

By: Hancock

S.B. No. 680

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to step therapy protocols required by a health benefit plan in connection with prescription drug coverage.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. Section 1369.051, Insurance Code, is amended by amending Subdivision (1) and adding Subdivisions (1-a), (1-b), and (5) to read as follows:

(1) "Clinical practice guideline" means a statement systematically developed by health care providers to assist a patient or health care provider in making a decision about appropriate health care for a specific clinical circumstance or condition.

(1-a) "Clinical review criteria" means the written screening procedures, decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and practice guidelines used by a health benefit plan issuer, utilization review organization, or independent review organization to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of a health care service or prescription drug.

(1-b) "Drug formulary" means a list of drugs:

(A) for which a health benefit plan provides coverage;

(B) for which a health benefit plan issuer approves payment; or

(C) that a health benefit plan issuer encourages

or offers incentives for physicians to prescribe.

(5) "Step therapy protocol" means a protocol that requires an enrollee to use a prescription drug or sequence of prescription drugs other than the drug that the enrollee's physician recommends for the enrollee's treatment before the health benefit plan provides coverage for the recommended drug.

SECTION 2. Subchapter B, Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended by adding Sections 1369.0545 and 1369.0546 to read as follows:

Sec. 1369.0545. STEP THERAPY PROTOCOLS. (a) A health benefit plan issuer that requires a step therapy protocol before providing coverage for a prescription drug must establish, implement, and administer the step therapy protocol in accordance with clinical review criteria readily available to the health care industry. The clinical review criteria must be based on:

(1) generally accepted clinical practice guidelines that are:

(A) developed and endorsed by a multidisciplinary panel of experts described by Subsection (b); and

(B) based on high quality studies, research, and medical practice that are:

(i) created by an explicit and transparent process that:

(a) minimizes bias and conflicts of interest;

(b) explains the relationship between treatment options and outcomes;

1 (c) rates the quality of the evidence
2 supporting the recommendations; and

3 (d) considers relevant patient
4 subgroups and preferences; and

5 (ii) updated at appropriate intervals after
6 a review of new evidence, research, and treatments; or

7 (2) if clinical practice guidelines described by
8 Subdivision (1) are not reasonably available, peer-reviewed
9 publications developed by independent experts with expertise
10 applicable to the relevant health condition.

11 (b) A multidisciplinary panel of experts that develops and
12 endorses clinical practice guidelines under Subsection (a)(1) must
13 manage conflicts of interest by:

14 (1) requiring each member of the panel's writing or
15 review group to:

16 (A) disclose any potential conflict of interest,
17 including a conflict of interest involving an insurer, health
18 benefit plan issuer, or pharmaceutical manufacturer; and

19 (B) recuse himself or herself in any situation in
20 which the member has a conflict of interest;

21 (2) using a methodologist to work with writing groups
22 to provide objectivity in data analysis and the ranking of evidence
23 by preparing evidence tables and facilitating consensus; and

24 (3) offering an opportunity for public review and
25 comment.

26 (c) This section may not be construed to prohibit:

27 (1) a health benefit plan issuer from requiring a

patient to try an AB-rated generic equivalent drug before providing coverage for the equivalent branded prescription drug; or

(2) a prescribing provider from prescribing a prescription drug that is determined to be medically appropriate.

Sec. 1369.0546. STEP THERAPY PROTOCOL EXCEPTION REQUESTS.

(a) A health benefit plan issuer shall establish a process in a user-friendly format that is readily accessible to a patient or prescribing provider through which an exception request under this section may be submitted by the provider.

(b) A prescribing provider on behalf of a patient may submit to the patient's health benefit plan issuer a written request for an exception to a step therapy protocol required by the patient's health benefit plan. The commissioner by rule shall prescribe the form of the written request.

(c) A health benefit plan issuer shall grant a written request under Subsection (b) if the request includes the prescribing provider's written statement stating that:

(1) the drug required under the step therapy protocol:

(A) is contraindicated;

(B) will likely cause an adverse reaction in or physical or mental harm to the patient; or

(C) is expected to be ineffective based on the known clinical characteristics of the patient and the known characteristics of the prescription drug regimen;

(2) the patient previously discontinued taking the drug required under the step therapy protocol, or another prescription drug in the same pharmacologic class or with the same

mechanism of action as the required drug, while under the health benefit plan currently in force or while covered under another health benefit plan because the drug was not effective or had a diminished effect or because of an adverse event;

(3) the drug required under the step therapy protocol is not in the best interest of the patient, based on clinical appropriateness, because the patient's use of the drug is expected to:

(A) cause a significant barrier to the patient's adherence to or compliance with the patient's plan of care;

(B) worsen a comorbid condition of the patient;
or

(C) decrease the patient's ability to achieve or maintain reasonable functional ability in performing daily activities; or

(4) the drug that is subject to the step therapy protocol was prescribed for the patient's condition while under the health benefit plan currently in force or a previous health benefit plan and the patient is stable on the drug.

(d) Except as provided by Subsection (e), if a health benefit plan issuer does not deny an exception request described by Subsection (c) before 72 hours after the health benefit plan issuer receives the request, the request is considered granted.

(e) If an exception request described by Subsection (c) also states that the prescribing provider reasonably believes that denial of the request makes the death of or serious harm to the patient probable, the request is considered granted if the health

1 benefit plan issuer does not deny the request before 24 hours after
2 the health benefit plan issuer receives the request.

3 (f) The denial of an exception request under this section is
4 an adverse determination for purposes of Section 4201.002 and is
5 subject to appeal under Subchapters H and I, Chapter 4201.

6 SECTION 3. Section 4201.357, Insurance Code, is amended by
7 adding Subsection (a-2) to read as follows:

8 (a-2) An adverse determination under Section 1369.0546 is
9 entitled to an expedited appeal. The physician or other health care
10 provider deciding the appeal must consider atypical diagnoses and
11 the needs of atypical patient populations.

12 SECTION 4. Section 4201.402, Insurance Code, is amended by
13 amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsection (a-1) to read as
14 follows:

15 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (a-1), not ~~Not~~ later
16 than the third business day after the date a utilization review
17 agent receives a request for independent review, the agent shall
18 provide to the appropriate independent review organization:

19 (1) a copy of:

20 (A) any medical records of the enrollee that are
21 relevant to the review;

22 (B) any documents used by the plan in making the
23 determination to be reviewed;

24 (C) the written notification described by
25 Section 4201.359; and

26 (D) any documents and other written information
27 submitted to the agent in support of the appeal; and

(2) a list of each physician or other health care provider who:

(A) has provided care to the enrollee; and

(B) may have medical records relevant to the appeal.

(a-1) For the independent review of a step therapy protocol exception request described by Section 1369.0546(e), the utilization review agent shall provide the information described by Subsection (a) to the appropriate independent review organization not later than 24 hours after the agent receives the request for independent review.

SECTION 5. Section 4202.003, Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4202.003. REQUIREMENTS REGARDING TIMELINESS OF DETERMINATION. (a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), the ~~[The]~~ standards adopted under Section 4202.002 must require each independent review organization to make the organization's determination:

(1) for a life-threatening condition as defined by Section 4201.002 or the provision of prescription drugs or intravenous infusions for which the patient is receiving benefits under the health insurance policy, not later than the earlier of the third day after the date the organization receives the information necessary to make the determination or, with respect to:

(A) a review of a health care service provided to a person with a life-threatening condition eligible for workers' compensation medical benefits, the eighth day after the date the

organization receives the request that the determination be made;
or

(B) a review of a health care service other than a
service described by Paragraph (A), the third day after the date the
organization receives the request that the determination be made;
or

(2) for a situation other than a situation described
by Subdivision (1), not later than the earlier of:

(A) the 15th day after the date the organization
receives the information necessary to make the determination; or

(B) the 20th day after the date the organization
receives the request that the determination be made.

(b) For a review of a step therapy protocol exception
request under Section 1369.0546, the standards adopted under
Section 4202.002 must require each independent review organization
to make the organization's determination not later than:

(1) except as provided by Subdivision (2), 72 hours
after the organization receives the request that the determination
be made; or

(2) for a determination of an exception request
described by Section 1369.0546(e), 24 hours after the organization
receives the request that the determination be made.

SECTION 6. The changes in law made by this Act apply only to
a health benefit plan that is delivered, issued for delivery, or
renewed on or after January 1, 2018. A health benefit plan
delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed before January 1, 2018,
is governed by the law as it existed immediately before the

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1 effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for
2 that purpose.

3 SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.