By: Bell of Montgomery

H.B. No. 1126

	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
1	AN ACT
2	relating to the civil liability of certain businesses in connection
3	with allowing concealed handguns on the business premises.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
5	SECTION 1. Title 4, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, is
6	amended by adding Chapter 95A to read as follows:
7	CHAPTER 95A. LIABILITY OF BUSINESS IN CONNECTION WITH ALLOWING
8	CONCEALED HANDGUNS
9	Sec. 95A.001. DEFINITION. In this chapter, "license
10	holder" means a person licensed to carry a handgun under Subchapter
11	H, Chapter 411, Government Code.
12	Sec. 95A.002. IMMUNITY OF BUSINESS THAT ALLOWS CONCEALED
13	HANDGUNS. A person with control over the premises of a business who
14	allows entry on the premises by a license holder with a concealed
15	handgun is not liable based solely on that permission for damages
16	arising from the lawful carrying of a concealed handgun on the
17	premises.
18	Sec. 95A.003. ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATION. For purposes
19	of this chapter, the lack of an oral or written communication that
20	constitutes notice for purposes of Section 30.06, Penal Code, is
21	sufficient to constitute allowing entry on the premises by a
22	license holder with a concealed handgun.
23	SECTION 2. Section 95A.002, Civil Practice and Remedies
24	Code, as added by this Act, does not apply to a cause of action that

1

H.B. No. 1126

1 accrued before the effective date of this Act. A cause of action 2 that accrued before the effective date of this Act is governed by 3 the law applicable to the cause of action immediately before that 4 date, and that law is continued in effect for that purpose.

5 SECTION 3. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.