86R7849 MEW-F

By:  Tinderholt H.B. No. 3926

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to creating the criminal offenses of obtaining medical treatment by deception for a child, elderly individual, or disabled individual and continuous abuse of a child, elderly individual, or disabled individual.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1.  This Act shall be known as Alyssa's Law.

SECTION 2.  Chapter 22, Penal Code, is amended by adding Sections 22.042 and 22.043 to read as follows:

Sec. 22.042.  OBTAINING MEDICAL TREATMENT BY DECEPTION FOR CHILD, ELDERLY INDIVIDUAL, OR DISABLED INDIVIDUAL. (a) In this section:

(1)  "Child," "disabled individual," and "elderly individual" have the meanings assigned by Section 22.04.

(2)  "Medical history" includes any oral or written communication regarding an individual's current or previous symptoms, diagnoses, or family medical history.

(3)  "Medical treatment" includes a prescription for a controlled substance or other medication, an injection, inpatient or outpatient surgery, or other medical care occurring under the direction of or by a licensed physician.

(b)  A person commits an offense if the person intentionally provides false medical history to medical personnel to obtain medical treatment for a child, elderly individual, or disabled individual.

(c)  An offense under this section is a felony of the third degree.

Sec. 22.043.  CONTINUOUS ABUSE OF CHILD, ELDERLY INDIVIDUAL, OR DISABLED INDIVIDUAL. (a) A person commits an offense if, during a period that is 30 or more days but less than five years in duration, the person engages two or more times in conduct that constitutes an offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042 against one or more victims.

(b)  If a jury is the trier of fact, members of the jury are not required to agree unanimously on which specific conduct engaged in by the defendant constituted an offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042 or on which exact date the defendant engaged in that conduct. The jury must agree unanimously that the defendant, during a period that is 30 or more days but less than five years in duration, engaged two or more times in conduct that constituted an offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042.

(c)  If the victim of an offense under Subsection (a) is the same victim as a victim of an offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042, a defendant may not be convicted of the offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042 in the same criminal action as the offense under Subsection (a), unless the offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042:

(1)  is charged in the alternative;

(2)  occurred outside the period in which the offense alleged under Subsection (a) was committed; or

(3)  is considered by the trier of fact to be a lesser included offense of the offense alleged under Subsection (a).

(d)  A defendant may not be charged with more than one count under Subsection (a) if all of the conduct that constitutes an offense under Section 22.04 or 22.042 is alleged to have been committed against the same victim.

(e)  An offense under this section is a felony of the second degree.

SECTION 3.  The change in law made by this Act applies only to an offense committed on or after the effective date of this Act. An offense committed before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law in effect on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this section, an offense was committed before the effective date of this Act if any element of the offense occurred before that date.

SECTION 4.  This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.