By: Romero, Jr.

H.J.R. No. 137

A JOINT RESOLUTION

proposing a constitutional amendment to increase the amount of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district and to reduce the amount of the limitation on school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect the increased exemption amount.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII, Texas
Constitution, are amended to read as follows:

The amount of \$50,000 [\$25,000] of the market value of 9 (c) the residence homestead of a married or unmarried adult, including 10 11 one living alone, is exempt from ad valorem taxation for general 12 elementary and secondary public school purposes. The legislature by general law may provide that all or part of the exemption does 13 not apply to a district or political subdivision that imposes ad 14 valorem taxes for public education purposes but is not the 15 16 principal school district providing general elementary and secondary public education throughout its territory. In addition 17 to this exemption, the legislature by general law may exempt an 18 amount not to exceed \$10,000 of the market value of the residence 19 20 homestead of a person who is disabled as defined in Subsection (b) 21 of this section and of a person 65 years of age or older from ad valorem taxation for general elementary and secondary public school 22 23 purposes. The legislature by general law may base the amount of and condition eligibility for the additional exemption authorized by 24

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1 this subsection for disabled persons and for persons 65 years of age or older on economic need. An eligible disabled person who is 65 2 3 years of age or older may not receive both exemptions from a school district but may choose either. An eligible person is entitled to 4 5 receive both the exemption required by this subsection for all residence homesteads and any exemption adopted pursuant to 6 Subsection (b) of this section, but the legislature shall provide 7 8 by general law whether an eligible disabled or elderly person may receive both the additional exemption for the elderly and disabled 9 10 authorized by this subsection and any exemption for the elderly or disabled adopted pursuant to Subsection (b) of this section. Where 11 ad valorem tax has previously been pledged for the payment of debt, 12 the taxing officers of a school district may continue to levy and 13 14 collect the tax against the value of homesteads exempted under this 15 subsection until the debt is discharged if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligation of the contract by which the debt was 16 17 created. The legislature shall provide for formulas to protect school districts against all or part of the revenue loss incurred by 18 the implementation of this subsection, Subsection (d) of this 19 section, and Section 1-d-1 of this article. The legislature by 20 general law may define residence homestead for purposes of this 21 22 section.

(d) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, if a person receives a residence homestead exemption prescribed by Subsection (c) of this section for homesteads of persons who are 65 years of age or older or who are disabled, the total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on that homestead for general elementary and

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1 secondary public school purposes may not be increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person or that person's 2 3 spouse who receives the exemption. If a person 65 years of age or older dies in a year in which the person received the exemption, the 4 5 total amount of ad valorem taxes imposed on the homestead for general elementary and secondary public school purposes may not be 6 increased while it remains the residence homestead of that person's 7 8 surviving spouse if the spouse is 55 years of age or older at the time of the person's death, subject to any exceptions provided by 9 10 general law. The legislature, by general law, may provide for the transfer of all or a proportionate amount of a limitation provided 11 by this subsection for a person who qualifies for the limitation and 12 establishes a different residence homestead. 13 However, taxes 14 otherwise limited by this subsection may be increased to the extent 15 the value of the homestead is increased by improvements other than repairs or improvements made to comply with governmental 16 17 requirements and except as may be consistent with the transfer of a limitation under this subsection. For a residence homestead 18 19 subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in the 1996 20 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a 21 reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 1997 tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 22 23 1997 tax rate for general elementary and secondary public school 24 purposes applicable to the residence homestead. For a residence homestead subject to the limitation provided by this subsection in 25 26 the 2014 tax year or an earlier tax year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of the limitation for the 2015 27

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provided by this subsection in the 2020 tax year or an earlier tax 5 year, the legislature shall provide for a reduction in the amount of 6 the limitation for the 2021 tax year in an amount equal to \$25,000 7 multiplied by the 2021 tax rate for general elementary and 8 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence 9 10 homestead. 11 SECTION 2. The following temporary provision is added to 12 the Texas Constitution: TEMPORARY PROVISION. (a) This temporary provision applies 13 to the constitutional amendment proposed by the 86th Legislature, 14 Regular Session, 2019, to increase the amount of the exemption of 15 residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district 16 17 and to reduce the amount of the limitation on school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence homesteads of the elderly or 18 19 disabled to reflect the increased exemption amount.

tax year and subsequent tax years in an amount equal to \$10,000 multiplied by the 2015 tax rate for general elementary and 2 3 secondary public school purposes applicable to the residence For a residence homestead subject to the limitation 4 homestead.

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(b)

1, 2021.

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of this constitution take effect for the tax year beginning January

(c) This temporary provision expires January 1, 2022.

submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 5, 2019.

The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the

proposition: "The constitutional amendment to increase the amount

SECTION 3. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be

The amendments to Sections 1-b(c) and (d), Article VIII,

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of the exemption of residence homesteads from ad valorem taxation by a school district and to reduce the amount of the limitation on school district ad valorem taxes imposed on the residence homesteads of the elderly or disabled to reflect the increased exemption amount."