By:Parker, et al.H.B. No. 3147Substitute the following for H.B. No. 3147:Example 10 (100)By:SheffieldC.S.H.B. No. 3147

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT 2 relating to a cancer clinical trial participation program. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: SECTION 1. The legislature finds that: 4 5 (1) the ability to translate medical findings from research to practice relies largely on robust subject participation 6 7 and a diverse subject participation pool in clinical trials; 8 (2) diverse subject participation in cancer clinical 9 trials depends significantly on whether an individual is able to afford ancillary costs, including transportation and lodging, 10 during the course of participation in a cancer clinical trial; 11 12 (3) a national study conducted in 2015 found that 13 individuals from households with an annual income of less than 14 \$50,000 were 30 percent less likely to participate in cancer clinical trials; 15 (4) direct and 16 indirect costs, including 17 transportation, lodging, and child-care expenses, prevent eligible individuals from participating in cancer clinical trials according 18 to the National Cancer Institute; 19 20 the disparities in subject participation in cancer (5) 21 clinical trials threaten the basic ethical underpinning of clinical research, which requires the benefits of the research to be made 22 23 available equitably among all eligible individuals; 24 (6) while the United States Food and Drug

C.S.H.B. No. 3147

1 Administration recently confirmed to Congress and provided guidance on its Internet website that reimbursement of direct 2 3 subject-incurred expenses is not an inducement, many organizations, research sponsors, philanthropic individuals, 4 5 charitable organizations, governmental entities, and other persons still operate under the misconception that such reimbursement is an 6 7 inducement;

8 (7) it is the intent of the legislature to enact 9 legislation to further define and establish a clear difference 10 between items considered to be an inducement for a subject to 11 participate in a cancer clinical trial and the reimbursement of 12 expenses for participating in a cancer clinical trial; and

13 (8) further clarification of the United States Food 14 and Drug Administration's confirmation and guidance is appropriate 15 and important to improve subject participation in cancer clinical 16 trials, which is the primary intent of this legislation.

SECTION 2. Subtitle B, Title 2, Health and Safety Code, isamended by adding Chapter 50 to read as follows:

19 20

<u>CHAPTER 50. CANCER CLINICAL TRIAL PARTICIPATION PROGRAM</u> Sec. 50.0001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

21 (1) "Cancer clinical trial" means a research study 22 that subjects an individual to a new cancer treatment, including a 23 medication, chemotherapy, adult stem cell therapy, or other 24 treatment.

25 (2) "Inducement" means the payment of money, including
26 a lump-sum or salary payment, to an individual for the individual's
27 participation in a cancer clinical trial.

	C.S.H.B. No. 3147							
1	(3) "Program" means the cancer clinical trial							
2	participation program established under this chapter.							
3	(4) "Subject" means an individual who participates in							
4	the program.							
5	Sec. 50.0002. ESTABLISHMENT. An independent, third-party							
6	organization may develop and implement the cancer clinical trial							
7	participation program to provide reimbursement to subjects for							
8	ancillary costs associated with participation in a cancer clinical							
9	trial, including costs for:							
10	(1) travel;							
11	(2) lodging;							
12	(3) parking and tolls; and							
13	(4) other costs considered appropriate by the							
14	organization.							
15	Sec. 50.0003. REQUIREMENTS; NOTICE. (a) The program:							
16	(1) must collaborate with physicians and health care							
17	providers to notify a prospective subject about the program when:							
18	(A) the prospective subject provides informed							
19	consent for a cancer clinical trial; or							
20	(B) funding is available to provide the program							
21	for the cancer clinical trial in which the prospective subject							
22	participates;							
23	(2) must reimburse subjects based on financial need,							
24	which may include reimbursement to subjects whose income is at or							
25	below 700 percent of the federal poverty level;							
26	(3) must provide reimbursement for ancillary costs,							
27	including costs described by Section 50.0002, to eliminate the							

C.S.H.B. No. 3147

1	financial barriers to enrollment in a clinical trial;
2	(4) may provide reimbursement for reasonable
3	ancillary costs, including costs described by Section 50.0002, to
4	one family member, friend, or other person who attends a cancer
5	clinical trial to support a subject; and
6	(5) must comply with applicable federal and state
7	laws.
8	(b) The independent, third-party organization
9	administering the program shall provide written notice to
10	prospective subjects of the requirements described by Subsection
11	<u>(a).</u>
12	Sec. 50.0004. REIMBURSEMENT REQUIREMENTS; NOTICE. (a) A
13	reimbursement under the program must:
14	(1) be reviewed and approved by the institutional
15	review board associated with the cancer clinical trial for which
16	the reimbursement is provided; and
17	(2) comply with applicable federal and state laws.
18	(b) The independent, third-party organization operating the
19	program is not required to obtain approval from an institutional
20	review board on the financial eligibility of a subject who is
21	medically eligible for the program.
22	(c) The independent, third-party organization operating the
23	program shall provide written notice to a subject on:
24	(1) the nature and availability of the ancillary
25	financial support under the program; and
26	(2) the program's general guidelines on financial
27	eligibility.

	C.S.H.B. No. 3147
1	Sec. 50.0005. REIMBURSEMENT STATUS AS INDUCEMENT.
2	Reimbursement to a subject of ancillary costs under the program:
3	(1) does not constitute an inducement to participate
4	in a cancer clinical trial;
5	(2) is not considered coercion or the exertion of
6	undue influence to participate in a cancer clinical trial; and
7	(3) is meant to accomplish parity in access to cancer
8	clinical trials and remove barriers to participation in cancer
9	clinical trials for financially burdened subjects.
10	Sec. 50.0006. FUNDING. The independent, third-party
11	organization that administers the program may accept gifts, grants,
12	and donations from any public or private source to implement this
13	chapter.
14	Sec. 50.0007. COLLABORATION. The independent, third-party
15	organization that administers the program may collaborate with the
16	Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas established under
17	Chapter 102 to provide reimbursement under the program.
18	SECTION 3. Section 102.203(b), Health and Safety Code, is
19	amended to read as follows:
20	(b) Except as otherwise provided by this section, money
21	awarded under this subchapter may be used for authorized expenses,
22	including honoraria, salaries and benefits, travel, conference
23	fees and expenses, consumable supplies, other operating expenses,
24	contracted research and development, capital equipment, [and]
25	construction or renovation of state or private facilities, and
26	reimbursement for costs of participation incurred by cancer
27	clinical trial participants, including transportation, lodging,

C.S.H.B. No. 3147

1	and	any	costs	reimbursed	under	the	cancer	clinical	trial
2	part	icipa	tion pro	ogram establi	shed un	der Ch	napter 50	·	

3 SECTION 4. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.