Sec. 107.016. CONTINUED REPRESENTATION; DURATION OF
APPOINTMENT. In a suit filed by a governmental entity in which
termination of the parent-child relationship or appointment of the
entity as conservator of the child is requested:
(1) an order appointing the Department of Family and
Protective Services as the child's managing conservator may provide
for the continuation of the appointment of the guardian ad litem
[or attorney ad litem] for the child for any period during the time
the child remains in the conservatorship of the department, as set
by the court; [and]
(2) subject to Section 263.4042, an order appointing the
Department of Family and Protective Services as the child's
managing conservator shall provide for the continuation of the
appointment of the attorney ad litem for the child as long as the
child remains in the conservatorship of the department; and
(3) an attorney appointed under this subchapter to serve
as an attorney ad litem for a parent or an alleged father continues
to serve in that capacity until the earliest of:

relationship is dismissed;

(A) the date the suit affecting the parent-child

- (B) the date all appeals in relation to any final order terminating parental rights are exhausted or waived; or
- (C) the date the attorney is relieved of the attorney's duties or replaced by another attorney after a finding of good cause is rendered by the court on the record.

SECTION _____. Subchapter E, Chapter 263, Family Code, is amended by adding Section 263.4042 to read as follows:

Sec. 263.4042. CONTINUED APPOINTMENT OF ATTORNEY AD LITEM AFTER FINAL ORDER. (a) On the entry of a final order terminating the parent-child relationship and naming the Department of Family and Protective Services as the child's managing conservator, the court may discharge the attorney ad litem appointed for the child if the court finds that:

(1) the child has a representative authorized by the court to represent the legal interests of the child and discharge of the attorney ad litem is in the child's best interest; or

(2) the child:

- (A) resides in the home identified in the child's permanency plan as the child's permanent home;
- (B) has an attorney ad litem or guardian ad litem who does not object to the child's permanency plan; and
- (C) has resided in the home described by Paragraph

 (A) for at least three months.
- (b) If a court renders an order discharging a child's attorney ad litem under Subsection (a), at each permanency hearing

following the final order held under Section 263.501, the court shall make the findings required by Section 263.5031.

SECTION _____. Section 263.5031, Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 263.5031. PERMANENCY HEARINGS FOLLOWING FINAL ORDER.

(a) At each permanency hearing after the court renders a final order, the court shall:

- (1) identify all persons and parties present at the hearing;
- (2) review the efforts of the department or other agency in notifying persons entitled to notice under Section 263.0021; and
 - (3) review the permanency progress report to determine:
- (A) the safety and well-being of the child and whether the child's needs, including any medical or special needs, are being adequately addressed;
- (B) the continuing necessity and appropriateness of the placement of the child, including with respect to a child who has been placed outside of this state, whether the placement continues to be in the best interest of the child;
- (C) if the child is placed in institutional care, whether efforts have been made to ensure that the child is placed in the least restrictive environment consistent with the child's best interest and special needs;
- (D) the appropriateness of the primary and alternative permanency goals for the child, whether the department

has made reasonable efforts to finalize the permanency plan, including the concurrent permanency goals, in effect for the child, and whether:

- (i) the department has exercised due diligence in attempting to place the child for adoption if parental rights to the child have been terminated and the child is eligible for adoption; or
- (ii) another permanent placement, including appointing a relative as permanent managing conservator or returning the child to a parent, is appropriate for the child;
- (E) for a child whose permanency goal is another planned permanent living arrangement:
- (i) the desired permanency outcome for the child, by asking the child; and
- (ii) whether, as of the date of the hearing, another planned permanent living arrangement is the best permanency plan for the child and, if so, provide compelling reasons why it continues to not be in the best interest of the child to:
 - (a) return home;
 - (b) be placed for adoption;
 - (c) be placed with a legal guardian; or
 - (d) be placed with a fit and willing

relative;

(F) if the child is 14 years of age or older, whether services that are needed to assist the child in

transitioning from substitute care to independent living are available in the child's community;

- (G) whether the child is receiving appropriate medical care and has been provided the opportunity, in a developmentally appropriate manner, to express the child's opinion on any medical care provided;
- (H) for a child receiving psychotropic medication, whether the child:
- (i) has been provided appropriate nonpharmacological interventions, therapies, or strategies to meet the child's needs; or
- (ii) has been seen by the prescribing physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice nurse at least once every 90 days;
- (I) whether an education decision-maker for the child has been identified, the child's education needs and goals have been identified and addressed, and there are major changes in the child's school performance or there have been serious disciplinary events;
- (J) for a child for whom the department has been named managing conservator in a final order that does not include termination of parental rights, whether to order the department to provide services to a parent for not more than six months after the date of the permanency hearing if:
 - (i) the child has not been placed with a

relative or other individual, including a foster parent, who is seeking permanent managing conservatorship of the child; and

- (ii) the court determines that further efforts at reunification with a parent are:
- (a) in the best interest of the child; and
- (b) likely to result in the child's safe return to the child's parent; and
- (K) whether the department has identified a family or other caring adult who has made a permanent commitment to the child.
- (b) At each permanency hearing after the court renders a final order, the court:
- (1) for a child who is not represented by an attorney ad litem shall:
- (A) determine whether the child requires representation by an attorney ad litem under Section 107.016; and
- (B) if the court declines to appoint an attorney ad litem for the child, state the reason for declining to appoint an attorney ad litem; and
- (2) for a child who is represented by an attorney ad litem:
- (A) shall consider the need for continued appointment of the attorney ad litem for the child; and
 - (B) may discharge the attorney ad litem appointed

(i) the child is eligible for adoption and living in the home identified in the permanency plan as the child's permanent home; (ii) the child's attorney ad litem or guardian ad litem does not object to the child's permanency plan; and (iii) the child has resided in the home described by Subparagraph (i) for at least three months. SECTION _____. The changes in law made by this Act apply to a suit affecting the parent-child relationship filed before, on, or

SECTION ____. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.

after the effective date of this Act.

