By: Burkett H.B. No. 3091

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to evaluating and improving the provision of prevention
3	and early intervention services by the Department of Family and
4	Protective Services.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Subchapter A, Chapter 265, Family Code, is
7	amended by adding Sections 265.007 and 265.008 to read as follows:
8	Sec. 265.007. IMPROVING PROVISION OF PREVENTION AND EARLY
9	INTERVENTION SERVICES. To improve the effectiveness and delivery
10	of prevention and early intervention services, the department
11	shall:
12	(1) use a geographic focus to ensure that prevention
13	and early intervention services are provided to families with the
14	greatest need;
15	(2) identify the geographic areas that have the
16	highest need for prevention and early intervention services using:
17	(A) verified external risk terrain modeling; or
18	(B) geographic risk assessments that use risk
19	indicators of child abuse or neglect and child abuse fatalities;
20	(3) identify geographic areas that have a high need
21	for prevention and early intervention services but do not have
22	prevention and early intervention services available in the area or
23	have only unevaluated prevention and early intervention services
24	available in the area; and

1	(4) develop strategies for community partners to:
2	(A) improve the early recognition of child abuse
3	or neglect;
4	(B) improve the reporting of child abuse and
5	neglect; and
6	(C) prevent child fatalities.
7	Sec. 265.008. EVALUATION OF PREVENTION AND EARLY
8	INTERVENTION SERVICES. (a) The department and the Texas Higher
9	Education Coordinating Board shall enter into agreements with
10	institutions of higher education to conduct efficacy reviews of any
11	prevention and early intervention services provided under this
12	chapter that have not previously been evaluated for effectiveness
13	in a research evaluation that meets the standards described by
14	Subsection (b). The efficacy review shall include, when possible, a
15	cost-benefit analysis of the program to the state.
16	(b) A prevention and early intervention services program is
17	considered to have been previously evaluated if it has been
18	evaluated by at least one rigorous randomized controlled research
19	trial across heterogeneous populations or communities, the results
20	of at least one of which have been published in a peer-reviewed
21	journal.
22	(c) The department is not required to enter into an
23	agreement to conduct a program efficacy evaluation under this
24	section unless:
25	(1) the department is specifically appropriated money
26	for the purposes of this section; or
27	(2) the agreement with the institution of higher

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- 1 <u>education is cost neutral.</u>
- 2 SECTION 2. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.