By: Lang H.B. No. 2226

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to complaints filed against certain law enforcement
3	officers, peace officers, detention officers, and county jailers.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Subchapter B, Chapter 614, Government Code, is
6	amended by adding Section 614.0205 to read as follows:
7	Sec. 614.0205. DEFINITION. In this subchapter, "law
8	enforcement agency" means an agency of this state or an agency of a
9	political subdivision of this state authorized by law to employ
10	law enforcement officer, including a peace officer under Article
11	2.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, or other law.
12	SECTION 2. Section 614.021(a), Government Code, is amended
13	to read as follows:
14	(a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), this subchapter
15	applies only to a complaint against:
16	(1) a law enforcement officer, including a peace
17	officer under Article 2.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, or other
18	law, appointed or employed by a law enforcement agency [of the State
19	of Texas, including an officer of the Department of Public Safety or
20	of the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission];

political subdivision of this state; $\underline{\text{or}}$

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(3) [a peace officer under Article 2.12,

(2) a fire fighter $[\frac{\text{who is}}{\text{is}}]$ employed by this state or a

or other law who is appointed or employed by a

1 political subdivision of this state; or

- 2 [(4)] a detention officer or county jailer [who
- 3 is appointed or employed by a law enforcement agency [political
- 4 subdivision of this state].
- 5 SECTION 3. Section 614.022, Government Code, is amended to
- 6 read as follows:
- 7 Sec. 614.022. COMPLAINT TO BE IN WRITING AND SIGNED BY
- 8 COMPLAINANT. To be considered by the head of a law enforcement
- 9 [state] agency or by the head of a fire department [or local law
- 10 enforcement agency], the complaint must be:
- 11 (1) in writing; and
- 12 (2) signed by the person making the complaint.
- SECTION 4. Sections 614.023(a) and (c), Government Code,
- 14 are amended to read as follows:
- 15 (a) A copy of a signed complaint against <u>an officer or</u>
- 16 employee that this subchapter applies to [a law enforcement officer
- 17 of this state or a fire fighter, detention officer, county jailer,
- 18 or peace officer appointed or employed by a political subdivision
- 19 of this state] shall be given to the officer or employee within a
- 20 reasonable time after the complaint is filed.
- 21 (c) In addition to the requirement of Subsection (b), the
- 22 officer or employee may not be indefinitely suspended or terminated
- 23 from employment based on the subject matter of the complaint
- 24 unless:
- 25 (1) the complaint is investigated; and
- 26 (2) there is sufficient evidence to prove the
- 27 allegation of misconduct.

- 1 SECTION 5. Subchapter B, Chapter 614, Government Code, is
- 2 amended by adding Sections 614.024 and 614.025 to read as follows:
- 3 Sec. 614.024. COMPLAINT INVOLVING THREATENED OR ACTUAL USE
- 4 $\underline{\text{OF FORCE BY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE.}}$ (a) The head of a law enforcement
- 5 agency may not discipline, demote, indefinitely suspend, or
- 6 terminate the employment of an officer or employee who is a law
- 7 enforcement officer, peace officer, detention officer, or county
- 8 jailer based on a complaint that alleges that the officer or
- 9 employee threatened the use of deadly force or used force against a
- 10 person that resulted in bodily injury or death unless:
- 11 (1) the agency investigates the complaint; and
- 12 (2) the head of the agency determines that there is
- 13 sufficient evidence that the officer or employee violated a written
- 14 policy or procedure of the agency.
- 15 (b) A law enforcement agency must notify an officer or
- 16 employee in writing if the head of the agency takes a disciplinary
- 17 action against the officer or employee under Subsection (a). The
- 18 notice must include:
- 19 <u>(1) a statement that:</u>
- 20 (A) indicates each policy or procedure of the
- 21 agency that the head of the agency determined the officer or
- 22 <u>employee violated; and</u>
- (B) for each policy or procedure violated,
- 24 describes each act alleged to have been committed by the officer or
- 25 employee in violation of the policy or procedure;
- 26 (2) a statement that the officer or employee is
- 27 entitled to appeal the action to a hearing examiner as provided by

- 1 <u>Section 614.025; and</u>
- 2 (3) a statement that the officer or employee waives
- 3 the right to appeal to district court if the officer or employee
- 4 elects to appeal to the hearing examiner.
- 5 Sec. 614.025. APPEAL TO INDEPENDENT HEARING EXAMINER. (a)
- 6 A law enforcement officer, peace officer, detention officer, or
- 7 county jailer who is disciplined, demoted, indefinitely suspended,
- 8 or terminated from employment under Section 614.024 is entitled to
- 9 appeal the disciplinary action to a hearing examiner as provided by
- 10 this section.
- 11 (b) An officer or employee who elects to appeal to a hearing
- 12 examiner must notify the head of the law enforcement agency who
- 13 disciplined the officer or employee. The notice of appeal must:
- 14 (1) be in writing;
- 15 (2) state that the officer or employee elects to
- 16 appeal to a hearing examiner; and
- 17 (3) be filed with the head of the agency not later than
- 18 the 10th day after the date the officer or employee receives the
- 19 written notice prescribed by Section 614.024(b).
- 20 (c) If an officer or employee files a notice of appeal under
- 21 this section, the officer or employee and the head of the law
- 22 <u>enforcement agency</u>, or their designees, must attempt to agree on
- 23 the selection of an impartial hearing examiner. If the parties
- 24 cannot agree on a hearing examiner before the 11th day after the
- 25 date the notice of appeal is filed, the head of the agency shall
- 26 immediately request a list of seven qualified neutral arbitrators
- 27 from the American Arbitration Association or the Federal Mediation

- 1 and Conciliation Service, or a successor entity. The parties may
- 2 agree on one of the seven arbitrators on the list. If the parties
- 3 cannot agree on an arbitrator on the list before the sixth business
- 4 day after the date the parties receive the list, each party shall
- 5 alternate striking a name from the list and the name remaining is
- 6 the hearing examiner.
- 7 (d) The parties shall agree on a date for the hearing. The
- 8 hearing shall be scheduled to begin as soon as possible. If the
- 9 hearing examiner cannot begin the hearing before the 45th day after
- 10 the date the hearing examiner is selected, the parties must select a
- 11 new hearing examiner in the manner prescribed by Subsection (c) if:
- 12 (1) the officer or employee requests selection of a
- 13 new hearing examiner; and
- 14 (2) the request is made not later than the second day
- 15 <u>after the date the officer or employee learns that the selected</u>
- 16 <u>hearing examiner cannot begin the hearing.</u>
- 17 <u>(e) The hearing examiner may issue a subpoena to compel the</u>
- 18 attendance of a witness or the production of documents and
- 19 materials as necessary to conduct the hearing. The officer or
- 20 employee may request the hearing examiner to subpoena a witness,
- 21 documents, or materials that the officer or employee considers
- 22 relevant to the appeal. The officer or employee must make the
- 23 request for a subpoena before the 10th day before the date the
- 24 hearing will begin. The hearing examiner must notify the officer or
- 25 employee in writing before the third day before the date the hearing
- 26 will begin if the hearing examiner decides not to issue a subpoena
- 27 requested by the officer or employee. The notice must state the

- 1 reason the hearing examiner will not issue the subpoena and must be
- 2 read into the public record of the hearing.
- 3 (f) The hearing examiner shall conduct the hearing fairly
- 4 and impartially and shall render a just and fair decision. The
- 5 hearing examiner may require that a witness at the hearing not
- 6 discuss the hearing with another person. The hearing examiner may
- 7 consider only the evidence submitted at the hearing.
- 8 (g) The hearing examiner must promptly reverse any
- 9 disciplinary action that is the subject of an appeal under this
- 10 section and restore the officer or employee to the individual's
- 11 pre-disciplinary status if the hearing examiner determines that the
- 12 requirements of Section 614.024(b)(1) were not met.
- 13 (h) The hearing examiner shall:
- 14 (1) issue a final decision on the appeal not later than
- 15 the 10th day after the date the hearing ends, or another date agreed
- 16 to by the parties, if the parties request an expedited decision; or
- 17 (2) make a reasonable effort to issue a final decision
- 18 on the appeal not later than the 30th day after the date the hearing
- 19 ends if the parties do not request an expedited decision.
- 20 (i) The validity of a disciplinary action that is the
- 21 subject of the appeal and the final decision issued by the hearing
- 22 examiner for the appeal are not affected by the hearing examiner's
- 23 <u>failure to comply with Subsection (h).</u>
- 24 (j) Except as provided by Subsection (l), the final decision
- 25 issued by the hearing examiner for an appeal under this section is
- 26 final and binding on all parties to the appeal.
- 27 (k) The fees and expenses of the hearing examiner are shared

- 1 equally by the officer or employee and the law enforcement agency.
- 2 The cost of a witness is paid by the party who called the witness.
- 3 (1) A district court may hear an appeal of the final
- 4 decision of a hearing examiner under this section only on the ground
- 5 that the hearing examiner was without jurisdiction, the hearing
- 6 examiner exceeded the hearing examiner's jurisdiction, or that the
- 7 final decision of the hearing examiner was procured by fraud,
- 8 collusion, or other unlawful means. A person must file the appeal
- 9 in a district court having appropriate jurisdiction.
- 10 SECTION 6. The change in law made by this Act applies only
- 11 to a violation of a policy or procedure that occurs on or after the
- 12 effective date of this Act. A violation that occurs before the
- 13 effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the
- 14 date the violation occurred, and the former law is continued in
- 15 effect for that purpose.
- SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.