By: Klick H.B. No. 3233

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

	AN ACT

- 2 relating to the Judicial Campaign Fairness Act.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 4 SECTION 1. Section 253.152, Election Code, is amended to
- 5 read as follows:
- 6 Sec. 253.152. DEFINITIONS. In this subchapter:
- 7 (1) "Child" means a person under 18 years of age who is
- 8 not and has not been married or who has not had the disabilities of
- 9 minority removed for general purposes ["Complying candidate" or
- 10 "complying officeholder" means a judicial candidate who files a
- 11 declaration of compliance under Section 253.164(a)(1)].
- 12 (2) "In connection with an election" means:
- 13 (A) with regard to a contribution that is
- 14 designated in writing for a particular election, the election
- 15 designated; or
- 16 (B) with regard to a contribution that is not
- 17 designated in writing for a particular election [or that is
- 18 designated as an officeholder contribution], the next election for
- 19 that office occurring after the contribution is made.
- 20 (3) "Judicial district" means the territory from which
- 21 a judicial candidate is elected or appointed.
- 22 (4) "Law firm" means a partnership, limited liability
- 23 partnership, limited liability company, or professional
- 24 corporation organized for the practice of law.

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               (5) "Law firm group" means:
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                     (A) a law firm;
 3
                     (B) a general-purpose committee established or
    controlled by the law firm or a member of the law firm;
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 5
                     (C) a member of the law firm; and
                     (D) the spouse of a member of the law firm.
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               (6) "Member of a law <u>firm</u>" means:
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                     (A) a person designated "of counsel" or "of the
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    firm";
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                     (B) a partner of the law firm, whether
                                                                     an
    individual or an entity;
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                     (C) an associate of the law firm;
                     (D) a shareholder of the law firm, whether an
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    individual or an entity; or
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                     (E) an employee of the law firm ["Noncomplying
                     a judicial candidate who:
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                     [(A) files a declaration of intent to exceed the
    limits on expenditures under Section 253.164(a)(2);
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                     [(B) files a declaration of compliance under
    Section 253.164(a)(1) but later exceeds the limits on expenditures;
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                     (C) fails to file a declaration of compliance
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          Section 253.164(a)(1) or a declaration of intent
2.2
    Section 253.164(a)(2); or
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                     [<del>(D) violates Section 253.173 or 253.174</del>].
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               (7) \left[\frac{(5)}{(5)}\right] "Statewide judicial office" means
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   office of chief justice or justice, supreme court, or presiding
    judge or judge, court of criminal appeals.
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- 1 SECTION 2. The heading to Section 253.1541, Election Code,
- 2 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 Sec. 253.1541. ACCEPTANCE OF POLITICAL [OFFICEHOLDER]
- 4 CONTRIBUTIONS BY PERSON APPOINTED TO FILL VACANCY.
- 5 SECTION 3. Section 253.1541(b), Election Code, is amended
- 6 to read as follows:
- 7 (b) Notwithstanding Section 253.153, a person to whom this
- 8 section applies may accept political [officeholder] contributions
- 9 beginning on the date the person assumes the duties of office and
- 10 ending on the 60th day after that date.
- SECTION 4. Sections 253.155(a), (b), and (e), Election
- 12 Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 13 (a) A [Subject to Section 253.1621, a] judicial candidate or
- 14 officeholder may not[, except as provided by Subsection (c),
- 15 knowingly accept political contributions from a person that, in the
- 16 aggregate, exceed the contribution limits prescribed by Subsection
- 17 (b) in connection with each election in which the judicial
- 18 candidate's name appears on the ballot [person is involved].
- 19 (b) The contribution limits <u>under this section</u> are:
- 20 (1) for a statewide judicial office, \$5,000; or
- 21 (2) for any other judicial office:
- (A) \$1,000, if the population of the judicial
- 23 district is less than 250,000;
- 24 (B) \$2,500, if the population of the judicial
- 25 district is 250,000 to one million; or
- (C) \$5,000, if the population of the judicial
- 27 district is more than one million.

- 1 (e) A person who receives a political contribution that
- 2 violates this section [Subsection (a)] shall return the
- 3 contribution to the contributor not later than the later of:
- 4 (1) the last day of the reporting period in which the
- 5 contribution is received; or
- 6 (2) the fifth day after the date the contribution is
- 7 received.
- 8 SECTION 5. The heading to Section 253.157, Election Code,
- 9 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 Sec. 253.157. LIMIT ON CONTRIBUTION BY LAW FIRM GROUPS AND
- 11 [OR MEMBER OR] GENERAL-PURPOSE COMMITTEES [COMMITTEE OF LAW FIRM].
- 12 SECTION 6. Section 253.157, Election Code, is amended by
- 13 amending Subsections (a), (b), and (c) and adding Subsections (a-1)
- 14 and (a-2) to read as follows:
- 15 (a) <u>In addition [Subject]</u> to <u>the contribution limits</u>
- 16 imposed on each contributor under Section 253.155 [253.1621], a
- 17 judicial candidate or officeholder may not accept a political
- 18 contribution in excess of \$50 from a person if:
- 19 (1) the person is <u>part of</u> a law firm <u>group</u> [, a member
- 20 of a law firm, or a general-purpose committee established or
- 21 controlled by a law firm]; and
- 22 (2) the contribution, when aggregated with all
- 23 political contributions accepted by the candidate or officeholder
- 24 from the same law firm group in connection with the election, [other
- 25 members of the law firm, or a general-purpose committee established
- 26 or controlled by the law firm in connection with the election] would
- 27 exceed six times the applicable contribution limit under Section

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   253.155.
         (a-1) A judicial candidate or officeholder may not
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   knowingly accept political contributions from a general-purpose
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   committee that, in the aggregate, exceed the contribution limits
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5
   prescribed by this subsection in connection with an election in
   which the judicial candidate's name appears on the ballot. The
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7
   contribution limits under this subsection are:
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               (1) for a statewide judicial office, $25,000; or
               (2) for any other judicial office, $5,000.
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         (a-2) In addition to the contribution limits imposed on each
   contribution in Subsection (a-1), a judicial candidate or
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   officeholder may not accept a political contribution in excess of
   $50 from a general-purpose committee if the contribution, when
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   aggregated with all political contributions from all
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   general-purpose committees in connection with an election, would
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   exceed:
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              (1) for a statewide judicial office, $300,000;
               (2) for the office of chief justice or justice, court
18
19
   of appeals:
                    (A) $75,000, if the population of the judicial
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   district is more than one million; or
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22
                    (B) $52,500, if the population of the judicial
   district is one million or less; or
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(3) for an office other than an office included under

(A) \$52,500, if the population of the judicial

24

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Subdivision (1) or (2):

district is more than one million;

- 1 (B) \$30,000, if the population of the judicial
- 2 district is 250,000 to one million; or
- 3 (C) \$15,000, if the population of the judicial
- 4 district is less than 250,000.
- 5 (b) A person who receives a political contribution that
- 6 violates this section [Subsection (a)] shall return the
- 7 contribution to the contributor not later than the later of:
- 8 (1) the last day of the reporting period in which the
- 9 contribution is received; or
- 10 (2) the fifth day after the date the contribution is
- 11 received.
- 12 (c) A person who violates this section [fails to return a
- 13 political contribution as required by Subsection (b) is liable for
- 14 a civil penalty not to exceed three times the [total] amount of the
- 15 political contributions accepted in violation of this section [from
- 16 the law firm, members of the law firm, or general-purpose
- 17 committees established or controlled by the law firm in connection
- 18 with the election].
- 19 SECTION 7. Sections 253.158, 253.159, and 253.1601,
- 20 Election Code, are amended to read as follows:
- 21 Sec. 253.158. CONTRIBUTION BY SPOUSE OR CHILD [CONSIDERED
- 22 TO BE CONTRIBUTION BY INDIVIDUAL]. (a) For purposes of this
- 23 subchapter [Sections 253.155 and 253.157], a contribution by the
- 24 spouse [or child] of an individual is not considered to be a
- 25 contribution by the individual.
- 26 (b) For purposes of this subchapter, a contribution by a
- 27 child of an individual is considered to be a contribution by the

- 1 individual [In this section, "child" means a person under 18 years
- 2 of age who is not and has not been married or who has not had the
- 3 disabilities of minority removed for general purposes].
- 4 Sec. 253.159. EXCEPTION TO CONTRIBUTION LIMITS. Section
- 5 [Sections] 253.155 does [and 253.157 do] not apply to an individual
- 6 who is related to the candidate or officeholder within the second
- 7 degree by consanguinity, as determined under Subchapter B, Chapter
- 8 573, Government Code.
- 9 Sec. 253.1601. CONTRIBUTION TO CERTAIN COMMITTEES
- 10 CONSIDERED CONTRIBUTION TO CANDIDATE OR OFFICEHOLDER. For purposes
- 11 of Sections 253.155 and $[\tau]$ 253.157, $[and 253.160\tau]$ a contribution
- 12 to a specific-purpose committee for the purpose of supporting a
- 13 judicial candidate, opposing the candidate's opponent, or
- 14 assisting a judicial [the candidate as an] officeholder is
- 15 considered to be a contribution to the candidate or officeholder.
- SECTION 8. Sections 253.161(a) and (b), Election Code, are
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 (a) A judicial candidate or officeholder, a
- 19 specific-purpose committee for supporting or opposing a judicial
- 20 candidate, or a specific-purpose committee for assisting a judicial
- 21 officeholder may not use a political contribution to make a
- 22 campaign expenditure for judicial office or to make an officeholder
- 23 expenditure in connection with a judicial office if the
- 24 contribution was accepted while the candidate or officeholder:
- 25 (1) was a candidate for an office other than a judicial
- 26 office; or
- 27 (2) held an office other than a judicial office,

- 1 unless the person had become a candidate for judicial office and the
- 2 contribution was made in connection with an election for judicial
- 3 office.
- 4 (b) A candidate, officeholder, or specific-purpose
- 5 committee for supporting, opposing, or assisting the candidate or
- 6 officeholder may not use a political contribution to make a
- 7 campaign expenditure for an office other than a judicial office or
- 8 to make an officeholder expenditure in connection with an office
- 9 other than a judicial office if the contribution was accepted while
- 10 the candidate or officeholder:
- 11 (1) was a candidate for a judicial office; or
- 12 (2) held a judicial office, unless the person had
- 13 become a candidate for another office and the contribution was made
- 14 in connection with an election for nonjudicial office.
- 15 SECTION 9. Subchapter F, Chapter 253, Election Code, is
- 16 amended by adding Section 253.1612 to read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 253.1612. CERTAIN CAMPAIGN ACTIVITIES AUTHORIZED. The
- 18 Code of Judicial Conduct may not prohibit, and a judicial candidate
- 19 may not be penalized for, a joint campaign activity conducted by two
- 20 or more judicial candidates if the joint campaign activity clearly
- 21 <u>indicates that a judicial candidate conducting the activity does</u>
- 22 not endorse another judicial or nonjudicial candidate.
- SECTION 10. Sections 253.162(a) and (c), Election Code, are
- 24 amended to read as follows:
- 25 (a) \underline{A} [Subject to Section 253.1621, \underline{a}] judicial candidate or
- 26 officeholder who makes political expenditures from the person's
- 27 personal funds or who accepts one or more political contributions

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- 1 in the form of a loan, including an extension of credit or guarantee
- 2 of a loan or extension of credit, from one or more persons related
- 3 to the candidate or officeholder within the second degree of
- 4 affinity or consanguinity, as determined under Subchapter B,
- 5 Chapter 573, Government Code, may not reimburse those [the]
- 6 personal funds or repay those loans from political contributions in
- 7 amounts that in the aggregate exceed, for each election in which the
- 8 person's name appears on the ballot:
- 9 (1) for a statewide judicial office, \$100,000; or
- 10 (2) for an office other than a statewide judicial
- 11 office, five times the applicable contribution limit under Section
- 12 253.155.
- 13 (c) A person who is both a candidate and an officeholder may
- 14 reimburse the person's personal funds in only [in] one capacity.
- 15 SECTION 11. Section 253.1621, Election Code, is amended to
- 16 read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 253.1621. APPLICATION OF CONTRIBUTION AND
- 18 REIMBURSEMENT LIMITS TO CERTAIN CANDIDATES. (a) For purposes of
- 19 $\underline{\text{the}}$ [a] contribution $\underline{\text{limit}}$ [limit] prescribed by Section 253.155
- 20 $\underline{\text{or}}[\tau]$ 253.157[τ or 253.160] and the limit on reimbursement of
- 21 personal funds and repayment of certain loans prescribed by Section
- 22 253.162, the general and primary elections [election and general
- 23 election for state and county officers] are considered separate
- 24 elections for a candidate whose name appears on the ballot [to be a
- 25 single election in which a judicial candidate is involved if the
- 26 candidate:
- 27 [(1) is unopposed in the primary election; or

- 1 [(2) does not have an opponent in the general election
- 2 whose name is to appear on the ballot].
- 3 (b) For <u>purposes of the</u> [a candidate to whom Subsection (a)
- 4 applies, each applicable] contribution <u>limits</u> [limit] prescribed
- 5 by Sections [Section] 253.155 and [$_{7}$] 253.157 and the limits on
- 6 reimbursement of personal funds and repayment of certain loans
- 7 prescribed by Section 253.162, a runoff election in which the
- 8 <u>candidate's name is on the ballot is considered a separate</u>
- 9 <u>election</u>[, or 253.160 is increased by 25 percent. A candidate who
- 10 accepts political contributions from a person that in the aggregate
- 11 exceed the applicable contribution limit prescribed by Section
- 12 253.155, 253.157, or 253.160 but that do not exceed the adjusted
- 13 limit as determined under this subsecton may use the amount of those
- 14 contributions that exceeds the limit prescribed by Section 253.155,
- 15 253.157, or 253.160 only for making an officeholder expenditure].
- 16 SECTION 12. The heading to Section 253.167, Election Code,
- 17 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 253.167. CERTIFICATION OF POPULATION; NOTICE OF
- 19 CONTRIBUTION [AND EXPENDITURE] LIMITS.
- SECTION 13. Section 253.167, Election Code, is amended by
- 21 amending Subsection (b) and adding Subsection (c) to read as
- 22 follows:
- 23 (b) Following certification of population under Subsection
- 24 (a), the commission or county clerk, as appropriate, shall make
- 25 available to each candidate for an office covered by this
- 26 subchapter written notice of the contribution [and expenditure]
- 27 limits applicable to the office the candidate seeks.

- 1 (c) The commission shall post the written certification
- 2 required by this section on the commission's Internet website.
- 3 SECTION 14. Section 253.171, Election Code, is amended to
- 4 read as follows:
- 5 Sec. 253.171. CONTRIBUTION FROM OR DIRECT CAMPAIGN
- 6 EXPENDITURE BY POLITICAL PARTY. A political expenditure
- 7 [(a) Except as provided by Subsection (b), a political
- 8 contribution to or a direct campaign expenditure on behalf of a
- 9 complying candidate] that is made by the principal political
- 10 committee of the state executive committee or a county executive
- 11 committee of a political party [is considered to be a political
- 12 expenditure by the candidate for purposes of the expenditure limits
- 13 prescribed by Section 253.168.
- 14 [(b) Subsection (a) does not apply to a political
- 15 <u>expenditure</u>] for a generic get-out-the-vote campaign or <u>to create</u>
- 16 <u>and distribute</u> [for] a written list of two or more candidates <u>is not</u>
- 17 considered a contribution to a judicial candidate who benefits from
- 18 the get-out-the-vote campaign or is included in the written list
- 19 and is not subject to the limits of Section 253.155 or 253.157 if
- 20 the get-out-the-vote campaign or written list [that]:
- 21 (1) identifies the party's candidates by name and
- 22 office sought, office held, or photograph;
- 23 (2) does not include any reference to the judicial
- 24 philosophy or positions on issues of the party's judicial
- 25 candidates; and
- 26 (3) is not broadcast, cablecast, published in a
- 27 newspaper or magazine, or placed on a billboard.

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          SECTION 15. Section 253.176(a), Election Code, is amended
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   to read as follows:
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               The commission may impose a civil penalty against a
    person as provided by this subchapter only after a formal hearing as
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 5
    provided by Subchapter E, Chapter 571, Government Code.
          SECTION 16. Section 254.0611(b), Election Code, is amended
 6
    to read as follows:
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8
           (b)
               In this section:
                      "Child" and "law firm" have [has] the meanings
 9
    [\frac{\text{meaning}}{\text{meaning}}] assigned by Section \frac{253.152}{\text{cm}} [\frac{253.158}{\text{cm}}].
10
                (2) "Member" has ["Law firm" and "member" have] the
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    meaning [meanings] assigned to "member of a law firm" by Section
12
    253.152 \left[ \frac{253.157}{} \right].
13
14
           SECTION 17. The following provisions of the Election Code
15
    are repealed:
16
                (1) Section 253.155(d);
17
                (2)
                     Sections 253.157(d) and (e);
                     Section 253.160;
18
                (3)
                     Section 253.161(c);
19
                (4)
                (5)
                     Section 253.162(b);
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21
                (6) Sections 253.163, 253.164, 253.165, 253.166,
    253.168, 253.169, 253.170, 253.172, 253.173, 253.174, and 253.175;
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    and
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                (7) Section 253.176(c).
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          SECTION 18. This Act takes effect immediately if
   receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
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house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.

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- 1 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
- 2 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2019.