By: Zaffirini, Garcia, Uresti

S.B. No. 972

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT relating to the reappraisal for ad valorem taxation purposes of 2 real property on which a building completely destroyed by a 3 4 casualty is located. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 5 SECTION 1. Subchapter A, Chapter 23, Tax Code, is amended by 6 adding Section 23.025 to read as follows: 7 8 Sec. 23.025. REAPPRAISAL OF PROPERTY DESTROYED BY CASUALTY. (a) A property owner may request the chief appraiser of an 9 10 appraisal district in which a residence homestead owned and occupied by the property owner is located to reappraise property 11 that is the property owner's residence homestead if a building 12 located on the property is completely destroyed by a casualty. The 13 owner must make the request in writing not later than the 180th day 14 after the date the casualty occurs. 15 (b) Except as provided by this subsection, the chief 16 17 appraiser shall reappraise property described by Subsection (a) if requested to do so by the owner of the property. The chief 18 appraiser is not required to reappraise the property if the 19 20 governing body of a taxing unit has authorized reappraisal of the same property under Section 23.02 as the result of the same 21 22 casualty. (c) The comptroller, in consultation with appraisal 23 24 districts, shall develop guidelines for determining the process for

reappraising property under this section, including for 1 2 determining whether property is completely destroyed by casualty and for calculating an appropriate value of any residence homestead 3 4 exemption and appraisal cap applied during or after the tax year for which the property is reappraised. 5 6 (d) The chief appraiser shall complete the reappraisal of 7 property as soon as practicable after a request is made. The chief appraiser shall include in the appraisal 8 (e) 9 records: 10 (1) the date the casualty occurred; (2) the appraised value of the property before the 11 12 casualty occurred; 13 (3) the appraised value of the property immediately 14 after the casualty occurred; and 15 (4) any other information required to be included in 16 the records. 17 (f) The amount of the taxes imposed by a taxing unit on property reappraised under this section for the tax year in which a 18 casualty occurs is calculated by: 19 20 (1) multiplying the amount of the taxes that otherwise would be imposed by the taxing unit on the property for the entire 21 year by a fraction, the denominator of which is 365 and the 22 numerator of which is the number of days that elapsed before the 23 24 date the casualty occurred; 25 (2) multiplying the amount of the taxes that would be imposed by the taxing unit on the property for the entire year based 26 27 on the reappraised value of the property by a fraction, the

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denominator of which is 365 and the numerator of which is the number 1 2 of days, including the date the casualty occurred, remaining in the 3 tax year; and 4 (3) adding the amounts calculated under Subdivisions 5 (1) and (2). 6 (g) If property is reappraised under this section, the 7 assessor for each taxing unit shall calculate the amount of the tax due on the property as provided by this section. If the property is 8 reappraised after the amount of the tax due on the property is 9 calculated, the assessor shall recalculate the amount of the tax 10 11 due on the property and correct the tax roll. If the tax bill has been mailed and the tax on the property has not been paid, the 12 13 assessor shall mail a corrected tax bill to the person in whose name the property is listed on the tax roll or to the person's authorized 14 agent. If the tax on the property has been paid, the tax collector 15 16 for the taxing unit shall refund to the person who paid the tax the amount by which the payment exceeded the tax due. 17

18 SECTION 2. Not later than September 1, 2018, the 19 comptroller shall develop guidelines required by Section 23.025, 20 Tax Code, as added by this Act, and shall distribute those 21 guidelines to each appraisal district.

SECTION 3. The change in law made by this Act applies to the reappraisal of real property on which a building completely destroyed by a casualty is located only if the casualty occurs on or after the effective date of this Act.

26 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives 27 a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as

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provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this
Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this
Act takes effect September 1, 2017.