By: Beckley

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to ad valorem tax protests and appeals on the ground of the unequal appraisal of property. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Section 41.43, Tax Code, is amended by amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsections (e) and (f) to read as 6 7 follows: A protest on the ground of unequal appraisal of property 8 (b) 9 shall be determined in favor of the protesting party unless the appraisal district establishes that: 10 11 (1) the appraisal ratio of the property is equal to or 12 less than the median level of appraisal of a reasonable and 13 representative sample of other properties in the appraisal 14 district; (2) the appraisal ratio of the property is equal to or 15 16 less than the median level of appraisal of a sample of properties in the appraisal district consisting of a reasonable number of other 17 properties similarly situated to, or of the same general kind or 18 character as, the property subject to the protest; or 19 (3) the <u>appraisal ratio</u> [appraised value] of 20 the property is equal to or less than the median <u>level of appraisal</u> 21 [appraised value] of a reasonable number of comparable properties 22 23 in the appraisal district [appropriately adjusted]. 24 (e) For the purpose of Subsection (b)(3):

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1 (1) a person making a determination that property is comparable to another property must base the determination on the 2 similarity of the properties with regard to the characteristics 3 described by Section 23.013(d); and 4 5 (2) a person calculating the median level of appraisal of comparable properties must base the calculation on the appraised 6 7 value of each comparable property as shown in the appraisal records submitted to the appraisal review board by the chief appraiser 8 under Section 25.22 or 25.23. 9 The comptroller shall by rule establish standards for 10 (f) the development and calibration of adjustments to the appraised 11 value for industrial, petrochemical refining and processing, and 12 utility properties and other unique properties. 13

14 SECTION 2. Section 42.26, Tax Code, is amended by amending 15 Subsections (a) and (b) and adding Subsections (e) and (f) to read 16 as follows:

17 (a) The district court shall grant relief on the ground that18 a property is appraised unequally if:

(1) the appraisal ratio of the property exceeds by at least 10 percent the median level of appraisal of a reasonable and representative sample of other properties in the appraisal district;

(2) the appraisal ratio of the property exceeds by at least 10 percent the median level of appraisal of a sample of properties in the appraisal district consisting of a reasonable number of other properties similarly situated to, or of the same general kind or character as, the property subject to the appeal; or

1 (3) the <u>appraisal ratio</u> [appraised value] of the 2 property exceeds <u>by at least 10 percent</u> the median <u>level of</u> 3 <u>appraisal</u> [appraised value] of a reasonable number of comparable 4 properties <u>in the appraisal district</u> [appropriately adjusted].

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(b) If a property owner is entitled to relief under a 5 subdivision of Subsection (a) [(a)(1)], the court shall order the 6 property's appraised value changed to the value as calculated on 7 8 the basis of the median level of appraisal according to that subdivision [Subsection (a)(1). If a property owner is entitled to 9 relief under Subsection (a)(2), the court shall order the 10 property's appraised value changed to the value calculated on the 11 basis of the median level of appraisal according to Subsection 12 (a) (2). If a property owner is entitled to relief under Subsection 13 14 (a) (3), the court shall order the property's appraised value 15 changed to the value calculated on the basis of the median appraised value according to Subsection (a)(3)]. If a property owner is 16 17 entitled to relief under more than one subdivision of Subsection (a), the court shall order the property's appraised value changed 18 to the value that results in the lowest appraised value. The court 19 shall determine each applicable median level of appraisal [or 20 21 median appraised value] according to law, and is not required to adopt the median level of appraisal [or median appraised value] 22 23 proposed by a party to the appeal. The court may not limit or deny 24 relief to the property owner entitled to relief under a subdivision of Subsection (a) because the appraised value determined according 25 to another subdivision of Subsection (a) results in a higher 26 appraised value. 27

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1 (e) For the purpose of Subsection (a)(3): 2 (1) a person making a determination that property is comparable to another property must base the determination on the 3 similarity of the properties with regard to the characteristics 4 5 described by Section 23.013(d); and 6 (2) a person calculating the median level of appraisal 7 of comparable properties must base the calculation on the appraised 8 value of each comparable property as shown in the appraisal records certified by the chief appraiser under Section 26.01. 9 (f) The comptroller shall by rule establish standards for 10 the development and calibration of adjustments to the appraised 11 value for industrial, petrochemical refining and processing, and 12 utility properties and other unique properties. 13 14 SECTION 3. Section 42.29, Tax Code, is amended by amending 15 Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (c) to read as follows: (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), the amount of an award 16 17 of attorney's fees to a property owner may not exceed the lesser of: (1)\$100,000; or 18 19 (2) the total amount by which the property owner's tax liability is reduced as a result of the appeal. 20 21 (c) An appraisal district, an appraisal review board, or a chief appraiser that prevails in an appeal under Section 42.26 may 22 be awarded reasonable attorney's fees. The amount of the award may 23 24 not exceed \$15,000. 25 SECTION 4. Not later than January 1, 2020, the comptroller 26 shall establish the standards required by Sections 41.43(f) and 42.26(f), Tax Code, as added by this Act. 27

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1 SECTION 5. Section 41.43, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, 2 applies only to a protest under Chapter 41, Tax Code, for which a 3 notice of protest is filed on or after the effective date of this 4 Act. A protest under Chapter 41, Tax Code, for which a notice of 5 protest was filed before the effective date of this Act is governed 6 by the law in effect on the date the notice of protest was filed, and 7 the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

8 SECTION 6. Sections 42.26 and 42.29, Tax Code, as amended by this Act, apply only to an appeal under Chapter 42, Tax Code, for 9 which a petition for review is filed on or after the effective date 10 of this Act. An appeal under Chapter 42, Tax Code, for which a 11 petition for review was filed before the effective date of this Act 12 is governed by the law in effect on the date the petition for review 13 was filed, and the former law is continued in effect for that 14 15 purpose.

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SECTION 7. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.