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| BILL ANALYSIS |

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| H.B. 2526 |
| By: Leach |
| Public Education |
| Committee Report (Unamended) |

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| **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE** It has been noted that in some cases, the boundaries of multiple public school districts cross through a single property, thus putting into question which school district the residents are to attend. H.B. 2526 seeks to minimize confusion and maximize choice by ensuring that a student residing on such a property is allowed to attend the schools of any district in which the property is located. |
| **CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT**It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision. |
| **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY** It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution. |
| **ANALYSIS** H.B. 2526 amends the Education Code to require the board of trustees of a public school district or its designee to admit into the district's schools free of tuition a person who is otherwise qualified by age and who resides with either of the person's parents in a residence homestead that is located on a parcel of property any part of which is located in the district. |
| **EFFECTIVE DATE** On passage, or, if the bill does not receive the necessary vote, September 1, 2019. |