By: Springer

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to prosecution and punishment for the offense of official oppression by the intrusive touching of persons seeking access to 3 public buildings and transportation; providing penalties. 4 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 6 SECTION 1. Section 39.03, Penal Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (b) and adding Subsections (c-1), 7 (c-2), and (c-3) to read as follows: 8 9 (a) A person who is a public servant [acting under color of his office or employment] commits an offense if the person: 10 11 (1) while acting under color of the person's office or employment [he]: 12 13 (A) [(1)] intentionally subjects another person 14 to mistreatment or to arrest, detention, search, seizure, dispossession, assessment, or lien that the actor [he] knows is 15 16 unlawful; (B) [<del>(2)</del>] intentionally 17 denies or impedes another person in the exercise or enjoyment of any right, 18 privilege, power, or immunity, knowing the actor's [his] conduct is 19 unlawful; or 20 21 (C) [(3)] intentionally subjects another person 22 to sexual harassment; or 23 (2) while acting under color of the person's office or employment without probable cause to believe the other person 24

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1 committed an offense: 2 (A) performs a search without effective consent for the purpose of granting access to a publicly accessible 3 building or form of transportation; and 4 5 (B) intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly: 6 (i) touches the anus, sexual organ, 7 buttocks, or breast of the other person, including touching 8 through clothing; or 9 (ii) causes physical contact with the other person when the actor knows or should reasonably believe that the 10 other person will regard the contact as offensive or provocative. 11 12 (b) For purposes of this section, a person who is a public servant acts under color of the person's [his] office or employment 13 if the person [he] acts or purports to act in an official capacity 14 15 or takes advantage of such actual or purported capacity. (c-1) For purposes of Subsection (a)(2), "public servant" 16 17 includes: 18 (1) an officer, employee, or agent of: 19 (A) the United States; (B) a branch, department, or agency of the United 20 21 States; or 22 (C) another person acting under contract with a branch, department, or agency of the United States for the purpose 23 24 of providing a security or law enforcement service; and 25 (2) any other person acting under color of federal 26 law. (c-2) For a person described by Subsection (c-1)(1) or (2), 27

it is a defense to prosecution for an offense under Subsection 1 (a)(2) that the actor performed the search pursuant to and 2 consistent with an explicit and applicable grant of federal 3 statutory authority that is consistent with the United States 4 5 Constitution. 6 (c-3) For purposes of Subsection (a)(2), and notwithstanding Sections 1.07(a)(11) and (19), consent is 7 8 effective only if, immediately before any search: 9 (1) the actor verbally describes: (A) the area of the other person to be searched; 10 and 11 12 (B) the method to be used in the search; and (2) the actor receives express consent for the search 13 14 only from: 15 (A) the other person; or 16 (B) the parent or guardian of the other person. 17 SECTION 2. (a) This section applies only to a prosecution of an offense under Section 39.03(a)(2), Penal Code, as added by 18 this Act, in which the defendant was, at the time of the alleged 19 offense, acting under the color of federal law. 20 In a prosecution described by Subsection (a) of this 21 (b) section, if the government of the United States, the defendant, or 22 the defendant's employer challenges the validity of Section 23 24 39.03(a)(2), Penal Code, as added by this Act, on grounds of unconstitutionality, preemption, or sovereign immunity, the 25 26 attorney general of this state, with the consent of the appropriate local county or district attorney, shall take any actions necessary 27

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1 on behalf of the state to defend the validity of the statute. The 2 attorney general may make any legal arguments the attorney general 3 considers appropriate, including that this Act constitutes a valid 4 exercise of:

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the state's police powers;

6 (2) the liberty interests of the people that are 7 secured by the United States Constitution;

8 (3) the powers reserved to the states by the Tenth9 Amendment to the United States Constitution; or

10 (4) the rights and protections secured by the Texas 11 Constitution.

SECTION 3. This Act shall be construed, as a matter of state 12 law, to be enforceable up to but no further than the maximum 13 consistent with federal constitutional 14 possible extent 15 requirements, even if that construction is not readily apparent, as such constructions are authorized only to the extent necessary to 16 17 save the statute from judicial invalidation.

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SECTION 4. This Act takes effect on September 1, 2019

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