By: Ashby H.B. No. 3687

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to the acquisition of property by an entity with eminent
3	domain authority.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Section 21.0111, Property Code, is amended by
6	adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
7	(a-1) After making an offer to which Subsection (a) applies,
8	the entity shall disclose to the property owner any new, amended, or
9	updated appraisal report produced or acquired by or on behalf of the
10	entity after making the offer and used in determining the entity's
11	opinion of value. A disclosure required by this subsection must be
12	<pre>made not later than the earlier of:</pre>
13	(1) the 10th day after the date the entity receives the
14	appraisal report; or
15	(2) the third business day before the date of a special
16	commissioner's hearing if the appraisal report is to be used at the
17	hearing.
18	SECTION 2. Section 21.0113, Property Code, is amended by
19	adding Subsection (c) to read as follows:
20	(c) For purposes of this section, the deed, easement, or
21	<pre>other instrument provided under Subsection (b)(6)(B) must include:</pre>
22	(1) for a pipeline right-of-way easement:
23	(A) the maximum number of pipelines that may be

installed in the right-of-way;

24

1	(B) the outside diameter of each pipeline to be
2	<pre>installed in the right-of-way;</pre>
3	(C) the type or category of each petroleum
4	product to be transported through the pipelines to be installed in
5	the right-of-way;
6	(D) a reasonable description of any use of the
7	surface of the right-of-way that the entity intends to acquire;
8	(E) a metes and bounds or center line description
9	of the location of the easement;
10	(F) the width of the easement;
11	(G) the depth of the pipeline and amount of
12	<pre>cover;</pre>
13	(H) a requirement to use the double-ditch method
14	for installation of the pipeline when not bore-drilled;
15	(I) a prohibition from transferring the easement
16	to any other entity, subsidiary, or company that does not have
17	eminent domain authority;
18	(J) a reservation of the property owner's right
19	to grant additional compatible easements in the easement area to
20	other parties;
21	(K) a limit on third-party access to the easement
22	area;
23	(L) a right to damages arising from construction,
24	maintenance, repair, replacement, or future removal of the pipeline
25	in the easement, including any damages to growing crops or
26	<pre>livestock;</pre>
27	(M) a covenant to lock and close all gates and

1	fences as necessary to prevent damage to or destruction of
2	<pre>livestock;</pre>
3	(N) a covenant to maintain the right-of-way; and
4	(O) a covenant to repair and restore areas used
5	or damaged outside the easement area to their original condition or
6	<pre>better;</pre>
7	(2) for an electrical transmission right-of-way
8	<pre>easement:</pre>
9	(A) the maximum number and spacing of the poles,
10	towers, or other support apparatus to carry electrical lines over
11	the easement;
12	(B) the maximum number and electrical carrying
13	capacity of the lines to be installed in the easement;
14	(C) a reasonable description of any use of the
15	surface of the right-of-way that the entity intends to acquire;
16	(D) a metes and bounds or center line description
17	of the location of the easement;
18	(E) the width of the easement;
19	(F) a reservation of the property owner's right
20	to grant additional compatible easements in the easement area to
21	other parties;
22	(G) a limit on third-party access to the easement
23	area;
24	(H) a right to damages arising from construction,
25	maintenance, repair, replacement, or future removal of lines and
26	support apparatus in the easement, including any damages to growing
27	crops or livestock;

1	(I) a covenant to lock and close all gates and
2	fences as necessary to prevent damage to or destruction of
3	<pre>livestock;</pre>
4	(J) a covenant to maintain the right-of-way; and
5	(K) a covenant to repair and restore areas used
6	or damaged outside the easement area to their original condition or
7	<pre>better;</pre>
8	(3) a prohibition against any use of the property
9	being conveyed, other than a use stated in the instrument, without
10	the express written consent of the property owner;
11	(4) a covenant that the entity will indemnify and hold
12	the property owner harmless against any claim brought against the
13	property owner arising out of or relating to the use of condemned
14	property by the entity or the entity's agents or contractors; and
15	(5) a covenant that the entity will secure and keep in
16	full force and effect at all times while the entity continues to use
17	the condemned property a policy or policies of liability insurance:
18	(A) issued by an insurer authorized to issue such
19	<pre>policies in this state;</pre>
20	(B) insuring the property owner against
21	liability for personal injuries and property damage sustained by
22	any person that arises from or is related to the use of the property
23	by the entity or the entity's agents or contractors;
24	(C) naming the property owner or the owner's
25	successor in title as an insured; and
26	(D) providing limits of liability as specified in
7	the instrument

to

SECTION 3. Section 21.063, Property Code, is amended by 1 2 adding Subsections (c) and (d) to read as follows: 3 (c) As a condition of appealing the decision of a trial court in a condemnation proceeding, a nongovernmental condemnor 4 5 shall: 6 (1) pay to the property owner the amount of just 7 compensation awarded by the trial court; 8 (2) deposit that same amount with the court subject to the order of the property owner; or 9 10 (3) post a surety bond in the same amount issued by a surety company authorized to engage in business in this state, 11 12 conditioned to secure the payment of the trial court's award of just 13 compensation. 14 (d) If the property owner moves to enforce Subsection (c) 15 and the nongovernmental condemnor fails to comply with that subsection before the 30th day after the date the property owner's 16 17 motion is filed: 18 (1) the court of appeals shall dismiss the appeal with 19 prejudice and order enforcement of the final judgment; (2) the nongovernmental condemnor and its assigns 20 shall lose the right to remain on the property owner's property, and 21 any interest of the nongovernmental condemnor or its assigns in the 22 23 property reverts to the property owner; and 24 (3) the property owner is entitled to: 25 (A) any damages attributable to the 26 nongovernmental condemnor's occupation of the property;

27

(B) all reasonable expenses incurred

## 1 remediate the property; and

- 2 <u>(C) all reasonable and necessary fees for</u>
- 3 attorneys, appraisers, photographers, and other experts hired in
- 4 relation to the condemnation.
- 5 SECTION 4. Section 26.11(a), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (a) If the federal government, the state, or a political
- 8 subdivision of the state acquires the right to possession of
- 9 taxable property under a court order issued in condemnation
- 10 proceedings, assumes possession of taxable property under a
- 11 possession and use agreement, or a similar agreement, that is
- 12 entered into under threat of condemnation, or acquires title to
- 13 taxable property, the amount of the tax due on the property is
- 14 calculated by multiplying the amount of taxes imposed on the
- 15 property for the entire year as determined as provided by Section
- 16 26.09 of this code by a fraction, the denominator of which is 365
- 17 and the numerator of which is the number of days that elapsed prior
- 18 to the date of the conveyance, the effective date of the agreement,
- 19 or the date of the order granting the right of possession, as
- 20 applicable.
- 21 SECTION 5. (a) Sections 21.0111 and 21.0113, Property
- 22 Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to the acquisition of real
- 23 property in connection with an initial offer made under Section
- 24 21.0113, Property Code, on or after the effective date of this Act.
- 25 An acquisition of real property in connection with an initial offer
- 26 made under Section 21.0113, Property Code, before the effective
- 27 date of this Act is governed by the law applicable to the

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- 1 acquisition immediately before the effective date of this Act, and
- 2 that law is continued in effect for that purpose.
- 3 (b) Section 21.063, Property Code, as amended by this Act,
- 4 applies only to an appeal commenced on or after the effective date
- 5 of this Act. An appeal commenced before the effective date of this
- 6 Act is governed by the law applicable to the appeal immediately
- 7 before the effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in
- 8 effect for that purpose.
- 9 (c) Section 26.11, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, applies
- 10 only to an agreement entered into on or after the effective date of
- 11 this Act. An agreement entered into before the effective date of
- 12 this Act is governed by the law applicable to the agreement
- 13 immediately before the effective date of this Act, and that law is
- 14 continued in effect for that purpose.
- 15 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.