

By: Oliverson

H.B. No. 2231

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

relating to the practices and operation of pharmacy benefit managers; providing administrative penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. The heading to Subchapter H, Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows:

SUBCHAPTER H. PRICING AND REIMBURSEMENT PRACTICES; APPEALS AND COMPLAINTS [~~MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE COST~~]

SECTION 2. Subchapter H, Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended by adding Sections 1369.3581, 1369.3582, and 1369.3583 to read as follows:

Sec. 1369.3581. PROHIBITED REIMBURSEMENT PRACTICES; RETROACTIVE REDUCTION OR DENIAL OF CLAIM. A pharmacy benefit manager may not on an aggregated basis or otherwise reduce or deny a claim for pharmacy services after adjudication of the claim unless the pharmacy benefit manager produces to the pharmacist or pharmacy prima facie evidence of:

(1) fraud or intentional misrepresentation related to the claim; and

(2) actual financial harm to the relevant enrollee or health benefit plan issuer.

Sec. 1369.3582. PRICING APPEALS GENERALLY. (a) The commissioner by rule shall:

(1) prescribe a standard procedure by which a

pharmacist or pharmacy may appeal to the pharmacy benefit manager any pricing decision made by a pharmacy benefit manager;

(2) require a pharmacy benefit manager to use only the prescribed procedure for a pharmacist's or pharmacy's appeal of the pharmacy benefit manager's pricing decision; and

(3) require a pharmacy benefit manager who denies an appeal to:

(A) provide to the appealing pharmacist or pharmacy the National Drug Code number of the relevant drug sold at a price below the price subject to the appeal and the name of the national or regional pharmaceutical wholesalers operating in this state that currently stock the drug at the lower price; and

(B) if the lower price described by Paragraph (A) is more than the appealing pharmacist's or pharmacy's pharmacy acquisition cost of the relevant drug bought from a pharmaceutical wholesaler from which the pharmacist or pharmacy regularly purchases the majority of the pharmacist's or pharmacy's drugs for resale:

(i) adjust the Maximum Allowable Cost List price to an amount above the pharmacist's or pharmacy's pharmacy acquisition cost; and

(ii) permit the pharmacist or pharmacy to reverse and rebill each claim affected by the pharmacist's or pharmacy's inability to purchase the drug at a cost that is equal to or less than the price subject to the appeal.

(b) In prescribing the procedure under this section, the commissioner shall consider:

1 (1) input from any interested party;

2 (2) any appeal procedure that is widely used
3 commercially in this state or by the department or the Centers for
4 Medicare and Medicaid Services; and

5 (3) any national standard or draft standard relating
6 to the appeal of a pharmacy benefit manager's pricing decision.

7 (c) The commissioner shall establish penalties for failure
8 to use the procedure prescribed under this section in accordance
9 with this subchapter.

10 (d) A pharmacy benefit manager that violates this
11 subchapter or a rule adopted under this subchapter commits an
12 unfair practice in violation of Chapter 541 and is subject to
13 sanctions under Chapter 82.

14 Sec. 1369.3583. COMPLAINT PROGRAM. (a) The department
15 shall establish a program to facilitate resolution of complaints
16 against a pharmacy benefit manger relating to the pharmacy benefit
17 manager's reimbursement practices.

18 (b) A pharmacist or pharmacy may file a complaint with the
19 department under the program established under Subsection (a) if
20 the complaint includes credible evidence that a pharmacy benefit
21 manager engaged in an intentional course of conduct exhibited
22 through a pattern or practice that:

23 (1) violates this chapter; or

24 (2) constitutes improper, fraudulent, or dishonest
25 contract performance with the pharmacist or pharmacy.

26 (c) The commissioner shall determine by rule the threshold
27 for filing a complaint under Subsection (b).

7 (1) the contract between the pharmacist or pharmacy
8 and the pharmacy benefit manager;

13 (3) any other relevant information.

SECTION 3. The heading to Subchapter I, Chapter 1369,
Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 4. Subchapter I, Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended by adding Sections 1369.403, 1369.404, 1369.405, 1369.406, 1369.407, 1369.408, 1369.409, 1369.410, and 1369.411 to read as follows:

mandatory mediation under this subchapter.

(b) A request for mandatory mediation must be provided to the department on a form prescribed by the commissioner and must include:

(1) the name of the pharmacist or pharmacy requesting mediation;

(2) a brief description of the claim to be mediated;

(3) contact information, including a telephone number, for the requesting pharmacist or pharmacy and the pharmacist's or pharmacy's counsel, if the pharmacist or pharmacy retains counsel;

(4) the name of the pharmacy benefit manager and name of the applicable health benefit plan issuer; and

(5) any other information the commissioner may require by rule.

(c) On receipt of a request for mediation, the department shall notify the pharmacy benefit manager and applicable health benefit plan issuer of the request.

(d) In an effort to settle the claim before mediation, all parties must participate in an informal settlement teleconference not later than the 30th day after the date on which the pharmacist or pharmacy submits a request for mediation under this section.

(e) A dispute to be mediated under this subchapter that does not settle as a result of a teleconference conducted under Subsection (d) must be conducted in the county in which the pharmacist or pharmacy is located.

Sec. 1369.404. MEDIATOR QUALIFICATIONS. (a) Except as

1 provided by Subsection (b), to qualify for an appointment as a
2 mediator under this subchapter a person must have completed at
3 least 40 classroom hours of training in dispute resolution
4 techniques in a course conducted by an alternative dispute
5 resolution organization or other dispute resolution organization
6 approved by the chief administrative law judge.

7 (b) A person not qualified under Subsection (a) may be
8 appointed as a mediator on agreement of the parties.

9 (c) A person may not act as mediator for a claim
10 adjudication dispute if the person has been employed by, consulted
11 for, or otherwise had a business relationship with a pharmacist,
12 pharmacy, or pharmacy benefit manager during the three years
13 immediately preceding the request for mediation.

14 Sec. 1369.405. APPOINTMENT OF MEDIATOR; FEES. (a) A
15 mediation shall be conducted by one mediator.

16 (b) The chief administrative law judge shall appoint the
17 mediator through a random assignment from a list of qualified
18 mediators maintained by the State Office of Administrative
19 Hearings.

20 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), a person other than a
21 mediator appointed by the chief administrative law judge may
22 conduct the mediation on agreement of all of the parties and notice
23 to the chief administrative law judge.

24 (d) The mediator's fees shall be split evenly and paid by
25 the pharmacist or pharmacy and the pharmacy benefit manager.

26 Sec. 1369.406. CONDUCT OF MEDIATION; CONFIDENTIALITY. (a)
27 A mediator may not impose the mediator's judgment on a party about

1 an issue that is a subject of the mediation.

2 (b) A mediation session is under the control of the
3 mediator.

4 (c) Except as provided by this subchapter, the mediator must
5 hold in strict confidence all information provided to the mediator
6 by a party and all communications of the mediator with a party.

7 (d) A party must have an opportunity during the mediation to
8 speak and state the party's position.

9 (e) Except on the agreement of the participating parties, a
10 mediation may not last more than four hours.

11 (f) Except at the request of a pharmacist or pharmacy, a
12 mediation shall be held not later than the 180th day after the date
13 of the request for mediation.

14 Sec. 1369.407. MATTERS CONSIDERED IN MEDIATION; AGREED
15 RESOLUTION. (a) In a mediation under this subchapter, the parties
16 shall evaluate the adjudicated claim amount and whether the amount
17 is in accordance with this chapter and the pharmacy benefit
18 contract between the pharmacist or pharmacy and the pharmacy
19 benefit manager.

20 (b) The parties shall consider one or more independent
21 nationwide drug pricing databases or reference materials,
22 including National Average Drug Acquisition Cost reference data
23 developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

24 (c) Nothing in this subchapter prohibits mediation of more
25 than one adjudicated claim between the parties at a mediation.

26 (d) The goal of the mediation is to reach an agreement among
27 the pharmacist or pharmacy, the pharmacy benefit manager, and the

1 health benefit plan issuer as to the amount paid to the pharmacist
2 or pharmacy.

3 Sec. 1369.408. NO AGREED RESOLUTION. (a) The mediator of
4 an unsuccessful mediation under this subchapter shall report the
5 outcome of the mediation to the department and the chief
6 administrative law judge.

7 (b) The chief administrative law judge shall enter an order
8 of referral of a matter reported under Subsection (a) to a special
9 judge under Chapter 151, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, that:

10 (1) names the special judge on whom the parties agreed
11 or appoints the special judge if the parties did not agree on a
12 judge;

13 (2) states the issues to be referred and the time and
14 place on which the parties agree for the trial;

15 (3) requires each party to pay the party's
16 proportionate share of the special judge's fee; and

17 (4) certifies that the parties have waived the right
18 to trial by jury.

19 (c) A trial by the special judge selected or appointed as
20 described by Subsection (b) must proceed under Chapter 151, Civil
21 Practice and Remedies Code, except that the special judge's verdict
22 is not relevant or material to any other adjudicated claim and has
23 no precedential value.

24 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,
25 Section 151.012, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, does not apply
26 to a mediation under this subchapter.

27 Sec. 1369.409. REPORT OF MEDIATOR. The mediator shall

1 report to the commissioner:

2 (1) the names of the parties to the mediation; and

3 (2) whether the parties reached an agreement or the
4 mediator made a referral under Section 1369.408.

5 Sec. 1369.410. BAD FAITH. (a) The following conduct
6 constitutes bad faith mediation for purposes of this subchapter:

7 (1) failing to participate in the mediation;

8 (2) failing to provide information the mediator
9 believes is necessary to facilitate an agreement; or

10 (3) failing to designate a representative
11 participating in the mediation with full authority to enter into
12 any mediated agreement.

13 (b) Failure to reach an agreement is not conclusive proof of
14 bad faith mediation.

15 Sec. 1369.411. PENALTIES. (a) Bad faith mediation by a
16 pharmacy benefit manager is grounds for imposition of an
17 administrative penalty under Chapter 4151.

18 (b) Except for good cause shown, on a report of a mediator
19 and appropriate proof of bad faith mediation, the commissioner
20 shall impose an administrative penalty.

21 SECTION 5. Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, is amended by
22 adding Subchapter K to read as follows:

23 SUBCHAPTER K. PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS

24 Sec. 1369.501. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:

25 (1) "Enrollee" means an individual who is covered
26 under a health benefit plan, including a covered dependent.

27 (2) "Health benefit plan" means an individual, group,

1 blanket, or franchise insurance policy or insurance agreement, a
2 group hospital service contract, or an individual or group
3 subscriber contract or evidence of coverage or similar coverage
4 document issued by a health maintenance organization, that provides
5 health insurance or health benefits.

6 (3) "Health benefit plan issuer" means an entity
7 authorized under this code or another insurance law of this state
8 that provides health insurance or health benefits through a health
9 benefit plan in this state.

10 (4) "Pharmacist service" means the provision of a
11 product or good, patient care, or other clinical, professional, or
12 administrative services in the practice of pharmacy.

13 (5) "Pharmacy benefit manager" has the meaning
14 assigned by Section [4151.151](#).

15 (6) "Pharmacy benefit network" means a system for the
16 delivery of pharmacy benefits and pharmacist services established
17 by contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacist or
18 pharmacy.

19 (7) "Rebate" means a discount or other concession,
20 including an incentive, related to dispensing a prescription drug
21 that is paid by a manufacturer or third party, directly or
22 indirectly, to a pharmacy benefit manager.

23 Sec. 1369.502. CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS; CONTRACT ACCESS. (a)
24 A pharmacy benefit manager may not sell, lease, or otherwise
25 transfer information regarding the payment or reimbursement terms
26 of a pharmacy benefit network contract without the express
27 authority of and prior adequate notification to the pharmacists or

1 pharmacies in the pharmacy benefit network. The prior adequate
2 notification must be provided in the written format specified by
3 the pharmacy benefit network contract.

4 (b) A pharmacy benefit manager may not provide a person
5 access to pharmacy services or contractual discounts under a
6 pharmacy benefit network contract unless the contract
7 specifically:

8 (1) allows the pharmacy benefit manager to provide to
9 the person access to the pharmacy benefit manager's rights and
10 responsibilities under the pharmacy benefit network contract; and

11 (2) makes the person's access contingent on the person
12 complying with all applicable terms, limitations, and conditions of
13 the pharmacy benefit network contract.

14 (c) A pharmacy benefit network contract must require that,
15 on the request of a pharmacist or pharmacy, the pharmacy benefit
16 manager will timely provide information necessary for the
17 pharmacist or pharmacy to determine whether a person is authorized
18 to access the pharmacist's or pharmacy's services and contractual
19 discounts.

20 (d) A pharmacy benefit network contract must specify or
21 reference a separate fee schedule. The fee schedule may be
22 provided by any reasonable method, including electronically. The
23 fee schedule may describe:

24 (1) specific services or procedures that the
25 pharmacist or pharmacy may deliver and the amount of the
26 corresponding payment;

27 (2) a methodology for calculating the amount of the

1 payment based on a published fee schedule; or

2 (3) any other reasonable manner that provides an
3 ascertainable amount for payment for services.

4 (e) For the purposes of this section, a pharmacy benefit
5 manager shall permit a pharmacist or pharmacy participating in a
6 pharmacy benefit network reasonable access, including electronic
7 access, during business hours to review the pharmacy benefit
8 network contract. The information obtained during the review may
9 be used or disclosed only for the purposes of complying with the
10 terms of the contract, this subchapter, or other state or federal
11 law.

12 Sec. 1369.503. FIDUCIARY DUTIES. (a) A pharmacy benefit
13 manager of a health benefit plan issuer is a fiduciary of the health
14 benefit plan issuer.

15 (b) The pharmacy benefit manager shall:

16 (1) act in accordance with the standards of conduct
17 applicable to a fiduciary in an enterprise of like character and
18 with like aims;

19 (2) perform its duties with care, skill, prudence, and
20 diligence; and

21 (3) comply with the fiduciary requirements of this
22 section.

23 (c) The pharmacy benefit manager shall notify the health
24 benefit plan issuer in writing of any activity, policy, or practice
25 of the pharmacy benefit manager that directly or indirectly
26 presents a conflict of interest between the pharmacy benefit
27 manager and the health benefit plan issuer.

1 (d) The pharmacy benefit manager shall provide to a health
2 benefit plan issuer all financial and utilization information
3 requested by the health benefit plan issuer relating to the
4 provision of benefits to the relevant enrollees and any financial
5 and utilization information relating to the pharmacy benefit
6 manager's services to the health benefit plan issuer.

7 (e) If a pharmacy benefit manager substitutes a more
8 expensive drug for a prescribed drug, the pharmacy benefit manager
9 shall disclose to the health benefit plan issuer the cost of the
10 prescribed drug and the substitute drug and the amount of any rebate
11 the pharmacy benefit manager may receive, directly or indirectly,
12 as a result of the substitution.

13 (f) A pharmacy benefit manager shall transfer to the health
14 benefit plan issuer the entire amount of any rebate that the
15 pharmacy benefit manager receives, directly or indirectly, for any
16 reason, including as the result of:

- 17 (1) a substitution described by Subsection (e);
18 (2) a substitution by the pharmacy benefit manager of
19 a lower-priced generic and therapeutically equivalent drug for a
20 higher-priced prescribed drug; or
21 (3) volume of sales of a drug or a class or brand of
22 drug.

23 (g) A pharmacy benefit manager shall disclose to a health
24 benefit plan issuer all financial terms and arrangements for
25 remuneration of any kind, including rebates, that the pharmacy
26 benefit manager has with each drug manufacturer or relabeler, as
27 defined by 21 C.F.R. Section 207.1, including formulary management

and drug-switch programs, educational support, claims processing and pharmacy network fees that are charged from pharmacists and pharmacies, and data sales fees.

Sec. 1369.504. PHARMACY BENEFIT NETWORK STANDARDS. (a) The commissioner shall by rule adopt pharmacy benefit network adequacy standards that:

(1) are adapted to local markets in which a pharmacy benefit manager operates;

(2) ensure availability of, and accessibility to, a full range of contracted pharmacists and pharmacies to provide pharmacy services to enrollees; and

(3) on good cause shown, may allow departure from local market network adequacy standards if the commissioner posts on the department's Internet website the name of the pharmacy benefit manager, the health benefit plan issuer, and the affected local market.

(b) The commissioner may not consider mail-order pharmacies in the determination of the pharmacy benefit network adequacy standards adopted by rule under Subsection (a).

Sec. 1369.505. ANY WILLING PROVIDER. (a) A pharmacy benefit manager may not exclude a pharmacist or pharmacy from participation in a pharmacy benefit network if the pharmacist or pharmacy:

(1) accepts the terms, conditions, and reimbursement rates of the pharmacy benefit manager;

(2) meets all applicable federal and state licensure and permit requirements; and

1 (3) has not been terminated for cause as a provider in
2 any federal or state program.

3 (b) Except as required by the commissioner in coordination
4 with the Texas State Board of Pharmacy, a pharmacy benefit manager
5 may not require, as a condition of participating in a pharmacy
6 benefit network, that a pharmacist or pharmacy obtain:

7 (1) accreditation, credentialing, or certification
8 inconsistent with, more stringent than, or in addition to the
9 requirements imposed by the Texas State Board of Pharmacy or state
10 or federal law; or

11 (2) a performance or surety bond or other financial
12 guarantee in excess of the requirements imposed by the Texas State
13 Board of Pharmacy or state or federal law.

14 Sec. 1369.506. PROTECTED COMMUNICATION AND OTHER PRACTICES
15 BY PHARMACISTS AND PHARMACIES. (a) In a participation contract
16 between a pharmacy benefit manager and a pharmacist or pharmacy
17 providing prescription drug coverage for a health benefit plan, a
18 pharmacist or pharmacy may not be prohibited or restricted from or
19 penalized in any way for disclosing to an enrollee any health care
20 information that the pharmacist or pharmacy considers appropriate
21 regarding:

22 (1) the nature of treatment, risks, or alternative
23 therapies;

24 (2) the availability of alternate therapies,
25 consultations, or tests;

26 (3) the decision of utilization reviewers or similar
27 persons to authorize or deny services;

1 (4) the process used to authorize or deny health care
2 services or benefits; or

3 (5) financial incentives and structures used by the
4 relevant health benefit plan.

5 (b) A pharmacist or pharmacy may provide to an enrollee
6 information regarding the enrollee's total cost for a pharmacist
7 service for a prescription drug.

8 (c) A pharmacy benefit manager may not prohibit a pharmacist
9 or pharmacy from:

10 (1) discussing information regarding the total cost
11 for a pharmacist service for a prescription drug; or

12 (2) selling a more affordable alternative to the
13 enrollee if a more affordable alternative is available.

14 (d) A pharmacy benefit manager contract with a
15 participating pharmacist or pharmacy may not prohibit, restrict, or
16 limit disclosure of information to the commissioner, law
17 enforcement, or state or federal governmental officials
18 investigating or examining a complaint or conducting a review of a
19 pharmacy benefit manager's compliance with the requirements of this
20 subchapter.

21 Sec. 1369.507. RECOUPMENT LIMITATION. (a) A reimbursement
22 made to a pharmacist or pharmacy by a pharmacy benefit manager may
23 not be denied or reduced after adjudication of the claim, unless:

24 (1) the original claim was submitted fraudulently;

25 (2) the original claim payment was incorrect because
26 the pharmacist or pharmacy had already been paid for the pharmacist
27 service; or

1 (3) the pharmacist service was not properly rendered
2 by the pharmacist or pharmacy.

3 (b) A pharmacy benefit manager entitled to a recoupment on
4 the basis of a discrepancy found during an audit related to a drug
5 that was properly dispensed may only recover fees paid by the
6 pharmacy benefit manager to the pharmacist or pharmacy associated
7 with the audited claim and may not recoup the cost of the drug or
8 other ingredient or any other amount related to the claim.

9 SECTION 6. The heading to Subchapter D, Chapter 4151,
10 Insurance Code, is amended to read as follows:

11 SUBCHAPTER D. PHARMACY BENEFITS [~~BENEFIT PLANS~~]

12 SECTION 7. Subchapter D, Chapter 4151, Insurance Code, is
13 amended by adding Section 4151.155 to read as follows:

14 Sec. 4151.155. BOARD OF PHARMACY REQUESTS. The
15 commissioner shall provide to the Texas State Board of Pharmacy, on
16 the board's request, a copy of any document related to an action
17 taken under Subchapter G against a pharmacy benefit manager,
18 including:

19 (1) a document or information or data submitted by a
20 pharmacy benefit manager to the commissioner;

21 (2) correspondence between the pharmacy benefit
22 manager and the commissioner; and

23 (3) a written notice, finding, or determination, or
24 other document sent by the commissioner to the pharmacy benefit
25 manager.

26 SECTION 8. Section 1369.357, Insurance Code, is repealed.

27 SECTION 9. Chapter 1369, Insurance Code, as amended by this

1 Act, applies only to a contract between a pharmacy benefit manager
2 and a pharmacist or pharmacy entered into or renewed on or after
3 January 1, 2020. A contract entered into or renewed before January
4 1, 2020, is governed by the law as it existed immediately before the
5 effective date of this Act, and that law is continued in effect for
6 that purpose.

7 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.