86R16849 EAS-D

By:  Ramos H.B. No. 3017

Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3017:

By:  Ortega C.S.H.B. No. 3017

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to the requirements for conducting a pelvic examination; authorizing disciplinary action.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1.  Subtitle H, Title 2, Health and Safety Code, is amended by adding Chapter 167A to read as follows:

CHAPTER 167A. PELVIC EXAMINATIONS

Sec. 167A.001.  CERTAIN PELVIC EXAMINATIONS PROHIBITED. A health care practitioner, including a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse, who is licensed to practice in this state may not perform, or instruct any other person to perform, a pelvic examination on a patient unless:

(1)  the patient or the patient's legally authorized representative provides informed consent for the pelvic examination;

(2)  the pelvic examination meets the standard of care for diagnosing or treating the patient's medical condition; or

(3)  if the patient is unconscious, the pelvic examination is required for diagnosis or treatment of the patient's medical condition.

Sec. 167A.002.  DISCIPLINARY ACTION. A health care practitioner who violates Section 167A.001 is subject to disciplinary action by the state regulatory agency that issued a license to the practitioner, including the imposition of an administrative penalty.

SECTION 2.  Section 164.052(a), Occupations Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a)  A physician or an applicant for a license to practice medicine commits a prohibited practice if that person:

(1)  submits to the board a false or misleading statement, document, or certificate in an application for a license;

(2)  presents to the board a license, certificate, or diploma that was illegally or fraudulently obtained;

(3)  commits fraud or deception in taking or passing an examination;

(4)  uses alcohol or drugs in an intemperate manner that, in the board's opinion, could endanger a patient's life;

(5)  commits unprofessional or dishonorable conduct that is likely to deceive or defraud the public, as provided by Section 164.053, or injure the public;

(6)  uses an advertising statement that is false, misleading, or deceptive;

(7)  advertises professional superiority or the performance of professional service in a superior manner if that advertising is not readily subject to verification;

(8)  purchases, sells, barters, or uses, or offers to purchase, sell, barter, or use, a medical degree, license, certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a license, certificate, or diploma in or incident to an application to the board for a license to practice medicine;

(9)  alters, with fraudulent intent, a medical license, certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a medical license, certificate, or diploma;

(10)  uses a medical license, certificate, or diploma, or a transcript of a medical license, certificate, or diploma that has been:

(A)  fraudulently purchased or issued;

(B)  counterfeited; or

(C)  materially altered;

(11)  impersonates or acts as proxy for another person in an examination required by this subtitle for a medical license;

(12)  engages in conduct that subverts or attempts to subvert an examination process required by this subtitle for a medical license;

(13)  impersonates a physician or permits another to use the person's license or certificate to practice medicine in this state;

(14)  directly or indirectly employs a person whose license to practice medicine has been suspended, canceled, or revoked;

(15)  associates in the practice of medicine with a person:

(A)  whose license to practice medicine has been suspended, canceled, or revoked; or

(B)  who has been convicted of the unlawful practice of medicine in this state or elsewhere;

(16)  performs or procures a criminal abortion, aids or abets in the procuring of a criminal abortion, attempts to perform or procure a criminal abortion, or attempts to aid or abet the performance or procurement of a criminal abortion;

(17)  directly or indirectly aids or abets the practice of medicine by a person, partnership, association, or corporation that is not licensed to practice medicine by the board;

(18)  performs an abortion on a woman who is pregnant with a viable unborn child during the third trimester of the pregnancy unless:

(A)  the abortion is necessary to prevent the death of the woman;

(B)  the viable unborn child has a severe, irreversible brain impairment; or

(C)  the woman is diagnosed with a significant likelihood of suffering imminent severe, irreversible brain damage or imminent severe, irreversible paralysis;

(19)  performs an abortion on an unemancipated minor without the written consent of the child's parent, managing conservator, or legal guardian or without a court order, as provided by Section 33.003 or 33.004, Family Code, unless the abortion is necessary due to a medical emergency, as defined by Section 171.002, Health and Safety Code;

(20)  otherwise performs an abortion on an unemancipated minor in violation of Chapter 33, Family Code; [~~or~~]

(21)  performs or induces or attempts to perform or induce an abortion in violation of Subchapter C, F, or G, Chapter 171, Health and Safety Code; or

(22)  performs a pelvic examination in violation of Section 167A.001, Health and Safety Code.

SECTION 3.  The changes in law made by this Act apply only to a pelvic examination performed on or after the effective date of this Act. A pelvic examination performed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect when the pelvic examination occurred, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

SECTION 4.  This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.