By: Beckley

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to certain statutory changes to reflect and address same-sex marriages and parenting relationships and to the removal 3 of provisions regarding the criminality or unacceptability of 4 5 homosexual conduct. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 6 ARTICLE 1. FAMILY CODE PROVISIONS 7 SECTION 1.01. Subchapter A, Chapter 1, Family Code, is 8 9 amended by adding Section 1.0015 to read as follows: Sec. 1.0015. CONSTRUCTION OF GENDER-SPECIFIC TERMINOLOGY. 10 When necessary to implement the rights and duties of spouses or 11 parents in a marriage between persons of the same sex under the laws 12 of this state, gender-specific terminology must be construed in a 13 neutral manner to refer to a person of either gender. 14 SECTION 1.02. Section 2.001(a), Family Code, is amended to 15 read as follows: 16 Two individuals [A man and a woman] desiring to enter 17 (a) into a ceremonial marriage must obtain a marriage license from the 18 county clerk of any county of this state. 19 SECTION 1.03. Section 2.004(b), Family Code, is amended to 20 21 read as follows: (b) The application form must contain: 22 23 (1) a heading entitled "Application for Marriage License, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Texas"; 24

1 (2) spaces for each applicant's full name, including the [woman's maiden] surname of an applicant intending to change 2 the applicant's surname as a result of the marriage, address, 3 social security number, if any, date of birth, and place of birth, 4 5 including city, county, and state; 6 (3) a space for indicating the document tendered by 7 each applicant as proof of identity and age; 8 (4) spaces for indicating whether each applicant has been divorced within the last 30 days; 9 (5) printed boxes for each applicant to check "true" 10 or "false" in response to the following statement: "I am not 11 12 presently married and the other applicant is not presently married."; 13 printed boxes for each applicant to check "true" 14 (6) 15 or "false" in response to the following statement: "The other applicant is not related to me as: 16 an ancestor or descendant, 17 (A) by blood or adoption; 18 a brother or sister, of the whole or half 19 (B) blood or by adoption; 20 21 (C) a parent's brother or sister, of the whole or half blood or by adoption; 22 a son or daughter of a brother or sister, of 23 (D) 24 the whole or half blood or by adoption; 25 a current or former stepchild or stepparent; (E) 26 οr a son or daughter of a parent's brother or 27 (F)

1 sister, of the whole or half blood or by adoption.";

2 (7) printed boxes for each applicant to check "true"
3 or "false" in response to the following statement: "I am not
4 presently delinquent in the payment of court-ordered child
5 support.";

6 (8) a printed oath reading: "I SOLEMNLY SWEAR (OR
7 AFFIRM) THAT THE INFORMATION I HAVE GIVEN IN THIS APPLICATION IS
8 CORRECT.";

9 (9) spaces immediately below the printed oath for the 10 applicants' signatures;

11 (10) a certificate of the county clerk that:

12 (A) each applicant made the oath and the date and13 place that it was made; or

(B) an applicant did not appear personally but the prerequisites for the license have been fulfilled as provided by this chapter;

17 (11) spaces for indicating the date of the marriage 18 and the county in which the marriage is performed;

(12) a space for the address to which the applicantsdesire the completed license to be mailed; and

(13) a printed box for each applicant to check indicating that the applicant wishes to make a voluntary contribution of \$5 to promote healthy early childhood by supporting the Texas Home Visiting Program administered by the Office of Early Childhood Coordination of the Health and Human Services Commission. SECTION 1.04. Section 2.401(a), Family Code, is amended to read as follows:

(a) In a judicial, administrative, or other proceeding, the
 marriage of two individuals [a man and woman] may be proved by
 evidence that:

4 (1) a declaration of their marriage has been signed as5 provided by this subchapter; or

6 (2) the <u>individuals</u> [man and woman] agreed to be 7 married and after the agreement they lived together in this state as 8 <u>spouses</u> [husband and wife] and there represented to others that 9 they were married.

10 SECTION 1.05. Section 2.402(b), Family Code, is amended to 11 read as follows:

12 (b) The declaration form must contain:

13 (1) a heading entitled "Declaration and Registration
14 of Informal Marriage, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Texas";

(2) spaces for each party's full name, including the [woman's maiden] surname <u>of a party intending to change the party's</u> <u>surname as a result of the marriage</u>, address, date of birth, place of birth, including city, county, and state, and social security number, if any;

(3) a space for indicating the type of documenttendered by each party as proof of age and identity;

(4) printed boxes for each party to check "true" or
"false" in response to the following statement: "The other party
is not related to me as:

(A) an ancestor or descendant, by blood or26 adoption;

27 (B) a brother or sister, of the whole or half

1 blood or by adoption; a parent's brother or sister, of the whole or 2 (C) 3 half blood or by adoption; 4 (D) a son or daughter of a brother or sister, of 5 the whole or half blood or by adoption; 6 (E) a current or former stepchild or stepparent; 7 or a son or daughter of a parent's brother or 8 (F) sister, of the whole or half blood or by adoption."; 9 10 (5) a printed declaration and oath reading: "I SOLEMNLY SWEAR (OR AFFIRM) THAT WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, ARE MARRIED TO 11 EACH OTHER BY VIRTUE OF THE FOLLOWING FACTS: ON OR ABOUT (DATE) WE 12 AGREED TO BE MARRIED, AND AFTER THAT DATE WE LIVED TOGETHER AS 13 SPOUSES [HUSBAND AND WIFE] AND IN THIS STATE WE REPRESENTED TO 14 15 OTHERS THAT WE WERE MARRIED. SINCE THE DATE OF MARRIAGE TO THE 16 OTHER PARTY I HAVE NOT BEEN MARRIED TO ANY OTHER PERSON. THIS DECLARATION IS TRUE AND THE INFORMATION IN IT WHICH I HAVE GIVEN IS 17 CORRECT."; 18 (6) spaces immediately below the printed declaration 19 and oath for the parties' signatures; and 20 21 a certificate of the county clerk that the parties (7) made the declaration and oath and the place and date it was made. 2.2 SECTION 1.06. Section 3.401, Family Code, is amended by 23 24 adding Subdivision (1) and amending Subdivisions (4) and (5) to read as follows: 25 26 (1) "Civil union" means any relationship status other 27 than marriage that:

H.B. No. 978 1 (A) is intended as an alternative to marriage or applies primarily to cohabitating persons; and 2 (B) grants to the parties of the relationship 3 legal protections, benefits, or responsibilities granted to the 4 spouses of a marriage. 5 (4) "Marital estate" means one of three estates: 6 7 the community property owned by the spouses (A) 8 together and referred to as the community marital estate; or 9 the separate property owned individually by (B) each spouse [the husband] and referred to as a separate marital 10 estate[<del>; or</del> 11 12 [(C) the separate property owned individually by the wife, also referred to as a separate marital estate]. 13 14 (5) "Spouse" means one of the two individuals who are 15 the parties to: 16 (A) a marriage; or 17 (B) [a husband, who is a man, or a wife, who is a woman. A member of] a civil union [or similar relationship] entered 18 19 into in another state [between persons of the same sex is not a spouse]. 20 21 SECTION 1.07. Section 6.104(b), Family Code, is amended to read as follows: 2.2 In exercising its discretion, the court shall consider 23 (b) 24 the pertinent facts concerning the welfare of the parties to the marriage, including whether a spouse [the female] is pregnant. 25 26 SECTION 1.08. Section 6.202(b), Family Code, is amended to read as follows: 27

1 (b) The later marriage that is void under this section 2 becomes valid when the prior marriage is dissolved if, after the 3 date of the dissolution, the parties have lived together as <u>spouses</u> 4 [husband and wife] and represented themselves to others as being 5 married.

6 SECTION 1.09. Section 6.203, Family Code, is amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Sec. 6.203. CERTAIN VOID MARRIAGES VALIDATED. Except for a marriage that would have been void under Section 6.201, a marriage 9 10 that was entered into before January 1, 1970, in violation of the prohibitions of Article 496, Penal Code of Texas, 1925, is 11 12 validated from the date the marriage commenced if the parties continued until January 1, 1970, to live together as spouses 13 14 [husband and wife] and to represent themselves to others as being 15 married.

16 SECTION 1.10. Section 6.704, Family Code, is amended to 17 read as follows:

Sec. 6.704. TESTIMONY OF <u>SPOUSE</u> [HUSBAND OR WIFE]. (a) In a suit for dissolution of a marriage, <u>each spouse is a</u> [the husband and wife are] competent <u>witness</u> [witnesses] for and against <u>the</u> [each] other <u>spouse</u>. A spouse may not be compelled to testify as to a matter that will incriminate the spouse.

(b) If <u>a spouse</u> [the husband or wife] testifies, the court
or jury trying the case shall determine the credibility of the
witness and the weight to be given the witness's testimony.

26 SECTION 1.11. Chapter 51, Family Code, is amended by adding 27 Section 51.015 to read as follows:

<u>Sec. 51.015. CONSTRUCTION OF GENDER-SPECIFIC TERMINOLOGY.</u>
 <u>When necessary to implement the rights and duties of spouses or</u>
 <u>parents in a marriage between persons of the same sex under the laws</u>
 <u>of this state, gender-specific terminology must be construed in a</u>
 <u>neutral manner to refer to a person of either gender.</u>

6 SECTION 1.12. Chapter 101, Family Code, is amended by 7 adding Section 101.0012 to read as follows:

8 <u>Sec. 101.0012. CONSTRUCTION</u> OF <u>GENDER-SPECIFIC</u> 9 <u>TERMINOLOGY. When necessary to implement the rights and duties of</u> 10 <u>spouses or parents in a marriage between persons of the same sex</u> 11 <u>under the laws of this state, gender-specific terminology must be</u> 12 <u>construed in a neutral manner to refer to a person of either gender.</u> 13 SECTION 1.13. Section 101.024(a), Family Code, is amended

14 to read as follows:

15 (a) "Parent" means the mother, a man presumed to be the father, an individual [a man] legally determined to be a parent [the 16 17 father], an individual [a man] who has been adjudicated to be a parent [the father] by a court of competent jurisdiction, a man who 18 has acknowledged his parentage [paternity] under applicable law, or 19 an adoptive mother or father. Except as provided by Subsection (b), 20 21 the term does not include a parent as to whom the parent-child relationship has been terminated. 22

23 SECTION 1.14. Section 108.009(b), Family Code, is amended 24 to read as follows:

(b) The new certificate may not show that <u>a parent-child</u> [the father and child] relationship was established after the child's birth but may show the child's actual place and date of

1 birth.

2 SECTION 1.15. Section 152.310(d), Family Code, is amended 3 to read as follows:

4 (d) A privilege against disclosure of communications
5 between spouses and a defense of immunity based on the relationship
6 of <u>spouses</u> [husband and wife] or parent and child may not be invoked
7 in a proceeding under this subchapter.

8 SECTION 1.16. Section 153.312(b), Family Code, is amended 9 to read as follows:

10 (b) The following provisions govern possession of the child 11 for vacations and certain specific holidays and supersede 12 conflicting weekend or Thursday periods of possession. The 13 possessory conservator and the managing conservator shall have 14 rights of possession of the child as follows:

(1) the possessory conservator shall have possession in even-numbered years, beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for the school's spring vacation and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that vacation, and the managing conservator shall have possession for the same period in odd-numbered years;

21

## (2) if a possessory conservator:

(A) gives the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 30 days beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the

1 end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two 2 separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each 3 period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each 4 applicable day; or

5 (B) does not give the managing conservator 6 written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period 7 or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall 8 have possession of the child for 30 consecutive days beginning at 6 9 p.m. on July 1 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 31;

10 (3) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year, the managing 11 conservator shall have possession of the child on any one weekend 12 beginning Friday at 6 p.m. and ending at 6 p.m. on the following 13 14 Sunday during one period of possession by the possessory 15 conservator under Subdivision (2), provided that the managing conservator picks up the child from the possessory conservator and 16 17 returns the child to that same place; and

(4) if the managing conservator gives the possessory 18 19 conservator written notice by April 15 of each year or gives the possessory conservator 14 days' written notice on or after April 16 20 of each year, the managing conservator may designate one weekend 21 beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is 22 23 dismissed for the summer vacation and ending not later than seven 24 days before school resumes at the end of the summer vacation, during which an otherwise scheduled weekend period of possession by the 25 26 possessory conservator will not take place, provided that the weekend designated does not interfere with the possessory 27

1 conservator's period or periods of extended summer possession or
2 with Father's Day if the possessory conservator is <u>a</u> [the] father of
3 the child who is entitled to possession of the child for Father's
4 Day weekend that year.

5 SECTION 1.17. Sections 153.313 and 153.314, Family Code, 6 are amended to read as follows:

7 Sec. 153.313. PARENTS WHO RESIDE OVER 100 MILES APART. If 8 the possessory conservator resides more than 100 miles from the 9 residence of the child, the possessory conservator shall have the 10 right to possession of the child as follows:

either regular weekend possession beginning on the 11 (1) 12 first, third, and fifth Friday as provided under the terms applicable to parents who reside 100 miles or less apart or not more 13 14 than one weekend per month of the possessory conservator's choice 15 beginning at 6 p.m. on the day school recesses for the weekend and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after the weekend, 16 17 provided that the possessory conservator gives the managing conservator 14 days' written or telephonic notice preceding a 18 19 designated weekend, and provided that the possessory conservator elects an option for this alternative period of possession by 20 written notice given to the managing conservator within 90 days 21 after the parties begin to reside more than 100 miles apart, as 22 23 applicable;

(2) each year beginning at 6 p.m. on the day the child is dismissed from school for the school's spring vacation and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that vacation;

1

(3) if the possessory conservator:

2 (A) gives the managing conservator written 3 notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have 4 5 possession of the child for 42 days beginning not earlier than the day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation 6 and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the 7 8 end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each 9 10 period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each applicable day; or 11

(B) does not give the managing conservator written notice by April 1 of each year specifying an extended period or periods of summer possession, the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for 42 consecutive days beginning at 6 p.m. on June 15 and ending at 6 p.m. on July 27;

17 (4) if the managing conservator gives the possessory conservator written notice by April 15 of each year the managing 18 conservator shall have possession of the child on one weekend 19 beginning Friday at 6 p.m. and ending at 6 p.m. on the following 20 Sunday during one period of possession by the possessory 21 conservator under Subdivision (3), provided that if a period of 22 possession by the possessory conservator exceeds 30 days, the 23 24 managing conservator may have possession of the child under the 25 terms of this subdivision on two nonconsecutive weekends during 26 that time period, and further provided that the managing conservator picks up the child from the possessory conservator and 27

1 returns the child to that same place; and

(5) if the managing conservator gives the possessory 2 3 conservator written notice by April 15 of each year, the managing conservator may designate 21 days beginning not earlier than the 4 day after the child's school is dismissed for the summer vacation 5 and ending not later than seven days before school resumes at the 6 end of the summer vacation, to be exercised in not more than two 7 8 separate periods of at least seven consecutive days each, with each period of possession beginning and ending at 6 p.m. on each 9 10 applicable day, during which the possessory conservator may not have possession of the child, provided that the period or periods so 11 12 designated do not interfere with the possessory conservator's period or periods of extended summer possession or with Father's 13 Day if the possessory conservator is a [the] father of the child who 14 15 is entitled to possession of the child for Father's Day weekend that 16 year.

Sec. 153.314. HOLIDAY POSSESSION UNAFFECTED BY DISTANCE 17 PARENTS RESIDE APART. The following provisions govern possession 18 19 of the child for certain specific holidays and supersede conflicting weekend or Thursday periods of possession without 20 regard to the distance the parents reside apart. The possessory 21 conservator and the managing conservator shall have rights of 22 23 possession of the child as follows:

(1) the possessory conservator shall have possession
of the child in even-numbered years beginning at 6 p.m. on the day
the child is dismissed from school for the Christmas school
vacation and ending at noon on December 28, and the managing

1 conservator shall have possession for the same period in 2 odd-numbered years;

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3 (2) the possessory conservator shall have possession 4 of the child in odd-numbered years beginning at noon on December 28 5 and ending at 6 p.m. on the day before school resumes after that 6 vacation, and the managing conservator shall have possession for 7 the same period in even-numbered years;

8 (3) the possessory conservator shall have possession 9 of the child in odd-numbered years, beginning at 6 p.m. on the day 10 the child is dismissed from school before Thanksgiving and ending 11 at 6 p.m. on the following Sunday, and the managing conservator 12 shall have possession for the same period in even-numbered years;

(4) the parent not otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to present possession of a child on the child's birthday shall have possession of the child beginning at 6 p.m. and ending at 8 p.m. on that day, provided that the parent picks up the child from the residence of the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place;

19 (5)if a conservator, the father shall have possession 20 of the child beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday preceding Father's Day and ending on Father's Day at 6 p.m., provided that, if he is not 21 otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to present 22 23 possession of the child, he picks up the child from the residence of 24 the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place, except that if the child has two fathers appointed 25 26 as conservators, the managing conservator shall have possession of the child for the period described by this subdivision in 27

1 even-numbered years and the possessory conservator shall have possession of the child for that period in odd-numbered years; and 2 if a conservator, the mother shall have possession 3 (6) of the child beginning at 6 p.m. on the Friday preceding Mother's 4 Day and ending on Mother's Day at 6 p.m., provided that, if she is 5 not otherwise entitled under this standard possession order to 6 present possession of the child, she picks up the child from the 7 8 residence of the conservator entitled to possession and returns the child to that same place, except that if the child has two mothers 9 10 appointed as conservators, the managing conservator shall have possession of the child for the period described by this 11 12 subdivision in even-numbered years and the possessory conservator

13 shall have possession of the child for that period in odd-numbered 14 years.

15 SECTION 1.18. The following provisions of the Family Code 16 are repealed:

17

(1) Section 2.001(b); and

18 (2) Section 6.204.

19 SECTION 1.19. The change in law made by this article to 20 Section 108.009(b), Family Code, applies only to a new birth 21 certificate for a child born on or after the effective date of this 22 Act. A new birth certificate for a child born before that date is 23 governed by the law in effect on the date the child was born, and the 24 former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

25 SECTION 1.20. The changes in law made by this article to 26 Sections 153.312(b), 153.313, and 153.314, Family Code, apply only 27 to a court order providing for possession of or access to a child

1 rendered on or after the effective date of this Act. A court order 2 rendered before the effective date of this Act is governed by the 3 law in effect on the date the order was rendered, and the former law 4 is continued in effect for that purpose.

5

ARTICLE 2. HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE PROVISIONS

6 SECTION 2.01. Section 85.007(b), Health and Safety Code, is 7 amended to read as follows:

8 (b) The materials in the education programs intended for 9 persons younger than 18 years of age must[+

10 [(1)] emphasize sexual abstinence before marriage and 11 fidelity in marriage as the expected standard in terms of public 12 health and the most effective ways to prevent HIV infection, 13 sexually transmitted diseases, and unwanted pregnancies[; and

14 [(2) state that homosexual conduct is not an 15 acceptable lifestyle and is a criminal offense under Section 21.06, 16 Penal Code].

SECTION 2.02. Section 163.001(a), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

19 (a) The department shall develop a model public health 20 education program suitable for school-age children and shall make 21 the program available to any person on request. The program should 22 emphasize:

(1) that abstinence from sexual intercourse is the
most effective protection against unwanted teenage pregnancy,
sexually transmitted diseases, and acquired immune deficiency
syndrome (AIDS) when transmitted sexually;

27 (2) that abstinence from sexual intercourse outside of

1 [lawful] marriage is the expected societal standard for school-age 2 unmarried persons; and

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3 (3) the physical, emotional, and psychological 4 dangers of substance abuse, including the risk of acquired immune 5 deficiency syndrome (AIDS) through the sharing of needles during 6 intravenous drug usage.

7 SECTION 2.03. Section 163.002, Health and Safety Code, is 8 amended to read as follows:

9 Sec. 163.002. INSTRUCTIONAL ELEMENTS. Course materials and 10 instruction relating to sexual education or sexually transmitted 11 diseases should include:

(1) an emphasis on sexual abstinence as the only completely reliable method of avoiding unwanted teenage pregnancy and sexually transmitted diseases;

15 (2) an emphasis on the importance of self-control, 16 responsibility, and ethical conduct in making decisions relating to 17 sexual behavior;

18 (3) statistics, based on the latest medical 19 information, that indicate the efficacy of the various forms of 20 contraception;

(4) information concerning the laws relating to the financial responsibilities associated with pregnancy, childbirth, and child rearing;

(5) information concerning the laws prohibiting sexual abuse and the legal and counseling options available to victims of sexual abuse;

27 (6) information on how to cope with and rebuff

1 unwanted physical and verbal sexual advances, as well as the 2 importance of avoiding the sexual exploitation of other persons; 3 and

4 (7) psychologically sound methods of resisting
5 unwanted peer pressure[; and

6 [(8) emphasis, provided in a factual manner and from a 7 public health perspective, that homosexuality is not a lifestyle 8 acceptable to the general public and that homosexual conduct is a 9 criminal offense under Section 21.06, Penal Code].

10 SECTION 2.04. Section 191.0046(b), Health and Safety Code, 11 is amended to read as follows:

(b) The state registrar shall issue without fee a certified copy of a record not otherwise prohibited by law to a veteran or to the veteran's widow <u>or widower</u>, orphan, or other dependent if the copy is for use in settling a claim against the government.

SECTION 2.05. Section 193.006(a), Health and Safety Code, is amended to read as follows:

18 (a) This section applies to the death certificate of a19 person who:

(1) served in a war, campaign, or expedition of the
21 United States, the Confederate States of America, or the Republic
22 of Texas;

(2) was the <u>spouse, widower</u>, [wife] or widow of a
person who served in a war, campaign, or expedition of the United
States, the Confederate States of America, or the Republic of
Texas; or

27 (3) at the time of death was in the service of the

H.B. No. 978 1 United States. 2 SECTION 2.06. Section 574.045(d), Health and Safety Code, 3 is amended to read as follows: 4 (d) A female patient must be accompanied by a female 5 attendant unless the patient is accompanied by her father, male 6 spouse [husband], or adult brother or son. 7 ARTICLE 3. PENAL CODE REPEALER SECTION 3.01. Section 21.06, Penal Code, is repealed. 8 ARTICLE 4. EFFECTIVE DATE 9 10 SECTION 4.01. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.