By:Burkett, Thompson of Harris, Flynn,<br/>RaymondH.B. No. 2950Substitute the following for H.B. No. 2950:Example 100 (Solution of Harris, Flynn,<br/>By: ColemanC.S.H.B. No. 2950

### A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

2 relating to the continuation and functions of the Texas Board of 3 Nursing and to the regulation of the practice of nursing.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

5 SECTION 1. Section 301.003, Occupations Code, is amended to 6 read as follows:

Sec. 301.003. APPLICATION OF SUNSET ACT. The Texas Board of
Nursing is subject to Chapter 325, Government Code (Texas Sunset
Act). Unless continued in existence as provided by that chapter,
the board is abolished September 1, 2029 [2017].

11 SECTION 2. Section 301.059, Occupations Code, is amended by 12 amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (d) to read as 13 follows:

14 (b) The training program must provide the person with 15 information regarding:

16 (1) the <u>law governing</u> [<del>legislation that created the</del> 17 <del>board and</del>] the board's <u>operations;</u>

18 (2) the programs, functions, rules, and budget of the 19 board;

20 <u>(3) the scope of and limitations on the board's</u> 21 <u>rulemaking authority;</u>

22 (4) [(2)] the results of the most recent formal audit 23 of the board;

24 (5) [(3) the requirements of:

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1 <u>(A)</u> laws relating to open meetings, public
2 information, administrative procedure, and <u>disclosing</u> conflicts of
3 interest; and

4 (B) other laws applicable to members of the board
5 in performing their duties; and

6 <u>(6)</u> [<del>(1)</del>] any applicable ethics policies adopted by 7 the board or the Texas Ethics Commission.

8 (d) The executive director of the board shall create a 9 training manual that includes the information required by 10 Subsection (b). The executive director shall distribute a copy of 11 the training manual annually to each board member. On receipt of 12 the training manual, each board member shall sign and submit to the 13 executive director a statement acknowledging receipt of the 14 training manual.

15 SECTION 3. Section 301.157, Occupations Code, is amended by 16 amending Subsections (d-4), (d-8), (d-9), and (d-11) and adding 17 Subsection (d-12) to read as follows:

(d-4) The board may recognize and accept as approved under 18 19 this section a school of nursing or educational program operated in another state and approved by a state board of nursing or other 20 regulatory body of that state. The board shall adopt rules [develop 21 ensure that the other state's standards 22 <del>policies</del>] to are 23 substantially equivalent to the board's standards. The board by 24 rule shall develop a process for students enrolled in a school of nursing or educational program operated in another state that does 25 26 not meet standards substantially equivalent to the board's standards to apply for an initial license under this chapter. 27

1 (d-8) For purposes of Subsection (d-4), a nursing program
2 is considered to meet standards substantially equivalent to the
3 board's standards if the program:

4 (1) is part of an institution of higher education 5 located outside this state that is approved by the appropriate 6 regulatory authorities of that state;

7 (2) holds regional accreditation by an accrediting
8 body recognized by the United States secretary of education and the
9 Council for Higher Education Accreditation;

10 (3) holds specialty accreditation by an accrediting 11 body recognized by the United States secretary of education and the 12 Council for Higher Education Accreditation[, including the 13 National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission];

(4) requires program applicants to be a licensed practical or vocational nurse, a military service corpsman, or a paramedic, or to hold a college degree in a clinically oriented health care field with demonstrated experience providing direct patient care; and

19

(5) graduates students who:

(A) achieve faculty-determined program outcomes,
including passing criterion-referenced examinations of nursing
knowledge essential to beginning a registered nursing practice and
transitioning to the role of registered nurse;

(B) pass a criterion-referenced summative
performance examination developed by faculty subject matter
experts that measures clinical competencies essential to beginning
a registered nursing practice and that meets nationally recognized

standards for educational testing, including the educational
 testing standards of the American Educational Research
 Association, the American Psychological Association, and the
 National Council on Measurement in Education; and

5 (C) pass the National Council Licensure 6 Examination for Registered Nurses at a rate equivalent to the 7 <u>board's required</u> passage rate for students of approved in-state 8 programs.

9 (d-9) A graduate of a clinical competency assessment 10 program operated in another state and approved by a state board of 11 nursing or other regulatory body of another state is eligible to 12 apply for an initial license under this chapter if:

(1) [the board allowed graduates of the program to apply for an initial license under this chapter continuously during the 10-year period preceding January 1, 2007;

16 [(2)] the program does not make any substantial 17 changes in the length or content of its clinical competency 18 assessment without the board's approval; and

19 (2) [(3)] the program remains in good standing with 20 the state board of nursing or other regulatory body in the other 21 state[; and

# 22 [(4) the program participates in the research study 23 under Section 105.008, Health and Safety Code].

24 (d-11) <u>If a clinical competency assessment program operated</u>
 25 <u>in another state graduates students who pass the National Council</u>
 26 <u>Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses at a rate lower than</u>
 27 <u>the board's required passage rate for graduating students of</u>

1	approved in-state programs, not later than May 31 of the next school
2	year the program shall:
3	(1) for the first year the student passage rate is
4	lower than the board's required passage rate for students of
5	approved in-state programs, complete and submit to the board for
6	review and comment a self-study of the program in accordance with
7	the board's guidelines;
8	(2) for the second consecutive year the student
9	passage rate is lower than the board's required passage rate for
10	students of approved in-state programs, allow the board to conduct
11	a desk review to evaluate the program using the criteria typically
12	used in an on-site visit and make recommendations to improve the
13	program; and
14	(3) for the third consecutive year the student passage
15	rate is lower than the board's required passage rate for students of
16	approved in-state programs, provide notice on the program's
17	Internet website that prospective students of the program may need
18	to complete additional requirements to apply for an initial license
19	in this state because the program has failed to meet the board's
20	standards related to the required passage rate on the National
21	Council Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses [Subsections
22	(d-8), (d-9), (d-10), and (d-11) expire December 31, 2017. As part
23	of the first review conducted under Section 301.003 after September
24	1, 2009, the Sunset Advisory Commission shall:
25	[ <del>(1) recommend whether Subsections (d-8) and (d-9)</del>
26	should be extended; and
27	[ <del>(2) recommend any changes to Subsections (d-8) and</del>

(d-9) relating to the eligibility for a license of graduates of a 1 clinical competency assessment program operated in another state]. 2 3 (d-12) A clinical competency assessment program operated in another state is not considered to meet standards substantially 4 equivalent to the board's standards if the program fails to meet the 5 applicable requirements under Subsection (d-11) or if the program's 6 graduating student passage rate on the National Council Licensure 7 Examination for Registered Nurses is lower than the board's 8 required passage rate for graduating students of approved in-state 9 programs for four consecutive years. A student enrolled in a 10 program described by this subsection before December 31 of the 11 12 fourth consecutive year is eligible to apply for an initial license under this chapter. The program shall notify a student who enrolls 13 14 in the program after December 31 of the fourth consecutive year that 15 the student is required to complete additional requirements established by the board under Subsection (d-4) to apply for an 16 17 initial license under this chapter. SECTION 4. Section 301.252, Occupations Code, is amended by 18 19 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-2) to read as

20 follows:

(a) Each applicant for a registered nurse license or a vocational nurse license must submit to the board a sworn application that demonstrates the applicant's qualifications under this chapter, accompanied by evidence that the applicant:

(1) has good professional character <u>related to the</u>
 <u>practice of nursing</u>;

27 (2) has successfully completed a program of

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 1 professional or vocational nursing education approved under 2 Section 301.157(d); and 3 (3) has passed the jurisprudence examination approved

4 by the board as provided by Subsection (a-1).

5 (a-2) An applicant who provides satisfactory evidence that the applicant has not committed a violation of this chapter or a 6 7 rule adopted under this chapter is considered to have good 8 professional character related to the practice of nursing. А determination by the board that an applicant does not have good 9 professional character related to the practice of nursing must be 10 based on a showing by the board of a clear and rational connection 11 12 between a violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter and the applicant's ability to effectively practice 13 14 nursing.

SECTION 5. Section 301.257, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Subsections (1) and (m) to read as follows:

17 (1) The board may require in a declaratory order under this section that a person begin participation in a peer assistance 18 19 program at the time of receipt of an initial license under this chapter. The board shall notify the person that, on issuance of the 20 person's initial license, the person may request reevaluation of 21 22 the person's required participation in the peer assistance program. (m) The board by rule shall develop a process to determine 23 24 whether a person should continue to be required to participate in a 25 peer assistance program. In making the determination, the board 26 shall:

(1) review the person's criminal history record

1	information and, if applicable, determine whether participation in
2	the program is warranted based on the time that has elapsed since
3	the conviction or end of community supervision;
4	(2) reevaluate or require a contractor administering a
5	peer assistance program to reevaluate the treatment plan or the
6	time the person is required to participate in the peer assistance
7	program based on the person's individualized needs; and
8	(3) authorize, as appropriate, a waiver of peer
9	assistance program completion if the board is satisfied the person
10	has achieved a satisfactory period of treatment or documented
11	sobriety, as defined by board rules, and continued participation is
12	not necessary.
13	SECTION 6. Subchapter H, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is
14	amended by adding Section 301.355 to read as follows:
15	Sec. 301.355. DUTIES RELATED TO CERTAIN PRESCRIPTIONS. (a)
16	An advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe or
17	order a drug or device may not prescribe a drug listed in Subsection
18	(b) to a patient unless the advanced practice registered nurse has
19	reviewed the patient's prescription history by accessing the
20	prescription information submitted to the Texas State Board of
21	Pharmacy as authorized by Section 481.076(a)(5), Health and Safety
22	<u>Code.</u>
23	(b) Subsection (a) applies only to the prescribing of:
24	(1) opioids;
25	(2) benzodiazepines;
26	(3) barbiturates; or
27	(4) carisoprodol.

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1	(c) Failure by an advanced practice registered nurse to
2	comply with the requirements of this section is grounds for
3	disciplinary action under Section 301.452.
4	SECTION 7. Section 301.4106, Occupations Code, is amended
5	to read as follows:
6	Sec. 301.4106. PEER ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS. The board by rule
7	shall develop guidelines to:
8	(1) outline the roles and responsibilities of the
9	board and a peer assistance program established or approved by the
10	board under Chapter 467, Health and Safety Code;
11	(2) outline the process for a peer assistance program
12	to refer to the board complaints alleging a violation of the
13	<pre>practice of nursing;</pre>
14	(3) establish requirements for successfully
15	completing a peer assistance program and for notification of the
16	board of the successful completion by a nurse the board has ordered
17	to attend or referred to the program; [ <del>and</del> ]
18	(4) establish a <u>clear</u> procedure <u>based on meaningful</u>
19	performance goals for evaluating the success of a peer assistance
20	program established or approved by the board under Chapter $467$ ,
21	Health and Safety Code <u>;</u>
22	(5) establish individualized requirements for
23	participants in a peer assistance program, including the duration
24	of participation in a peer assistance program for substance use,
25	based on the individual's diagnosis and needs; and
26	(6) ensure that participation requirements and
27	treatment plans for peer assistance program participants who are

# 1 referred to peer assistance for similar reasons are administered 2 consistently.

3 SECTION 8. Section 301.452, Occupations Code, is amended by 4 amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (e) to read as 5 follows:

6 (b) A person is subject to denial of a license or to7 disciplinary action under this subchapter for:

8 (1) a violation of this chapter, a rule or regulation 9 not inconsistent with this chapter, or an order issued under this 10 chapter;

(2) fraud or deceit in procuring or attempting to procure a license to practice professional nursing or vocational nursing;

14 (3) a conviction for, or placement on deferred 15 adjudication community supervision or deferred disposition for, a 16 felony or for a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;

17 (4) conduct that results in the revocation of 18 probation imposed because of conviction for a felony or for a 19 misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;

(5) use of a nursing license, diploma, or permit, or
21 the transcript of such a document, that has been fraudulently
22 purchased, issued, counterfeited, or materially altered;

(6) impersonating or acting as a proxy for another person in the licensing examination required under Section 301.253 or 301.255;

26 (7) directly or indirectly aiding or abetting an27 unlicensed person in connection with the unauthorized practice of

1 nursing;

2 (8) revocation, suspension, or denial of, or any other
3 action relating to, the person's license or privilege to practice
4 nursing in another jurisdiction or under federal law;

5 (9) intemperate use of alcohol or drugs that the board6 determines endangers or could endanger a patient;

7 (10) unprofessional [or dishonorable] conduct in the
8 practice of nursing that[, in the board's opinion,] is likely to
9 deceive, defraud, or injure a patient or the public;

10 (11) adjudication of mental incompetency; 11 (12) lack of fitness to practice because of a mental or 12 physical health condition that could result in injury to a patient 13 or the public; or

14 (13) failure to care adequately for a patient or to 15 conform to the minimum standards of acceptable nursing practice in 16 a manner that, in the board's opinion, exposes a patient or other 17 person unnecessarily to risk of harm.

18 (e) The board shall adopt rules to ensure that license 19 denials and disciplinary action under Subsection (b)(10) are based 20 on the application of objective criteria that are clearly and 21 rationally connected to the applicant's or license holder's conduct 22 and that any negative outcome resulting from that conduct is 23 determined to affect the person's ability to effectively practice 24 <u>nursing.</u>

25 SECTION 9. Subchapter L, Chapter 301, Occupations Code, is 26 amended by adding Section 301.5525 to read as follows:

27 Sec. 301.5525. MONITORING HARMFUL PRESCRIBING PATTERNS OR

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 1 PRACTICES. (a) The board shall periodically check the prescribing 2 information submitted to the Texas State Board of Pharmacy as authorized by Section 481.076(a)(1), Health and Safety Code, to 3 determine whether an advanced practice registered nurse licensed 4 5 under this chapter is engaging in potentially harmful prescribing 6 patterns or practices. 7 (b) The board, in coordination with the Texas State Board of Pharmacy, shall determine the conduct that constitutes a 8 potentially harmful prescribing pattern or practice for purposes of 9 10 Subsection (a). In determining the conduct that constitutes a potentially harmful prescribing pattern or practice, the board at a 11 12 minimum shall consider: (1) the number of times an advanced practice 13 registered nurse prescribes a drug listed in Section 301.355(b); 14 15 and (2) for prescriptions described by Subdivision (1), 16 patterns of prescribing combinations of those drugs and other 17 dangerous combinations of drugs identified by the board. 18 19 (c) If the board suspects that an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under this chapter may be engaging in 20 potentially harmful prescribing patterns or practices, the board 21 may notify the advanced practice registered nurse of the 22 potentially harmful prescribing pattern or practice. 23 24 The board may initiate a complaint against an advanced (d) 25 practice registered nurse based on information obtained under this 26 section.

27 SECTION 10. Chapter 304, Occupations Code, is amended by

1	adding Section 304.0015 to read as follows:
2	Sec. 304.0015. NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT. The Nurse
3	Licensure Compact is enacted and entered into with all other
4	jurisdictions that legally join in the compact, which reads as
5	follows:
6	NURSE LICENSURE COMPACT
7	ARTICLE I. FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF PURPOSE
8	(a) The party states find that:
9	(1) the health and safety of the public are affected by
10	the degree of compliance with and the effectiveness of enforcement
11	activities related to state nurse licensure laws;
12	(2) violations of nurse licensure and other laws
13	regulating the practice of nursing may result in injury or harm to
14	the public;
15	(3) the expanded mobility of nurses and the use of
16	advanced communication technologies as part of our nation's health
17	care delivery system require greater coordination and cooperation
18	among states in the areas of nurse licensure and regulation;
19	(4) new practice modalities and technology make
20	compliance with individual state nurse licensure laws difficult and
21	<pre>complex;</pre>
22	(5) the current system of duplicative licensure for
23	nurses practicing in multiple states is cumbersome and redundant
24	for both nurses and states; and
25	(6) uniformity of nurse licensure requirements
26	throughout the states promotes public safety and public health
27	benefits.

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 1 (b) The general purposes of this compact are to: 2 (1) facilitate the states' responsibility to protect 3 the public's health and safety; 4 (2) ensure and encourage the cooperation of party 5 states in the areas of nurse licensure and regulation; 6 (3) facilitate the exchange of information between 7 party states in the areas of nurse regulation, investigation, and 8 adverse actions; 9 (4) promote compliance with the laws governing the practice of nursing in each jurisdiction; 10 (5) invest all party states with the authority to hold 11 12 a nurse accountable for meeting all state practice laws in the state in which the patient is located at the time care is rendered through 13 14 the mutual recognition of party state licenses; 15 (6) decrease redundancies in the consideration and issuance of nurse licenses; and 16 17 (7) provide opportunities for interstate practice by nurses who meet un<u>iform licensure requirements.</u> 18 19 ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS As used in this compact: 20 21 (a) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws that is 22 imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a nurse, 23 including actions against an individual's license or multistate 24 licensure privilege such as revocation, suspension, probation, 25 monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the licensee's practice, 26 or any other encumbrance on licensure affecting a nurse's 27

1 <u>authorization to practice, including issuance of a cease and desist</u>
2 action.

3 (b) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary 4 monitoring program approved by a licensing board.

5 <u>(c) "Coordinated licensure information system" means an</u> 6 <u>integrated process for collecting, storing, and sharing</u> 7 <u>information on nurse licensure and enforcement activities related</u> 8 <u>to nurse licensure laws that is administered by a nonprofit</u> 9 <u>organization composed of and controlled by licensing boards.</u>

10(d) "Current significant investigative information" means:11(1) investigative information that a licensing board,12after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an13opportunity for the nurse to respond, if required by state law, has14reason to believe is not groundless and, if proven true, would15indicate more than a minor infraction; or

16 (2) investigative information that indicates that the 17 nurse represents an immediate threat to public health and safety 18 regardless of whether the nurse has been notified and had an 19 opportunity to respond.

20 (e) "Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or 21 any limitation on, the full and unrestricted practice of nursing 22 imposed by a licensing board.

23 (f) "Home state" means the party state which is the nurse's 24 primary state of residence.

25 (g) "Licensing board" means a party state's regulatory body
26 responsible for issuing nurse licenses.

27 (h) "Multistate license" means a license to practice as a

registered or a licensed practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN) 1 issued by a home state licensing board that authorizes the licensed 2 3 nurse to practice in all party states under a multistate licensure 4 privilege. 5 (i) "Multistate licensure privilege" means a legal authorization associated with a multistate license permitting the 6 7 practice of nursing as either a registered nurse (RN) or LPN/VN in a 8 remote state. 9 "Nurse" means RN or LPN/VN, as those terms are defined (j) 10 by each party state's practice laws. "Party state" means any state that has adopted this 11 (k) 12 compact. 13 (1) "Remote state" means a party state, other than the home 14 state. 15 (m) "Single-state license" means a nurse license issued by a party state that authorizes practice only within the issuing state 16 17 and does not include a multistate licensure privilege to practice in any other party state. 18 "State" means a state, territory, or possession of the 19 (n) United States and the District of Columbia. 20 21 (o) "State practice laws" means a party state's laws, rules, and regulations that govern the practice of nursing, define the 22 scope of nursing practice, and create the methods and grounds for 23 24 imposing discipline. "State practice laws" do not include requirements necessary to obtain and retain a license, except for 25

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26 qualifications or requirements of the home state.

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1	ARTICLE III. GENERAL PROVISIONS AND JURISDICTION
2	(a) A multistate license to practice registered or licensed
3	practical/vocational nursing issued by a home state to a resident
4	in that state will be recognized by each party state as authorizing
5	<u>a nurse to practice as a registered nurse (RN) or as a licensed</u>
6	practical/vocational nurse (LPN/VN), under a multistate licensure
7	privilege, in each party state.
8	(b) A state must implement procedures for considering the
9	criminal history records of applicants for initial multistate
10	license or licensure by endorsement. Such procedures shall include
11	the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based
12	information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an
13	applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal
14	Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining
15	that state's criminal records.
16	(c) Each party state shall require the following for an
17	applicant to obtain or retain a multistate license in the home
18	state:
19	(1) meets the home state's qualifications for
20	licensure or renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable
21	<pre>state laws;</pre>
22	(2)(i) has graduated or is eligible to graduate from a
23	licensing board-approved RN or LPN/VN prelicensure education
24	program; or
25	(ii) has graduated from a foreign RN or LPN/VN
26	prelicensure education program that (a) has been approved by the
27	authorized accrediting body in the applicable country and (b) has

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1	been verified by an independent credentials review agency to be
2	comparable to a licensing board-approved prelicensure education
3	program;
4	(3) has, if a graduate of a foreign prelicensure
5	education program not taught in English or if English is not the
6	individual's native language, successfully passed an English
7	proficiency examination that includes the components of reading,
8	speaking, writing, and listening;
9	(4) has successfully passed an NCLEX-RN or NCLEX-PN
10	Examination or a recognized predecessor, as applicable;
11	(5) is eligible for or holds an active, unencumbered
12	license;
13	(6) has submitted, in connection with an application
14	for initial licensure or licensure by endorsement, fingerprints or
15	other biometric data for the purpose of obtaining criminal history
16	record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the
17	agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal records;
18	(7) has not been convicted or found guilty, or has
19	entered into an agreed disposition, of a felony offense under
20	applicable state or federal criminal law;
21	(8) has not been convicted or found guilty, or has
22	entered into an agreed disposition, of a misdemeanor offense
23	related to the practice of nursing as determined on a case-by-case
24	basis;
25	(9) is not currently enrolled in an alternative
26	program;
27	(10) is subject to self-disclosure requirements

1 regarding current participation in an alternative program; and 2 (11) has a valid United States social security number. 3 (d) All party states shall be authorized, in accordance with existing state due process law, to take adverse action against a 4 nurse's multistate licensure privilege such as revocation, 5 suspension, probation, or any other action that affects a nurse's 6 7 authorization to practice under a multistate licensure privilege, including cease and desist actions. If a party state takes such 8 action, it shall promptly notify the administrator of the 9 coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of the 10 coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the 11 12 home state of any such actions by remote states. (e) A nurse practicing in a party state must comply with the 13 14 state practice laws of the state in which the client is located at 15 the time service is provided. The practice of nursing is not limited to patient care, but shall include all nursing practice as 16

17 defined by the state practice laws of the party state in which the 18 client is located. The practice of nursing in a party state under a 19 multistate licensure privilege will subject a nurse to the 20 jurisdiction of the licensing board, the courts, and the laws of the 21 party state in which the client is located at the time service is 22 provided.

(f) Individuals not residing in a party state shall continue to be able to apply for a party state's single-state license as provided under the laws of each party state. However, the single-state license granted to these individuals will not be recognized as granting the privilege to practice nursing in any

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 1 other party state. Nothing in this compact shall affect the 2 requirements established by a party state for the issuance of a 3 single-state license. 4 (g) Any nurse holding a home state multistate license, on 5 the effective date of this compact, may retain and renew the multistate license issued by the nurse's then-current home state, 6 7 provided that: 8 (1) a nurse, who changes primary state of residence after this compact's effective date, must meet all applicable 9 10 Article III(c) requirements to obtain a multistate license from the new home state; or 11 12 (2) a nurse who fails to satisfy the multistate licensure requirements in Article III(c) due to a disqualifying 13 event occurring after this compact's effective date shall be 14 15 ineligible to retain or renew a multistate license, and the nurse's multistate license shall be revoked or deactivated in accordance 16 17 with applicable rules adopted by the Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators ("commission"). 18 ARTICLE IV. APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSURE IN A PARTY STATE 19 (a) Upon application for a multistate license, the 20 licensing board in the issuing party state shall ascertain, through 21 22 the coordinated licensure information system, whether the applicant has ever held, or is the holder of, a license issued by 23 24 any other state, whether there are any encumbrances on any license or multistate licensure privilege held by the applicant, whether 25 26 any adverse action has been taken against any license or multistate licensure privilege held by the applicant, and whether the 27

1	applicant is currently participating in an alternative program.
2	(b) A nurse may hold a multistate license, issued by the
3	home state, in only one party state at a time.
4	(c) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving
5	between two party states, the nurse must apply for licensure in the
6	new home state, and the multistate license issued by the prior home
7	state will be deactivated in accordance with applicable rules
8	adopted by the commission.
9	(1) The nurse may apply for licensure in advance of a
10	change in primary state of residence.
11	(2) A multistate license shall not be issued by the new
12	home state until the nurse provides satisfactory evidence of a
13	change in primary state of residence to the new home state and
14	satisfies all applicable requirements to obtain a multistate
15	license from the new home state.
16	(d) If a nurse changes primary state of residence by moving
17	from a party state to a nonparty state, the multistate license
18	issued by the prior home state will convert to a single-state
19	license, valid only in the former home state.
20	ARTICLE V. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES INVESTED IN PARTY STATE
21	LICENSING BOARDS
22	(a) In addition to the other powers conferred by state law,
23	a licensing board shall have the authority to:
24	(1) take adverse action against a nurse's multistate
25	licensure privilege to practice within that party state.
26	(i) Only the home state shall have the power to
27	take adverse action against a nurse's license issued by the home

1 state. 2 (ii) For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state licensing board shall give the same priority and effect 3 to reported conduct received from a remote state as it would if such 4 conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home 5 state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate 6 7 action. (2) issue cease and desist orders or impose an 8 encumbrance on a nurse's authority to practice within that party 9 10 state. (3) complete any pending investigation of a nurse who 11 12 changes primary state of residence during the course of such investigation. The licensing board shall also have the authority 13 to take appropriate action(s) and shall promptly report the 14 15 conclusions of such investigations to the administrator of the coordinated licensure information system. The administrator of the 16 17 coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home state of any such actions. 18 19 (4) issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of a 20 witness, as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by 21 22 a licensing board in a party state for the attendance and testimony 23 of witnesses or the production of evidence from another party state 24 shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedures of that 25 26 court applicable to subpoenas issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel 27

1	expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes
2	of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.
3	(5) obtain and submit, for each nurse licensure
4	applicant, fingerprint or other biometric-based information to the
5	Federal Bureau of Investigation for criminal background checks,
6	receive the results of the Federal Bureau of Investigation record
7	search on criminal background checks, and use the results in making
8	licensure decisions.
9	(6) if otherwise permitted by state law, recover from
10	the affected nurse the costs of investigations and disposition of
11	cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that nurse.
12	(7) take adverse action based on the factual findings
13	of the remote state, provided that the licensing board follows its
14	own procedures for taking such adverse action.
15	(b) If adverse action is taken by the home state against a
16	nurse's multistate license, the nurse's multistate licensure
17	privilege to practice in all other party states shall be
18	deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the
19	multistate license. All home state disciplinary orders that impose
20	adverse action against a nurse's multistate license shall include a
21	statement that the nurse's multistate licensure privilege is
22	deactivated in all party states during the pendency of the order.
23	(c) Nothing in this compact shall override a party state's
24	decision that participation in an alternative program may be used
25	in lieu of adverse action. The home state licensing board shall
26	deactivate the multistate licensure privilege under the multistate
27	license of any nurse for the duration of the nurse's participation

1	in an alternative program.
2	ARTICLE VI. COORDINATED LICENSURE INFORMATION SYSTEM AND EXCHANGE
3	OF INFORMATION
4	(a) All party states shall participate in a coordinated
5	licensure information system of all licensed registered nurses
6	(RNs) and licensed practical/vocational nurses (LPNs/VNs). This
7	system will include information on the licensure and disciplinary
8	history of each nurse, as submitted by party states, to assist in
9	the coordination of nurse licensure and enforcement efforts.
10	(b) The commission, in consultation with the administrator
11	of the coordinated licensure information system, shall formulate
12	necessary and proper procedures for the identification,
13	collection, and exchange of information under this compact.
14	(c) All licensing boards shall promptly report to the
15	coordinated licensure information system any adverse action, any
16	current significant investigative information, denials of
17	applications (with the reasons for such denials), and nurse
18	participation in alternative programs known to the licensing board
19	regardless of whether such participation is deemed nonpublic or
20	confidential under state law.
21	(d) Current significant investigative information and
22	participation in nonpublic or confidential alternative programs
23	shall be transmitted through the coordinated licensure information
24	system only to party state licensing boards.
25	(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all party
26	state licensing boards contributing information to the coordinated
27	licensure information system may designate information that may not

1 be shared with nonparty states or disclosed to other entities or individuals without the express permission of the contributing 2 3 state. 4 (f) Any personally identifiable information obtained from the coordinated licensure information system by a party state 5 licensing board shall not be shared with nonparty states or 6 7 disclosed to other entities or individuals except to the extent permitted by the laws of the party state contributing the 8 information. 9 10 (g) Any information contributed to the coordinated licensure information system that is subsequently required to be 11 expunged by the laws of the party state contributing that 12 information shall also be expunged from the coordinated licensure 13 14 information system. 15 (h) The compact administrator of each party state shall furnish a uniform data set to the compact administrator of each 16 other party state, which shall include, at a minimum: 17 18 identifying information; 19 (2) licensure data; (3) information related to alternative program 20 participation; and 21 22 (4) other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact, as determined by commission rules. 23 24 (i) The compact administrator of a party state shall provide all investigative documents and information requested by another 25 26 party state.

1	ARTICLE VII. ESTABLISHMENT OF INTERSTATE COMMISSION OF NURSE
2	LICENSURE COMPACT ADMINISTRATORS
3	(a) The party states hereby create and establish a joint
4	public entity known as the Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure
5	Compact Administrators.
6	(1) The commission is an instrumentality of the party
7	states.
8	(2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or
9	against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a
10	court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the
11	commission is located. The commission may waive venue and
12	jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to
13	participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
14	(3) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a
15	waiver of sovereign immunity.
16	(b) Membership, Voting, and Meetings
17	(1) Each party state shall have and be limited to one
18	administrator. The head of the state licensing board or a designee
19	shall be the administrator of this compact for each party state.
20	Any administrator may be removed or suspended from office as
21	provided by the law of the state from which the administrator is
22	appointed. Any vacancy occurring in the commission shall be filled
23	in accordance with the laws of the party state in which the vacancy
24	exists.
25	(2) Each administrator shall be entitled to one (1)
26	vote with regard to the promulgation of rules and the creation of
27	bylaws and shall otherwise have an opportunity to participate in

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 the business and affairs of the commission. An administrator shall 1 2 vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The 3 bylaws may provide for an administrator's participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication. 4 (3) The commission shall meet at least once during 5 each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth 6 7 in the bylaws or rules of the commission. 8 (4) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as 9 10 required under the rulemaking provisions in Article VIII. 11 (5) The commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic 12 meeting if the commission must discuss: (i) noncompliance of a party state with its 13 14 obligations under this compact; 15 (ii) the employment, compensation, discipline, or other personnel matters, practices, or procedures related to 16 17 specific employees or other matters related to the commission's 18 internal personnel practices and procedures; 19 (iii) current, threatened, or reasonably 20 anticipated litigation; 21 (iv) negotiation of contracts for the purchase or 22 sale of goods, services, or real estate; 23 (v) accusing any person of a crime or formally 24 censuring any person; 25 (vi) disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or 26 financial information that is privileged or confidential; 27 (vii) disclosure of information of a personal

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1	nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted
2	invasion of personal privacy;
3	(viii) disclosure of investigatory records
4	compiled for law enforcement purposes;
5	(ix) disclosure of information related to any
6	reports prepared by or on behalf of the commission for the purpose
7	of investigation of compliance with this compact; or
8	(x) matters specifically exempted from
9	disclosure by federal or state statute.
10	(6) If a meeting or portion of a meeting is closed
11	pursuant to this provision, the commission's legal counsel or
12	designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall
13	reference each relevant exempting provision. The commission shall
14	keep minutes that fully and clearly describe all matters discussed
15	in a meeting and shall provide a full and accurate summary of
16	actions taken, and the reasons therefor, including a description of
17	the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with
18	an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and
19	documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to
20	release by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of
21	competent jurisdiction.
22	(c) The commission shall, by a majority vote of the
23	administrators, prescribe bylaws or rules to govern its conduct as
24	may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and
25	exercise the powers of this compact, including but not limited to:
26	(1) establishing the fiscal year of the commission;
27	(2) providing reasonable standards and procedures:

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1	(i) for the establishment and meeting of other
2	committees; and
3	(ii) governing any general or specific
4	delegation of any authority or function of the commission;
5	(3) providing reasonable procedures for calling and
6	conducting meetings of the commission, ensuring reasonable advance
7	notice of all meetings, and providing an opportunity for attendance
8	of such meetings by interested parties, with enumerated exceptions
9	designed to protect the public's interest, the privacy of
10	individuals, and proprietary information, including trade secrets.
11	The commission may meet in closed session only after a majority of
12	the administrators vote to close a meeting in whole or in part. As
13	soon as practicable, the commission must make public a copy of the
14	vote to close the meeting revealing the vote of each administrator,
15	with no proxy votes allowed;
16	(4) establishing the titles, duties and authority, and
17	reasonable procedures for the election of the officers of the
18	<pre>commission;</pre>
19	(5) providing reasonable standards and procedures for
20	the establishment of the personnel policies and programs of the
21	commission. Notwithstanding any civil service or other similar
22	laws of any party state, the bylaws shall exclusively govern the
23	personnel policies and programs of the commission; and
24	(6) providing a mechanism for winding up the
25	operations of the commission and the equitable disposition of any
26	surplus funds that may exist after the termination of this compact
27	

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1	(d) The commission shall publish its bylaws and rules, and
2	any amendments thereto, in a convenient form on the website of the
3	commission.
4	(e) The commission shall maintain its financial records in
5	accordance with the bylaws.
6	(f) The commission shall meet and take such actions as are
7	consistent with the provisions of this compact and the bylaws.
8	(g) The commission shall have the following powers:
9	(1) to promulgate uniform rules to facilitate and
10	coordinate implementation and administration of this compact. The
11	rules shall have the force and effect of law and shall be binding in
12	all party states;
13	(2) to bring and prosecute legal proceedings or
14	actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of
15	any licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not
16	be affected;
17	(3) to purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
18	(4) to borrow, accept, or contract for services of
19	personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a party
20	state or nonprofit organizations;
21	(5) to cooperate with other organizations that
22	administer state compacts related to the regulation of nursing,
23	including, but not limited to, sharing administrative or staff
24	expenses, office space, or other resources;
25	(6) to hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
26	compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate
27	authority to carry out the purposes of this compact, and to

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 establish the commission's personnel policies and programs 1 relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and 2 3 other related personnel matters; 4 (7) to accept any and all appropriate donations, 5 grants, and gifts of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; 6 7 provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any 8 appearance of impropriety or conflict of interest; (8) to lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or 9 donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use, any 10 property, whether real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all 11 12 times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety; (9) to sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, 13 14 exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property, whether 15 real, personal, or mixed; 16 (10) to establish a budget and make expenditures; 17 (11) to borrow money; (12) to appoint committees, including advisory 18 19 committees comprised of administrators, state nursing regulators, state legislators or their representatives, consumer 20 representatives, and other such interested persons; 21 22 (13) to provide and receive information from, and to cooperate with, law enforcement agencies; 23 24 (14) to adopt and use an official seal; and 25 (15) to perform such other functions as may be 26 necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent with the state regulation of nurse licensure and 27

1 practice.

2 (h) Financing of the Commission (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the 3 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 4 5 organization, and ongoing activities. 6 (2) The commission may also levy on and collect an 7 annual assessment from each party state to cover the cost of its 8 operations, activities, and staff in its annual budget as approved each year. The aggregate annual assessment amount, if any, shall be 9 allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, 10 which shall promulgate a rule that is binding upon all party states. 11 12 (3) The commission shall not incur an obligation of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor 13 shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the party states, 14 15 except by and with the authority of such party state. 16 (4) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all 17 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures 18 established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and 19 disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited 20 yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report 21 of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual 22 23 report of the commission. 24 (i) Qualified Immunity, Defense, and Indemnification 25 (1) The compact administrators, officers, executive 26 directors, employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their 27

1 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property, or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out 2 of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or 3 that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable 4 5 basis for believing occurred, within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that nothing in 6 7 this subdivision shall be construed to protect any such person from 8 suit or liability for any damages, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional, wilful, or wanton misconduct of that 9 10 person. (2) The commission shall defend any administrator, 11 12 officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising 13 out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred 14 15 within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made 16 17 had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of

18 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided that 19 nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from 20 retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further that the 21 actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that 22 person's intentional, wilful, or wanton misconduct.

23 (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless 24 any administrator, officer, executive director, employee, or 25 representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement 26 or judgment obtained against that person arising out of any actual 27 or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of

commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such 1 person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the 2 scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; 3 provided that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not 4 5 result from the intentional, wilful, or wanton misconduct of that 6 person. 7 ARTICLE VIII. RULEMAKING (a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers 8 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this article and the rules 9 adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as 10 of the date specified in each rule or amendment and shall have the 11 12 same force and effect as provisions of this compact. (b) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a 13 14 regular or special meeting of the commission. 15 (c) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least sixty (60) days in advance of 16 the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the 17 commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking: 18 19 (1) on the website of the commission; and (2) on the website of each licensing board or the 20 publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed 21 22 rules. (d) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include: 23 24 (1) the proposed time, date, and location of the 25 meeting in which the rule will be considered and voted upon; 26 (2) the text of the proposed rule or amendment, and the reason for the proposed rule; 27

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1	(3) a request for comments on the proposed rule from
2	any interested person; and
3	(4) the manner in which interested persons may submit
4	notice to the commission of their intention to attend the public
5	hearing and any written comments.
6	(e) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission
7	shall allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and
8	arguments, which shall be made available to the public.
9	(f) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public
10	hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment.
11	(g) The commission shall publish the place, time, and date
12	of the scheduled public hearing.
13	(1) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing
14	each person who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity
15	to comment orally or in writing. All hearings will be recorded, and
16	a copy will be made available upon request.
17	(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as
18	requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for
19	the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this
20	section.
21	(h) If no one appears at the public hearing, the commission
22	may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule.
23	(i) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of
24	business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held,
25	the commission shall consider all written and oral comments
26	received.
27	(j) The commission shall, by majority vote of all

1 administrators, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the 2 3 rulemaking record and the full text of the rule. 4 (k) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the 5 commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing; provided that the 6 7 usual rulemaking procedures provided in this compact and in this 8 section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, and in no event later than ninety (90) days 9 after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this 10 provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted 11 12 immediately in order to: 13 (1) meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, 14 or welfare; 15 (2) prevent a loss of commission or party state funds; 16 or 17 (3) meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is required by federal law or rule. 18 19 (1) The commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical 20 errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical 21 errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the 22 website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to 23 24 challenge by any person for a period of thirty (30) days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the 25 26 revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing, and delivered to the commission, prior to the 27

C.S.H.B. No. 2950 end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision 1 will take effect without further action. If the revision is 2 3 challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval 4 of the commission. 5 ARTICLE IX. OVERSIGHT, DISPUTE RESOLUTION, AND ENFORCEMENT 6 (a) Oversight 7 (1) Each party state shall enforce this compact and 8 take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate this compact's purposes and intent. 9 (2) The commission shall be entitled to receive 10 service of process in any proceeding that may affect the powers, 11 12 responsibilities, or actions of the commission, and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. 13 Failure to provide service of process in such proceeding to the 14 15 commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or promulgated rules. 16 17 (b) Default, Technical Assistance, and Termination (1) If the commission determines that a party state 18 19 has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the 20 commission shall: 21 22 (i) provide written notice to the defaulting state and other party states of the nature of the default, the 23 24 proposed means of curing the default, or any other action to be 25 taken by the commission; and 26 (ii) provide remedial training and specific 27 technical assistance regarding the default.

1 (2) If a state in default fails to cure the default, 2 the defaulting state's membership in this compact may be terminated 3 upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the administrators, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact may 4 5 be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or 6 7 liabilities incurred during the period of default. (3) Termination of membership in this compact shall be 8 imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been 9 10 exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor of the defaulting state and to the 11 12 executive officer of the defaulting state's licensing board and 13 each of the party states. 14 (4) A state whose membership in this compact has been 15 terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of the termination, 16 17 including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination. 18 19 (5) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or whose membership in this 20 compact has been terminated unless agreed upon in writing between 21 22 the commission and the defaulting state. 23 (6) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the 24 commission by petitioning the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district in which the commission has its 25 26 principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees. 27

1	(c) Dispute Resolution
2	(1) Upon request by a party state, the commission
3	shall attempt to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise
4	among party states and between party and nonparty states.
5	(2) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing
6	for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes, as
7	appropriate.
8	(3) In the event the commission cannot resolve
9	disputes among party states arising under this compact:
10	(i) the party states may submit the issues in
11	dispute to an arbitration panel, which will be comprised of
12	individuals appointed by the compact administrator in each of the
13	affected party states and an individual mutually agreed upon by the
14	compact administrators of all the party states involved in the
15	dispute; and
16	(ii) the decision of a majority of the
17	arbitrators shall be final and binding.
18	(d) Enforcement
19	(1) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its
20	discretion, shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.
21	(2) By majority vote, the commission may initiate
22	legal action in the U.S. District Court for the District of Columbia
23	or in the federal district in which the commission has its principal
24	offices against a party state that is in default to enforce
25	compliance with the provisions of this compact and its promulgated
26	rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive
27	relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is

1	necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of such
2	litigation, including reasonable attorneys' fees.
3	(3) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive
4	remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other
5	remedies available under federal or state law.
6	ARTICLE X. EFFECTIVE DATE, WITHDRAWAL, AND AMENDMENTS
7	(a) This compact shall become effective and binding on the
8	earlier of the date of legislative enactment of this compact into
9	law by no less than twenty-six (26) states or December 31, 2018. All
10	party states to this compact that also were parties to the prior
11	Nurse Licensure Compact, superseded by this compact ("prior
12	compact"), shall be deemed to have withdrawn from said prior
13	compact within six (6) months after the effective date of this
14	compact.
15	(b) Each party state to this compact shall continue to
16	recognize a nurse's multistate licensure privilege to practice in
17	that party state issued under the prior compact until the party
18	state has withdrawn from the prior compact.
19	(c) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by
20	enacting a statute repealing the same. A party state's withdrawal
21	shall not take effect until six (6) months after enactment of the
22	repealing statute.
23	(d) A party state's withdrawal or termination shall not
24	affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing or terminated
25	state's licensing board to report adverse actions and significant
26	investigations occurring prior to the effective date of such
27	withdrawal or termination.

1	(e) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to
2	invalidate or prevent any nurse licensure agreement or other
3	cooperative arrangement between a party state and a nonparty state
4	that is made in accordance with the other provisions of this
5	compact.
6	(f) This compact may be amended by the party states. No
7	amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon
8	the party states unless and until it is enacted into the laws of all
9	party states.
10	(g) Representatives of nonparty states to this compact
11	shall be invited to participate in the activities of the
12	commission, on a nonvoting basis, prior to the adoption of this
13	compact by all states.
14	ARTICLE XI. CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY
15	This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate
16	the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be
17	severable, and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of
18	this compact is declared to be contrary to the constitution of any
19	party state or the United States, or if the applicability thereof to
20	any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid,
21	the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability
22	thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall
23	not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held to be
24	contrary to the constitution of any party state, this compact shall
25	remain in full force and effect as to the remaining party states and
26	in full force and effect as to the party state affected as to all
27	severable matters.

SECTION 11. Chapter 304, Occupations Code, is amended by adding Section 304.0025 to read as follows:

3 Sec. 304.0025. RULES ADOPTED UNDER COMPACT. The Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators established 4 5 under the Nurse Licensure Compact under Section 304.0015 may not adopt rules that alter the requirements or scope of practice of a 6 7 license issued under Chapter 301. Any rule adopted by the 8 Interstate Commission of Nurse Licensure Compact Administrators that purports to alter the requirements or scope of practice of a 9 license issued under Chapter 301 is not enforceable. 10

SECTION 12. Section 304.006(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) On request and payment of a reasonable fee, the Texas Board of Nursing shall provide a registered or vocational nurse licensed by this state with a copy of information regarding the nurse maintained by the coordinated licensure information system under Article VI [7] of the Nurse Licensure Compact.

18 SECTION 13. Section 304.008(a), Occupations Code, is 19 amended to read as follows:

(a) In reporting information to the coordinated licensure
information system under Article <u>VI</u> [7] of the Nurse Licensure
Compact, the Texas Board of Nursing may disclose personally
identifiable information about the nurse, including <u>the nurse's</u>
social security number.

25 SECTION 14. (a) Sections 301.160 and 301.163, Occupations 26 Code, are repealed.

27 (b) Effective December 31, 2018, Sections 304.001 and

1 304.009, Occupations Code, are repealed.

2 SECTION 15. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b) of 3 this section, Section 301.059, Occupations Code, as amended by this 4 Act, applies to a member of the Texas Board of Nursing appointed 5 before, on, or after the effective date of this Act.

(b) A member of the Texas Board of Nursing who, before the 6 7 effective date of this Act, completed the training program required 8 by Section 301.059, Occupations Code, as that law existed before the effective date of this Act, is required to complete additional 9 10 training only on subjects added to the training program required by Section 301.059, Occupations Code, as amended by this Act. A board 11 12 member described by this subsection may not vote, deliberate, or be counted as a member in attendance at a meeting of the board held on 13 14 or after December 1, 2017, until the member completes the 15 additional training.

SECTION 16. (a) Not later than May 31, 2018, the Texas 16 17 Board of Nursing shall adopt the rules necessary to implement the changes in law made by this Act to Section 301.157, Occupations 18 19 Code. In adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall provide an opportunity for public comment and, through the board's 20 Advisory Committee on Education, seek comment from interested 21 parties. The rules must: 22

(1) clearly define substantially equivalent education
standards for purposes of recognizing a school of nursing or
educational program operated in another state; and

(2) establish a process for enabling students enrolled
 in an out-of-state school of nursing or educational program that

1 does not meet standards substantially equivalent to the board's 2 standards to apply for initial licensure under Chapter 301, 3 Occupations Code.

(b) Not later than March 1, 2018, the Texas Board of Nursing
shall adopt the rules necessary to implement the changes in law made
by this Act to Sections 301.252 and 301.452, Occupations Code. In
adopting rules under this subsection, the board shall seek comments
from relevant interested parties.

Section 301.157(d-11), Occupations Code, as amended by 9 (c) 10 this Act, applies beginning with the passage rates available in January 2018, reflecting the passage rates for the preceding year. 11 12 If the passage rate for a clinical competency assessment program available in January 2018 does not meet the Texas Board of Nursing's 13 14 required passage rate for students of approved in-state programs, 15 the clinical competency assessment program shall complete the self-study required under Section 301.157(d-11)(1), Occupations 16 17 Code, as amended by this Act, not later than May 31, 2018.

SECTION 17. Section 301.355, Occupations Code, as added by this Act, applies only to a prescription issued on or after September 1, 2018. A prescription issued before September 1, 2018, is governed by the law in effect on the date the prescription was issued, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

23 SECTION 18. Except as otherwise provided by this Act, this
24 Act takes effect September 1, 2017.