**BILL ANALYSIS**

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| Senate Research Center | H.B. 804 |
| 85R18165 TJB-D | By: Dale (Taylor, Van) |
|  | Finance |
|  | 5/11/2017 |
|  | Engrossed |

**AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT**

Interested parties observe that lessees who are responsible for taxes on the property that they rent do not have a fair chance to protest the value of the property. While owners are required to furnish notice of a property's appraised value in a timely manner, state law does not specify the constitution of timely. Consequently, a lessee may learn of a change in their property's appraised value after the deadline for protecting that valuation has lapsed.

H.B. 804 proposes several reforms that allow lessees to be informed of their property's appraised value within a reasonable, and meaningfully timely, timeframe. H.B. 804 requires that a property owner send their lessees a copy of any notice of appraised value within ten days of receipt of the notice. In addition, H.B. 804 allows a lessee to request that a chief appraiser send direct notice of a property's appraisal to the lessee. These changes ensure that lessees receive timely, fair notice of their leased property's appraised value, better enabling lessees to protest those values.

H.B. 804 amends current law relating to the entitlement of a lessee of property who is required to pay the ad valorem taxes on the property to receive notice of the appraised value of the property.

**RULEMAKING AUTHORITY**

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

**SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS**

SECTION 1. Amends Section 41.413, Tax Code, by amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsections (e) and (f), as follows:

(d) Requires a property owner to send, rather than timely send, to a person leasing property under a contract described by this section (Protest by Person Leasing Property) a copy of any notice of appraised value of the property, rather than the property's reappraisal, received by the property owner. Requires the property owner to send the notice not later than the 10th day after the date the property owner receives the notice. Provides that failure of the property owner to send a copy of the notice to the person leasing the property does not affect the time within which the person leasing the property is authorized to protest the appraised value. Authorizes the property owner and person leasing the property to waive the requirements of this subsection in the contract. Makes nonsubstantive changes.

(e) Authorizes a person leasing property under a contract described by this section to request that the chief appraiser of the appraisal district in which the property is located send the notice described by Subsection (d) to the person. Requires the chief appraiser, except as provided by Subsection (f), to send the notice to the person leasing the property not later than the fifth day after the date the notice is sent to the property owner if the person demonstrates that the person is contractually obligated to reimburse the property owner for the taxes imposed on the property.

(f) Provides that a chief appraiser that receives a request under Subsection (e) is not required to send the notice requested under that subsection if the appraisal district in which the property that is the subject of the notice is located posts the appraised value of the property on the district's Internet website not later than the fifth day after the date the notice is sent to the property owner.

SECTION 2. Provides that the changes in law made by this Act apply only to a notice of appraised value sent to a property owner on or after the effective date of this Act.

SECTION 3. Effective date: September 1, 2017.