By: Johnson of Dallas H.B. No. 290

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to a prohibition on sex discrimination in compensation.
3	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
4	SECTION 1. Subchapter C, Chapter 21, Labor Code, is amended
5	by adding Section 21.1061 to read as follows:
6	Sec. 21.1061. SEX DISCRIMINATION IN COMPENSATION. For
7	purposes of this chapter, a violation of Chapter 24 is considered to
8	be discrimination on the basis of sex.
9	SECTION 2. Subtitle A, Title 2, Labor Code, is amended by
10	adding Chapter 24 to read as follows:
11	CHAPTER 24. EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION REGARDING COMPENSATION
12	Sec. 24.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
13	(1) "Applicant" means a person who has made an oral or
14	written application with an employer, or has sent a resume or other

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- correspondence to an employer, indicating an interest 15 in
- 16 employment.
- 17 (2) "Commission" means the Texas Workforce
- Commission. 18
- (3) "Employee" and "employer" have the meanings 19
- 20 assigned by Section 21.002.
- 21 (4) "Wages" has the meaning assigned by Section
- 22 61.001.
- 23 Sec. 24.002. EMPLOYER INQUIRIES INTO AND CONSIDERATION OF
- WAGE HISTORY INFORMATION. (a) An employer may not: 24

- 1 (1) include a question regarding an applicant's wage
- 2 history information on an employment application form;
- 3 (2) inquire into or consider an applicant's wage
- 4 <u>history information</u>; or
- 5 (3) obtain an applicant's wage history information
- 6 from a previous employer of the applicant, unless the wages in that
- 7 previous employment position are subject to disclosure under
- 8 Chapter 522, Government Code.
- 9 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an applicant may
- 10 provide written authorization to a prospective employer to confirm
- 11 the applicant's wage history, including benefits or other
- 12 compensation, only after the prospective employer has made a
- 13 written offer of employment to the applicant that includes the
- 14 applicant's wage and benefit information for the position.
- 15 Sec. 24.003. PROHIBITION AGAINST DISCRIMINATION IN WAGES.
- 16 (a) For purposes of this section, "business necessity" means an
- 17 overriding legitimate business purpose such that the factor relied
- 18 upon in determining wage differential effectively fulfills the
- 19 business purpose the factor is intended to serve.
- 20 (b) An employer commits an unlawful employment practice in
- 21 <u>violation of this chapter and Chapter 21 if the employer</u>
- 22 <u>discriminates among employees on the basis of sex by paying wages to</u>
- 23 an employee at a rate less than the rate at which the employer pays
- 24 wages to another employee of the opposite sex for the same or
- 25 substantially similar work on jobs, the performance of which
- 26 requires equal or substantially similar skill, effort, and
- 27 responsibility, and which are performed under similar working

- 1 conditions, except where the payment is made under one of the
- 2 following factors:
- 4 (2) a merit system;
- 5 (3) a system that measures earnings by quantity or
- 6 quality of production; or
- 7 (4) a differential based on a bona fide factor other
- 8 than sex.
- 9 (c) A seniority system described by Subsection (b)(1) may
- 10 not deduct from the employee's service time any leave that the
- 11 employee took under the Family and Medical Leave Act (29 U.S.C.
- 12 Section 2601 et seq.) or other applicable family or medical leave to
- 13 which the employee is entitled.
- 14 (d) The exception provided by Subsection (b)(4) applies
- only if the employer demonstrates that the factor:
- 16 (1) is not based on or derived from a differential
- 17 based on sex in compensation;
- 18 (2) is related to the position in question; and
- 19 (3) is consistent with business necessity.
- 20 (e) Notwithstanding Subsection (d), the exception provided
- 21 by Subsection (b)(4) does not apply if the employee demonstrates
- 22 that an alternative business practice exists that would serve the
- 23 <u>same business purpose without producing a wage differential.</u>
- 24 (f) An employer may not enter into an agreement with an
- 25 employee that provides that the employer may pay the employee a wage
- 26 at a rate that is in violation of this section.
- Sec. 24.004. OTHER PROHIBITED ACTS. (a) An employer

- 1 commits an unlawful employment practice in violation of this
- 2 chapter and Chapter 21 if the employer:
- 3 (1) takes an adverse action or otherwise discriminates
- 4 against a person because the person has:
- 5 (A) opposed an act or practice made unlawful by
- 6 this chapter;
- 7 (B) sought to enforce rights protected under this
- 8 chapter; or
- 9 (C) testified, assisted, or participated in any
- 10 manner in an investigation, hearing, or other proceeding to enforce
- 11 this chapter; or
- 12 (2) discharges or in any other manner discriminates
- 13 against, coerces, intimidates, threatens, or interferes with an
- 14 employee or other person because the person:
- (A) inquired about, disclosed, compared, or
- 16 otherwise discussed an employee's wages; or
- 17 (B) exercised or enjoyed, or aided or encouraged
- 18 another person to exercise or enjoy, any right granted or protected
- 19 by this chapter.
- 20 (b) This section does not require an employee to disclose
- 21 the employee's wages.
- Sec. 24.005. NOTICE BY EMPLOYER REQUIRED. Each employer
- 23 shall post in conspicuous places on the premises of the employer
- 24 where notices to employees and applicants for employment are
- 25 <u>customarily posted a notice, prepared or approved by the</u>
- 26 commission, setting forth the pertinent provisions of this chapter
- 27 and information relating to the enforcement of this chapter.

- 1 Sec. 24.006. COMPLAINT; ENFORCEMENT. (a) A person
- 2 aggrieved by an unlawful employment practice under this chapter may
- 3 file a complaint with the commission. A complaint filed under this
- 4 section is subject to Subchapters E and F, Chapter 21.
- 5 (b) The commission shall enforce this chapter in accordance
- 6 with Chapter 21.
- 7 Sec. 24.007. EMPLOYER SELF-EVALUATION; AFFIRMATIVE
- 8 DEFENSE. (a) An employer is encouraged to periodically perform a
- 9 self-evaluation of the employer's business practices and
- 10 compensation to ensure that the employer is in compliance with this
- 11 chapter.
- 12 (b) In a civil action filed under Subchapter F, Chapter 21,
- 13 by a person aggrieved by an unlawful employment practice under this
- 14 chapter, it is an affirmative defense to liability for compensatory
- or punitive damages under Section 21.2585 that:
- 16 (1) the employer performed a self-evaluation of the
- 17 employer's business practices and compensation in the three-year
- 18 period preceding the date of the conduct that is the basis of the
- 19 complaint; and
- 20 (2) the employer has in good faith demonstrated that,
- 21 following the date of the evaluation under Subdivision (1), the
- 22 <u>employer has made reasonable progress toward eliminating</u>
- 23 <u>compensation differentials based on sex.</u>
- (c) This section does not require an employer to perform a
- 25 <u>self-evaluation or subject an employer to any penalty for failing</u>
- 26 to perform a self-evaluation.
- Sec. 24.008. WAGE RECORDS REQUIREMENT. Each employer shall

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- 1 compile and maintain for a period of at least three years records
- 2 that contain:
- 3 (1) the wage paid to each employee; and
- 4 (2) the method, system, computations, and other
- 5 <u>factors used to establish</u>, adjust, and determine the wage rates
- 6 paid to the employee.
- 7 SECTION 3. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
- 8 an unlawful employment practice with regard to discrimination in
- 9 payment of compensation that occurs on or after January 1, 2018.
- SECTION 4. This Act takes effect January 1, 2018.