1 AN ACT relating to the electronic recording and admissibility of certain 2 3 custodial interrogations. 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. Chapter 2, Code of Criminal Procedure, 5 is 6 amended by adding Article 2.32 to read as follows: 7 Art. 2.32. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF CUSTODIAL INTERROGATIONS. (a) In this article: 8 (1) "Electronic recording" means an audiovisual 9 10 electronic recording, or an audio recording if an audiovisual electronic recording is unavailable, that is authentic, accurate, 11 12 and unaltered. 13 (2) "Law enforcement agency" means an agency of the state, or of a county, municipality, or other political subdivision 14 15 of this state, that employs peace officers who, in the routine performance of the <u>officers'</u> duties, conduct custodial 16 interrogations of persons suspected of committing criminal 17 offenses. 18 19 (3) "Place of detention" means a police station or other building that is a place of operation for a law enforcement 20 21 agency, including a municipal police department or county sheriff's 22 department, and is owned or operated by the law enforcement agency for the purpose of detaining persons in connection with the

suspected violation of a penal law. The term does not include a

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   courthouse.
         (b) Unless good cause exists that makes electronic
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   recording infeasible, a law enforcement agency shall make a
   complete and contemporaneous electronic recording of any custodial
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   interrogation that occurs in a place of detention and is of a person
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   suspected of committing or charged with the commission of an
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   offense under:
              (1) Section 19.02, Penal Code (murder);
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                   Section 19.03, Penal Code (capital murder);
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              (2)
                   Section 20.03, Penal Code (kidnapping);
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              (3)
              (4) Section
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                              20.04, Penal Code
                                                       (aggravated
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   kidnapping);
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              (5) Section 20A.02, Penal Code (trafficking of
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   persons);
              (6) Section 20A.03, Penal Code (continuous
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   trafficking of persons);
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              (7) Section 21.02, Penal Code (continuous sexual abuse
   of young child or children);
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              (8) Section 21.11, Penal Code (indecency with a
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   child);
              (9) Section 21.12, Penal Code (improper relationship
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   between educator and student);
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              (10) Section 22.011, Penal Code (sexual assault);
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              (11) Section 22.021, Penal Code (aggravated sexual
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   assault); or
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              (12) Section 43.25, Penal Code (sexual performance by
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   a child).
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1 (c) For purposes of Subsection (b), an electronic recording 2 of a custodial interrogation is complete only if the recording: (1) begins at or before the time the person being 3 4 interrogated enters the area of the place of detention in which the custodial interrogation will take place or receives a warning 5 described by Section 2(a), Article 38.22, whichever is earlier; and 6 7 (2) continues until the time the interrogation ceases. (d) For purposes of Subsection (b), good cause that makes 8 9 electronic recording infeasible includes the following: 10 (1) the person being interrogated refused to respond 11 or cooperate in a custodial interrogation at which an electronic recording was being made, provided that: 12 13 (A) a contemporaneous recording of the refusal 14 was made; or 15 (B) the peace officer or agent of the law 16 enforcement agency conducting the interrogation attempted, in good faith, to record the person's refusal but the person was unwilling 17 18 to have the refusal recorded, and the peace officer or agent contemporaneously, in writing, documented the refusal; 19 20 (2) the statement was not made as the result of a custodial interrogation, including a statement that was made 21 spontaneously by the accused and not in response to a question by a 22 23 peace officer; (3) the peace officer or agent of the law enforcement 24 25 agency conducting the interrogation attempted, in good faith, to record the interrogation but the recording equipment did not 26

function, the officer or agent inadvertently operated the equipment

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- 1 incorrectly, or the equipment malfunctioned or stopped operating
- 2 without the knowledge of the officer or agent;
- 3 (4) exigent public safety concerns prevented or
- 4 rendered infeasible the making of an electronic recording of the
- 5 statement; or
- 6 (5) the peace officer or agent of the law enforcement
- 7 agency conducting the interrogation reasonably believed at the time
- 8 the interrogation commenced that the person being interrogated was
- 9 not taken into custody for or being interrogated concerning the
- 10 commission of an offense listed in Subsection (b).
- 11 (e) A recording of a custodial interrogation that complies
- 12 with this article is exempt from public disclosure as provided by
- 13 Section 552.108, Government Code.
- 14 SECTION 2. Article 38.22, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
- 15 amended by adding Section 9 to read as follows:
- Sec. 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 17 article, no oral, sign language, or written statement that is made
- 18 by a person accused of an offense listed in Article 2.32(b) and made
- 19 as a result of a custodial interrogation occurring in a place of
- 20 detention, as that term is defined by Article 2.32, is admissible
- 21 against the accused in a criminal proceeding unless:
- 22 (1) an electronic recording was made of the statement,
- 23 as required by Article 2.32(b); or
- 24 (2) the attorney representing the state offers proof
- 25 satisfactory to the court that good cause, as described by Article
- 26 2.32(d), existed that made electronic recording of the custodial
- 27 interrogation infeasible.

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L	SECTION 3. Section 9, Article 38.22, Code of Criminal
2	Procedure, as added by this Act, applies to the use of a statement
3	resulting from a custodial interrogation that occurs on or after
1	March 1, 2018, regardless of whether the criminal offense giving
5	rise to that interrogation is committed before, on, or after that
5	date.
7	SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2017.
	President of the Senate Speaker of the House
	I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1253 passed the Senate on
	April 24, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 25, Nays 5.
	Secretary of the Senate
	I hereby certify that S.B. No. 1253 passed the House on
	May 22, 2017, by the following vote: Yeas 115, Nays 28, two
	present not voting.
	Chief Clerk of the House
	Approved:
	npproved.
	Date
	Governor