BILL ANALYSIS

Senate Research Center 85R6072 BEE-F S.B. 966 By: Watson Criminal Justice 4/12/2017 As Filed

AUTHOR'S / SPONSOR'S STATEMENT OF INTENT

Recent scandals illustrate that our higher education institutions and our state as a whole face serious challenges when it comes to preventing sexual assault and helping sexual assault victims. One of these challenges is encouraging victims and bystanders to report sexual assault.

The Association of American Universities released a campus climate survey on sexual assault and sexual misconduct in September 2015. This survey found that overall rates of reporting to campus officials and law enforcement were low, ranging from five percent to 28 percent, depending on the specific type of behavior. Victims and bystanders are especially unlikely to report sexual assault when doing so may subject them to criminal charges for underage drinking. And, unfortunately, recent scandals suggest parties with underage drinking are a typical setting where people commit sexual assault against young people.

S.B. 966 addresses this problem by providing Good Samaritan protections for victims or bystanders who report sexual assault to: (1) a health care provider treating the victim; (2) a law enforcement employee, including a campus police employee; or (3) a Title IX coordinator at the victim's college or university. These protections ensure a minor who reports sexual assault to one of the covered individuals cannot be prosecuted for either underage possession or underage consumption of alcohol. In this way, S.B. 966 removes a barrier that discourages victims and bystanders from reporting sexual assault.

As proposed, S.B. 966 amends current law relating to criminal offenses regarding the consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages by a minor.

RULEMAKING AUTHORITY

This bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, institution, or agency.

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

SECTION 1. Amends Section 106.04, Alcoholic Beverage Code, by adding Subsection (f), as follows:

(f) Provides that Subsection (a) (relating to a minor committing an offense by consuming an alcoholic beverage) does not apply to a minor who reports the sexual assault of the minor or another person to a health care provider treating the victim of the sexual assault, an employee of a law enforcement agency, including an employee of a campus police department of an institution of higher education (IHE) at which the victim of the sexual assault is enrolled, or the Title IX coordinator of an IHE at which the victim of the sexual assault is enrolled or another employee of the IHE responsible for responding to reports of sexual assault.

SECTION 2. Amends Section 106.05, Alcoholic Beverage Code, by adding Subsection (e), as follows:

(e) Provides that Subsection (a) (relating to a minor committing an offense by possessing an alcoholic beverage) does not apply to a minor who reports the sexual assault of the

minor or another person to a health care provider treating the victim of the sexual assault, an employee of a law enforcement agency, including an employee of a campus police department of an IHE at which the victim of the sexual assault is enrolled, or the Title IX coordinator of an IHE at which the victim of the sexual assault is enrolled or another employee of the IHE responsible for responding to reports of sexual assault.

SECTION 3. Makes application of this Act prospective.

SECTION 4. Effective date: September 1, 2017.