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| BILL ANALYSIS |

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| S.B. 1350 |
| By: Watson |
| County Affairs |
| Committee Report (Unamended) |

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| **BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE** It has been noted that certain hospital districts across Texas are using health care provider participation programs to generate local revenue to draw down federal dollars and that, as a result, hospitals in these communities have received millions of additional dollars in Medicaid payments, dollars that otherwise would have gone elsewhere. S.B. 1350 seeks to provide for such a program for certain other hospital districts, such as the Travis County Hospital District. |
| **CRIMINAL JUSTICE IMPACT**It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly create a criminal offense, increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision. |
| **RULEMAKING AUTHORITY** It is the committee's opinion that this bill does not expressly grant any additional rulemaking authority to a state officer, department, agency, or institution. |
| **ANALYSIS** S.B. 1350 amends the Health and Safety Code to provide for a health care provider participation program for a hospital district created in a county with a population of more than 800,000 that was not included in the boundaries of a hospital district before September 1, 2003. The bill authorizes the board of hospital managers of an applicable hospital district to authorize the district to participate in a program on the affirmative vote of a majority of the board. The bill authorizes a board to require a mandatory payment by an institutional health care provider located in the district under the program, authorizes a board to adopt rules relating to the administration of a program, provides for certain institutional health care provider reporting, and defines, among other terms, "institutional health care provider" as a hospital that is not owned and operated by a federal, state, or local government and provides inpatient hospital services. The bill sets out its purpose and sets a district's authority to administer and operate a program, and sets the bill's provisions, to expire December 31, 2023. S.B. 1350 provides for an annual public hearing on the amounts of any mandatory payments that a board intends to require during the year and how the revenue derived from those payments is to be spent. The bill provides for the designation of one or more banks as a depository for a district's local provider participation fund and provides for the creation, composition, and use of the fund.  S.B. 1350 provides for the amount, assessment, and collection of a mandatory payment. The bill authorizes a board to provide by rule for an alternative provision or procedure that conforms to the requirements of the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services to the extent any provision or procedure under the bill's provisions causes a mandatory payment to be ineligible for federal matching funds, sets out provisions relating to such rules, and conditions a district's assessment and collection of a mandatory payment on an applicable waiver program, uniform rate enhancement, or reimbursement being available to the district. S.B. 1350 requires the board of hospital managers of a hospital district, as soon as practicable after the expiration of the district's authority to administer and operate a health care provider participation program under the bill's provisions, to transfer to each institutional health care provider in the district that provider's proportionate share of any remaining funds in any local provider participation fund created by the district.  |
| **EFFECTIVE DATE** On passage, or, if the bill does not receive the necessary vote, September 1, 2019. |
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