

R E S O L U T I O N

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the State of Texas, That the following are adopted as the permanent rules of the House of Representatives of the 86th [~~85th~~] Legislature:

RULES OF
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE TEXAS LEGISLATURE
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3 STATEMENT OF AUTHORIZATION AND PRECEDENCE

4 Pursuant to and under the authority of Section 11, Article

5 III, Texas Constitution, and notwithstanding any provision of

6 statute, the House of Representatives adopts the following rules to

7 govern its operations and procedures. The provisions of these

8 rules shall be deemed the only requirements binding on the House of

9 Representatives under Section 11, Article III, Texas Constitution,

10 notwithstanding any other requirements expressed in statute.

11 RULE 1. DUTIES AND RIGHTS OF THE SPEAKER

12 CHAPTER A. DUTIES AS PRESIDING OFFICER

13 Sec. 1. ENFORCEMENT OF THE RULES. The speaker shall

14 enforce, apply, and interpret the rules of the house in all

15 deliberations of the house and shall enforce the legislative rules

16 prescribed by the statutes and the Constitution of Texas.

17 Sec. 2. CALL TO ORDER. The speaker shall take the chair on

18 each calendar day precisely at the hour to which the house adjourned

19 or recessed at its last sitting and shall immediately call the

20 members to order.

21 Sec. 3. LAYING BUSINESS BEFORE THE HOUSE. The speaker

22 shall lay before the house its business in the order indicated by

23 the rules and shall receive propositions made by members and put

24 them to the house.

25 Sec. 4. REFERRAL OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION TO COMMITTEE. All

26 proposed legislation shall be referred by the speaker to an

27 appropriate standing or select committee with jurisdiction,

1 subject to correction by a majority vote of the house. A bill or
2 resolution may not be referred simultaneously to more than one
3 committee.

4 Sec. 5. PRESERVATION OF ORDER AND DECORUM. The speaker
5 shall preserve order and decorum. In case of disturbance or
6 disorderly conduct in the galleries or in the lobby, the speaker may
7 order that these areas be cleared. No signs, placards, or other
8 objects of similar nature shall be permitted in the rooms, lobby,
9 gallery, and hall of the house. The speaker shall see that the
10 members of the house conduct themselves in a civil manner in
11 accordance with accepted standards of parliamentary conduct and
12 may, when necessary, order the sergeant-at-arms to clear the aisles
13 and seat the members of the house so that business may be conducted
14 in an orderly manner.

15 Sec. 6. RECOGNITION OF GALLERY VISITORS. On written
16 request of a member, the speaker may recognize persons in the
17 gallery. The speaker shall afford that recognition at a convenient
18 place in the order of business, considering the need for order and
19 decorum and the need for continuity of debate. The request must be
20 made on a form prescribed by the Committee on House Administration.
21 The speaker may recognize, at a time he or she considers appropriate
22 during floor proceedings, the person serving as physician of the
23 day.

24 Sec. 7. STATING AND VOTING ON QUESTIONS. The speaker shall
25 rise to put a question but may state it sitting. The question shall
26 be put substantially in this form: "The question occurs on
27 _____" (here state the question or proposition under

1 consideration). "All in favor say 'Aye,'" and after the affirmative
2 vote is expressed, "All opposed say 'No.'" If the speaker is in
3 doubt as to the result, or if a division is called for, the house
4 shall divide: those voting in the affirmative on the question
5 shall register "Aye" on the voting machine, and those voting in the
6 negative on the question shall register "No." The decision of the
7 house on the question shall be printed in the journal and shall
8 include the yeas and nays if a record of the yeas and nays is ordered
9 in accordance with the rules.

10 Sec. 8. VOTING RIGHTS OF THE PRESIDING OFFICER. The
11 speaker shall have the same right as other members to vote. If the
12 speaker, or a member temporarily presiding, has not voted, he or she
13 may cast the deciding vote at the time such opportunity becomes
14 official, whether to make or break a tie. If a verification of the
15 vote is called for and granted, the decision of the speaker, or a
16 member temporarily presiding, to cast the deciding vote need not be
17 made until the verification has been completed. In case of error in
18 a vote, if the correction leaves decisive effect to the vote of the
19 speaker, or a member temporarily presiding, the deciding vote may
20 be cast even though the result has been announced.

21 Sec. 9. QUESTIONS OF ORDER. (a) The speaker shall decide
22 on all questions of order; however, such decisions are subject to an
23 appeal to the house made by any 10 members. Pending an appeal, the
24 speaker shall call a member to the chair, who shall not have the
25 authority to entertain or decide any other matter or proposition
26 until the appeal has first been determined by the house. The
27 question on appeal is, "Shall the chair be sustained?"

1 (b) No member shall speak more than once on an appeal unless
2 given leave by a majority of the house. No motion shall be in order,
3 pending an appeal, except a motion to adjourn, a motion to lay on
4 the table, a motion for the previous question, or a motion for a
5 call of the house. Responses to parliamentary inquiries and
6 decisions of recognition made by the chair may not be appealed,
7 except as provided by Rule 5, Section 24.

8 (c) Further consideration of the matter or proposition that
9 is the subject of a question of order is prohibited until the
10 speaker decides the question of order and any appeal of that
11 decision has been determined by the house. Consideration of any
12 other matter or proposition is also prohibited while a question of
13 order is pending, unless the question of order is temporarily
14 withdrawn and the matter or proposition that is the subject of the
15 question of order is postponed. Withdrawal of the question of order
16 does not prevent any member from raising that question of order when
17 the matter or proposition is again before the house.

18 (d) A point of order raised as to a violation of a section of
19 the rules governing committee reports, committee minutes, or
20 accompanying documentation may be overruled if the purpose of that
21 section of the rules has been substantially fulfilled and the
22 violation does not deceive or mislead.

23 (e) When a question of order is pending before the house,
24 only the member who raised the question of order, and one other
25 member designated by that member, and the primary proponent of the
26 matter or proposition to which the question of order applies, and
27 one other member designated by the proponent, may present arguments

1 to the speaker or parliamentarian regarding the question of order.
2 This subsection does not limit any remarks that a member may make
3 before the full house if the member is recognized for that purpose.

4 Sec. 10. APPOINTMENT OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE AND TEMPORARY
5 CHAIR. The speaker shall have the right to name any member to
6 perform the duties of the chair and may name a member to serve as
7 speaker pro tempore by delivering a written order to the chief clerk
8 and a copy to the journal clerk. A permanent speaker pro tempore
9 shall, in the absence or inability of the speaker, call the house to
10 order and perform all other duties of the chair in presiding over
11 the deliberations of the house and perform other duties and
12 exercise other responsibilities as may be assigned by the speaker.
13 If the house is not in session, and a permanent speaker pro tempore
14 has not been named, or if the speaker pro tempore is not available
15 or for any reason is not able to function, the speaker may deliver a
16 written order to the chief clerk, with a copy to the journal clerk,
17 naming the member who shall call the house to order and preside
18 during the speaker's absence. The speaker pro tempore shall serve
19 at the pleasure of the speaker.

20 Sec. 11. EMERGENCY ADJOURNMENT. In the event of an
21 emergency of such compelling nature that the speaker must adjourn
22 the house without fixing a date and hour of reconvening, the speaker
23 shall have authority to determine the date and hour of reconvening
24 and to notify the members of the house by any means the speaker
25 considers adequate. Should the speaker be disabled or otherwise
26 unable to exercise these emergency powers, the permanent speaker
27 pro tempore, if one has been named, shall have authority to act. If

1 there is no permanent speaker pro tempore, or if that officer is
2 unable to act, authority shall be exercised by the chair of the
3 Committee on State Affairs, who shall preside until the house can
4 proceed to the selection of a temporary presiding officer to
5 function until the speaker or the speaker pro tempore is again able
6 to exercise the duties and responsibilities of the office.

7 Sec. 12. POSTPONEMENT OF RECONVENING. When the house is
8 not in session, if the speaker determines that it would be a hazard
9 to the safety of the members, officers, employees, and others
10 attending the legislature to reconvene at the time determined by
11 the house at its last sitting, the speaker may clear the area of the
12 capitol under the control of the house and postpone the reconvening
13 of the house for a period of not more than 12 hours. On making that
14 determination, the speaker shall order the sergeant-at-arms to post
15 an assistant at each first floor entrance to the capitol and other
16 places and advise all persons entering of the determination and the
17 time set for the house to reconvene. The speaker shall also notify
18 the journal clerk and the news media of the action, and the action
19 shall be entered in the house journal.

20 Sec. 13. SIGNING BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS. All bills, joint
21 resolutions, and concurrent resolutions shall be signed by the
22 speaker in the presence of the house, as required by the
23 constitution; and all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by
24 order of the house shall be signed by the speaker and attested by
25 the chief clerk, or the person acting as chief clerk.

26 CHAPTER B. ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES

27 Sec. 14. CONTROL OVER HALL OF THE HOUSE. The speaker shall

1 have general control, except as otherwise provided by law, of the
2 hall of the house, its lobbies, galleries, corridors, and passages,
3 and other rooms in those parts of the capitol assigned to the use of
4 the house; except that the hall of the house shall not be used for
5 any meeting other than legislative meetings during any regular or
6 special session of the legislature unless specifically authorized
7 by resolution.

8 Sec. 15. STANDING COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS. (a) The
9 speaker shall designate the chair and vice-chair of each standing
10 substantive committee and shall also appoint membership of the
11 committee, subject to the provisions of Rule 4, Section 2.

12 (b) If members of equal seniority request the same
13 committee, the speaker shall decide which among them shall be
14 assigned to that committee.

15 (c) In announcing the membership of the standing
16 substantive committees, the speaker shall designate which are
17 appointees and which acquire membership by seniority.

18 (d) The speaker shall appoint the chair and vice-chair of
19 each standing procedural committee and the remaining membership of
20 the committee.

21 (e) If a new speaker is elected to fill a vacancy in the
22 office after the appointment of standing committees, the new
23 speaker may not alter the composition of any standing committee
24 before the end of the session, except that the new speaker may:

25 (1) vacate the new speaker's membership on any
26 committee;

27 (2) make committee appointments for the member who was

1 removed as speaker;

2 (3) designate a different member of a standing
3 committee as committee chair; and

4 (4) fill vacancies that occur on a committee.

5 Sec. 16. APPOINTMENT OF SELECT AND CONFERENCE
6 COMMITTEES. (a) The speaker shall appoint all conference
7 committees. The speaker shall name the chair of each conference
8 committee, and may also name the vice-chair thereof.

9 (b) The speaker may at any time by proclamation create a
10 select committee. The speaker shall name the chair and vice-chair
11 thereof. A select committee has the jurisdiction, authority, and
12 duties and exists for the period of time specified in the
13 proclamation. A select committee has the powers granted by these
14 rules to a standing committee except as limited by the
15 proclamation. A copy of each proclamation creating a select
16 committee shall be filed with the chief clerk.

17 [~~(c) If a new speaker is elected to fill a vacancy in the~~
18 ~~office after the appointment of standing committees, the new~~
19 ~~speaker may not alter the composition of any standing committee~~
20 ~~before the end of the session, except that the new speaker may:~~

21 [~~(1) vacate the new speaker's membership on any~~
22 ~~committee,~~

23 [~~(2) make committee appointments for the member who~~
24 ~~was removed as speaker,~~

25 [~~(3) designate a different member of a standing~~
26 ~~committee as committee chair; and~~

27 [~~(4) fill vacancies that occur on a committee.]~~

1 Sec. 17. INTERIM STUDIES. When the legislature is not in
2 session, the speaker shall have the authority to direct committees
3 to make interim studies for such purposes as the speaker may
4 designate, and the committees shall meet as often as necessary to
5 transact effectively the business assigned to them. The speaker
6 shall provide to the chief clerk a copy of interim charges made to a
7 standing or select committee.

8 CHAPTER C. CAMPAIGNS FOR SPEAKER

9 Sec. 18. PLEDGES FOR SPEAKER PROHIBITED DURING REGULAR
10 SESSION. During a regular session of the legislature a member may
11 not solicit written pledges from other members for their support of
12 or promise to vote for any person for the office of speaker.

1 RULE 2. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

2 CHAPTER A. DUTIES OF OFFICERS [~~EMPLOYEES~~] OF THE HOUSE

3 Sec. 1. CHIEF CLERK. (a) The chief clerk shall:

4 (1) be the custodian of all bills, resolutions, and
5 amendments;

6 (2) number in the order of their filing, with a
7 separate sequence for each category, all bills, joint resolutions,
8 concurrent resolutions, and house resolutions;

9 (3) provide for the keeping of a complete record of
10 introduction and action on all bills and resolutions, including the
11 number, author, brief description of the subject matter, committee
12 reference, and the time sequence of action taken on all bills and
13 resolutions to reflect at all times their status in the legislative
14 process;

15 (4) on the day of numbering a bill relating to a
16 conservation and reclamation district created under Article XVI,
17 Section 59, of the Texas Constitution, send two copies of the bill,
18 with two copies of the notice of intention to introduce the bill, to
19 the governor and notify the journal clerk of the action;

20 (5) receive the recommendations of the Texas
21 Commission on Environmental Quality on a bill forwarded to the
22 commission under Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas
23 Constitution, attach them to the bill to which they apply, and
24 notify the journal clerk that the recommendations have been filed;

25 (6) forward to a committee chair in an electronic or
26 other format determined by the chief clerk a certified copy of each
27 legislative document referred to the committee, including all

1 official attachments to the document;

2 (7) have printed and distributed correct copies of all
3 legislative documents, as provided in the subchapter on printing,
4 and keep an exact record of the date and hour of transmittal to the
5 printer, return from the printer, and distribution of the document
6 to members of the house with that information time-stamped on the
7 originals of the document;

8 (8) certify the passage of bills and resolutions,
9 noting on them the date of passage and the vote by which passed,
10 including the yeas and nays if a record of the yeas and nays is
11 ordered;

12 (9) be responsible for engrossing all house bills and
13 resolutions that have passed second reading and those that have
14 passed third reading, and for enrolling all house bills and
15 resolutions that have passed both houses.

16 All engrossed and enrolled documents shall be prepared
17 without erasures, interlineations, or additions in the margin.

18 House concurrent resolutions passed without amendment
19 shall not be engrossed but shall be certified and forwarded
20 directly to the senate.

21 Engrossed riders may be used in lieu of full engrossment
22 on second reading passage;

23 (10) be authorized to amend the caption to conform to
24 the body of each house bill and joint resolution ordered engrossed
25 or enrolled;

26 (11) be responsible for noting on each house bill or
27 joint resolution, for certification by the speaker of the house,

1 the lieutenant governor, the chief clerk of the house, and the
2 secretary of the senate, the following information:

3 (A) date of final passage, and the vote on final
4 passage, including the yeas and nays if a record of the yeas and
5 nays is ordered. If the bill was amended in the senate, this fact
6 shall also be noted;

7 (B) date of concurrence by the house in senate
8 amendments, and the vote on concurrence, including the yeas and
9 nays if a record of the yeas and nays is ordered;

10 (C) date of adoption by each house of a
11 conference committee report and the vote on adoption, including the
12 yeas and nays if a record of the yeas and nays is ordered;

13 (D) that a bill containing an appropriation was
14 passed subject to the provisions of Article III, Section 49a, of the
15 Texas Constitution; and

16 (E) that a concurrent resolution was adopted by
17 both houses directing the correction of an enrolled bill, if
18 applicable;

19 (12) transmit over signature all messages from the
20 house to the senate, including typewritten copies of amendments to
21 senate bills;

22 (13) prepare copies of senate amendments to house
23 bills for the journal before the amendments and the bill or
24 resolution to which they relate are sent to the printer or to the
25 speaker;

26 (14) notify the speaker in writing that the senate did
27 not concur in house amendments to a bill or resolution and requests

1 a conference committee, and include in this notice the names of the
2 senate conferees;

3 (15) provide a certified copy of a house bill or
4 resolution which may be lost showing each parliamentary step taken
5 on the bill; and

6 (16) request fiscal notes on house bills and joint
7 resolutions with senate amendments and distribute fiscal notes on
8 house bills and joint resolutions with senate amendments and
9 conference committee reports as required by Rule 13, Sections 5 and
10 10.

11 (b) The chief clerk shall also:

12 (1) attest all writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by
13 order of the house;

14 (2) receive reports of select committees and forward
15 copies to the speaker and journal clerk;

16 (3) not later than 30 days after the close of each
17 session, acquire from each of the various clerks of the house,
18 except the journal clerk, all reports, records, bills, papers, and
19 other documents remaining in their possession and file them with
20 the Legislative Reference Library, unless otherwise provided by
21 law;

22 (4) receive and file all other documents required by
23 law or by the rules of the house;

24 (5) prepare a roster of members in order of seniority
25 showing the number of years of service of each member, as provided
26 in Rule 4, Section 2; and

27 (6) have posted the list of Items Eligible for

1 Consideration as required by the rules.

2 (c) The chief clerk shall also provide for the following to
3 be made available on the electronic legislative information system:

4 (1) all house calendars and lists of items eligible
5 for consideration and the time-stamp information for those
6 calendars and lists; and

7 (2) the time-stamp information for all official
8 printings of bills and resolutions.

9 (d) The chief clerk shall provide notice to a Capitol e-mail
10 address designated by each member when a new house calendar or list
11 of items eligible for consideration is posted on the electronic
12 legislative information system. If a member informs the chief
13 clerk that the member also desires to receive a paper copy of house
14 calendars or lists of items eligible for consideration, the chief
15 clerk shall place paper copies of those documents designated by the
16 member in the newspaper box of the member as soon as practicable
17 after the electronic copies are posted.

18 Sec. 2. JOURNAL CLERK. (a) The journal clerk shall:

19 (1) keep a journal of the proceedings of the house,
20 except when the house is acting as a committee of the whole, and
21 enter the following:

22 (A) the number, author, and caption of every bill
23 introduced;

24 (B) descriptions of all congratulatory and
25 memorial resolutions on committee report, motions, amendments,
26 questions of order and decisions on them, messages from the
27 governor, and messages from the senate;

1 (C) the summaries of congratulatory and memorial
2 resolutions, as printed on the congratulatory and memorial
3 calendar;

4 (D) the number of each bill, joint resolution,
5 and concurrent resolution signed in the presence of the house;

6 (E) a listing of reports made by standing
7 committees;

8 (F) reports of select committees, when ordered by
9 the house;

10 (G) every vote where a record of the yeas and nays
11 is ordered or registration of the house with a concise statement of
12 the action and the result;

13 (H) the names of all absentees, both excused and
14 not excused;

15 (I) senate amendments to house bills or
16 resolutions, when concurred in by the house;

17 (J) the date each bill is transmitted to the
18 governor;

19 (K) the date recommendations of the Texas
20 Commission on Environmental Quality on each bill subject to Article
21 XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution, are filed with the chief
22 clerk;

23 (L) all pairs as a part of a vote where a record
24 of the yeas and nays is ordered;

25 (M) reasons for a vote;

26 (N) the vote of a member on any question where a
27 record of the yeas and nays has not been ordered;

1 (O) the statement of a member who was absent when
2 a vote was taken indicating how the member would have voted;

3 (P) official state documents, reports, and other
4 matters, when ordered by the house; and

5 (Q) the ~~[parliamentarian's]~~ written copy of the
6 speaker's [explanation on the final] ruling on a point of order,
7 which includes the citation of the authorities relied upon ~~[any~~
8 ~~house or congressional precedents used]~~ in ~~[determining]~~ the
9 grounds for decision [ruling], as provided in Section 9(b-1) of
10 this rule [Rule 14, Section 8];

11 (2) prepare a daily journal for each calendar day that
12 the house is in session and distribute on the succeeding calendar
13 day or the earliest possible date copies to the members of the house
14 who have submitted requests to the journal clerk to receive a copy;
15 and

16 (3) prepare and have printed a permanent house journal
17 of regular and special sessions in accordance with the law and the
18 following provisions:

19 (A) When completed, no more than 300 copies shall
20 be bound and distributed as follows:

21 (i) one copy to each member of the house of
22 representatives who submitted a request to the journal clerk to
23 receive a copy;

24 (ii) one copy to each member of the senate
25 who submitted a request to the journal clerk to receive a copy; and

26 (iii) the remainder of the copies to be
27 distributed by the Committee on House Administration.

1 (B) The journal clerk shall not receive or
2 receipt for the permanent house journal until it has been correctly
3 published.

4 (b) The journal clerk shall lock the voting machine of each
5 member who is excused or who is otherwise known to be absent when
6 the house is in session until the member personally requests that
7 the machine be unlocked.

8 (c) The journal clerk shall determine and enter in the
9 journal the clock of record for the house and that clock may not be
10 delayed, set back, or otherwise tampered with to deviate from the
11 standard time, as provided by statute, for the place where the house
12 is meeting. The journal clerk shall enter in the journal the time
13 according to the clock of record when the house convenes, recesses,
14 and adjourns. A motion to suspend this rule must be decided by a
15 record vote.

16 Sec. 3. READING CLERKS. The reading clerks, under the
17 supervision of the speaker, shall:

18 (1) call the roll of the house in alphabetical order
19 when ordered to do so by the speaker; and

20 (2) read all bills, resolutions, motions, and other
21 matters required by the rules or directed by the speaker.

22 Sec. 4. SERGEANT-AT-ARMS. The sergeant-at-arms shall:

23 (1) under the direction of the speaker, have charge of
24 and maintain order in the hall of the house, its lobbies and
25 galleries, and all other rooms in the capitol assigned for the use
26 of the house of representatives;

27 (2) attend the house and the committee of the whole

1 during all meetings and maintain order under the direction of the
2 speaker or other presiding officer;

3 (3) execute the commands of the house and serve the
4 writs and processes issued by the authority of the house and
5 directed by the speaker;

6 (4) supervise assistants to the sergeant-at-arms who
7 shall aid in the performance of prescribed duties and have the same
8 authority, subject to the control of the speaker;

9 (5) clear the floor of the house of all persons not
10 entitled to the privileges of the floor at least 30 minutes prior to
11 the convening of each session of the house;

12 (6) bring in absent members when so directed under a
13 call of the house;

14 (7) not allow the distribution of any printed matter
15 in the hall of the house, other than newspapers that have been
16 published at least once a week for a period of one year, unless it
17 first has been authorized in writing by at least one member of the
18 house and the name of the member appears on the printed matter. The
19 sergeant-at-arms shall refuse to accept for distribution any
20 printed matter which does not bear the name of the member or members
21 authorizing the distribution;

22 (8) keep a copy of written authorization and a record
23 of the matter distributed in the permanent files of the house;

24 (9) enforce parking regulations applicable to areas of
25 the capitol complex under the control of the house and supervise
26 parking attendants;

27 (10) provide for issuance of an identification card to

1 each member and employee of the house; and

2 (11) supervise the doorkeeper.

3 Sec. 5. DOORKEEPER. The doorkeeper, under the supervision
4 of the sergeant-at-arms, shall:

5 (1) enforce strictly the rules of the house relating
6 to privileges of the floor and perform other duties as directed by
7 the speaker;

8 (2) close the main entrance and permit no member to
9 leave the house without written permission from the speaker when a
10 call of the house or a call of the committee of the whole is ordered,
11 take up permission cards as members leave the hall, and take up
12 permission cards of those who are admitted to the floor of the house
13 under the rules and practice of the house;

14 (3) obtain recognition from the speaker and announce a
15 messenger from the governor or the senate on arrival at the bar of
16 the house; and

17 (4) obtain recognition from the speaker and announce
18 the arrival of the governor or the senate on arrival at the bar of
19 the house for official proceedings in the house.

20 Sec. 6. CHAPLAIN. The chaplain shall open the first
21 session on each calendar day with a prayer and shall perform such
22 other duties as directed by the Committee on House Administration.

23 Sec. 7. VOTING CLERK. The voting clerk, under the
24 supervision of the speaker, shall:

25 (1) open and close the voting machine on registrations
26 and record votes as ordered by the speaker;

27 (2) record votes from the floor as directed by the

1 speaker;

2 (3) prepare official copies of all record votes for
3 the journal; and

4 (4) make no additions, subtractions, or other changes
5 in any registration or record vote unless specifically granted
6 permission by the house or directed by the speaker prior to the
7 announcement of the final result.

8 Sec. 8. COMMITTEE COORDINATOR. (a) The committee
9 coordinator shall:

10 (1) under the direction of the Committee on House
11 Administration, prepare a schedule for regular meetings of all
12 standing committees as provided by Rule 4, Section 8(a);

13 (2) post committee meeting notices, as directed by the
14 chair of a committee, in accordance with Rule 4, Section 11(a);

15 (3) maintain duplicate originals of committee minutes
16 as required by Rule 4, Sections 18(c) and (d);

17 (4) direct the maintenance of sworn statements either
18 in electronic or paper format and, under the direction of the
19 Committee on House Administration, prescribe the form of those
20 statements, as required by Rule 4, Sections 20(a) and (c);

21 (5) receive and forward impact statements as required
22 by Rule 4, Section 34(e);

23 (6) receive committee reports as required by Rule 4,
24 Section 37, and refer them for printing as provided by Rule 6,
25 Section 19; and

26 (7) receive and distribute the recommendations and
27 final reports of interim study committees as provided by Rule 4,

1 Section 61.

2 (b) The committee coordinator may exclude from the
3 committee coordinator's office or refuse to interact with a member
4 or a member's staff if the member or member's staff engages in
5 abusive, harassing, or threatening behavior.

6 Sec. 9. PARLIAMENTARIAN. (a) The speaker may appoint not
7 more than two individuals to serve as parliamentarians. The
8 parliamentarians are officers [~~parliamentarian is an officer~~] of
9 the house who serve [~~serves~~] at the pleasure of the speaker. The
10 parliamentarians [~~parliamentarian~~] shall advise and assist the
11 presiding officer and the members of the house on matters of
12 procedure. The parliamentarians have [~~parliamentarian has~~] a duty
13 of confidentiality to the speaker and to each member of the house
14 and shall keep confidential all requests made by members of the
15 house for advice or guidance regarding procedure unless the parties
16 otherwise agree.

17 (b) After the initial appointment of the parliamentarians
18 [~~a parliamentarian~~] by the speaker, the appointment of a new
19 parliamentarian to fill a vacancy must be approved by a majority of
20 the membership of the house if the appointment is made during a
21 regular or special session. If the appointment to fill the vacancy
22 is made when the house is not in session, the appointment must be
23 approved by a majority of the membership not later than the third
24 day of the first special session that occurs after the date the
25 appointment is made. If no special session occurs after the
26 appointment, approval by the membership is not required.

27 (b-1) The speaker shall instruct the parliamentarians to

1 provide to each member a written copy of the speaker's ruling on a
2 point of order, including the citation of the authorities relied
3 upon in the grounds for decision. The written ruling shall be
4 provided to each member through the electronic legislative
5 information system not later than 24 hours after the ruling is
6 announced in the house.

7 (c) In the event of a conflict between this section and the
8 housekeeping resolution, this section controls.

9 CHAPTER B. OTHER EMPLOYEES

10 Sec. 10. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL EMPLOYEES: CONFIDENTIALITY.

11 (a) Communications between an attorney employed by the Texas
12 Legislative Council and the speaker, another member of the house,
13 or an employee of a member or committee of the house are
14 confidential in accordance with the rules and laws concerning
15 attorney-client privilege.

16 (b) Communications between any employee of the Texas
17 Legislative Council and the speaker, another member of the house,
18 or an employee of a member or committee of the house are
19 confidential. The General Investigating [~~and Ethics~~] Committee of
20 the House may investigate an alleged violation of this subsection.

21 (c) This section does not prohibit the speaker, member, or
22 committee from waiving a privilege as otherwise permitted by law or
23 from waiving confidentiality under this section.

RULE 3. STANDING COMMITTEES

1
2 Sec. 1. AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK. The committee shall
3 have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
4 pertaining to:

5 (1) agriculture, horticulture, and farm husbandry;

6 (2) livestock and stock raising, and the livestock
7 industry;

8 (3) the development and preservation of forests, and
9 the regulation, control, and promotion of the lumber industry;

10 (4) problems and issues particularly affecting rural
11 areas of the state, including issues related to rural economic
12 development and the provision of and access to infrastructure,
13 education, and health services; and

14 (5) the following state agencies: the Department of
15 Agriculture, the Texas Animal Health Commission, the State Soil and
16 Water Conservation Board, the Texas A&M Forest Service, the Texas
17 administrator for the South Central Interstate Forest Fire
18 Protection Compact, the Texas Apiary Inspection Service, Texas A&M
19 AgriLife Research, the Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service, the
20 Food and Fibers Research Council, the State Seed and Plant Board,
21 the State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, the Texas A&M
22 Veterinary Medical Diagnostic Laboratory, the Produce Recovery
23 Fund Board, the board of directors of the Texas Boll Weevil
24 Eradication Foundation, Inc., and the Texas Wildlife Services.

25 Sec. 2. APPROPRIATIONS. (a) The committee shall have 27
26 members, with jurisdiction over:

27 (1) all bills and resolutions appropriating money from

1 the state treasury;

2 (2) all bills and resolutions containing provisions
3 resulting in automatic allocation of funds from the state treasury;

4 (3) all bills and resolutions diverting funds from
5 the state treasury or preventing funds from going in that otherwise
6 would be placed in the state treasury; and

7 (4) all matters pertaining to claims and accounts
8 filed with the legislature against the state unless jurisdiction
9 over those bills and resolutions is specifically granted by these
10 rules to some other standing committee.

11 (b) The appropriations committee may comment upon any bill
12 or resolution containing a provision resulting in an automatic
13 allocation of funds.

14 Sec. 3. BUSINESS AND INDUSTRY. The committee shall have
15 nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining
16 to:

17 (1) industry and manufacturing;

18 (2) industrial safety and adequate and safe working
19 conditions, and the regulation and control of those conditions;

20 (3) hours, wages, collective bargaining, and the
21 relationship between employers and employees;

22 (4) unemployment compensation, including coverage,
23 benefits, taxes, and eligibility;

24 (5) labor unions and their organization, control,
25 management, and administration;

26 (6) the regulation of business transactions and
27 transactions involving property interests;

1 (7) [~~(5)~~] the organization, incorporation,
2 management, and regulation of private corporations and
3 professional associations and the Uniform Commercial Code and the
4 Business Organizations Code;

5 (8) [~~(6)~~] the protection of consumers, governmental
6 regulations incident thereto, the agencies of government
7 authorized to regulate such activities, and the role of the
8 government in consumer protection;

9 (9) [~~(7)~~] privacy and identity theft;

10 (10) [~~(8)~~] homeowners' associations;

11 (11) [~~(9)~~] oversight and regulation of the
12 construction industry; and

13 (12) [~~(10)~~] the following state agencies: the State
14 Office of Risk Management, the Risk Management Board, the Division
15 of Workers' Compensation of the Texas Department of Insurance, the
16 Workers' compensation research and evaluation group in the Texas
17 Department of Insurance, the Office of Injured Employee Counsel,
18 including the ombudsman program of that office, and the Texas
19 Mutual Insurance Company Board of Directors.

20 Sec. 4. CALENDARS (PROCEDURAL). The committee shall have
21 11 [~~15~~] members, with jurisdiction over:

22 (1) the placement of bills and resolutions on
23 appropriate calendars, except those within the jurisdiction of the
24 Committee on [~~Rules and~~] Resolutions Calendars;

25 (2) the determination of priorities and proposal of
26 rules for floor consideration of such bills and resolutions; and

27 (3) all other matters concerning the calendar system

1 and the expediting of the business of the house as may be assigned
2 by the speaker.

3 Sec. 5. CORRECTIONS. The committee shall have nine [~~seven~~]
4 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

5 (1) the incarceration and rehabilitation of convicted
6 felons;

7 (2) the establishment and maintenance of programs that
8 provide alternatives to incarceration; and

9 (3) the following state agencies: the Texas
10 Department of Criminal Justice, the Special Prosecution Unit, the
11 Board of Pardons and Paroles, the Texas Civil Commitment Office,
12 and the Texas Correctional Office on Offenders with Medical or
13 Mental Impairments.

14 Sec. 6. COUNTY AFFAIRS. The committee shall have nine
15 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

16 (1) counties, including their organization, creation,
17 boundaries, government, and finance and the compensation and duties
18 of their officers and employees;

19 (2) establishing districts for the election of
20 governing bodies of counties;

21 (3) regional councils of governments;

22 (4) multicounty boards or commissions;

23 (5) relationships or contracts between counties;

24 (6) other units of local government; and

25 (7) the following state agency: the Commission on
26 Jail Standards.

27 Sec. 7. CRIMINAL JURISPRUDENCE. The committee shall have

1 nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining
2 to:

3 (1) criminal law, prohibitions, standards, and
4 penalties;

5 (2) probation and parole;

6 (3) criminal procedure in the courts of Texas;

7 (4) revision or amendment of the Penal Code; and

8 (5) the following state agencies: the Office of State
9 Prosecuting Attorney and the Texas State Council for Interstate
10 Adult Offender Supervision.

11 Sec. 8. CULTURE, RECREATION, AND TOURISM. The committee
12 shall have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over:

13 (1) the creation, operation, and control of state
14 parks, including the development, maintenance, and operation of
15 state parks in connection with the sales and use tax imposed on
16 sporting goods, but not including any matter within the
17 jurisdiction of the Committee on Appropriations;

18 (2) the regulation and control of the propagation and
19 preservation of wildlife and fish in the state;

20 (3) the development and regulation of the fish and
21 oyster industries of the state;

22 (4) hunting and fishing in the state, and the
23 regulation and control thereof, including the imposition of fees,
24 fines, and penalties relating to that regulation;

25 (5) the regulation of other recreational activities;

26 (6) cultural resources and their promotion,
27 development, and regulation;

1 (7) historical resources and their promotion,
2 development, and regulation;

3 (8) promotion and development of Texas' image and
4 heritage;

5 (9) preservation and protection of Texas' shrines,
6 monuments, and memorials;

7 (10) international and interstate tourist promotion
8 and development;

9 (11) the Texas Economic Development and Tourism Office
10 as it relates to the subject-matter jurisdiction of this committee;

11 (12) the Gulf States Marine Fisheries Compact; and

12 (13) the following state agencies: the Parks and
13 Wildlife Department, the Texas Commission on the Arts, the State
14 Cemetery Committee, the Texas State Library and Archives
15 Commission, the Texas Historical Commission, the State
16 Preservation Board, the San Jacinto Historical Advisory Board, and
17 an office of state government to the extent the office promotes the
18 Texas music industry.

19 Sec. 9. DEFENSE AND VETERANS' AFFAIRS. The committee shall
20 have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
21 pertaining to:

22 (1) the relations between the State of Texas and the
23 federal government involving defense, emergency preparedness, and
24 veterans issues;

25 (2) the various branches of the military service of
26 the United States;

27 (3) the realignment or closure of military bases;

1 (4) the defense of the state and nation, including
2 terrorism response;

3 (5) emergency preparedness;

4 (6) veterans of military and related services; and

5 (7) the following state agencies: the Texas Military
6 Department, the Texas Veterans Commission, the Veterans' Land
7 Board, the Texas Military Preparedness Commission, the Texas
8 Division of Emergency Management, and the Emergency Management
9 Council.

10 Sec. 10. [~~ECONOMIC AND SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT.~~ (a) ~~The~~
11 ~~committee shall have nine members, with jurisdiction over all~~
12 ~~matters pertaining to:~~

13 ~~[(1) workforce training,~~

14 ~~[(2) commerce, trade, and manufacturing,~~

15 ~~[(3) economic and industrial development,~~

16 ~~[(4) development and support of small businesses,~~

17 ~~[(5) job creation and job training programs,~~

18 ~~[(6) hours, wages, collective bargaining, and the~~
19 ~~relationship between employers and employees,~~

20 ~~[(7) unemployment compensation, including coverage,~~
21 ~~benefits, taxes, and eligibility,~~

22 ~~[(8) labor unions and their organization, control,~~
23 ~~management, and administration,~~

24 ~~[(9) weights and measures, and~~

25 ~~[(10) the following state agencies: the Texas Economic~~
26 ~~Development and Tourism Office, the Texas Workforce Commission, and~~
27 ~~the Texas Workforce Investment Council.~~

1 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent~~
2 ~~subcommittee on small business development consisting of not fewer~~
3 ~~than five members to consider all matters pertaining to:~~

4 ~~[(1) the establishment, operation, and well-being of~~
5 ~~small businesses and their employees in the state; and~~

6 ~~[(2) identifying and addressing federal, state, and~~
7 ~~local regulatory barriers or impediments to the establishment,~~
8 ~~operation, and well-being of small businesses and their employees~~
9 ~~in the state.~~

10 ~~[Sec. 11.]~~ ELECTIONS. The committee shall have nine
11 ~~[seven]~~ members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

12 (1) the right of suffrage in Texas;

13 (2) primary, special, and general elections;

14 (3) revision, modification, amendment, or change of
15 the Election Code;

16 (4) the secretary of state in relation to elections;

17 (5) campaign finance; and

18 (6) ~~[the duties and conduct of candidates for public~~
19 ~~office and of persons with an interest in influencing public~~
20 ~~policy; and~~

21 ~~[(7)]~~ the following state agency ~~[agencies]~~: the
22 Office of the Secretary of State ~~[and the Texas Ethics Commission]~~.

23 Sec. 11 ~~[12]~~. ENERGY RESOURCES. The committee shall have 11
24 ~~[13]~~ members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

25 (1) the conservation of the energy resources of Texas;

26 (2) the production, regulation, transportation, and
27 development of oil, gas, and other energy resources;

1 (3) mining and the development of mineral deposits
2 within the state;

3 (4) the leasing and regulation of mineral rights under
4 public lands;

5 (5) pipelines, pipeline companies, and all others
6 operating as common carriers in the state;

7 (6) electric utility regulation as it relates to
8 energy production and consumption;

9 (7) identifying, developing, and using alternative
10 energy sources;

11 (8) increasing energy efficiency throughout the
12 state;

13 (9) the coordination of the state's efforts related to
14 the federal designation of threatened and endangered species as it
15 relates to energy resources in the state; and

16 (10) the following state agencies: the Railroad
17 Commission of Texas, the Texas representative for the Interstate
18 Oil and Gas Compact Commission, the Office of Interstate Mining
19 Compact Commissioner for Texas, the State Energy Conservation
20 Office, and the Office of Southern States Energy Board Member for
21 Texas.

22 Sec. 12 [~~13~~]. ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION. The committee
23 shall have nine members, with jurisdiction over all matters
24 pertaining to:

25 (1) air, land, and water pollution, including the
26 environmental regulation of industrial development;

27 (2) the regulation of waste disposal;

1 (3) environmental matters that are regulated by the
2 Department of State Health Services or the Texas Commission on
3 Environmental Quality;

4 (4) oversight of the Texas Commission on Environmental
5 Quality as it relates to environmental regulation; and

6 (5) the following state agency: the Texas Low-Level
7 Radioactive Waste Disposal Compact Commission.

8 Sec. 13 [~~14~~]. GENERAL INVESTIGATING [~~AND ETHICS~~]
9 (PROCEDURAL). (a) The committee shall have five [~~seven~~] members of
10 the house appointed by the speaker. The speaker shall appoint the
11 chair and the vice-chair of the committee.

12 (b) The committee has all the powers and duties of a general
13 investigating committee and shall operate as the general
14 investigating committee of the house according to the procedures
15 prescribed by Subchapter B, Chapter 301, Government Code, and the
16 rules of the house, as applicable.

17 (b-1) The committee may begin work as soon as it desires
18 after its members are appointed. The committee shall meet,
19 organize, and adopt rules of evidence and procedure and any other
20 necessary rules. The committee rules may not conflict with Section
21 301.025, Government Code.

22 (b-2) Whether or not the legislature is in session, the
23 committee may meet at any time or place in the state determined
24 necessary by the committee.

25 (b-3) If the committee decides not to conduct joint hearings
26 as provided by Section 301.019, Government Code, the committee
27 shall establish a liaison to fully inform the chair of the senate

1 committee of the nature and progress of any inquiry by the other
2 committee.

3 (b-4) On a majority vote of the committee, the committee may
4 conduct joint hearings and investigations.

5 (b-5) The committee may:

6 (1) initiate or continue inquiries and hearings
7 concerning:

8 (A) state government;

9 (B) any agency or subdivision of government
10 within the state;

11 (C) the expenditure of public funds at any level
12 of government within the state; and

13 (D) any other matter the committee considers
14 necessary for the information of the legislature or for the welfare
15 and protection of state citizens; and

16 (2) inspect the records, documents, and files and may
17 examine the duties, responsibilities, and activities of each state
18 department, agency, and officer and of each municipality, county,
19 or other political subdivision of the state.

20 (b-6) If a person disobeys a subpoena or other process that
21 the committee lawfully issues, the committee may cite the person
22 for contempt and cause the person to be prosecuted for contempt
23 according to the procedure prescribed by Subchapter B, Chapter 301,
24 Government Code, or by other law.

25 (b-7) The committee shall make reports to members of the
26 legislature that the committee determines are necessary and
27 appropriate.

1 (b-8) Information held by the committee that if held by a
2 law enforcement agency or prosecutor would be excepted from the
3 requirements of Section 552.021, Government Code, under Section
4 552.108 of that code is confidential and not subject to public
5 disclosure.

6 (b-9) If for any reason it is necessary to obtain assistance
7 in addition to the services provided by the state auditor, attorney
8 general, Texas Legislative Council, or Department of Public Safety,
9 the committee may employ and compensate assistants to assist in any
10 investigation, audit, or legal matter.

11 (c) The committee may investigate a matter related to the
12 misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, abuse of office, or
13 incompetency of an individual or officer under Chapter 665,
14 Government Code. The committee has all the powers and duties
15 conferred by that chapter for the purpose of conducting the
16 investigation, including the authority to propose articles of
17 impeachment.

18 (d) The committee has original jurisdiction over the
19 receipt, processing, investigation, and resolution of complaints
20 related to appropriate workplace conduct under Rule 15, the
21 housekeeping resolution, and policies adopted by the Committee on
22 House Administration. If a complaint relates to the conduct of a
23 member of the committee, that member's employee, or an individual
24 related to the member or the member's employee within the third
25 degree by consanguinity or within the second degree by affinity as
26 determined under Chapter 573, Government Code:

27 (1) the member shall not participate in any committee

1 proceedings related to the complaint; and

2 (2) the speaker shall designate a member of the house
3 drawn by lot under Subsection (e) of this section to act in the
4 place of the disqualified member. The designation of a member under
5 this subsection ends when the committee makes its final disposition
6 of the complaint [~~The committee has jurisdiction over all matters~~
7 ~~pertaining to the conduct of and ethical standards applicable to~~
8 ~~state and local government officers and employees, including~~
9 ~~individuals appointed to offices of the executive branch of state~~
10 ~~government for the purpose of ensuring that an appointed officer is~~
11 ~~acting in the best interests of the State of Texas)].~~

12 (e) When a member of the committee is disqualified under
13 Subsection (d) of this section, the chief clerk shall prepare a list
14 of the currently qualified members of the house, omitting the names
15 of the speaker, the disqualified member, each other member of the
16 committee, and any member elected from the same county as the
17 disqualified member. The chief clerk shall write on a separate
18 piece of paper of uniform size and color the name of each member
19 that appears on the prepared list. The chief clerk shall deposit
20 the pieces of paper in an opaque container that is designed to
21 permit the random distribution of the pieces of paper after their
22 initial deposit and to prevent the viewing of any of the pieces of
23 paper at any time. After the pieces of paper are randomly
24 distributed in the container, the sergeant-at-arms shall draw a
25 single piece of paper and deliver that piece of paper to the chief
26 clerk. The chief clerk shall inform the speaker of the name drawn
27 by the sergeant-at-arms for designation under Subsection (d) [~~The~~

1 ~~committee has jurisdiction over the operation of, including~~
2 ~~transparency in the reporting of financial transactions by,~~
3 ~~agencies of the judicial and executive branches of state government~~
4 ~~and affiliated entities or foundations].~~

5 ~~[Sec. 15. GOVERNMENT TRANSPARENCY AND OPERATION. The~~
6 ~~committee shall have seven members, with jurisdiction over all~~
7 ~~matters pertaining to:~~

8 ~~[(1) the organization, operation, powers,~~
9 ~~regulations, and management of state departments, agencies,~~
10 ~~institutions, and advisory committees;~~

11 ~~[(2) elimination of inefficiencies in the provision of~~
12 ~~state services;~~

13 ~~[(3) open government matters, including open records~~
14 ~~and open meetings;~~

15 ~~[(4) advances in science and technology, including~~
16 ~~telecommunications, electronic technology, or automated data~~
17 ~~processing, by state agencies, including institutions of higher~~
18 ~~education;~~

19 ~~[(5) the promotion within the state of an advance~~
20 ~~described by Subdivision (4);~~

21 ~~[(6) cooperation between the state or a local~~
22 ~~governmental entity and the scientific and technological~~
23 ~~community, including private businesses, institutions of higher~~
24 ~~education, and federal governmental laboratories;~~

25 ~~[(7) cybersecurity; and~~

26 ~~[(8) the Sunset Advisory Commission.]~~

27 Sec. 14 ~~[16]~~. HIGHER EDUCATION. ~~[(a)]~~ The committee shall

1 have 11 [~~nine~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
2 pertaining to:

3 (1) education beyond high school;

4 (2) the colleges and universities of the State of
5 Texas; and

6 (3) the following state agencies: the Texas A&M
7 Engineering Experiment Station, the Texas A&M Engineering
8 Extension Service, the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board,
9 the Texas Guaranteed Student Loan Corporation, the Prepaid Higher
10 Education Tuition Board, and the Texas A&M Transportation
11 Institute.

12 [~~(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent~~
13 ~~subcommittee on postsecondary education and workforce readiness~~
14 ~~consisting of not fewer than five members to consider all matters~~
15 ~~pertaining to the availability of postsecondary educational~~
16 ~~opportunities in the state, including opportunities at:~~

17 [~~(1) public or private institutions of higher~~
18 ~~education,~~

19 [~~(2) nonprofit colleges or universities, and~~

20 [~~(3) career schools or colleges, or any other~~
21 ~~postsecondary educational providers in the state.]~~

22 Sec. 15 [~~17~~]. HOMELAND SECURITY AND PUBLIC SAFETY. The
23 committee shall have nine members, with jurisdiction over all
24 matters pertaining to:

25 (1) law enforcement;

26 (2) the prevention of crime and the apprehension of
27 criminals;

1 (3) the provision of security services by private
2 entities;

3 (4) homeland security, including:

4 (A) the defense of the state and nation,
5 including terrorism response; and

6 (B) disaster mitigation, preparedness, response,
7 and recovery; and

8 (5) the following state agencies: the Texas Commission
9 on Law Enforcement, the Department of Public Safety, the Texas
10 Division of Emergency Management, the Emergency Management
11 Council, the Texas Forensic Science Commission, the Texas Military
12 Preparedness Commission, the Texas Private Security Board, the
13 Commission on State Emergency Communications, and the Texas Crime
14 Stoppers Council.

15 Sec. 16 [~~18~~]. HOUSE ADMINISTRATION (PROCEDURAL). (a) The
16 committee shall have 11 members, with jurisdiction over:

17 (1) administrative operation of the house and its
18 employees;

19 (2) the adoption of policies and procedures for
20 appropriate workplace conduct under Rule 15 and the housekeeping
21 resolution, including policies and procedures relating to the
22 training of members, officers, and employees;

23 (3) the general house fund, with full control over all
24 expenditures from the fund;

25 (4) [~~(3)~~] all property, equipment, and supplies
26 obtained by the house for its use and the use of its members;

27 (5) [~~(4)~~] all office space available for the use of

1 the house and its members;

2 (6) [~~(5)~~] the assignment of vacant office space,
3 vacant parking spaces, and vacant desks on the house floor to
4 members with seniority based on cumulative years of service in the
5 house, except that the committee may make these assignments based
6 on physical disability of a member where it deems proper;

7 (7) [~~(6)~~] all admissions to the floor during sessions
8 of the house;

9 (8) [~~(7)~~] all proposals to invite nonmembers to appear
10 before or address the house or a joint session;

11 (9) [~~(8)~~] all radio, television, and Internet
12 broadcasting, live or recorded, of sessions of the house;

13 (10) [~~(9)~~] the electronic recording of the
14 proceedings of the house of representatives and the custody of the
15 recordings of testimony before house committees, with authority to
16 promulgate reasonable rules, regulations, and conditions
17 concerning the safekeeping, reproducing, and transcribing of the
18 recordings, and the defraying of costs for transcribing the
19 recordings, subject to other provisions of these rules;

20 (11) [~~(10)~~] all witnesses appearing before the house
21 or any committee thereof in support of or in opposition to any
22 pending legislative proposal;

23 (12) the Rules of Procedure of the House of
24 Representatives, Joint Rules of the House and Senate, and all
25 proposed amendments;

26 (13) other matters concerning the rules, procedures,
27 and operation of the house assigned by the speaker; and

1 (14) [~~(11)~~] the following state agency: the State
2 Preservation Board.

3 (b) The committee must vote to adopt the annual budget for
4 each house department.

5 Sec. 17 [~~19~~]. HUMAN SERVICES. The committee shall have nine
6 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

7 (1) welfare and rehabilitation programs and their
8 development, administration, and control;

9 (2) oversight of the Health and Human Services
10 Commission as it relates to the subject matter jurisdiction of this
11 committee;

12 (3) intellectual disabilities and the development of
13 programs incident thereto;

14 (4) the prevention and treatment of intellectual
15 disabilities; and

16 (5) the following state agencies: the [~~Department of~~
17 ~~Aging and Disability Services, the~~] Department of Family and
18 Protective Services, the Texas State Board of Social Worker
19 Examiners, and the Texas State Board of Examiners of Professional
20 Counselors.

21 Sec. 18 [~~20~~]. INSURANCE. The committee shall have nine
22 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

23 (1) insurance and the insurance industry;

24 (2) all insurance companies and other organizations of
25 any type writing or issuing policies of insurance in the State of
26 Texas, including their organization, incorporation, management,
27 powers, and limitations; and

1 (3) the following state agencies: the Texas
2 Department of Insurance, the Texas Health Benefits Purchasing
3 Cooperative, and the Office of Public Insurance Counsel.

4 Sec. 19 [~~21~~]. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND ECONOMIC
5 DEVELOPMENT [~~TRADE AND INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS~~]. The committee
6 shall have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
7 pertaining to:

8 (1) the relations between the State of Texas and other
9 nations, including matters related to trade relations and
10 international trade zones;

11 (2) the relations between the State of Texas and the
12 federal government other than matters involving defense, emergency
13 preparedness, and veterans issues;

14 (3) the relations between the State of Texas and other
15 states of the United States;

16 (4) commerce, trade, and manufacturing, including
17 international commerce and trade and [~~including~~] the regulation of
18 persons participating in international commerce and trade;

19 (5) cooperation between the state or a local
20 governmental entity and the scientific and technological
21 community, including private businesses, institutions of higher
22 education, and federal governmental laboratories;

23 (6) weights and measures;

24 (7) workforce training;

25 (8) economic and industrial development;

26 (9) development and support of small businesses;

27 (10) job creation and job-training programs;

1 (11) hours, wages, collective bargaining, and the
2 relationship between employers and employees;

3 (12) international and border regions (as described in
4 Sections 2056.002(e)(2) and (3), Government Code) economic
5 development, public health and safety issues affecting the border,
6 tourist development, and goodwill, and economic development,
7 tourist development, and goodwill in other areas of the state that
8 have experienced a significant increase in the percentage of the
9 population that consists of immigrants from other nations,
10 according to the last two federal decennial censuses or another
11 reliable measure;

12 (13) [~~(6)~~] the provision of public services to persons
13 residing in proximity to Texas' international border or in other
14 areas of the state that have experienced a significant increase in
15 the percentage of the population that consists of immigrants from
16 other nations, according to the last two federal decennial censuses
17 or another reliable measure; and

18 (14) [~~(7)~~] the following state agencies [~~agency~~]: the
19 Office of State-Federal Relations, the Texas Economic Development
20 and Tourism Office, the Texas Workforce Commission, and the Texas
21 Workforce Investment Council.

22 ~~[Sec. 22. INVESTMENTS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES. (a) The~~
23 ~~committee shall have seven members, with jurisdiction over all~~
24 ~~matters pertaining to:~~

25 ~~[(1) banking and the state banking system,~~

26 ~~[(2) savings and loan associations,~~

27 ~~[(3) credit unions,~~

1 ~~[(4) the regulation of state and local bonded~~
2 ~~indebtedness;~~

3 ~~[(5) the lending of money;~~

4 ~~[(6) the regulation of securities and investments;~~

5 ~~[(7) privacy and identity theft; and~~

6 ~~[(8) the following state agencies: the Finance~~
7 ~~Commission of Texas, the Credit Union Commission, the Office of~~
8 ~~Consumer Credit Commissioner, the Office of Banking Commissioner,~~
9 ~~the Texas Department of Banking, the Department of Savings and~~
10 ~~Mortgage Lending, the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, the~~
11 ~~Texas Public Finance Authority, the Bond Review Board, and the~~
12 ~~State Securities Board.~~

13 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent~~
14 ~~subcommittee on state and local bonded indebtedness consisting of~~
15 ~~not fewer than five members to consider all matters pertaining to~~
16 ~~bonded indebtedness by a state or local governmental entity,~~
17 ~~including:~~

18 ~~[(1) the authority to issue bonds and the effects of~~
19 ~~issuing bonds;~~

20 ~~[(2) the economic impact of bonded indebtedness; and~~

21 ~~[(3) the transparency of, and information provided to~~
22 ~~taxpayers regarding, transactions related to the issuance of~~
23 ~~bonds.]~~

24 Sec. 20 ~~[23]~~. JUDICIARY AND CIVIL JURISPRUDENCE. The
25 committee shall have nine members, with jurisdiction over all
26 matters pertaining to:

27 (1) fines and penalties arising under civil laws;

- 1 (2) civil law, including rights, duties, remedies, and
2 procedures thereunder, and including probate and guardianship
3 matters;
- 4 (3) civil procedure in the courts of Texas;
- 5 (4) administrative law and the adjudication of rights
6 by administrative agencies;
- 7 (5) permission to sue the state;
- 8 (6) uniform state laws;
- 9 (7) creating, changing, or otherwise affecting courts
10 of judicial districts of the state;
- 11 (8) establishing districts for the election of
12 judicial officers;
- 13 (9) ~~[the State Commission on Judicial Conduct,~~
14 ~~[(10) the Office of the Attorney General, including~~
15 ~~its organization, powers, functions, and responsibilities,~~
16 ~~[(11)]~~ courts and court procedures except where
17 jurisdiction is specifically granted to some other standing
18 committee; and
- 19 (10) ~~[(12)]~~ the following state agencies: the Supreme
20 Court, the courts of appeals, the Court of Criminal Appeals, the
21 State Commission on Judicial Conduct, the Office of Court
22 Administration of the Texas Judicial System, the State Law Library,
23 the Texas Judicial Council, the Judicial Branch Certification
24 Commission, the Office of the Attorney General, the Board of Law
25 Examiners, the State Bar of Texas, and the State Office of
26 Administrative Hearings.

27 Sec. 21 ~~[24]~~. JUVENILE JUSTICE AND FAMILY ISSUES. The

1 committee shall have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over
2 all matters pertaining to:

- 3 (1) the commitment and rehabilitation of youths;
- 4 (2) the construction, operation, and management of
5 correctional facilities of the state and facilities used for the
6 commitment and rehabilitation of youths;
- 7 (3) juvenile delinquency and gang violence;
- 8 (4) criminal law, prohibitions, standards, and
9 penalties as applied to juveniles;
- 10 (5) criminal procedure in the courts of Texas as it
11 relates to juveniles;
- 12 (6) civil law as it relates to familial relationships,
13 including rights, duties, remedies, and procedures; and
- 14 (7) the following state agencies: the Texas Juvenile
15 Justice Board, the Texas Juvenile Justice Department, the Office of
16 Independent Ombudsman for the Texas Juvenile Justice Department,
17 and the Advisory Council on Juvenile Services.

18 Sec. 22 [~~25~~]. LAND AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT. The committee
19 shall have nine [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
20 pertaining to:

- 21 (1) the management of public lands;
- 22 (2) the power of eminent domain;
- 23 (3) the creation, modification, and regulation of
24 municipal utility districts;
- 25 (4) annexation, zoning, and other governmental
26 regulation of land use; and
- 27 (5) [~~4~~] the following state agencies: the School

1 Land Board, the Board for Lease of University Lands, and the General
2 Land Office.

3 Sec. 23 [~~26~~]. LICENSING AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES. The
4 committee shall have 11 [~~nine~~] members, with jurisdiction over all
5 matters pertaining to:

6 (1) the oversight of businesses, industries, general
7 trades, and occupations regulated by this state;

8 (2) the regulation of greyhound and horse racing and
9 other gaming industries;

10 (3) regulation of the sale of intoxicating beverages
11 and local option control;

12 (4) the Alcoholic Beverage Code; and

13 (5) the following state agencies: the Texas
14 Department of Licensing and Regulation, the State Office of
15 Administrative Hearings, the Texas Board of Architectural
16 Examiners, the Texas State Board of Public Accountancy, the Texas
17 Real Estate Commission, the Texas State Board of Plumbing
18 Examiners, the Texas Board of Professional Engineers, the Real
19 Estate Center at Texas A&M University, the Texas Board of
20 Professional Land Surveying, the Texas Racing Commission, the Texas
21 Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board, the Texas Lottery
22 Commission, and the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Commission.

23 Sec. 24 [~~27~~]. LOCAL AND CONSENT CALENDARS (PROCEDURAL).

24 The committee shall have 11 [~~13~~] members, with jurisdiction over:

25 (1) the placement on appropriate calendars of bills
26 and resolutions that, in the opinion of the committee, are in fact
27 local or will be uncontested, and have been recommended as such by

1 the standing committee of original jurisdiction; and

2 (2) the determination of priorities for floor
3 consideration of bills and resolutions except those within the
4 jurisdiction of the Committee on Calendars and the Committee on
5 Resolutions Calendars.

6 Sec. 25 [~~28~~]. NATURAL RESOURCES. [~~(a)~~] The committee
7 shall have 11 members, with jurisdiction over all matters
8 pertaining to:

9 (1) the conservation of the natural resources of
10 Texas;

11 (2) the control and development of land and water and
12 land and water resources, including the taking, storing, control,
13 and use of all water in the state, and its appropriation and
14 allocation;

15 (3) irrigation, irrigation companies, and irrigation
16 districts, and their incorporation, management, and powers;

17 (4) the creation, modification, and regulation of
18 groundwater conservation districts, [~~and the modification and~~
19 ~~regulation of~~] water supply districts, water control and
20 improvement districts, conservation and reclamation districts, and
21 all similar organs of local government dealing with water and water
22 supply not otherwise assigned by these rules to another standing
23 committee;

24 (5) oversight of the Texas Commission on Environmental
25 Quality as it relates to the regulation of water resources; and

26 (6) the following state agencies: the Office of
27 Canadian River Compact Commissioner for Texas, the Office of Pecos

1 River Compact Commissioner for Texas, the Office of Red River
2 Compact Commissioner for Texas, the Office of Rio Grande Compact
3 Commissioner for Texas, the Office of Sabine River Compact
4 Commissioners [~~Commissioner~~] for Texas, the Southwestern States
5 Water Commission, and the Texas Water Development Board.

6 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent
7 subcommittee on special water districts consisting of not fewer
8 than five members to consider all matters pertaining to special
9 water districts within the jurisdiction of the committee,
10 including:~~

11 ~~[(1) the organization and operation of the districts,
12 [(2) the powers and duties of the districts, and
13 [(3) the districts' role in the conservation of
14 natural resources and the control and development of land and water
15 in the state.]~~

16 Sec. 26 [~~29~~]. PENSIONS, INVESTMENTS, AND FINANCIAL
17 SERVICES. The committee shall have 11 [~~seven~~] members, with
18 jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

- 19 (1) banking and the state banking system;
20 (2) savings and loan associations;
21 (3) credit unions;
22 (4) the regulation of state and local bonded
23 indebtedness;
24 (5) the lending of money;
25 (6) benefits or participation in benefits of a public
26 retirement system and the financial obligations of a public
27 retirement system;

1 (7) the regulation of securities and investments;
2 (8) privacy and identity theft; and
3 (9) [~~2~~] the following state agencies: the Finance
4 Commission of Texas, the Credit Union Commission, the Office of
5 Consumer Credit Commissioner, the Office of Banking Commissioner,
6 the Texas Department of Banking, the Department of Savings and
7 Mortgage Lending, the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, the
8 Texas Public Finance Authority, the Bond Review Board, the Texas
9 Emergency Services Retirement System, the Board of Trustees of the
10 Teacher Retirement System of Texas, the Board of Trustees of the
11 Employees Retirement System of Texas, the Board of Trustees of the
12 Texas County and District Retirement System, the Board of Trustees
13 of the Texas Municipal Retirement System, [~~and~~] the State Pension
14 Review Board, and the State Securities Board.

15 Sec. 27 [~~30~~]. PUBLIC EDUCATION. [~~(a)~~] The committee shall
16 have 13 [~~11~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining
17 to:

18 (1) the public schools and the public school system of
19 Texas and the financing thereof;

20 (2) the state programming of elementary and secondary
21 education for the public school system of Texas;

22 (3) proposals to create, change, or otherwise alter
23 school districts of the state; and

24 (4) the following state agencies: the State Board of
25 Education, the Texas Education Agency, the Texas representatives to
26 the Education Commission of the States, the Office of Southern
27 Regional Education Compact Commissioner for Texas, the Texas School

1 for the Blind and Visually Impaired, the State Board for Educator
2 Certification, and the Texas School for the Deaf.

3 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent~~
4 ~~subcommittee on educator quality consisting of not fewer than five~~
5 ~~members to consider all matters pertaining to ensuring the high~~
6 ~~quality of teachers in the state, including:~~

7 ~~[(1) ways to improve the quality of the existing~~
8 ~~teacher workforce and recruit well-qualified individuals into the~~
9 ~~workforce; and~~

10 ~~[(2) the adequacy of existing certification programs~~
11 ~~for new teachers.]~~

12 Sec. 28 ~~[31]~~. PUBLIC HEALTH. The committee shall have 11
13 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

14 (1) the protection of public health, including
15 supervision and control of the practice of medicine and dentistry
16 and other allied health services;

17 (2) mental health and the development of programs
18 incident thereto;

19 (3) the prevention and treatment of mental illness;

20 (4) oversight of the Health and Human Services
21 Commission as it relates to the subject matter jurisdiction of this
22 committee; and

23 (5) the following state agencies: the Department of
24 State Health Services, the Anatomical Board of the State of Texas,
25 the Texas Funeral Service Commission, the Hearing Instrument
26 Fitters and Dispensers Advisory Board, the Texas Health Services
27 Authority, the Texas Optometry Board, the Texas Radiation Advisory

1 Board, the Texas State Board of Pharmacy, the Interagency Obesity
2 Council, the Texas Board of Nursing, the Texas Board of
3 Chiropractic Examiners, the Texas Board of Physical Therapy
4 Examiners, the Massage Therapy Advisory Board, the [~~Texas State~~
5 ~~Board of~~] Podiatric Medical Examiners Advisory Board, the Texas
6 State Board of Examiners of Psychologists, the Behavior Analyst
7 Advisory Board, the State Board of Dental Examiners, the Texas
8 Medical Board, the Advisory Board of Athletic Trainers, [~~the Dental~~
9 ~~Hygiene Advisory Committee,~~] the Cancer Prevention and Research
10 Institute of Texas, the Texas State Board of Acupuncture Examiners,
11 the Health Professions Council, the Office of Patient Protection,
12 and the Texas Board of Occupational Therapy Examiners.

13 Sec. 29 [~~32~~]. REDISTRICTING (PROCEDURAL). The committee
14 shall have 15 [~~nine~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters
15 pertaining to:

16 (1) legislative districts, both house and senate, and
17 any changes or amendments;

18 (2) congressional districts, their creation, and any
19 changes or amendments;

20 (3) establishing districts for the election of
21 judicial officers or of governing bodies or representatives of
22 political subdivisions or state agencies as required by law; and

23 (4) preparations for the redistricting process.

24 Sec. 30 [~~33~~]. [~~RULES — AND~~] RESOLUTIONS CALENDARS
25 (PROCEDURAL). The committee shall have 11 members, with
26 jurisdiction over:

27 (1) the placement on appropriate calendars of

1 resolutions that, in the opinion of the committee, are in fact
2 congratulatory or memorial [~~Rules of Procedure of the House of~~
3 ~~Representatives, and all proposed amendments~~];

4 (2) the determination of priorities for floor
5 consideration of resolutions except those within the jurisdiction
6 of the Committee on Calendars and the Committee on Local and Consent
7 Calendars [~~Joint Rules of the House and Senate, and all proposed~~
8 ~~amendments~~];

9 (3) all procedures for expediting the business of the
10 house in expressing concern or commendation in an orderly and
11 efficient manner;

12 (4) all resolutions to congratulate, memorialize, or
13 name mascots of the house; and

14 (5) other matters concerning rules, procedures, and
15 operation of the house in expressing concern or commendation
16 assigned by the speaker.

17 [~~Sec. 34. SPECIAL PURPOSE DISTRICTS. (a) The committee~~
18 ~~shall have seven members, with jurisdiction over all matters~~
19 ~~pertaining to:~~

20 [~~(1) the creation of any special purpose district not~~
21 ~~otherwise assigned by these rules to other standing committees,~~
22 ~~including a crime control and prevention district, library~~
23 ~~district, public improvement district, municipal management~~
24 ~~district, municipal development district, irrigation district,~~
25 ~~water improvement district, water control and improvement~~
26 ~~district, river authority, or navigation district, and~~

27 [~~(2) any other local government special purpose~~

1 ~~district authorized or created under law that as the result of its~~
2 ~~creation may levy or impose a tax, assessment, or fee for a special~~
3 ~~purpose.~~

4 ~~[(b) In this section, "local government" means a political~~
5 ~~subdivision of this state, other than a county, and includes a~~
6 ~~corporation or other entity created by a political subdivision of~~
7 ~~this state other than a county.]~~

8 Sec. 31 [~~35~~]. STATE AFFAIRS. The committee shall have 13
9 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

- 10 (1) questions and matters of state policy;
- 11 (2) the administration of state government;
- 12 (3) the organization, operation, powers, regulation,
13 and management of state departments, agencies, and institutions;
- 14 (4) the operation and regulation of public lands and
15 state buildings;
- 16 (5) the duties and conduct of officers and employees
17 of the state government;
- 18 (6) the duties and conduct of candidates for public
19 office and of persons with an interest in influencing public
20 policy;
- 21 (7) the operation of state government and its agencies
22 and departments; all of above except where jurisdiction is
23 specifically granted to some other standing committee;
- 24 (8) [~~7~~] access of the state agencies to scientific
25 and technological information;
- 26 (9) [~~8~~] the regulation and deregulation of electric
27 utilities and the electric industry;

1 (10) [~~(9)~~] the regulation and deregulation of
2 telecommunications utilities and the telecommunications industry;

3 (11) [~~(10)~~] electric utility regulation as it relates
4 to energy production and consumption;

5 (12) [~~(11)~~] pipelines, pipeline companies, and all
6 others operating as common carriers in the state;

7 (13) [~~(12)~~] the regulation and deregulation of other
8 industries jurisdiction of which is not specifically assigned to
9 another committee under these rules;

10 (14) advances in science and technology, including
11 telecommunications, electronic technology, or automated data
12 processing, by state agencies, including institutions of higher
13 education;

14 (15) the promotion within the state of an advance
15 described by Subdivision (14) of this section;

16 (16) cybersecurity; and

17 (17) [~~(13)~~] the following organizations and state
18 agencies: the Council of State Governments, the National
19 Conference of State Legislatures, the Office of the Governor, the
20 Texas Ethics Commission, the Texas Facilities Commission, the
21 Department of Information Resources, the Inaugural Endowment Fund
22 Committee, the Sunset Advisory Commission, the Public Utility
23 Commission of Texas, and the Office of Public Utility Counsel.

24 Sec. 32 [~~36~~]. TRANSPORTATION. [~~(a)~~] The committee shall
25 have 13 members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

26 (1) commercial motor vehicles, both bus and truck, and
27 their control, regulation, licensing, and operation;

1 (2) the Texas highway system, including all roads,
2 bridges, and ferries constituting a part of the system;

3 (3) the licensing of private passenger vehicles to
4 operate on the roads and highways of the state;

5 (4) the regulation and control of traffic on the
6 public highways of the State of Texas;

7 (5) railroads, street railway lines, interurban
8 railway lines, steamship companies, and express companies;

9 (6) airports, air traffic, airlines, and other
10 organizations engaged in transportation by means of aerial flight;

11 (7) water transportation in the State of Texas, and
12 the rivers, harbors, and related facilities used in water
13 transportation and the agencies of government exercising
14 supervision and control thereover;

15 (8) the regulation of metropolitan transit; and

16 (9) the following state agencies: the Texas Department
17 of Motor Vehicles, the Texas Department of Transportation, and the
18 Texas Transportation Commission.

19 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint a permanent
20 subcommittee on long-term transportation infrastructure planning
21 consisting of not fewer than seven members to consider all matters
22 pertaining to the transportation needs of the state during the next
23 10 years and funding mechanisms to provide for meeting those
24 needs.]~~

25 Sec. 33 [37]. URBAN AFFAIRS. The committee shall have nine
26 [~~seven~~] members, with jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to:

27 (1) municipalities, including their creation,

1 organization, powers, government, and finance, and the
2 compensation and duties of their officers and employees;

3 (2) home-rule municipalities, their relationship to
4 the state, and their powers, authority, and limitations;

5 (3) the creation or change of metropolitan areas and
6 the form of government under which those areas operate;

7 (4) problems and issues particularly affecting
8 metropolitan areas of the state;

9 (5) other units of local government not otherwise
10 assigned by these rules to other standing committees;

11 (6) establishing districts for the election of
12 governing bodies of municipalities;

13 (7) land use regulation by municipalities; and

14 (8) the following state agencies: the Texas
15 Department of Housing and Community Affairs and the Texas
16 Commission on Fire Protection.

17 Sec. 34 [~~38~~]. WAYS AND MEANS. [~~(a)~~] The committee shall
18 have 11 members, with jurisdiction over:

19 (1) all bills and resolutions proposing to raise state
20 revenue;

21 (2) all bills or resolutions proposing to levy state
22 taxes or other fees;

23 (3) all proposals to modify, amend, or change any
24 existing state tax or revenue statute;

25 (4) all proposals to regulate the manner of collection
26 of state revenues and taxes;

27 (5) all bills and resolutions containing provisions

1 resulting in automatic allocation of funds from the state treasury;

2 (6) all bills and resolutions diverting funds from the
3 state treasury or preventing funds from going in that otherwise
4 would be placed in the state treasury;

5 (7) all bills and resolutions proposing to permit a
6 local government to raise revenue;

7 (8) all bills and resolutions proposing to permit a
8 local government to levy or impose property taxes, sales and use
9 taxes, or other taxes and fees;

10 (9) all proposals to modify, amend, or change any
11 existing local government tax or revenue statute;

12 (10) all proposals to regulate the manner of
13 collection of local government revenues and taxes;

14 (11) all bills and resolutions relating to the
15 appraisal of property for taxation;

16 (12) all bills and resolutions relating to the Tax
17 Code; and

18 (13) the following state agencies: the Office of
19 Multistate Tax Compact Commissioner for Texas and the Comptroller
20 of Public Accounts.

21 ~~[(b) The chair of the committee shall appoint one or more~~
22 ~~subcommittees consisting of not fewer than five members each, with~~
23 ~~each subcommittee focusing on a specific method of taxation and all~~
24 ~~matters pertaining to that method. One subcommittee must be~~
25 ~~appointed to consider property taxation.]~~

1 RULE 4. ORGANIZATION, POWERS, AND DUTIES OF COMMITTEES

2 CHAPTER A. ORGANIZATION

3 Sec. 1. COMMITTEES, MEMBERSHIP, AND JURISDICTION. Standing
4 committees of the house, and the number of members and general
5 jurisdiction of each, shall be as enumerated in Rule 3.

6 Sec. 2. DETERMINATION OF MEMBERSHIP. (a) Membership on
7 the standing committees shall be determined at the beginning of
8 each regular session in the following manner:

9 (1) For each standing substantive committee, a maximum
10 of one-half of the membership, exclusive of the chair and
11 vice-chair, shall be determined by seniority. The remaining
12 membership of the committee shall be appointed by the speaker.

13 (2) Each member of the house, in order of seniority,
14 may designate three committees on which he or she desires to serve,
15 listed in order of preference. The member is entitled to become a
16 member of the committee of his or her highest preference on which
17 there remains a vacant seniority position.

18 (3) If members of equal seniority request the same
19 committee, the speaker shall appoint the member from among those
20 requesting that committee. Seniority, as the term is used in this
21 subsection, shall mean years of cumulative service as a member of
22 the house of representatives.

23 (4) After each member of the house has selected one
24 committee on the basis of seniority, the remaining membership on
25 each standing committee shall be filled by appointment of the
26 speaker, subject to the limitations imposed in this chapter.

27 (5) Seniority shall not apply to a procedural

1 committee. For purposes of these rules, the procedural committees
2 are the Committee on Calendars, the Committee on Local and Consent
3 Calendars, the Committee on [~~Rules and~~] Resolutions Calendars, the
4 General Investigating [~~and Ethics~~] Committee, the Committee on
5 House Administration, and the Committee on Redistricting. The
6 entire membership of these committees shall be appointed by the
7 speaker.

8 (6) In announcing the membership of committees, the
9 speaker shall designate those appointed by the speaker and those
10 acquiring membership by seniority.

11 (7) The speaker shall designate the chair and
12 vice-chair from the total membership of the committee.

13 (b) In the event of a vacancy in a representative district
14 that has not been filled at the time of the determination of the
15 membership of standing committees, the representative of the
16 district who fills that vacancy shall not be entitled to select a
17 committee on the basis of seniority. Committee appointments on
18 behalf of that district shall be designated by the district number.

19 (c) In the event that a member-elect of the current
20 legislature has not taken the oath of office by the end of the ninth
21 day of the regular session, the representative of that district
22 shall not be entitled to select a committee on the basis of
23 seniority. If the member-elect has not taken the oath of office by
24 the time committee appointments are announced, committee
25 appointments on behalf of that district shall be designated by
26 district number.

27 Sec. 3. RANKING OF COMMITTEE MEMBERS. Except for the chair

1 and vice-chair, members of a standing committee shall rank
2 according to their seniority.

3 Sec. 4. MEMBERSHIP RESTRICTIONS. (a) No member shall serve
4 concurrently on more than two standing substantive committees.

5 (b) A member serving as chair of the Committee on
6 Appropriations or the Committee on State Affairs may not serve on
7 any other substantive committee.

8 Sec. 5. VACANCIES ON COMMITTEES. Should a vacancy occur on
9 a standing, select, or interim committee subsequent to its
10 organization, the speaker shall appoint an eligible member to fill
11 the vacancy.

12 Sec. 6. DUTIES OF THE CHAIR. The chair of each committee
13 shall:

14 (1) be responsible for the effective conduct of the
15 business of the committee;

16 (2) appoint all subcommittees and determine the number
17 of members to serve on each subcommittee;

18 (3) in consultation with members of the committee,
19 schedule the work of the committee and determine the order in which
20 the committee shall consider and act on bills, resolutions, and
21 other matters referred to the committee;

22 (4) have authority to employ and discharge the staff
23 and employees authorized for the committee and have supervision and
24 control over all the staff and employees;

25 (5) direct the preparation of all committee reports.

26 No committee report shall be official until signed by the chair of
27 the committee, or by the person acting as chair, or by a majority of

1 the membership of the committee;

2 (6) determine the necessity for public hearings,
3 schedule hearings, and be responsible for directing the posting of
4 notice of hearings as required by the rules;

5 (7) preside at all meetings of the committee and
6 control its deliberations and activities in accordance with
7 acceptable parliamentary procedure; and

8 (8) have authority to direct the sergeant-at-arms to
9 assist, where necessary, in enforcing the will of the committee.

10 Sec. 7. BILL ANALYSES. Except for the general
11 appropriations bill, for each bill or joint resolution referred to
12 the committee, the staff of the committee shall be responsible for
13 distributing a copy of a bill analysis to each member of the
14 committee and the author of a house measure at the earliest possible
15 opportunity but not later than the first time the measure is laid
16 out in a committee meeting.

17 CHAPTER B. PROCEDURE

18 Sec. 8. MEETINGS. (a) As soon as practicable after
19 standing committees are constituted and organized, the committee
20 coordinator, under the direction of the Committee on House
21 Administration, shall prepare a schedule for regular meetings of
22 all standing committees. This schedule shall be published in the
23 house journal and posted in a convenient and conspicuous place near
24 the entrance to the house and on other posting boards for committee
25 meeting notices, as determined necessary by the Committee on House
26 Administration. To the extent practicable during each regular
27 session, standing committees shall conduct regular committee

1 meetings in accordance with the schedule of meetings prepared by
2 the committee coordinator under the supervision of the Committee on
3 House Administration.

4 (b) Standing committees shall meet at other times as may be
5 determined by the committee, or as may be called by the chair.
6 Subcommittees of standing committees shall likewise meet at other
7 times as may be determined by the committee, or as may be called by
8 the chair of the committee or subcommittee.

9 (c) Committees shall also meet in such places and at such
10 times as the speaker may designate.

11 Sec. 9. MEETING WHILE HOUSE IN SESSION. No standing
12 committee or subcommittee shall meet during the time the house is in
13 session without permission being given by a majority vote of the
14 house. No standing committee or subcommittee shall conduct its
15 meeting on the floor of the house or in the house chamber while the
16 house is in session, but shall, if given permission to meet while
17 the house is in session, retire to a designated committee room for
18 the conduct of its meeting.

19 Sec. 10. PURPOSES FOR MEETING. A committee or a
20 subcommittee may be assembled for:

21 (1) a public hearing where testimony is to be heard,
22 and where official action may be taken, on bills, resolutions, or
23 other matters;

24 (2) a formal meeting where the committee may discuss
25 and take official action on bills, resolutions, or other matters
26 without testimony; and

27 (3) a work session where the committee may discuss

1 bills, resolutions, or other matters but take no formal action.

2 Sec. 11. POSTING NOTICE. (a) No committee or
3 subcommittee, including a calendars committee, shall assemble for
4 the purpose of a public hearing during a regular session unless
5 notice of the hearing has been posted in accordance with the rules
6 at least five calendar days in advance of the hearing. No committee
7 or subcommittee, including a calendars committee, shall assemble
8 for the purpose of a public hearing during a special session unless
9 notice of the hearing has been posted in accordance with the rules
10 at least 24 hours in advance of the hearing. The committee minutes
11 shall reflect the date of each posting of notice. Notice shall not
12 be required for a public hearing or a formal meeting on a senate
13 bill which is substantially the same as a house bill that has
14 previously been the subject of a duly posted public hearing by the
15 committee.

16 (b) No committee or subcommittee, including a calendars
17 committee, shall assemble for the purpose of a formal meeting or
18 work session during a regular or special session unless written
19 notice has been posted and transmitted to each member of the
20 committee two hours in advance of the meeting or an announcement has
21 been filed with the journal clerk and read by the reading clerk
22 while the house is in session.

23 (c) All committees meeting during the interim for the
24 purpose of a formal meeting, work session, or public hearing shall
25 post notice in accordance with the rules and notify members of the
26 committee at least five calendar days in advance of the meeting.

27 Sec. 12. MEETINGS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC. All meetings of a

1 committee or subcommittee, including a calendars committee, shall
2 be open to other members, the press, and the public unless
3 specifically provided otherwise by resolution adopted by the house.
4 However, the General Investigating [~~and Ethics~~] Committee or a
5 committee considering an impeachment, an address, the punishment of
6 a member of the house, or any other matter of a quasi-judicial
7 nature may meet in executive session for the limited purpose of
8 examining a witness or deliberating, considering, or debating a
9 decision, but no decision may be made or voted on except in a
10 meeting that is open to the public and otherwise in compliance with
11 the rules of the house.

12 Sec. 13. RULES GOVERNING OPERATIONS. (a) The Rules of
13 Procedure of the House of Representatives, and to the extent
14 applicable, the rules of evidence and procedure in the civil courts
15 of Texas, shall govern the hearings and operations of each
16 committee, including a calendars committee. Subject to the
17 foregoing, and to the extent necessary for orderly transaction of
18 business, each committee may promulgate and adopt additional rules
19 and procedures by which it will function.

20 (b) No standing committee, including a calendars committee,
21 or any subcommittee, shall adopt any rule of procedure, including
22 but not limited to an automatic subcommittee rule, which will have
23 the effect of thwarting the will of the majority of the committee or
24 subcommittee or denying the committee or subcommittee the right to
25 ultimately dispose of any pending matter by action of a majority of
26 the committee or subcommittee. A bill or resolution may not be laid
27 on the table subject to call in committee without a majority vote of

1 the committee.

2 Sec. 14. APPEALS FROM RULINGS OF THE CHAIR. Appeals from
3 rulings of the chair of a committee shall be in order if seconded by
4 three members of the committee, which may include the member making
5 the appeal. Procedure in committee following an appeal which has
6 been seconded shall be the same as the procedure followed in the
7 house in a similar situation.

8 Sec. 15. PREVIOUS QUESTION. Before the previous question
9 can be ordered in a committee, the motion therefor must be seconded
10 by not less than 4 members of a committee consisting of 21 or more
11 members, 3 members of a committee consisting of less than 21 members
12 and more than 10 members, or 2 members of a committee consisting of
13 10 members or less. If the motion is properly seconded and ordered
14 by a majority vote of the committee, further debate on the
15 proposition under consideration shall be terminated, and the
16 proposition shall be immediately put to a vote of the committee for
17 its action.

18 Sec. 16. QUORUM. A majority of a committee shall
19 constitute a quorum. No action or recommendation of a committee
20 shall be valid unless taken at a meeting of the committee with a
21 quorum actually present, and the committee minutes shall reflect
22 the names of those members of the committee who were actually
23 present. No committee report shall be made to the house nor shall
24 bills or resolutions be placed on a calendar unless ordered by a
25 majority of the membership of the committee, except as otherwise
26 provided in the rules, and a quorum of the committee must be present
27 when the vote is taken on reporting a bill or resolution, on placing

1 bills or resolutions on a calendar, or on taking any other formal
2 action within the authority of the committee. No committee report
3 shall be made nor shall bills or resolutions be placed on a calendar
4 except by record vote of the members of the committee, with the yeas
5 and nays to be recorded in the minutes of the committee. Proxies
6 cannot be used in committees.

7 Sec. 17. MOVING A CALL OF A COMMITTEE. (a) It shall be in
8 order to move a call of a committee at any time to secure and
9 maintain a quorum for any one or more of the following purposes:

10 (1) for the consideration of a specific bill,
11 resolution, or other matter;

12 (2) for a definite period of time; or

13 (3) for the consideration of any designated class of
14 bills or other matters.

15 (b) When a call of a committee is moved for one or more of
16 the foregoing purposes and seconded by two members, one of whom may
17 be the chair, and is ordered by a majority of the members present,
18 no member shall thereafter be permitted to leave the committee
19 meeting without written permission from the chair. After the call
20 is ordered, and in the absence of a quorum, the chair shall have the
21 authority to authorize the sergeant-at-arms to locate absent
22 members of the committee and to compel their attendance for the
23 duration of the call.

24 Sec. 18. MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS. (a) For each committee,
25 including a calendars committee, the chair, or the member acting as
26 chair, shall keep complete minutes of the proceedings in committee,
27 which shall include:

1 (1) the time and place of each meeting of the
2 committee;

3 (2) a roll call to determine the members present at
4 each meeting of the committee, whether that meeting follows an
5 adjournment or a recess from a previous committee meeting;

6 (3) an accurate record of all votes taken, including a
7 listing of the yeas and nays cast on a record vote;

8 (4) the date of posting of notice of the meeting; and

9 (5) other information that the chair shall determine.

10 (b) The minutes for each public hearing of a committee shall
11 also include an attachment listing the names of the persons, other
12 than members of the legislature, and the persons or entities
13 represented by those persons, who were recognized by the chair to
14 address the committee. The attachment shall also list the name of
15 each person, other than a member of the legislature, who submitted
16 to the committee a sworn statement indicating that the person was
17 present in favor of, in opposition to, or without taking a position
18 on the measure or other matter, but who because of the person's
19 departure or other reason was not recognized by the chair to address
20 the committee; provided that the omission of the name of such a
21 person is not subject to a point [~~sustainable question~~] of order.

22 (c) Committee minutes shall be corrected only at the
23 direction of the chair as authorized by a majority vote of the
24 committee. Duplicate originals of committee minutes shall be
25 maintained, one to remain with the committee chair and the other to
26 be filed with the committee coordinator. The committee minutes of a
27 meeting of the Appropriations Committee on the general

1 appropriations bill must be filed with the committee coordinator
2 within five days of the committee meeting. All other committee
3 minutes must be filed with the committee coordinator within three
4 days of the committee meeting for a substantive committee, and
5 within one day of the committee meeting for a procedural committee.
6 If the date on which the committee minutes are due occurs on a
7 Saturday, Sunday, or holiday on which the house is not in session,
8 the committee minutes shall be filed on the following working day.
9 The time at which the minutes are filed shall be time-stamped on the
10 duplicate originals of the minutes that are filed with the
11 committee coordinator. The duplicate originals shall be available
12 at all reasonable business hours for inspection by members or the
13 public.

14 (d) The committee coordinator shall maintain the minutes
15 and records safe from loss, destruction, and alteration at all
16 times, and may, at any time, turn them, or any portion, over to the
17 Committee on House Administration.

18 Sec. 18A. INTERNET ACCESS TO COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS. (a) The
19 committee coordinator shall establish procedures for making
20 available to the public on the Internet documents relating to the
21 proceedings of substantive committees.

22 (b) A substantive committee shall make available to the
23 public on the Internet:

24 (1) any committee substitute or amendment laid before
25 the committee; and

26 (2) any nonconfidential written testimony submitted
27 by a state agency for consideration by the committee that relates to

1 a measure referred to the committee.

2 (c) A committee's failure to comply with this section is not
3 subject to a point of order.

4 Sec. 19. RECORDING OF TESTIMONY. All testimony before
5 committees and subcommittees shall be electronically recorded
6 under the direction of the Committee on House Administration.
7 Copies of the testimony may be released under guidelines
8 promulgated by the Committee on House Administration.

9 Sec. 19A. RECORDING OF APPROPRIATIONS MEETINGS. (a) The
10 Committee on House Administration shall ensure that an audio and
11 video recording of any public hearing, formal meeting, or work
12 session of the Committee on Appropriations or a subcommittee of the
13 Committee on Appropriations is made available to the public on the
14 Internet in a timely manner.

15 (b) To the extent that current technological capabilities
16 prohibit immediate implementation of this section, the Committee on
17 House Administration shall use the committee's best efforts to
18 conform to the requirements of this section as soon as practicable.

19 Sec. 20. SWORN STATEMENT OF WITNESSES. (a) The committee
20 coordinator, under the direction of the Committee on House
21 Administration, shall prescribe the form of a sworn statement,
22 which may be in electronic or paper format, to be executed by all
23 persons, other than members, who wish to be recognized by the chair
24 to address the committee. The statement shall provide for showing
25 at least:

26 (1) the committee or subcommittee;

27 (2) the name, address, and telephone number of the

1 person appearing;

2 (3) the person, firm, corporation, class, or group
3 represented;

4 (4) the type of business, profession, or occupation in
5 which the person is engaged, if the person is representing himself
6 or herself; and

7 (5) the matter before the committee on which the
8 person wishes to be recognized to address the committee and whether
9 for, against, or neutral on the matter.

10 (b) No person shall be recognized by the chair to address
11 the committee in favor of, in opposition to, or without taking a
12 position on a matter until the sworn statement has been filed with
13 the chair of the committee. The chair of the committee shall
14 indicate whether the person completing the statement was recognized
15 to address the committee.

16 (c) Sworn statements submitted in paper format for those
17 persons recognized by the chair to address the committee shall
18 accompany the copy of the minutes of the meeting filed with the
19 committee coordinator.

20 (d) All persons, other than members, recognized by the chair
21 to address the committee shall give their testimony under oath, and
22 each committee may avail itself of additional powers and
23 prerogatives authorized by law.

24 (e) The committee shall ensure that an individual who is
25 blind receives any necessary assistance in executing the sworn
26 statement.

27 (f) The committee shall inform a witness who is blind which

1 members of the committee are present when the witness begins to
2 testify and shall inform the witness during the testimony of the
3 departure and arrival of committee members.

4 (g) The chair may recognize a witness who has been invited
5 by the committee to attend the meeting but is not present in the
6 same physical location as the committee to testify before the
7 committee through an Internet or other videoconferencing system if:

8 (1) the witness has executed a sworn statement, in
9 electronic or paper format, under this section;

10 (2) the witness has filed the statement or a copy of
11 the statement with the chair before testifying; and

12 (3) two-way communication has been enabled to allow
13 the witness to be clearly visible and audible to the committee
14 members and the committee members to be clearly visible and audible
15 to the witness.

16 (h) A person who serves as a translator, including an
17 interpreter, for a witness before a committee must execute a form
18 prescribed by the committee coordinator, under the direction of the
19 Committee on House Administration. The form must at least include
20 the name of the translator and the name of the witness whom the
21 translator is serving.

22 Sec. 21. POWER TO ISSUE PROCESS AND SUMMON WITNESSES. (a)
23 By a record vote of not less than two-thirds of those present and
24 voting, a quorum being present, each standing committee shall have
25 the power and authority to issue process to witnesses at any place
26 in the State of Texas, to compel their attendance, and to compel the
27 production of all books, records, and instruments. If necessary to

1 obtain compliance with subpoenas or other process, the committee
2 shall have the power to issue writs of attachment. All process
3 issued by the committee may be addressed to and served by an agent
4 of the committee or a sergeant-at-arms appointed by the committee
5 or by any peace officer of the State of Texas. The committee shall
6 also have the power to cite and have prosecuted for contempt, in the
7 manner provided by law, anyone disobeying the subpoenas or other
8 process lawfully issued by the committee. The chair of the
9 committee shall issue, in the name of the committee, the subpoenas
10 and other process as the committee may direct.

11 (b) The chair may summon the governing board or other
12 representatives of a state agency to appear and testify before the
13 committee without issuing process under Subsection (a) of this
14 section. The summons may be communicated in writing, orally, or
15 electronically. If the persons summoned fail or refuse to appear,
16 the committee may issue process under Subsection (a) of this
17 section.

18 Sec. 22. MILEAGE AND PER DIEM FOR WITNESSES. Subject to
19 prior approval by the Committee on House Administration, witnesses
20 attending proceedings of any committee under process of the
21 committee shall be allowed the same mileage and per diem as are
22 allowed members of the committee when in a travel status, to be paid
23 out of the contingent expense fund of the house of representatives
24 on vouchers approved by the chair of the committee, the chair of the
25 Committee on House Administration, and the speaker of the house.

26 Sec. 23. POWER TO REQUEST ASSISTANCE OF STATE AGENCIES.
27 Each committee is authorized to request the assistance, when

1 needed, of all state departments, agencies, and offices, and it
2 shall be the duty of the departments, agencies, and offices to
3 assist the committee when requested to do so. Each committee shall
4 have the power and authority to inspect the records, documents, and
5 files of every state department, agency, and office, to the extent
6 necessary to the discharge of its duties within the area of its
7 jurisdiction.

8 Sec. 23A. ASSISTANCE OF OTHER MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURE. At a
9 meeting of a committee, the chair may recognize a member of the
10 house who is not a member of the committee to provide information to
11 the committee, and may recognize a member of the senate for that
12 purpose. Recognition is solely within the discretion of the chair
13 and is not subject to appeal by that member.

14 CHAPTER C. COMMITTEE FUNCTIONS

15 Sec. 24. INTERIM STUDIES. Standing committees, en banc or
16 by subcommittees, are hereby authorized to conduct studies that are
17 authorized by the speaker pursuant to Rule 1, Section 17. Studies
18 may not be authorized by resolution. The speaker may appoint public
19 citizens and officials of state and local governments to standing
20 committees to augment the membership for the purpose of interim
21 studies and shall provide a list of such appointments to the chief
22 clerk. The chair of the standing committee shall have authority to
23 name the subcommittees necessary and desirable for the conduct of
24 the interim studies and shall also prepare a budget for interim
25 studies for approval by the Committee on House Administration.

26 Sec. 25. MOTION PREVENTING REPORTING OR PLACEMENT ON A
27 CALENDAR. No motion is in order in a committee considering a bill,

1 resolution, or other matter that would prevent the committee from
2 reporting it back to the house or placing it on a calendar in
3 accordance with the Rules of the House.

4 Sec. 26. FINAL ACTION IN FORM OF REPORT. No action by a
5 committee on bills or resolutions referred to it shall be
6 considered as final unless it is in the form of a favorable report,
7 an unfavorable report, or a report of inability to recommend a
8 course of action.

9 Sec. 27. VOTE ON MOTION TO REPORT. Motions made in
10 committee to report favorably or unfavorably must receive
11 affirmative majority votes, majority negative votes to either
12 motion being insufficient to report. If a committee is unable to
13 agree on a recommendation for action, as in the case of a tie vote,
14 it should submit a statement of this fact as its report, and the
15 house shall decide, by a majority vote, the disposition of the
16 matter by one of the following alternatives:

17 (1) leave the bill in the committee for further
18 consideration;

19 (2) refer the bill to some other committee; or

20 (3) order the bill printed, in which case the bill
21 shall go to the Committee on Calendars for placement on a calendar
22 and for proposal of an appropriate rule for house consideration.

23 Sec. 28. MINORITY REPORTS. The report of a minority of a
24 committee shall be made in the same general form as a majority
25 report. No minority report shall be recognized by the house unless
26 it has been signed by not less than 4 members of a committee
27 consisting of 21 or more members, 3 members of a committee

1 consisting of less than 21 members and more than 10 members, or 2
2 members of a committee consisting of 10 or less members. Only
3 members who were present when the vote was taken on the bill,
4 resolution, or other matter being reported, and who voted on the
5 losing side, may sign a minority report. Notice of intention to
6 file a minority report shall be given to the assembled committee
7 after the vote on the bill, resolution, or other matter, and before
8 the recess or adjournment of the committee, provided ample
9 opportunity is afforded for the giving of notice; otherwise, notice
10 may be given in writing to the chief clerk within 24 hours after the
11 recess or adjournment of the committee.

12 Sec. 29. ACTION ON BILLS REPORTED UNFAVORABLY. If the
13 majority report on a bill is unfavorable, and a favorable minority
14 report is not signed in accordance with Section 28 of this rule and
15 filed with the chief clerk within two calendar days, exclusive of
16 Sunday and the date of committee action, the chief clerk shall file
17 the bill away as dead; except during the last 15 calendar days of a
18 regular session, or the last 7 calendar days of a special session,
19 when the chief clerk shall hold a bill only one calendar day,
20 exclusive of Sunday and the date of committee action, awaiting the
21 filing of a minority report before the bill is filed away as dead.
22 If the favorable minority report is properly signed and filed, the
23 chief clerk shall hold the bill for five legislative days,
24 exclusive of the legislative day in which the minority report was
25 filed, awaiting adoption by the house of a motion to print the bill
26 on minority report. If the motion to print is carried, the bill
27 shall be printed as if it had been reported favorably, and shall

1 then be immediately forwarded to the Committee on Calendars for
2 placement on a calendar and for proposal of an appropriate rule for
3 house consideration. If a motion to print a bill on minority report
4 is not made within the five legislative days authorized above, the
5 chief clerk shall file the bill away as dead. It shall not be in
6 order to move to recommit a bill adversely reported with no minority
7 report, except as provided in Section 30 of this rule. A two-thirds
8 vote of the house shall be required to print on minority report a
9 joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of
10 Texas.

11 Sec. 30. MAKING ADVERSE REPORTS WITHOUT HEARING THE
12 AUTHOR. No adverse report shall be made on any bill or resolution
13 by any committee without first giving the author or sponsor of the
14 bill an opportunity to be heard. If it becomes evident to the house
15 that a bill has been reported adversely without the author or
16 sponsor having had an opportunity to be heard as provided in this
17 section, the house may, by a majority vote, order the bill
18 recommitted even though no minority report was filed in the manner
19 prescribed by the rules. This provision shall have precedence over
20 Rule 7, Section 20.

21 Sec. 31. ADVERSE REPORTS ON LOCAL BILLS. If a local bill is
22 reported adversely, it shall be subject to the same rules that
23 govern other bills reported adversely.

24 Sec. 32. FORM OF REPORTS. (a) Reports of standing
25 committees on bills and resolutions shall be made in duplicate,
26 with one copy to be filed with the journal clerk for printing in the
27 journal and the other to accompany the original bill.

- 1 (b) All committee reports must be in writing and shall:
- 2 (1) be signed by the chair, or the member acting as
- 3 chair, or a majority of the membership of the committee;
- 4 (2) be addressed to the speaker;
- 5 (3) contain a statement of the recommendations of the
- 6 committee with reference to the matter which is the subject of the
- 7 report;
- 8 (4) contain the date the committee made its
- 9 recommendation;
- 10 (5) indicate whether a copy of a bill or resolution was
- 11 forwarded to the Legislative Budget Board for preparation of a
- 12 fiscal note or other impact statement, if applicable;
- 13 (6) contain the record vote by which the report was
- 14 adopted, including the vote of each member of the committee;
- 15 (7) contain the recommendation that the bill or
- 16 resolution be sent to the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars
- 17 for placement on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar if
- 18 applicable;
- 19 (8) state the name of the primary house sponsor of all
- 20 senate bills and resolutions and indicate the names of all joint
- 21 sponsors or cosponsors;
- 22 (9) include a summary of the committee hearing on the
- 23 bill or resolution;
- 24 (10) include a list of the names of the persons, other
- 25 than members of the legislature, and persons or entities
- 26 represented by those persons, who submitted to the committee sworn
- 27 statements indicating that the persons were present in favor of, in

1 opposition to, or without taking a position on the bill or
2 resolution. The omission from the list of the name of a person who
3 submitted a sworn statement regarding a bill or resolution but who
4 was not recognized by the chair to address the committee is not
5 subject to a point [~~sustainable question~~] of order;

6 (11) for a joint resolution proposing a constitutional
7 amendment, include the bill number of any enabling legislation for
8 the constitutional amendment designated as such by the author or
9 sponsor of the joint resolution;

10 (12) for a bill that is designated by the author or
11 sponsor of the bill as enabling legislation for a constitutional
12 amendment proposed by a joint resolution, include the number of the
13 joint resolution; and

14 (13) contain a copy of each form executed by a
15 translator for a witness as required by Section 20(h) of this rule.

16 (c) Except for the general appropriations bill, each
17 committee report on a bill or joint resolution, including a
18 complete committee substitute, and, to the extent considered
19 necessary by the committee, a committee report on any other
20 resolution, must include in summary or section-by-section form a
21 detailed analysis of the subject matter of the bill or resolution,
22 specifically including:

23 (1) background information on the proposal and
24 information on what the bill or resolution proposes to do;

25 (2) an analysis of the content of the bill or
26 resolution, including a separate statement that lists each statute
27 or constitutional provision that is expressly repealed by the bill

1 or resolution;

2 (3) a statement indicating whether or not any
3 rulemaking authority is expressly delegated to a state officer,
4 department, agency, or institution, and, if so, identifying the
5 sections of the measure in which that rulemaking authority is
6 delegated;

7 (4) a statement indicating whether or not the bill or
8 resolution expressly creates a criminal offense, expressly
9 increases the punishment for an existing criminal offense or
10 category of offenses, or expressly changes the eligibility of a
11 person for community supervision, parole, or mandatory
12 supervision;

13 (5) a statement of substantial differences between a
14 complete committee substitute and the original bill; and

15 (6) a brief explanation of each amendment adopted by
16 the committee.

17 (d) The committee to which the bill or resolution is
18 referred may request the Texas Legislative Council to prepare the
19 analysis required by Subsection (c) of this section.

20 (e) A committee chair shall provide to the author of a house
21 measure a copy of the analysis required by Subsection (c) of this
22 section as soon as the analysis is complete.

23 (f) The author of a bill or resolution may request that an
24 analysis prepared for purposes of this section include a statement
25 written by the author that includes any additional information that
26 the author considers appropriate.

27 (g) It shall be the duty of the committee chair, on all

1 matters reported by the committee, to see that all provisions of
2 Rule 12 are satisfied. The chair shall strictly construe this
3 provision to achieve the desired purposes.

4 Sec. 33. FISCAL NOTES. (a) If the chair of a standing
5 committee determines that a bill or joint resolution, other than
6 the general appropriations bill, authorizes or requires the
7 expenditure or diversion of state funds for any purpose, the chair
8 shall send a copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget Board for
9 the preparation of a fiscal note outlining the fiscal implications
10 and probable cost of the measure.

11 (b) If the chair of a standing committee determines that a
12 bill or joint resolution has statewide impact on units of local
13 government of the same type or class and authorizes or requires the
14 expenditure or diversion of local funds, or creates or impacts a
15 local tax, fee, license charge, or penalty, the chair shall send a
16 copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget Board for the
17 preparation of a fiscal note outlining the fiscal implications and
18 probable cost of the measure.

19 (c) In preparing a fiscal note, the director of the
20 Legislative Budget Board may utilize information or data supplied
21 by any person, agency, organization, or governmental unit that the
22 director deems reliable. If the director determines that the fiscal
23 implications of the measure cannot be ascertained, the director
24 shall so state in the fiscal note, shall when reasonably
25 ascertainable provide an estimated range of the fiscal
26 implications, and shall include in the note a statement of the
27 reasons the director is unable to ascertain the fiscal implications

1 of the measure, in which case the fiscal note shall be in full
2 compliance with the rules. If the director of the Legislative
3 Budget Board is unable to acquire or develop sufficient information
4 to prepare the fiscal note within 15 days of receiving the measure
5 from the chair of a committee, the director shall so state in the
6 fiscal note, shall when reasonably ascertainable provide an
7 estimated range of the fiscal implications, and shall include in
8 the note a statement of the reasons the director is unable to
9 acquire or develop sufficient information, in which case the note
10 shall be in full compliance with the rules.

11 (d) If the chair determines that a fiscal note is required,
12 copies of the fiscal note must be distributed to the members of the
13 committee not later than the first time the measure is laid out in a
14 committee meeting. The fiscal note shall be attached to the measure
15 on first printing. If the measure is amended by the committee so as
16 to alter its fiscal implications, the chair shall obtain an updated
17 fiscal note, which shall also be attached to the measure on first
18 printing.

19 (e) All fiscal notes shall remain with the measure
20 throughout the entire legislative process, including submission to
21 the governor.

22 (f) All fiscal notes must include in the summary box on the
23 first page of the fiscal note a statement that indicates whether the
24 bill or joint resolution will have fiscal implications or probable
25 costs in any year.

26 Sec. 34. OTHER IMPACT STATEMENTS. (a) It is the intent of
27 this section that all members of the house are timely informed as to

1 the impact of proposed legislation on the state or other unit of
2 government.

3 (a-1) The chair of the appropriations committee shall send a
4 copy of the general appropriations bill to the Legislative Budget
5 Board for the preparation of a dynamic economic impact statement,
6 specifically including the number of state employees to be affected
7 and the estimated impact on employment by the private sector and
8 local governments in Texas as a result of any change in state
9 expenditures made by the bill as compared to the biennium preceding
10 the biennium to which the bill applies.

11 (b) If the chair of a standing committee determines that a
12 bill or joint resolution:

13 (1) authorizes or requires a change in the sanctions
14 applicable to adults convicted of felony crimes, the chair shall
15 send a copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget Board for the
16 preparation of a criminal justice policy impact statement;

17 (2) authorizes or requires a change in the public
18 school finance system, the chair shall send a copy of the measure to
19 the Legislative Budget Board for the preparation of an equalized
20 education funding impact statement;

21 (3) proposes to change benefits or participation in
22 benefits of a public retirement system or change the financial
23 obligations of a public retirement system, the chair shall send a
24 copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget Board for the
25 preparation of an actuarial impact statement in cooperation with
26 the State Pension Review Board;

27 (4) proposes to create a water district under the

1 authority of Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution,
2 the chair shall send a copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget
3 Board for the preparation of a water development policy impact
4 statement; or

5 (5) creates or impacts a state tax or fee, the chair
6 shall send a copy of the measure to the Legislative Budget Board for
7 the preparation of a tax equity note that estimates the general
8 effects of the proposal on the distribution of tax and fee burdens
9 among individuals and businesses.

10 (c) In preparing an impact statement, the director of the
11 Legislative Budget Board may utilize information or data supplied
12 by any person, agency, organization, or governmental unit that the
13 director deems reliable. If the director determines that the
14 particular implications of the measure cannot be ascertained, the
15 director shall so state in the impact statement, in which case the
16 impact statement shall be in full compliance with the rules.

17 (d) An impact statement is not required to be present before
18 a measure is laid out in a committee meeting. If timely received,
19 the impact statement shall be attached to the measure on first
20 printing. If the measure is amended by the committee so as to alter
21 its particular implications, the chair shall obtain an updated
22 impact statement. If timely received, the updated impact statement
23 shall also be attached to the measure on first printing.

24 (e) An impact statement that is received after the first
25 printing of a measure has been distributed to the members shall be
26 forwarded by the chair of the committee to the committee
27 coordinator. The committee coordinator shall have the impact

1 statement printed and distributed to the members.

2 (f) All impact statements received shall remain with the
3 measure throughout the entire legislative process, including
4 submission to the governor.

5 Sec. 35. REPORTS ON HOUSE AND CONCURRENT
6 RESOLUTIONS. Committee reports on house and concurrent
7 resolutions shall be made in the same manner and shall follow the
8 same procedure as provided for bills, subject to any differences
9 otherwise authorized or directed by the rules.

10 Sec. 36. ACTION BY HOUSE ON REPORTS NOT REQUIRED. No
11 action by the house is necessary on the report of a standing
12 committee. The bill, resolution, or proposition recommended or
13 reported by the committee shall automatically be before the house
14 for its consideration after the bill or resolution has been
15 referred to the appropriate calendars committee for placement on a
16 calendar and for proposal of an appropriate rule for house
17 consideration.

18 Sec. 37. REFERRAL OF REPORTS TO COMMITTEE COORDINATOR. All
19 committee reports on bills or resolutions shall be immediately
20 referred to the committee coordinator. The chair of the committee
21 shall be responsible for delivery of the report to the committee
22 coordinator.

23 Sec. 38. DELIVERY OF REPORTS TO CALENDARS
24 COMMITTEES. After printing, the chief clerk shall be responsible
25 for delivery of a certified copy of the committee report to the
26 appropriate calendars committee, which committee shall immediately
27 accept the bill or resolution for placement on a calendar and for

1 the proposal of an appropriate rule for house consideration.

2 Sec. 38A. NOTIFICATION OF SUNSET BILLS. The chief clerk
3 shall provide notice to each member at the member's designated
4 Capitol e-mail address when a committee report under Section 38 of
5 this rule on a bill extending an agency, commission, or advisory
6 committee under the Texas Sunset Act has been printed or posted and
7 is available to be distributed to the appropriate calendars
8 committee.

9 Sec. 39. COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS. No committee shall have the
10 power to amend, delete, or change in any way the nature, purpose, or
11 content of any bill or resolution referred to it, but may draft and
12 recommend amendments to it, which shall become effective only if
13 adopted by a majority vote of the house.

14 Sec. 40. SUBSTITUTES. The committee may adopt and report a
15 complete germane committee substitute containing the title,
16 enacting clause, and text of the bill in lieu of an original bill,
17 in which event the complete substitute bill on committee report
18 shall be laid before the house and shall be the matter then before
19 the house for its consideration, instead of the original bill. If
20 the substitute bill is defeated at any legislative stage, the bill
21 is considered not passed.

22 Sec. 41. GERMANENESS OF SUBSTITUTE. If a point of order is
23 raised that a complete committee substitute is not germane, in
24 whole or in part, and the point of order is sustained, the committee
25 substitute shall be returned to the Committee on Calendars, which
26 may have the original bill printed and distributed and placed on a
27 calendar in lieu of the substitute or may return the original bill

1 to the committee from which it was reported for further action.

2 Sec. 42. AUTHOR'S RIGHT TO OFFER AMENDMENTS TO
3 REPORT. Should the author or sponsor of the bill, resolution, or
4 other proposal not be satisfied with the final recommendation or
5 form of the committee report, the member shall have the privilege of
6 offering on the floor of the house such amendments or changes as he
7 or she considers necessary and desirable, and those amendments or
8 changes shall be given priority during the periods of time when
9 original amendments are in order under the provisions of Rule 11,
10 Section 7.

11 CHAPTER D. SUBCOMMITTEES

12 Sec. 43. JURISDICTION. Each committee is authorized to
13 conduct its activities and perform its work through the use of
14 subcommittees as shall be determined by the chair of the committee.
15 Subcommittees shall be created, organized, and operated in such a
16 way that the subject matter and work area of each subcommittee shall
17 be homogeneous and shall pertain to related governmental
18 activities. The size and jurisdiction of each subcommittee shall
19 be determined by the chair of the committee.

20 Sec. 44. MEMBERSHIP. The chair of each standing committee
21 shall appoint from the membership of the committee the members who
22 are to serve on each subcommittee. Any vacancy on a subcommittee
23 shall be filled by appointment of the chair of the standing
24 committee. The chair and vice-chair of each subcommittee shall be
25 named by the chair of the committee.

26 Sec. 45. RULES GOVERNING OPERATIONS. The Rules of
27 Procedure of the House of Representatives, to the extent

1 applicable, shall govern the hearings and operations of each
2 subcommittee. Subject to the foregoing, and to the extent
3 necessary for orderly transaction of business, each subcommittee
4 may promulgate and adopt additional rules and procedures by which
5 it will function.

6 Sec. 46. QUORUM. A majority of a subcommittee shall
7 constitute a quorum, and no action or recommendation of a
8 subcommittee shall be valid unless taken at a meeting with a quorum
9 actually present. All reports of a subcommittee must be approved by
10 record vote by a majority of the membership of the subcommittee.
11 Minutes of the subcommittee shall be maintained in a manner similar
12 to that required by the rules for standing committees. Proxies
13 cannot be used in subcommittees.

14 Sec. 47. POWER AND AUTHORITY. Each subcommittee, within
15 the area of its jurisdiction, shall have all of the power,
16 authority, and rights granted by the Rules of Procedure of the House
17 of Representatives to the standing committee, except subpoena
18 power, to the extent necessary to discharge the duties and
19 responsibilities of the subcommittee.

20 Sec. 48. REFERRAL OF PROPOSED LEGISLATION TO
21 SUBCOMMITTEE. All bills and resolutions referred to a standing
22 committee shall be reviewed by the chair to determine appropriate
23 disposition of the bills and resolutions. All bills and
24 resolutions shall be considered by the entire standing committee
25 unless the chair of that standing committee determines to refer the
26 bills and resolutions to subcommittee. If a bill or resolution is
27 referred by the chair of the standing committee to a subcommittee,

1 it shall be considered by the subcommittee in the same form in which
2 the measure was referred to the standing committee, and any action
3 taken by the standing committee on a proposed amendment or
4 committee substitute before a measure is referred to subcommittee
5 is therefore voided at the time the measure is referred to
6 subcommittee. The subcommittee shall be charged with the duty and
7 responsibility of conducting the hearing, doing research, and
8 performing such other functions as the subcommittee or its parent
9 standing committee may determine. All meetings of the subcommittee
10 shall be scheduled by the subcommittee chair, with appropriate
11 public notice and notification of each member of the subcommittee
12 under the same rules of procedure as govern the conduct of the
13 standing committee.

14 Sec. 49. REPORT BY SUBCOMMITTEE. At the conclusion of its
15 deliberations on a bill, resolution, or other matter referred to
16 it, the subcommittee may prepare a written report, comprehensive
17 in nature, for submission to the full committee. The report shall
18 include background material as well as recommended action and shall
19 be accompanied by a complete draft of the bill, resolution, or other
20 proposal in such form as the subcommittee shall determine.

21 Sec. 50. ACTION ON SUBCOMMITTEE REPORTS. Subcommittee
22 reports shall be directed to the chair of the committee, who shall
23 schedule meetings of the standing committee from time to time as
24 necessary and appropriate for the reception of subcommittee reports
25 and for action on reports by the standing committee. No
26 subcommittee report shall be scheduled for action by the standing
27 committee until at least 24 hours after a copy of the subcommittee

1 report is provided to each member of the standing committee.

2 CHAPTER E. COMMITTEES OF THE WHOLE HOUSE

3 Sec. 51. RESOLUTION INTO A COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE
4 HOUSE. The house may resolve itself into a committee of the whole
5 house to consider any matter referred to it by the house. In
6 forming a committee of the whole house, the speaker shall vacate the
7 chair and shall appoint a chair to preside in committee.

8 Sec. 52. RULES GOVERNING OPERATIONS. The rules governing
9 the proceedings of the house and those governing committees shall
10 be observed in committees of the whole, to the extent that they are
11 applicable.

12 Sec. 53. MOTION FOR A CALL OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE
13 WHOLE. (a) It shall be in order to move a call of the committee of
14 the whole at any time to secure and maintain a quorum for the
15 following purposes:

16 (1) for the consideration of a certain or specific
17 matter; or

18 (2) for a definite period of time; or

19 (3) for the consideration of any designated class of
20 bills.

21 (b) When a call of the committee of the whole is moved and
22 seconded by 10 members, of whom the chair may be one, and is ordered
23 by majority vote, the main entrance of the hall and all other doors
24 leading out of the hall shall be locked, and no member shall be
25 permitted to leave the hall without written permission. Other
26 proceedings under a call of the committee shall be the same as under
27 a call of the house.

1 Sec. 54. HANDLING OF A BILL. A bill committed to a
2 committee of the whole house shall be handled in the same manner as
3 in any other committee. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or
4 interlined, but all amendments shall be duly endorsed by the chief
5 clerk as they are adopted by the committee, and so reported to the
6 house. When a bill is reported by the committee of the whole house
7 it shall be referred immediately to the appropriate calendars
8 committee for placement on the appropriate calendar and shall
9 follow the same procedure as any other bill on committee report.

10 Sec. 55. FAILURE TO COMPLETE WORK AT ANY SITTING. In the
11 event that the committee of the whole, at any sitting, fails to
12 complete its work on any bill or resolution under consideration for
13 lack of time, or desires to take any action on that measure that is
14 permitted under the rules for other committees, it may, on a motion
15 made and adopted by majority vote, rise, report progress, and ask
16 leave of the house to sit again generally, or at a time certain.

17 Sec. 56. REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES. Reports of select
18 committees made during a session shall be filed with the chief clerk
19 and printed in the journal, unless otherwise determined by the
20 house.

21 CHAPTER F. INTERIM STUDY COMMITTEES

22 Sec. 57. INTERIM STUDIES. Pursuant to Rule 1, Section 17,
23 the speaker may create interim study committees to conduct studies
24 by issuing a proclamation for each committee, which shall specify
25 the issue to be studied, committee membership, and any additional
26 authority and duties. A copy of each proclamation creating an
27 interim study committee shall be filed with the chief clerk. An

1 interim study committee expires on release of its final report or
2 when the next legislature convenes, whichever is earlier. An
3 interim study committee may not be created by resolution.

4 Sec. 58. APPOINTMENT AND MEMBERSHIP. The speaker shall
5 appoint all members of an interim study committee, which may
6 include public citizens and officials of state and local
7 governments. The speaker shall also designate the chair and
8 vice-chair and may authorize the chair to create subcommittees and
9 appoint citizen advisory committees.

10 Sec. 59. RULES GOVERNING OPERATIONS. The rules governing
11 the proceedings of the house and those governing standing
12 committees shall be observed by an interim study committee, to the
13 extent that they are applicable. An interim study committee shall
14 have the power to issue process and to request assistance of state
15 agencies as provided for a standing committee in Sections 21, 22,
16 and 23 of this rule.

17 Sec. 60. FUNDING AND STAFF. An interim study committee
18 shall use existing staff resources of its members, standing
19 committees, house offices, and legislative service agencies. The
20 chair of an interim study committee shall prepare a detailed budget
21 for approval by the speaker and the Committee on House
22 Administration. An interim study committee may accept gifts,
23 grants, and donations for the purpose of funding its activities as
24 provided by Sections [301.032](#)(b) and (c), Government Code.

25 Sec. 61. STUDY REPORTS. (a) The final report or
26 recommendations of an interim study committee shall be approved by
27 a majority of the committee membership. Dissenting members may

1 attach statements to the final report.

2 (b) An interim study committee shall submit the committee's
3 final report to the committee coordinator in the manner prescribed
4 by the committee coordinator. The committee coordinator shall:

5 (1) distribute copies of the final report to the
6 speaker, the Legislative Reference Library, and other appropriate
7 agencies; and

8 (2) make a copy of the final report available on the
9 house's Internet website.

10 (c) This section shall also apply to interim study reports
11 of standing committees.

12 Sec. 62. JOINT HOUSE AND SENATE INTERIM
13 STUDIES. Procedures may be established by a concurrent resolution
14 adopted by both houses, by which the speaker may authorize and
15 appoint, jointly with the senate, committees to conduct interim
16 studies. A copy of the authorization for and the appointments to a
17 joint interim study committee shall be filed with the chief clerk.
18 Individual joint interim study committees may not be authorized or
19 created by resolution.

1 RULE 5. FLOOR PROCEDURE

2 CHAPTER A. QUORUM AND ATTENDANCE

3 Sec. 1. QUORUM. Two-thirds of the house shall constitute a
4 quorum to do business.

5 Sec. 2. ROLL CALLS. On every roll call or registration,
6 the names of the members shall be called or listed, as the case may
7 be, alphabetically by surname, except when two or more have the same
8 surname, in which case the initials of the members shall be added.

9 Sec. 3. LEAVE OF ABSENCE. (a) No member shall be absent
10 from the sessions of the house without leave, and no member shall be
11 excused on his or her own motion.

12 (b) A leave of absence may be granted by a majority vote of
13 the house and may be revoked at any time by a similar vote.

14 (c) Any member granted a leave of absence due to a meeting of
15 a committee or conference committee that has authority to meet
16 while the house is in session shall be so designated on each roll
17 call or registration for which that member is excused.

18 Sec. 4. FAILURE TO ANSWER ROLL CALL. Any member who is
19 present and fails or refuses to record on a roll call after being
20 requested to do so by the speaker shall be recorded as present by
21 the speaker and shall be counted for the purpose of making a quorum.

22 Sec. 5. POINT OF ORDER OF "NO QUORUM." (a) The point of
23 order of "No Quorum" shall not be accepted by the chair if the last
24 roll call showed the presence of a quorum, provided the last roll
25 call was taken within two hours of the time the point of order is
26 raised.

27 (b) If the last roll call was taken more than two hours

1 before the point of order is raised, it shall be in order for the
2 member who raised the point of order to request a roll call. Such a
3 request must be seconded by 25 members. If the request for a roll
4 call is properly seconded, the chair shall order a roll call.

5 (c) Once a point of order has been made that a quorum is not
6 present, it may not be withdrawn after the absence of a quorum has
7 been ascertained and announced.

8 Sec. 6. MOTIONS IN ORDER WHEN QUORUM NOT PRESENT. If a
9 registration or record vote reveals that a quorum is not present,
10 only a motion to adjourn or a motion for a call of the house and the
11 motions incidental thereto shall be in order.

12 Sec. 7. MOTION FOR CALL OF THE HOUSE. It shall be in order
13 to move a call of the house at any time to secure and maintain a
14 quorum for one of the following purposes:

15 (1) for the consideration of a specific bill,
16 resolution, motion, or other measure;

17 (2) for the consideration of any designated class of
18 bills; or

19 (3) for a definite period of time.

20 Motions for, and incidental to, a call of the house are not
21 debatable.

22 Sec. 8. SECURING A QUORUM. When a call of the house is moved
23 for one of the above purposes and seconded by 15 members (of whom
24 the speaker may be one) and ordered by a majority vote, the main
25 entrance to the hall and all other doors leading out of the hall
26 shall be locked and no member permitted to leave the house without
27 the written permission of the speaker. The names of members present

1 shall be recorded. All absentees for whom no sufficient excuse is
2 made may, by order of a majority of those present, be sent for and
3 arrested, wherever they may be found, by the sergeant-at-arms or an
4 officer appointed by the sergeant-at-arms for that purpose, and
5 their attendance shall be secured and retained. The house shall
6 determine on what conditions they shall be discharged. Members who
7 voluntarily appear shall, unless the house otherwise directs, be
8 immediately admitted to the hall of the house and shall report their
9 names to the clerk to be entered in the journal as present.

10 Until a quorum appears, should the roll call fail to show one
11 present, no business shall be transacted, except to compel the
12 attendance of absent members or to adjourn. It shall not be in
13 order to recess under a call of the house.

14 Sec. 9. FOLLOWING ACHIEVEMENT OF A QUORUM. When a quorum is
15 shown to be present, the house may proceed with the matters on which
16 the call was ordered, or may enforce the call and await the
17 attendance of as many of the absentees as it desires. When the
18 house proceeds to the business on which the call was ordered, it
19 may, by a majority vote, direct the sergeant-at-arms to cease
20 bringing in absent members.

21 Sec. 10. REPEATING A RECORD VOTE. When a record vote
22 reveals the lack of a quorum, and a call is ordered to secure one, a
23 record vote shall again be taken when the house resumes business
24 with a quorum present.

25 CHAPTER B. ADMITTANCE TO HOUSE CHAMBER

26 Sec. 11. PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE FLOOR. Only the following
27 persons shall be entitled to the privileges of the floor of the

1 house when the house is in session: members of the house; employees
2 of the house when performing their official duties as determined by
3 the Committee on House Administration; members of the senate;
4 employees of the senate when performing their official duties; the
5 Governor of Texas and the governor's chief of staff and director of
6 legislative affairs [~~executive and administrative assistant~~]; the
7 lieutenant governor; the secretary of state; duly accredited media
8 representatives as permitted by Section 20 of this rule;
9 contestants in election cases pending before the house; and
10 immediate families of the members of the legislature on such
11 special occasions as may be determined by the Committee on House
12 Administration.

13 Sec. 12. ADMITTANCE WITHIN THE RAILING. Only the following
14 persons shall be admitted to the area on the floor of the house
15 enclosed by the railing when the house is in session: members of the
16 house; members of the senate; the governor; the lieutenant
17 governor; officers and employees of the senate and house when those
18 officers and employees are actually engaged in performing their
19 official duties as determined by the Committee on House
20 Administration; spouses of members of the house on such occasions
21 as may be determined by the Committee on House Administration; and,
22 within the area specifically designated for media representatives,
23 duly accredited media representatives as permitted by Section 20
24 of this rule.

25 Sec. 13. SOLICITORS AND COLLECTORS PROHIBITED. Solicitors
26 and collectors shall not be admitted to the floor of the house while
27 the house is in session.

1 Sec. 14. INVITATION TO ADDRESS THE HOUSE. A motion to
2 invite a person to address the house while it is in session shall be
3 in order only if the person invited is entitled to the privileges of
4 the floor as defined by Section 11 of this rule and if no business is
5 pending before the house.

6 Sec. 15. LOBBYING ON FLOOR. No one, except the governor or
7 a member of the legislature, who is lobbying or working for or
8 against any pending or prospective legislative measure shall be
9 permitted on the floor of the house or in the adjacent rooms while
10 the house is in session.

11 Sec. 16. SUSPENSION OF FLOOR PRIVILEGES. If any person
12 admitted to the floor of the house under the rules, except the
13 governor or a member of the legislature, lobbies or works for or
14 against any pending or prospective legislation or violates any of
15 the other rules of the house, the privileges extended to that person
16 under the rules shall be suspended by a majority vote of the
17 Committee on House Administration. The action of the committee
18 shall be reviewable by the house only if two members of the
19 committee request an appeal from the decision of the committee. The
20 request shall be in the form of a minority report and shall be
21 subject to the same rules that are applicable to minority reports on
22 bills. Suspension shall remain in force until the accused person
23 purges himself or herself and comes within the rules, or until the
24 house, by majority vote, reverses the action of the committee.

25 Sec. 17. MEMBERS LOUNGE PRIVILEGES. Only the following
26 persons shall be admitted to the members lounge at any
27 time: members of the house; members of the senate; and former

1 members of the house and senate who are not engaged in any form of
2 employment requiring them to lobby or work for or against any
3 pending or prospective legislative measures.

4 Sec. 18. FLOOR DUTIES OF HOUSE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES. It
5 shall be the duty of the Committee on House Administration to
6 determine what duties are to be discharged by officers and
7 employees of the house on the floor of the house, specifically in
8 the area enclosed by the railing, when the house is in session. It
9 shall be the duty of the speaker to see that the officers and
10 employees do not violate the regulations promulgated by the
11 Committee on House Administration.

12 Sec. 19. PROPER DECORUM. No person shall be admitted to,
13 or allowed to remain in, the house chamber while the house is in
14 session unless properly attired, and all gentlemen shall wear a
15 coat and tie. Food or beverage shall not be permitted in the house
16 chamber at any time, and no person carrying food or beverage shall
17 be admitted to the chamber, whether the house is in session or in
18 recess. Reading newspapers shall not be permitted in the house
19 chamber while the house is in session. Smoking is not permitted in
20 the member's lounge or bathrooms. The Committee on House
21 Administration shall designate an area for smoking that is easily
22 accessible to the house chamber.

23 Sec. 20. MEDIA ACCESS TO HOUSE CHAMBER. (a) When the house
24 is in session, no media representative shall be admitted to the
25 floor of the house or allowed its privileges unless the person is:

26 (1) employed by a print, broadcast, or Internet news
27 organization, or by a wire service serving those organizations:

1 (A) whose principal business is the periodic
2 dissemination of original news and opinion of interest to a broad
3 segment of the public;

4 (B) which has published or operated continuously
5 for 18 months; and

6 (C) whose publications or operations are
7 editorially independent of any institution, foundation, or
8 interest group that lobbies the government or that is not
9 principally a general news organization; and

10 (2) not engaged in any lobbying or paid advocacy,
11 advertising, publicity, or promotion work for any individual,
12 political party, corporation, organization, or government agency.

13 (b) Any media representative seeking admission to the floor
14 of the house under the provisions of this section must submit to the
15 Committee on House Administration:

16 (1) a notarized application in a form determined by
17 the committee; and

18 (2) a letter from the media representative's employer
19 certifying that:

20 (A) the media representative is engaged
21 primarily in reporting the sessions of the legislature; and

22 (B) no part of the media representative's salary
23 for legislative coverage is paid from a source other than the news
24 organization that employs the media representative.

25 (c) Regularly accredited media representatives who have
26 duly qualified under the provisions of this section may, when
27 requested to do so, make recommendations through their professional

1 committees to the Committee on House Administration as to the
2 sufficiency or insufficiency of the credentials of any person
3 seeking admission to the floor of the house under this section.

4 (d) If the Committee on House Administration determines
5 that a person's media credentials meet the requirements of this
6 section, the committee shall issue a pass card to the person. The
7 committee may impose a fee to cover the costs of issuing a pass
8 card. This pass card must be presented to the doorkeeper each time
9 the person seeks admission to the floor of the house while the house
10 is in session. Pass cards issued under this section shall not be
11 transferable. The failure of a media representative to maintain the
12 requirements of this section may result in the revocation of the
13 pass card. Persons admitted to the floor of the house pursuant to
14 the provisions of this section shall work in appropriate convenient
15 seats or work stations in the house, which shall be designated for
16 that purpose by the Committee on House Administration.

17 (e) Members of the house shall not engage in interviews and
18 press conferences on the house floor while the house is in session.
19 The Committee on House Administration is authorized to enforce this
20 provision and to prescribe such other regulations as may be
21 necessary and desirable to achieve these purposes.

22 (f) Permission to make live or recorded television, radio,
23 or Internet broadcasts in or from the house chamber while the house
24 is in session may be granted only by the Committee on House
25 Administration. The committee shall promulgate regulations
26 governing television, radio, or Internet broadcasts, and such
27 regulations shall be printed as an addendum to the rules of the

1 house. When broadcasts from the floor of the house are recommended
2 by the Committee on House Administration, the recommendation shall
3 identify those persons in the technical crews to whom pass cards to
4 the floor of the house and galleries are to be issued. Passes
5 granted under this authority shall be subject to revocation on the
6 recommendation of the Committee on House Administration. Each
7 committee of the house shall have authority to determine whether or
8 not to permit television, radio, or Internet broadcasts of any of
9 its proceedings.

10 (g) A member of the house who believes a media
11 representative granted privileges under this section does not meet
12 the requirements of this section or has abused the privileges may
13 submit a written complaint to the Committee on House
14 Administration. The committee shall investigate the complaint and
15 may temporarily suspend the media representative's privileges
16 pending the investigation. The committee shall notify the subject
17 of the complaint of the time and place of a hearing on the
18 complaint. Following the hearing, the media representative's
19 privileges granted under this section are revoked if the committee
20 determines that the allegations contained in the complaint are
21 valid.

22 Sec. 21. PUBLIC ADMISSION TO AND NONLEGISLATIVE USE OF THE
23 HOUSE CHAMBER. When the house is not in session, the floor of the
24 house shall remain open on days and hours determined by the
25 Committee on House Administration. By resolution, the house may
26 open the floor of the house during its sessions for the inauguration
27 of the governor and lieutenant governor and for such other public

1 ceremonies as may be deemed warranted.

2 CHAPTER C. SPEAKING AND DEBATE

3 Sec. 22. ADDRESSING THE HOUSE. When a member desires to
4 speak or deliver any matter to the house, the member shall rise and
5 respectfully address the speaker as "Mr. (or Madam) Speaker" and,
6 on being recognized, may address the house from the microphone at
7 the reading clerk's desk, and shall confine all remarks to the
8 question under debate, avoiding personalities.

9 Sec. 23. WHEN TWO MEMBERS RISE AT ONCE. When two or more
10 members rise at once, the speaker shall name the one who is to speak
11 first. This decision shall be final and not open to debate or
12 appeal.

13 Sec. 24. RECOGNITION. (a) Except as otherwise provided
14 by this section, there shall be no appeal from the speaker's
15 recognition, but the speaker shall be governed by rules and usage in
16 priority of entertaining motions from the floor. When a member
17 seeks recognition, the speaker may ask, "For what purpose does the
18 member rise?" or "For what purpose does the member seek
19 recognition?" and may then decide if recognition is to be granted,
20 except that the speaker shall recognize a member who seeks
21 recognition on a question of privilege.

22 (b) If the speaker denies recognition of a member who seeks
23 recognition on a question of privilege, other than a question of
24 privilege relating to the right of the house to remove the speaker
25 and elect a new speaker, the decision of recognition may be appealed
26 using the procedures provided in Rule 1, Section 9.

27 (c) If the speaker denies recognition of a member who seeks

1 recognition on a question of privilege relating to the right of the
2 house to remove the speaker and elect a new speaker, the member may
3 appeal the speaker's denial of recognition if the member submits to
4 the speaker a written request, signed by at least 76 members of the
5 house, to appeal the decision of recognition. Upon receiving a
6 request for appeal in accordance with this subsection, the speaker
7 shall announce the request to the house. The names of the members
8 who signed the request and the time that the announcement was made
9 shall be entered in the journal. The appeal of a decision of
10 recognition under this subsection is eligible for consideration 24
11 hours after the request for appeal has been announced in accordance
12 with this subsection. The appeal and consideration of the question
13 of privilege, if the appeal is successful, takes precedence over
14 all other questions except motions to adjourn.

15 Sec. 25. INTERRUPTION OF A MEMBER WHO HAS THE FLOOR. A
16 member who has the floor shall not be interrupted by another member
17 for any purpose, unless he or she consents to yield to the other
18 member. A member desiring to interrupt another in debate should
19 first address the speaker for the permission of the member
20 speaking. The speaker shall then ask the member who has the floor
21 if he or she wishes to yield, and then announce the decision of that
22 member. The member who has the floor may exercise personal
23 discretion as to whether or not to yield, and it is entirely within
24 the member's discretion to determine who shall interrupt and when.

25 Sec. 26. YIELDING THE FLOOR. A member who obtains the
26 floor on recognition of the speaker may not be taken off the floor
27 by a motion, even the highly privileged motion to adjourn, but if

1 the member yields to another to make a motion or to offer an
2 amendment, he or she thereby loses the floor.

3 Sec. 27. RIGHT TO OPEN AND CLOSE DEBATE. The mover of any
4 proposition, or the member reporting any measure from a committee,
5 or, in the absence of either of them, any other member designated by
6 such absentee, shall have the right to open and close the debate,
7 and for this purpose may speak each time not more than 20 minutes.

8 Sec. 28. TIME LIMITS ON SPEECHES. All speeches shall be
9 limited to 10 minutes in duration, except as provided in Section 27
10 of this rule, and the speaker shall call the members to order at the
11 expiration of their time. If the house by a majority vote extends
12 the time of any member, the extension shall be for 10 minutes only.
13 A second extension of time shall be granted only by unanimous
14 consent. During the last 10 calendar days of the regular session,
15 and the last 5 calendar days of a special session, Sundays excepted,
16 all speeches shall be limited to 10 minutes and shall not be
17 extended. The time limits established by this rule shall include
18 time consumed in yielding to questions from the floor.

19 Sec. 29. LIMIT ON NUMBER OF TIMES TO SPEAK. No member shall
20 speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the
21 house, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak has
22 spoken, nor shall any member be permitted to consume the time of
23 another member without leave of the house being given by a majority
24 vote.

25 Sec. 30. EFFECT OF ADJOURNMENT ON SPEAKING LIMIT. If a
26 pending question is not disposed of because of an adjournment of the
27 house, a member who has spoken twice on the subject shall not be

1 allowed to speak again without leave of the house.

2 Sec. 31. OBJECTION TO READING A PAPER. When the reading of
3 a paper is called for, and objection is made, the matter shall be
4 determined by a majority vote of the house, without debate.

5 Sec. 32. PASSING BETWEEN MICROPHONES DURING DEBATE. No
6 person shall pass between the front and back microphones during
7 debate or when a member has the floor and is addressing the house.

8 Sec. 33. TRANSGRESSION OF RULES WHILE SPEAKING. If any
9 member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the
10 house, the speaker shall, or any member may, call the member to
11 order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately
12 be seated; however, that member may move for an appeal to the house,
13 and if appeal is duly seconded by 10 members, the matter shall be
14 submitted to the house for decision by majority vote. In such
15 cases, the speaker shall not be required to relinquish the chair, as
16 is required in cases of appeals from the speaker's decisions. The
17 house shall, if appealed to, decide the matter without debate. If
18 the decision is in favor of the member called to order, the member
19 shall be at liberty to proceed; but if the decision is against the
20 member, he or she shall not be allowed to proceed, and, if the case
21 requires it, shall be liable to the censure of the house, or such
22 other punishment as the house may consider proper.

23 Sec. 34. ELECTRONIC RECORDING OF ALL HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. (a)
24 All proceedings of the house of representatives shall be
25 electronically recorded under the direction of the Committee on
26 House Administration. Copies of the proceedings may be released
27 under guidelines promulgated by the Committee on House

1 Administration.

2 (b) Archived video broadcasts of proceedings in the house
3 chamber that are available through the house's Internet or intranet
4 website may, under the direction of the Committee on House
5 Administration, include a link to the point in time in the video
6 where each measure under consideration by the house is laid out.
7 Such a link shall be provided as soon as the committee determines is
8 practical.

9 CHAPTER D. QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE

10 Sec. 35. QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE DEFINED. Questions of
11 privilege shall be:

12 (1) those affecting the rights of the house
13 collectively, its safety and dignity, and the integrity of its
14 proceedings, including the right of the house to remove the speaker
15 and elect a new speaker; and

16 (2) those affecting the rights, reputation, and
17 conduct of members individually in their representative capacity
18 only.

19 Sec. 36. PRECEDENCE OF QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE. Questions
20 of privilege shall have precedence over all other questions except
21 motions to adjourn. When in order, a member may address the house
22 on a question of privilege, or may at any time print it in the
23 journal, provided it contains no reflection on any member of the
24 house.

25 Sec. 37. WHEN QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE NOT IN ORDER. (a) It
26 shall not be in order for a member to address the house on a question
27 of privilege:

1 (1) between the time an undebatable motion is offered
2 and the vote is taken on the motion;

3 (2) between the time the previous question is ordered
4 and the vote is taken on the last proposition included under the
5 previous question; or

6 (3) between the time a motion to table is offered and
7 the vote is taken on the motion.

8 (b) If a question of privilege relating to removal of the
9 speaker and election of a new speaker fails, a subsequent attempt to
10 remove the same speaker can be made only by reconsidering the vote
11 by which the original question of privilege failed. Such
12 reconsideration shall be subject to the rules of the house
13 governing reconsideration.

14 Sec. 38. CONFINING REMARKS TO QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE;
15 INTERRUPTIONS PROHIBITED. (a) When speaking on privilege,
16 members must confine their remarks within the limits of Section 35
17 of this rule, which will be strictly construed to achieve the
18 purposes hereof.

19 (b) When a member is speaking on privilege, the member shall
20 not be interrupted by another member for any purpose. While the
21 member is speaking, another member may submit a question of order to
22 the speaker in writing or by approaching the podium in person. The
23 member submitting the question of order shall not interrupt the
24 member who is speaking. The speaker may interrupt the member who is
25 speaking if the speaker determines it is appropriate to address the
26 question of order at that time.

27 Sec. 39. DISCUSSION OF MERITS OF MOTION FORBIDDEN. Merits

1 of a main or subsidiary motion shall not be discussed or debated
2 under the guise of speaking to a question of privilege.

3 CHAPTER E. VOTING

4 Sec. 40. RECORDING ALL VOTES ON VOTING MACHINE. On all
5 votes, except viva voce votes, members shall record their votes on
6 the voting machine and shall not be recognized by the chair to cast
7 their votes from the floor. If a member attempts to vote from the
8 floor, the speaker shall sustain a point of order directed against
9 the member's so doing. This rule shall not be applicable to the
10 mover or the principal opponent of the proposition being voted on
11 nor to a member whose voting machine is out of order. If a member
12 demands strict enforcement of this section, Section 47 shall not
13 apply to the taking of a vote, and the house may discipline a member
14 in violation of this rule pursuant to its inherent authority.

15 Sec. 41. REGISTRATION EQUIVALENT TO ROLL CALL VOTE. A
16 registration or vote taken on the voting machine of the house shall
17 in all instances be considered the equivalent of a roll call or yea
18 and nay vote, which might be had for the same purpose.

19 Sec. 42. DISCLOSURE OF PERSONAL OR PRIVATE INTEREST. Any
20 member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill
21 proposed or pending before the house shall disclose the fact and not
22 vote thereon.

23 Sec. 43. DIVIDING THE QUESTION. By a majority vote of the
24 house, a quorum being present, the question shall be divided, if it
25 includes propositions so distinct in substance that, one being
26 taken away, a substantive proposition remains. A motion for a
27 division vote cannot be made after the previous question has been

1 ordered, after a motion to table has been offered, after the
2 question has been put, nor after the yeas and nays have been
3 ordered. Under this subsection, the speaker may divide the
4 question into groups of propositions that are closely related.

5 Sec. 44. FAILURE OR REFUSAL TO VOTE. Any member who is
6 present and fails or refuses to vote after being requested to do so
7 by the speaker shall be recorded as present but not voting, and
8 shall be counted for the purpose of making a quorum.

9 Sec. 45. PRESENCE IN HOUSE REQUIRED IN ORDER TO VOTE. A
10 member must be on the floor of the house or in an adjacent room or
11 hallway on the same level as the house floor, in order to vote.

12 Sec. 46. LOCKING VOTING MACHINES OF ABSENT MEMBERS. During
13 each calendar day in which the house is in session, it shall be the
14 duty of the journal clerk to lock the voting machine of each member
15 who is excused or who is otherwise known to be absent. Each such
16 machine shall remain locked until the member in person contacts the
17 journal clerk and personally requests the unlocking of the machine.
18 Unless otherwise directed by the speaker, the journal clerk shall
19 not unlock any machine except at the personal request of the member
20 to whom the machine is assigned. Any violation, or any attempt by a
21 member or employee to circumvent the letter or spirit of this
22 section, shall be reported immediately to the speaker for such
23 disciplinary action by the speaker, or by the house, as may be
24 warranted under the circumstances.

25 Sec. 47. VOTING FOR ANOTHER MEMBER. Any member found
26 guilty by the house of knowingly voting for another member on the
27 voting machine without that other member's permission shall be

1 subject to discipline deemed appropriate by the house.

2 Sec. 48. INTERRUPTION OF A ROLL CALL. Once a roll call has
3 begun, it may not be interrupted for any reason. While a yea and nay
4 vote is being taken, or the vote is being counted, no member shall
5 visit the reading clerk's desk or the voting clerk's desk.

6 Sec. 49. EXPLANATION OF VOTE. (a) No member shall be
7 allowed to interrupt the vote or to make any explanation of a vote
8 that the member is about to give after the voting machine has been
9 opened, but may record in the journal the reasons for giving such a
10 vote.

11 (b) A "Reason for Vote" must be in writing and filed with the
12 journal clerk. If timely received, the "Reason for Vote" shall be
13 printed immediately following the results of the vote in the
14 journal. Otherwise, "Reasons for Vote" shall be printed in a
15 separate section at the end of the journal for the day on which the
16 reasons were recorded with the journal clerk. Such "Reason for
17 Vote" shall not deal in personalities or contain any personal
18 reflection on any member of the legislature, the speaker, the
19 lieutenant governor, or the governor, and shall not in any other
20 manner transgress the rules of the house relating to decorum and
21 debate.

22 (c) A member absent when a vote was taken may file with the
23 journal clerk while the house is in session a statement of how the
24 member would have voted if present. If timely received, the
25 statement shall be printed immediately following the results of the
26 vote in the journal. Otherwise, statements shall be printed in a
27 separate section at the end of the journal for the day on which the

1 statements were recorded with the journal clerk.

2 Sec. 50. PAIRS. (a) All pairs must be announced before the
3 vote is declared by the speaker, and a written statement sent to the
4 journal clerk. The statement must be signed by the absent member to
5 the pair, or the member's signature must have been authorized in
6 writing or by telephone, and satisfactory evidence presented to the
7 speaker if deemed necessary. If authorized in writing, the writing
8 shall be delivered to the chief clerk by personal delivery or by
9 commercially acceptable means of delivery, including electronic
10 transmission by PDF or similar secure format that is capable of
11 transmitting an accurate image of the member's signature. If
12 authorized by telephone, the call must be to and confirmed by the
13 chief clerk in advance of the vote to which it applies. Pairs shall
14 be entered in the journal, and the member present shall be counted
15 to make a quorum.

16 (b) The speaker may not refuse to recognize a pair that
17 complies with the requirements of Subsection (a), if both members
18 consent to the pair.

19 Sec. 51. ENTRY OF YEA AND NAY VOTE IN JOURNAL. (a) At the
20 desire of any member present, the yeas and nays of the members of
21 the house on any question shall be taken and entered in the journal.
22 No member or members shall be allowed to call for a yea and nay vote
23 after a vote has been declared by the speaker.

24 (b) A motion to expunge a yea and nay vote from the journal
25 shall not be in order.

26 (c) The yeas and nays of the members of the house on final
27 passage of any bill, [~~and on~~] any joint resolution proposing or

1 ratifying a constitutional amendment, and any other resolution,
2 other than a resolution of a purely ceremonial or honorary nature,
3 shall be taken and entered in the journal. For purposes of this
4 subsection, a vote on final passage includes ~~means~~ a vote on:

- 5 (1) third reading;
- 6 (2) second reading if the house suspends or otherwise
7 dispenses with the requirement for three readings;
- 8 (3) whether to concur in the senate's amendments; or
- 9 (4) whether to adopt a conference committee report.

10 Sec. 51A. REAL-TIME ACCESS BY PUBLIC TO YEAS AND NAYS. The
11 Committee on House Administration shall ensure that:

- 12 (1) the recorded yeas and nays are available to the
13 public on the Internet and on any televised broadcast of the house
14 proceedings produced by or under the direction of the house; and
- 15 (2) members of the public may view the yeas and nays in
16 real time to the extent possible on the Internet and on any
17 televised broadcast of the house proceedings produced by or under
18 the direction of the house.

19 Sec. 52. JOURNAL RECORDING OF VOTES ON ANY QUESTION. On
20 any question where a record of the yeas and nays has not been
21 ordered, members may have their votes recorded in the journal as
22 "yea" or "nay" by filing such information with the journal clerk
23 before adjournment or recess to another calendar day.

24 Sec. 53. CHANGING A VOTE. Before the result of a vote has
25 been finally and conclusively pronounced by the chair, but not
26 thereafter, a member may change his or her vote; however, if a
27 member's vote is erroneous, the member shall be allowed to change

1 that vote at a later time provided:

2 (1) the result of the record vote is not changed
3 thereby;

4 (2) the request is made known to the house by the chair
5 and permission for the change is granted by unanimous consent; and

6 (3) a notation is made in the journal that the member's
7 vote was changed.

8 Sec. 54. TIE VOTE. All matters on which a vote may be taken
9 by the house shall require for adoption a favorable affirmative
10 vote as required by these rules, and in the case of a tie vote, the
11 matter shall be considered lost.

12 Sec. 55. VERIFICATION OF A YEA AND NAY VOTE. When the
13 result of a yea and nay vote is close, the speaker may on the request
14 of any member order a verification vote, or the speaker may order a
15 verification on his or her own initiative. During verification, no
16 member shall change a vote unless it was erroneously recorded, nor
17 may any member not having voted cast a vote; however, when the clerk
18 errs in reporting the yeas and nays, and correction thereof leaves
19 decisive effect to the speaker's vote, the speaker may exercise the
20 right to vote, even though the result has been announced. A
21 verification shall be called for immediately after the vote is
22 announced. The speaker shall not entertain a request for
23 verification after the house has proceeded to the next question, or
24 after a recess or an adjournment. A vote to recess or adjourn, like
25 any other proposition, may be verified. Only one vote verification
26 can be pending at a time. A verification may be dispensed with by a
27 two-thirds vote.

1 Sec. 56. VERIFICATION OF A REGISTRATION. The speaker may
2 allow the verification of a registration (as differentiated from a
3 record vote) if in the speaker's opinion there is serious doubt as
4 to the presence of a quorum.

5 Sec. 57. MOTION FOR A CALL OF THE HOUSE PENDING
6 VERIFICATION. A motion for a call of the house, and all incidental
7 motions relating to it, shall be in order pending the verification
8 of a vote. These motions must be made before the roll call on
9 verification begins, and it shall not be in order to break into the
10 roll call to make them.

11 Sec. 58. ERRONEOUS ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE RESULT OF A
12 VOTE. If, by an error of the voting clerk or reading clerk in
13 reporting the yeas and nays from a registration or verification,
14 the speaker announces a result different from that shown by the
15 registration or verification, the status of the question shall be
16 determined by the vote as actually recorded. If the vote is
17 erroneously announced in such a way as to change the true result,
18 all subsequent proceedings in connection therewith shall fail, and
19 the journal shall be amended accordingly.

1 RULE 6. ORDER OF BUSINESS AND CALENDARS

2 Sec. 1. DAILY ORDER OF BUSINESS. (a) When the house
3 convenes on a new legislative day, the daily order of business shall
4 be as follows:

5 (1) Call to order by speaker.

6 (2) Registration of members.

7 (3) Prayer by chaplain, unless the invocation has been
8 given previously on the particular calendar day.

9 (4) Pledge of allegiance to the United States flag.

10 (5) Pledge of allegiance to the Texas flag.

11 (6) Excuses for absence of members and officers.

12 (7) First reading and reference to committee of bills
13 filed with the chief clerk; and motions to introduce bills, when
14 such motions are required.

15 (8) Requests to print bills and other papers; requests
16 of committees for further time to consider papers referred to them;
17 and all other routine motions and business not otherwise provided
18 for, all of which shall be undebatable except that the mover and one
19 opponent of the motion shall be allowed three minutes each.

20 The mover of a routine motion shall be allowed his or her
21 choice of making the opening or the closing speech under this rule.
22 If the house, under a suspension of the rules, extends the time of a
23 member under this rule, such extensions shall be for three minutes.
24 Subsidiary motions that are applicable to routine motions shall be
25 in order, but the makers of such subsidiary motions shall not be
26 entitled to speak thereon in the routine motion period, nor shall
27 the authors of the original routine motions be allowed any

1 additional time because of subsidiary motions.

2 (9) Unfinished business.

3 (10) Third reading calendars of the house in their
4 order of priority in accordance with Section 7 of this rule, unless
5 a different order is determined under other provisions of these
6 rules.

7 (11) Postponed matters to be laid before the house in
8 accordance with Rule 7, Section 15.

9 (12) Second reading calendars of the house in their
10 order of priority in accordance with Section 7 of this rule, unless
11 a different order is determined under other provisions of these
12 rules.

13 (b) When the house reconvenes for the first time on a new
14 calendar day following a recess, the daily order of business shall
15 be:

16 (1) Call to order by the speaker.

17 (2) Registration of members.

18 (3) Prayer by the chaplain.

19 (4) Pledge of allegiance to the United States flag.

20 (5) Pledge of allegiance to the Texas flag.

21 (6) Excuses for absence of members and officers.

22 (7) Pending business.

23 (8) Calendars of the house in their order of priority
24 in accordance with Section 7 of this rule, unless a different order
25 is determined under other provisions of these rules.

26 Sec. 2. SPECIAL ORDERS. (a) Any bill, resolution, or
27 other measure may on any day be made a special order for the same day

1 or for a future day of the session by an affirmative vote of
2 two-thirds of the members present. A motion to set a special order
3 shall be subject to the three-minute pro and con debate rule. When
4 once established as a special order, a bill, resolution, or other
5 measure shall be considered from day to day until disposed of; and
6 until it has been disposed of, no further special orders shall be
7 made.

8 A three-fourths vote of the members present shall be required
9 to suspend the portion of this rule which specifies that only one
10 special order may be made and pending at a time.

11 (b) After the first eight items under the daily order of
12 business for a legislative day have been passed, a special order
13 shall have precedence when the hour for its consideration has
14 arrived, except as provided in Section 9 of this rule.

15 (c) After the 115th day of a regular session, if a joint
16 resolution has appeared on a daily house calendar and is adopted,
17 and a bill that is enabling legislation for the joint resolution is
18 either on or eligible to be placed on a calendar, the author or
19 sponsor of the bill or another member may immediately be recognized
20 for a motion to set the bill that is the enabling legislation as a
21 special order pursuant to this section. For purposes of this
22 subsection, the bill must have been designated as the enabling
23 legislation for the joint resolution in writing filed with the
24 chief clerk not later than the date the committee report for the
25 enabling legislation is printed and distributed.

26 Sec. 3. POSTPONEMENT OF A SPECIAL ORDER. A special order
27 may be postponed to a day certain by a two-thirds vote of those

1 present, and when so postponed, shall be considered as disposed of
2 so far as its place as a special order is concerned.

3 Sec. 4. TABLED MEASURES AS SPECIAL ORDERS. A bill or
4 resolution laid on the table subject to call may be made a special
5 order.

6 Sec. 5. SUBSTITUTION IN MOTION FOR A SPECIAL ORDER. When a
7 motion is pending to set a particular bill or resolution as a
8 special order, it shall not be in order to move as a substitute to
9 set another bill or resolution as a special order. It shall be in
10 order, however, to substitute, by majority vote, a different time
11 for the special order consideration than that given in the original
12 motion.

13 Sec. 6. MEMBER'S SUSPENSION AND SPECIAL ORDER PRIVILEGES.
14 If a member moves to set a bill or joint resolution as a special
15 order, or moves to suspend the rules to take up a bill or joint
16 resolution out of its regular order, and the motion prevails, the
17 member shall not have the right to make either of these motions
18 again until every other member has had an opportunity, via either of
19 these motions, to have some bill or joint resolution considered out
20 of its regular order during that session of the legislature. A
21 member shall not lose the suspension privilege if the motion to
22 suspend or set for special order does not prevail.

23 Sec. 7. SYSTEM OF CALENDARS. (a) Legislative business of
24 the house shall be controlled by a system of calendars, consisting
25 of the following:

26 (1) EMERGENCY CALENDAR, on which shall appear bills
27 considered to be of such pressing and imperative import as to demand

1 immediate action, bills to raise revenue and levy taxes, and the
2 general appropriations bill. A bill submitted as an emergency
3 matter by the governor may also be placed on this calendar.

4 (2) MAJOR STATE CALENDAR, on which shall appear bills
5 of statewide effect, not emergency in nature, which establish or
6 change state policy in a major field of governmental activity and
7 which will have a major impact in application throughout the state
8 without regard to class, area, or other limiting factors.

9 (3) CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS CALENDAR, on which
10 shall appear joint resolutions proposing amendments to the Texas
11 Constitution, joint resolutions proposing the ratification of
12 amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and joint
13 resolutions applying to Congress for a convention to amend the
14 Constitution of the United States.

15 (4) GENERAL STATE CALENDAR, on which shall appear
16 bills of statewide effect, not emergency in nature, which establish
17 or change state law and which have application to all areas but are
18 limited in legal effect by classification or other factors which
19 minimize the impact to something less than major state policy, and
20 bills, not emergency in nature, which are not on the local, consent,
21 and resolutions calendar.

22 (5) LOCAL, CONSENT, AND RESOLUTIONS CALENDAR, on which
23 shall appear bills, house resolutions, and concurrent resolutions,
24 not emergency in nature, regardless of extent and scope, on which
25 there is such general agreement as to render improbable any
26 opposition to the consideration and passage thereof, and which have
27 been recommended by the appropriate standing committee for

1 placement on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar by the
2 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars.

3 (6) RESOLUTIONS CALENDAR, on which shall appear house
4 resolutions and concurrent resolutions, not emergency in nature and
5 not privileged.

6 (7) CONGRATULATORY AND MEMORIAL RESOLUTIONS CALENDAR,
7 on which shall appear congratulatory and memorial resolutions whose
8 sole intent is to congratulate, memorialize, or otherwise express
9 concern or commendation. The Committee on [~~Rules and~~ Resolutions
10 Calendars may provide separate categories for congratulatory and
11 memorial resolutions.

12 (b) A calendars committee shall strictly construe and the
13 speaker shall strictly enforce this system of calendars.

14 Sec. 8. SENATE BILL CALENDARS. (a) Senate bills and
15 resolutions pending in the house shall follow the same procedure
16 with regard to calendars as house bills and resolutions, but
17 separate calendars shall be maintained for senate bills and
18 resolutions, and consideration of them on senate bill days shall
19 have priority in the manner and order specified in this rule.

20 (b) No other business shall be considered on days devoted to
21 the consideration of senate bills when there remain any bills on any
22 of the senate calendars, except with the consent of the senate. When
23 all senate calendars are clear, the house may proceed to
24 consideration of house calendars on senate bill days.

25 Sec. 9. SENATE BILL DAYS. (a) On calendar Wednesday and
26 on calendar Thursday of each week, only senate bills and senate
27 resolutions shall be taken up and considered, until disposed of.

1 Senate bills and senate resolutions shall be considered in the
2 order prescribed in Section 7 of this rule on separate senate
3 calendars prepared by the Committee on Calendars. In case a senate
4 bill or senate resolution is pending at adjournment on calendar
5 Thursday, it shall go over to the succeeding calendar Wednesday as
6 unfinished business.

7 (b) Precedence given in Rule 8 to certain classes of bills
8 during the first 60 calendar days of a regular session shall also
9 apply to senate bills on senate bill days.

10 Sec. 10. CONSIDERATION OF SENATE BILL ON SAME
11 SUBJECT. When any house bill is reached on the calendar or is
12 before the house for consideration, it shall be the duty of the
13 speaker to give the place on the calendar of the house bill to any
14 senate bill containing the same subject that has been referred to
15 and reported from a committee of the house and to lay the senate
16 bill before the house, to be considered in lieu of the house bill.

17 Sec. 11. PERIODS FOR CONSIDERATION OF CONGRATULATORY AND
18 MEMORIAL CALENDARS. As the volume of legislation shall warrant,
19 the chair of the Committee on [~~Rules and~~] Resolutions Calendars
20 shall move to designate periods for the consideration of
21 congratulatory and memorial calendars. Each such motion shall
22 require a two-thirds vote for its adoption. In each instance, the
23 Committee on [~~Rules and~~] Resolutions Calendars shall prepare and
24 post on the electronic legislative information system a calendar at
25 least 24 hours in advance of the hour set for consideration. No
26 memorial or congratulatory resolution will be heard by the full
27 house without having first been approved, at least 24 hours in

1 advance, by a majority of the membership of the Committee on [~~Rules~~
2 ~~and~~] Resolutions Calendars, in accordance with Rule 4, Section 16.
3 It shall not be necessary for the Committee on [~~Rules~~ ~~and~~]
4 Resolutions Calendars to report a memorial or congratulatory
5 resolution from committee in order to place the resolution on a
6 congratulatory and memorial calendar. If the Committee on [~~Rules~~
7 ~~and~~] Resolutions Calendars determines that a resolution is not
8 eligible for placement on the congratulatory and memorial calendar
9 the measure shall be sent to the Committee on Calendars for further
10 action. A congratulatory and memorial calendar will contain the
11 resolution number, the author's name, and a brief description of
12 the intent of the resolution. On the congratulatory and memorial
13 calendar, congratulatory resolutions may be listed separately from
14 memorial resolutions. Once a calendar is posted, no additional
15 resolutions will be added to it, and the requirements of this
16 section shall not be subject to suspension.

17 Sec. 12. PROCEDURE FOR CONSIDERATION OF CONGRATULATORY AND
18 MEMORIAL CALENDARS. During the consideration of a congratulatory
19 and memorial calendar, resolutions shall not be read in full unless
20 they pertain to members or former members of the legislature, or
21 unless the intended recipient of the resolution is present on the
22 house floor or in the gallery. All other such resolutions shall be
23 read only by number, type of resolution, and name of the person or
24 persons designated in the resolutions. Members shall notify the
25 chair, in advance of consideration of the calendar, of any
26 resolutions that will be required to be read in full. In addition,
27 the following procedures shall be observed:

1 (1) The chair shall recognize the reading clerk to
2 read the resolutions within each category on the calendar only by
3 number, type of resolution, author or sponsor, and name of the
4 person or persons designated in the resolutions, except for those
5 resolutions that have been withdrawn or that are required to be read
6 in full. The resolutions read by the clerk shall then be adopted in
7 one motion for each category.

8 (2) Subsequent to the adoption of the resolutions read
9 by the clerk, the chair shall proceed to lay before the house the
10 resolutions on the calendar that are required to be read in full.
11 Each such resolution shall be read and adopted individually.

12 (3) If it develops that any resolution on the
13 congratulatory and memorial calendar does not belong on that
14 calendar, the chair shall withdraw the resolution from further
15 consideration, remove it from the calendar, and refer it to the
16 appropriate calendars committee for placement on the proper
17 calendar.

18 Sec. 13. PERIODS FOR CONSIDERATION OF LOCAL, CONSENT, AND
19 RESOLUTIONS CALENDARS. (a) As the volume of legislation shall
20 warrant, the chair of the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars
21 shall move to designate periods for the consideration of local,
22 consent, and resolutions calendars. Each such motion shall require
23 a two-thirds vote for its adoption. In each instance, the Committee
24 on Local and Consent Calendars shall prepare and post on the
25 electronic legislative information system a calendar at least 48
26 hours in advance of the hour set for consideration. Once a calendar
27 is posted, no additional bills or resolutions will be added to it.

1 This requirement can be suspended only by unanimous consent. No
2 local, consent, and resolutions calendar may be considered by the
3 house if it is determined that the rules of the house were not
4 complied with by the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars in
5 preparing that calendar.

6 (b) The period designated for the consideration of a local,
7 consent, and resolutions calendar under this section or under a
8 special order under Section 2 of this rule may not exceed one
9 calendar day.

10 Sec. 14. PROCEDURE FOR CONSIDERATION OF LOCAL, CONSENT, AND
11 RESOLUTIONS CALENDARS. During the consideration of a local,
12 consent, and resolutions calendar set by the Committee on Local and
13 Consent Calendars the following procedures shall be observed:

14 (1) The chair shall allow the sponsor of each bill or
15 resolution three minutes to explain the measure, and the time shall
16 not be extended except by unanimous consent of the house. This rule
17 shall have precedence over all other rules limiting time for
18 debate.

19 (2) If it develops that any bill or resolution on a
20 local, consent, and resolutions calendar is to be contested on the
21 floor of the house under Subdivision (3) or (4) of this section, the
22 chair shall withdraw the bill or resolution from further
23 consideration and remove it from the calendar.

24 (3) Any bill or resolution on a local, consent, and
25 resolutions calendar shall be considered contested if notice is
26 given by five or more members present in the house under Rule 5,
27 Section 45, that they intend to oppose the bill or resolution,

1 either by a raising of hands or the delivery of written notice to
2 the chair.

3 (4) Any bill or resolution on a local, consent, and
4 resolutions calendar shall be considered contested if debate
5 exceeds 10 minutes, after the chair lays out the bill or resolution
6 following the sponsor's explanation under Subdivision (1) of this
7 section. The chair shall strictly enforce this time limit and
8 automatically withdraw the bill from further consideration if the
9 time limit herein imposed is exceeded.

10 (5) Any bill or resolution on a local, consent, and
11 resolutions calendar that is not reached for floor consideration
12 because of the expiration of the calendar day period for
13 consideration established by Section 13 of this rule shall carry
14 over onto the next local, consent, and resolutions calendar. Bills
15 or resolutions that carry over must appear in the same relative
16 order as on the calendar on which the bills or resolutions initially
17 appeared, and bills or resolutions originally from older calendars
18 must appear before those originally from more recent calendars.

19 (6) A motion to postpone a bill or resolution on a
20 local, consent, and resolutions calendar to a subsequent
21 legislative or calendar day requires an affirmative vote of
22 two-thirds of the members present.

23 Sec. 15. ORDER OF CONSIDERATION OF CALENDARS. Except for
24 local, consent, and resolutions calendars and congratulatory and
25 memorial calendars, consideration of calendars shall be in the
26 order named in Section 7 of this rule, subject to any exceptions
27 ordered by the Committee on Calendars. Bills and resolutions on

1 third reading shall have precedence over bills and resolutions on
2 second reading.

3 Sec. 16. DAILY CALENDARS, SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDARS, AND LISTS
4 OF ITEMS ELIGIBLE FOR CONSIDERATION. (a) Calendars shall be
5 prepared daily when the house is in session. A calendar must be
6 posted on the electronic legislative information system at least 36
7 hours if convened in regular session and 24 hours if convened in
8 special session before the calendar may be considered by the house,
9 except as otherwise provided by these rules for the calendar on
10 which the general appropriations bill is first eligible for
11 consideration on second reading when convened in regular session.
12 A calendar that contains a bill extending an agency, commission, or
13 advisory committee under the Texas Sunset Act must be posted at
14 least 48 hours if convened in regular or special session before the
15 calendar may be considered by the house. Deviations from the
16 calendars as posted shall not be permitted except that the
17 Committee on Calendars shall be authorized to prepare and post, not
18 later than two hours before the house convenes, a supplemental
19 daily house calendar, on which shall appear:

20 (1) bills or resolutions which were passed to third
21 reading on the previous legislative day, except as provided by
22 Section 24(b) of this rule;

23 (2) bills or resolutions which appeared on the Daily
24 House Calendar for a previous calendar day which were not reached
25 for floor consideration;

26 (3) postponed business from a previous calendar day;

27 and

1 (4) notice to take from the table a bill or resolution
2 which was laid on the table subject to call on a previous
3 legislative day.

4 In addition to the items listed above, the bills and
5 resolutions from a daily house calendar that will be eligible for
6 consideration may be incorporated, in their proper order as
7 determined by these rules, into the supplemental daily house
8 calendar.

9 (a-1) If the house is convened in regular session, the
10 calendar on which the general appropriations bill is first eligible
11 for consideration on second reading must be posted on the
12 electronic legislative information system at least 144 hours before
13 the calendar may be considered by the house. The posted calendar
14 must indicate the date and time at which the calendar is scheduled
15 for consideration by the house, which date and time must be in
16 accordance with Rule 8, Section 14.

17 (b) In addition, when the volume of legislation shall
18 warrant, and upon request of the speaker, the chief clerk shall have
19 prepared a list of Items Eligible for Consideration, on which shall
20 appear only:

21 (1) house bills with senate amendments that are
22 eligible for consideration under Rule 13, Section 5, including the
23 number of senate amendments and the total number of pages of senate
24 amendments;

25 (2) senate bills for which the senate has requested
26 appointment of a conference committee; and

27 (3) conference committee reports that are eligible for

1 consideration under Rule 13, Section 10.

2 (c) The list of Items Eligible for Consideration must be
3 posted on the electronic legislative information system at least
4 six hours before the list may be considered by the house.

5 (d) The time at which a calendar or list is posted on the
6 electronic legislative information system shall be time-stamped on
7 the originals of the calendar or list.

8 (e) No house calendar shall be eligible for consideration if
9 it is determined that the rules of the house were not complied with
10 by the Committee on Calendars in preparing that calendar.

11 (f) If the Committee on Calendars has proposed a rule for
12 floor consideration of a bill or resolution that is eligible to be
13 placed on a calendar of the daily house calendar, the rule must be
14 printed and a copy distributed to each member. If the bill or
15 resolution to which the rule will apply has already been placed on a
16 calendar of the daily house calendar, a copy of the rule must also
17 be posted with the calendar on which the bill or resolution appears.
18 The speaker shall lay a proposed rule before the house prior to the
19 consideration of the bill or resolution to which the rule will
20 apply. The rule shall be laid before the house not earlier than six
21 hours after a copy of the rule has been distributed to each member
22 in accordance with this subsection. The rule shall not be subject
23 to amendment, but to be effective, the rule must be approved by the
24 house by an affirmative vote of two-thirds of those members present
25 and voting, except that the rule must be approved by an affirmative
26 vote of a majority of those members present and voting if the rule
27 applies to a tax bill, an appropriations bill, or a redistricting

1 bill. If approved by the house in accordance with this subsection,
2 the rule will be effective for the consideration of the bill or
3 resolution on both second and third readings.

4 Sec. 17. POSITION ON A CALENDAR. (a) Unless removed from
5 the calendar under Subsection (b) of this section, once a bill or
6 resolution is placed on its appropriate calendar under these rules,
7 and has appeared on a house calendar, as posted on the electronic
8 legislative information system, the bill shall retain its relative
9 position on the calendar until reached for floor consideration, and
10 the calendar's committee with jurisdiction over the bill or
11 resolution shall have no authority to place other bills on the
12 calendar ahead of that bill, but all additions to the calendar shall
13 appear subsequent to the bill.

14 (b) If a bill or resolution that has been placed on a house
15 calendar, as posted on the electronic legislative information
16 system, is recommitted or withdrawn from further consideration, the
17 bill or resolution relinquishes its position on the calendar, and
18 the bill or resolution shall be removed from the calendar.

19 Sec. 18. REQUIREMENTS FOR PLACEMENT ON A CALENDAR. Except
20 as provided in Section 11 of this rule as it relates to
21 congratulatory and memorial resolutions, no bill or resolution
22 shall be placed on a calendar until:

23 (1) it has been referred to and reported from its
24 appropriate standing committee by favorable committee action; or

25 (2) it is ordered printed on minority report or after a
26 committee has reported its inability to recommend a course of
27 action.

1 Sec. 19. REFERRAL TO CALENDARS COMMITTEES. All bills and
2 resolutions, on being reported from committee, shall be referred
3 immediately to the committee coordinator for printing and then to
4 the appropriate calendars committee for placement on the
5 appropriate calendar.

6 Sec. 20. TIME LIMIT FOR VOTE TO PLACE ON A CALENDAR. Within
7 30 calendar days after a bill or resolution has been referred to the
8 appropriate calendars committee, the committee must vote on whether
9 to place the bill or resolution on one of the calendars of the daily
10 house calendar or the local, consent, and resolutions calendar, as
11 applicable. A vote against placement of the bill or resolution on a
12 calendar does not preclude a calendars committee from later voting
13 in favor of placement of the bill or resolution on a calendar.

14 Sec. 21. MOTION TO PLACE ON A CALENDAR. (a) When a bill or
15 resolution has been in the appropriate calendars committee for 30
16 calendar days, exclusive of the calendar day on which it was
17 referred, awaiting placement on one of the calendars of the daily
18 house calendar or on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar,
19 it shall be in order for a member to move that the bill or resolution
20 be placed on a specific calendar of the daily house calendar or on
21 the local, consent, and resolutions calendar without action by the
22 committee. This motion must be seconded by five members and shall
23 require a majority vote for adoption.

24 (b) A motion to place a bill or resolution on a specific
25 calendar of the daily house calendar or on the local, consent, and
26 resolutions calendar is not a privileged motion and must be made
27 during the routine motion period unless made under a suspension of

1 the rules.

2 Sec. 22. REQUEST FOR PLACEMENT ON LOCAL, CONSENT, AND
3 RESOLUTIONS CALENDAR. No bill or resolution shall be considered
4 for placement on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar by
5 the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars unless a request for
6 that placement has been made to the chair of the standing committee
7 from which the bill or resolution was reported and unless the
8 committee report of the standing committee recommends that the bill
9 or resolution be sent to the Committee on Local and Consent
10 Calendars for placement on the local, consent, and resolutions
11 calendar. The recommendation of the standing committee shall be
12 advisory only, and the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars
13 shall have final authority to determine whether or not a bill or
14 resolution shall be placed on the local, consent, and resolutions
15 calendar. If the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars
16 determines that the bill or resolution is not eligible for
17 placement on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar, the
18 measure shall be sent to the Committee on Calendars for further
19 action.

20 Sec. 23. QUALIFICATIONS FOR PLACEMENT ON THE LOCAL,
21 CONSENT, AND RESOLUTIONS CALENDAR. (a) No bill defined as a local
22 bill by Rule 8, Section 10(c), shall be placed on the local,
23 consent, and resolutions calendar unless:

24 (1) evidence of publication of notice in compliance
25 with the Texas Constitution and these rules is filed with the
26 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars; and

27 (2) it has been recommended unanimously by the present

1 and voting members of the committee from which it was reported that
2 the bill be sent to the Committee on Local and Consent Calendars for
3 placement on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar.

4 (b) No other bill or resolution shall be placed on the
5 local, consent, and resolutions calendar unless it has been
6 recommended unanimously by the present and voting members of the
7 committee from which it was reported that the bill be sent to the
8 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars for placement on the
9 local, consent, and resolutions calendar.

10 (c) No bill or resolution shall be placed on the local,
11 consent, and resolutions calendar that:

12 (1) directly or indirectly prevents from being
13 available for purposes of funding state government generally any
14 money that under existing law would otherwise be available for that
15 purpose, including a bill that transfers or diverts money in the
16 state treasury from the general revenue fund to another fund; or

17 (2) authorizes or requires the expenditure or
18 diversion of state funds for any purpose, as determined by a fiscal
19 note attached to the bill.

20 Sec. 24. REPLACEMENT OF CONTESTED BILLS AND
21 RESOLUTIONS. (a) A bill on second reading or a resolution once
22 removed from the local, consent, and resolutions calendar by being
23 contested on the floor of the house under Section 14(3) or (4) of
24 this rule shall be returned to the Committee on Local and Consent
25 Calendars for further action. The Committee on Local and Consent
26 Calendars, if it feels such action is warranted, may again place the
27 bill or resolution on the local, consent, and resolutions calendar,

1 provided, however, that if the bill or resolution is not placed on
2 the next local, consent, and resolutions calendar set by the
3 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars, the bill or resolution
4 shall immediately be referred to the Committee on Calendars for
5 further action. If a ~~the~~ bill on second reading or a resolution
6 is then removed from the calendar a second time by being contested
7 on the floor of the house under Section 14(3) or (4) of this rule,
8 the bill or resolution shall not again be placed on the local,
9 consent, and resolutions calendar by the Committee on Local and
10 Consent Calendars during that session of the legislature but shall
11 be returned to the Committee on Calendars for further action.

12 (b) A bill on third reading removed from the local, consent,
13 and resolutions calendar under Section 14(3) or (4) of this rule
14 shall appear on the supplemental daily house calendar for the next
15 legislative day for which a supplemental daily house calendar has
16 not already been distributed, pursuant to Section 16(a)(1) of this
17 rule.

18 (c) This section does not apply to a bill or resolution on
19 the local, consent, and resolutions calendar that is withdrawn from
20 the calendar at the request of the author or sponsor without being
21 contested under Section 14(3) or (4) of this rule. A bill or
22 resolution withdrawn under this subsection shall be returned to the
23 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars for further action. The
24 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars, if it feels such action is
25 warranted, may again place the bill or resolution on the local,
26 consent, and resolutions calendar or refer the bill or resolution
27 to the Committee on Calendars for further action.

1 Sec. 25. DISCRETION IN PLACEMENT ON CALENDARS. Subject to
2 the limitations contained in this rule, the Committee on Calendars
3 shall have full authority to make placements on calendars in
4 whatever order is necessary and desirable under the circumstances
5 then existing, except that bills on third reading shall have
6 precedence over bills on second reading. It is the intent of the
7 calendar system to give the Committee on Calendars wide discretion
8 to insure adequate consideration by the house of important
9 legislation.

- 1 (1) to suspend the regular order of business and take
2 up some measure out of its regular order;
- 3 (2) to instruct a committee to report a certain bill or
4 resolution;
- 5 (3) to rerefer a bill or resolution from one committee
6 to another;
- 7 (4) to place a bill or resolution on a specific
8 calendar without action by the appropriate calendars committee;
- 9 (5) to take up a bill or resolution laid on the table
10 subject to call;
- 11 (6) to set a special order;
- 12 (7) to suspend the rules;
- 13 (8) to suspend the constitutional rule requiring bills
14 to be read on three several days;
- 15 (9) to pass a resolution suspending the joint rules;
- 16 (10) to order the previous question;
- 17 (11) to order the limiting of amendments to a bill or
18 resolution;
- 19 (12) to print documents, reports, or other material in
20 the journal;
- 21 (13) to take any other action required or permitted
22 during the routine motion period by Rule 6, Section 1;
- 23 (14) to divide the question.

24 Sec. 3. MOTIONS ALLOWED DURING DEBATE. When a question is
25 under debate, the following motions, and none other, shall be in
26 order, and such motions shall have precedence in the following
27 order:

- 1 (1) to adjourn;
- 2 (2) to take recess;
- 3 (3) to lay on the table;
- 4 (4) to lay on the table subject to call;
- 5 (5) for the previous question;
- 6 (6) to postpone to a day certain;
- 7 (7) to commit, recommit, refer, or rerefer;
- 8 (8) to amend by striking out the enacting or resolving
9 clause, which, if carried, shall have the effect of defeating the
10 bill or resolution;
- 11 (9) to amend;
- 12 (10) to postpone indefinitely.

13 Sec. 4. STATEMENT OR READING OF A MOTION. When a motion has
14 been made, the speaker shall state it, or if it is in writing, order
15 it read by the clerk; and it shall then be in possession of the
16 house.

17 Sec. 5. ENTRY OF MOTIONS IN JOURNAL. Every motion made to
18 the house and entertained by the speaker shall be reduced to writing
19 on the demand of any member, and shall be entered on the journal
20 with the name of the member making it.

21 Sec. 6. WITHDRAWAL OF A MOTION. A motion may be withdrawn
22 by the mover at any time before a decision on the motion, even
23 though an amendment may have been offered and is pending. It cannot
24 be withdrawn, however, if the motion has been amended. After the
25 previous question has been ordered, a motion can be withdrawn only
26 by unanimous consent.

27 Sec. 7. MOTIONS TO ADJOURN OR RECESS. A motion to adjourn

1 or recess shall always be in order, except:

2 (1) when the house is voting on another motion;

3 (2) when the previous question has been ordered and
4 before the final vote on the main question, unless a roll call shows
5 the absence of a quorum;

6 (3) when a member entitled to the floor has not yielded
7 for that purpose; or

8 (4) when no business has been transacted since a
9 motion to adjourn or recess has been defeated.

10 Sec. 8. CONSIDERATION OF SEVERAL MOTIONS TO ADJOURN OR
11 RECESS. When several motions to recess or adjourn are made at the
12 same period, the motion to adjourn carrying the shortest time shall
13 be put first, then the next shortest time, and in that order until a
14 motion to adjourn has been adopted or until all have been voted on
15 and lost; and then the same procedure shall be followed for motions
16 to recess.

17 Sec. 9. WITHDRAWAL OR ADDITION OF A MOTION TO ADJOURN OR
18 RECESS. A motion to adjourn or recess may not be withdrawn when it
19 is one of a series upon which voting has commenced, nor may an
20 additional motion to adjourn or recess be made when voting has
21 commenced on a series of such motions.

22 Sec. 10. RECONSIDERATION OF VOTE TO ADJOURN OR RECESS. The
23 vote by which a motion to adjourn or recess is carried or lost shall
24 not be subject to a motion to reconsider.

25 Sec. 11. ADJOURNING WITH LESS THAN A QUORUM. A smaller
26 number of members than a quorum may adjourn from day to day, and may
27 compel the attendance of absent members.

1 Sec. 12. MOTION TO TABLE. A motion to lay on the table, if
2 carried, shall have the effect of killing the bill, resolution,
3 amendment, or other immediate proposition to which it was applied.
4 Such a motion shall not be debatable, but the mover of the
5 proposition to be tabled, or the member reporting it from
6 committee, shall be allowed to close the debate after the motion to
7 table is made and before it is put to a vote. When a motion to table
8 is made to a debatable main motion, the main motion mover shall be
9 allowed 20 minutes to close the debate, whereas the movers of other
10 debatable motions sought to be tabled shall be allowed only 10
11 minutes to close. The vote by which a motion to table is carried or
12 lost cannot be reconsidered. After the previous question has been
13 ordered, a motion to table is not in order. The provisions of this
14 section do not apply to motions to "lay on the table subject to
15 call"; however, a motion to lay on the table subject to call cannot
16 be made after the previous question has been ordered.

17 Sec. 13. MATTERS TABLED SUBJECT TO CALL. When a bill,
18 resolution, or other matter is pending before the house, it may be
19 laid on the table subject to call, and one legislative day's notice,
20 as provided on the Supplemental House Calendar, must be given
21 before the proposition can be taken from the table, unless it is on
22 the same legislative day, in which case it can be taken from the
23 table at any time except when there is another matter pending before
24 the house. A bill, resolution, or other matter can be taken from
25 the table only by a majority vote of the house. When a special order
26 is pending, a motion to take a proposition from the table cannot be
27 made unless the proposition is a privileged matter.

1 Sec. 14. MOTION TO POSTPONE. (a) A motion to postpone to a
2 day certain may be amended and is debatable within narrow limits,
3 but the merits of the proposition sought to be postponed cannot be
4 debated. A motion to postpone indefinitely opens to debate the
5 entire proposition to which it applies.

6 (b) A motion to postpone a bill or resolution on a local,
7 consent, and resolutions calendar to a subsequent legislative or
8 calendar day requires an affirmative vote of two-thirds of the
9 members present.

10 Sec. 15. POSTPONED MATTERS. [~~(a)~~] A bill or proposition
11 postponed to a day certain shall be laid before the house at the
12 time on the calendar day to which it was postponed, provided it is
13 otherwise eligible under the rules and no other business is then
14 pending. If business is pending, the postponed matter shall be
15 deferred until the pending business is disposed of without
16 prejudice otherwise to its right of priority. When a privileged
17 matter is postponed to a particular time, and that time arrives, the
18 matter, still retaining its privileged nature, shall be taken up
19 even though another matter is pending.

20 ~~[(b) Consideration of a bill postponed to a day certain from~~
21 ~~the local, consent, and resolutions calendar is governed on second~~
22 ~~reading by the rules applicable to the calendar from which it was~~
23 ~~postponed to the extent practicable.]~~

24 Sec. 16. ORDER OF CONSIDERATION OF POSTPONED MATTERS. If
25 two or more bills, resolutions, or other propositions are postponed
26 to the same time, and are otherwise eligible for consideration at
27 that time, they shall be considered in the chronological order of

1 their setting.

2 Sec. 17. MOTION TO REFER. When motions are made to refer a
3 subject to a select or standing committee, the question on the
4 subject's referral to a standing committee shall be put first.

5 Sec. 18. MOTION TO RECOMMIT. A motion to recommit a bill,
6 after being defeated at the routine motion period, may again be made
7 when the bill itself is under consideration; however, a motion to
8 recommit a bill shall not be in order at the routine motion period
9 if the bill is then before the house as either pending business or
10 unfinished business.

11 A motion to recommit a bill or resolution can be made and
12 voted on even though the author, sponsor, or principal proponent is
13 not present.

14 Sec. 19. TERMS OF DEBATE ON MOTIONS TO REFER, REREFER,
15 COMMIT, OR RECOMMIT. A motion to refer, rerefer, commit, or
16 recommit is debatable within narrow limits, but the merits of the
17 proposition may not be brought into the debate. A motion to refer,
18 rerefer, commit, or recommit with instructions is fully debatable.

19 Sec. 20. RECOMMITTING TO COMMITTEE FOR A SECOND TIME.
20 Except as provided in Rule 4, Section 30, when a bill has been
21 recommitted once at any reading and has been reported adversely by
22 the committee to which it was referred, it shall be in order to
23 again recommit the bill only if a minority report has been filed in
24 the time required by the rules of the house. A two-thirds vote of
25 those present shall be required to recommit a second time.

26 CHAPTER B. MOTION FOR THE PREVIOUS QUESTION

27 Sec. 21. MOTION FOR THE PREVIOUS QUESTION. There shall be a

1 motion for the previous question, which shall be admitted only when
2 seconded by 25 members. It shall be put by the chair in this manner:
3 "The motion has been seconded. Three minutes pro and con debate
4 will be allowed on the motion for ordering the previous question."
5 As soon as the debate has ended, the chair shall continue: "As many
6 as are in favor of ordering the previous question on (here state on
7 which question or questions) will say 'Aye,'" and then, "As many as
8 are opposed say 'Nay.'" As in all other propositions, a motion for
9 the previous question may be taken by a record vote if demanded by
10 any member. If ordered by a majority of the members voting, a
11 quorum being present, it shall have the effect of cutting off all
12 debate, except as provided in Section 23 of this rule, and bringing
13 the house to a direct vote on the immediate question or questions on
14 which it has been asked and ordered.

15 Sec. 22. DEBATE ON MOTION FOR PREVIOUS QUESTION. On the
16 motion for the previous question, there shall be no debate except as
17 provided in Sections 2 and 21 of this rule. All incidental
18 questions of order made pending decision on such motion shall be
19 decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

20 Sec. 23. LIMITATION OF DEBATE AFTER PREVIOUS QUESTION
21 ORDERED. After the previous question has been ordered, there shall
22 be no debate upon the questions on which it has been ordered, or
23 upon the incidental questions, except that the mover of the
24 proposition or any of the pending amendments or any other motions,
25 or the member making the report from the committee, or, in the case
26 of the absence of either of them, any other member designated by
27 such absentee, shall have the right to close the debate on the

1 particular proposition or amendment. Then a vote shall be taken
2 immediately on the amendments or other motions, if any, and then on
3 the main question.

4 Sec. 24. SPEAKING AND VOTING AFTER THE PREVIOUS QUESTION
5 ORDERED. All members having the right to speak after the previous
6 question has been ordered shall speak before the question is put on
7 the first proposition covered by the previous question. All votes
8 shall then be taken in the correct order, and no vote or votes shall
9 be deferred to allow any member to close on any one of the
10 propositions separately after the voting has commenced.

11 Sec. 25. SPEAKING ON AN AMENDMENT AS SUBSTITUTED. When an
12 amendment has been substituted and the previous question is then
13 moved on the adoption of the amendment as substituted, the author of
14 the amendment as substituted shall have the right to close the
15 debate on that amendment in lieu of the author of the original
16 amendment.

17 Sec. 26. SPEAKING ON A MOTION TO POSTPONE OR AMEND. When
18 the previous question is ordered on a motion to postpone
19 indefinitely or to amend by striking out the enacting clause of a
20 bill, the member moving to postpone or amend shall have the right to
21 close the debate on that motion or amendment, after which the mover
22 of the proposition or bill proposed to be so postponed or amended,
23 or the member reporting it from the committee, or, in the absence of
24 either of them, any other member designated by the absentee, shall
25 be allowed to close the debate on the original proposition.

26 Sec. 27. APPLICATION OF THE PREVIOUS QUESTION. The
27 previous question may be asked and ordered on any debatable single

1 motion or series of motions, or any amendment or amendments
2 pending, or it may be made to embrace all authorized debatable
3 motions or amendments pending and include the bill, resolution, or
4 proposition that is on second or third reading. The previous
5 question cannot be ordered, however, on the main proposition
6 without including other pending motions of lower rank as given in
7 Section 3 of this rule.

8 Sec. 28. LIMIT OF APPLICATION. The previous question shall
9 not extend beyond the final vote on a motion or sequence of motions
10 to which the previous question has been ordered.

11 Sec. 29. AMENDMENTS NOT YET LAID BEFORE THE HOUSE.
12 Amendments on the speaker's desk for consideration which have not
13 actually been laid before the house and read cannot be included
14 under a motion for the previous question.

15 Sec. 30. MOVING THE PREVIOUS QUESTION AFTER A MOTION TO
16 TABLE. If a motion to table is made directly to a main motion, the
17 motion for the previous question is not in order. In a case where an
18 amendment to a main motion is pending, and a motion to table the
19 amendment is made, it is in order to move the previous question on
20 the main motion, the pending amendment, and the motion to table the
21 amendment.

22 Sec. 31. NO SUBSTITUTE FOR MOTION FOR THE PREVIOUS
23 QUESTION. There is no acceptable substitute for a motion for the
24 previous question, nor can other motions be applied to it.

25 Sec. 32. MOTION FOR THE PREVIOUS QUESTION NOT SUBJECT TO
26 TABLING. The motion for the previous question is not subject to a
27 motion to table.

1 Sec. 33. MOTION TO ADJOURN AFTER MOTION FOR PREVIOUS
2 QUESTION ACCEPTED. The motion to adjourn is not in order after a
3 motion for the previous question is accepted by the chair, or after
4 the seconding of such motion and before a vote is taken.

5 Sec. 34. MOTIONS IN ORDER AFTER PREVIOUS QUESTION ORDERED.
6 After the previous question has been ordered, no motion shall be in
7 order until the question or questions on which it was ordered have
8 been voted on, without debate, except:

9 (1) a motion for a call of the house, and motions
10 incidental thereto;

11 (2) a motion to extend the time of a member closing on
12 a proposition;

13 (3) a motion to permit a member who has the right to
14 speak to yield the time or a part thereof to another member;

15 (4) a request for and a verification of a vote;

16 (5) a motion to reconsider the vote by which the
17 previous question was ordered. A motion to reconsider may be made
18 only once and that must be before any vote under the previous
19 question has been taken;

20 (6) a motion to table a motion to reconsider the vote
21 by which the previous question has been ordered;

22 (7) a double motion to reconsider and table the vote by
23 which the previous question was ordered.

24 Sec. 35. MOTION TO ADJOURN OR RECESS AFTER PREVIOUS
25 QUESTION ORDERED. No motion for an adjournment or a recess shall be
26 in order after the previous question is ordered until the final vote
27 under the previous question has been taken, unless the roll call

1 shows the absence of a quorum.

2 Sec. 36. ADJOURNING WITHOUT A QUORUM. When the house
3 adjourns without a quorum under the previous question, the previous
4 question shall remain in force and effect when the bill,
5 resolution, or other proposition is again laid before the house.

6 CHAPTER C. RECONSIDERATION

7 Sec. 37. MOTION TO RECONSIDER A VOTE. (a) When a question
8 has been decided by the house and the yeas and nays have been called
9 for and recorded, any member voting with the prevailing side may, on
10 the same legislative day, or on the next legislative day, move a
11 reconsideration; however, if a reconsideration is moved on the next
12 legislative day, it must be done before the order of the day, as
13 designated in the 10th item of Rule 6, Section 1(a), is taken up.
14 If the house refuses to reconsider, or on reconsideration, affirms
15 its decision, no further action to reconsider shall be in order.

16 (b) Where the yeas and nays have not been called for and
17 recorded, any member, regardless of whether he or she voted on the
18 prevailing side or not, may make the motion to reconsider; however,
19 even when the yeas and nays have not been recorded, the following
20 shall not be eligible to make a motion to reconsider:

21 (1) a member who was absent;

22 (2) a member who was paired and, therefore, did not
23 vote; and

24 (3) a member who was recorded in the journal as having
25 voted on the losing side.

26 (c) Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, a [A]
27 motion to reconsider the vote by which a bill, joint resolution, or

1 concurrent resolution was defeated is not in order unless a member
2 has previously provided at least one hour's notice of intent to make
3 the motion by addressing the house when the house is in session and
4 stating that a member intends to make a motion to reconsider the
5 vote by which the bill or resolution was defeated. It is not
6 necessary for the member providing the notice to be eligible to make
7 or to be the member who subsequently makes the motion to reconsider.
8 If notice of intent to make a motion to reconsider is given within
9 the period that the motion to reconsider may be made under
10 Subsection (a) of this section and that period expires during the
11 one-hour period required by this subsection, then the period within
12 which the motion may be made under Subsection (a) is extended by the
13 amount of time, not to exceed one hour during which the house is in
14 session, necessary to satisfy the one-hour notice required by this
15 subsection. This [~~For purposes of this~~] subsection does not apply
16 to[~~, a motion to reconsider includes~~] a motion to reconsider and
17 table ~~or to~~ [~~and~~] a motion to reconsider and spread on the journal,
18 if no business has been transacted after the defeat of the measure.

19 Sec. 38. DEBATE ON MOTION TO RECONSIDER. A motion to
20 reconsider shall be debatable only when the question to be
21 reconsidered is debatable. Even though the previous question was
22 in force before the vote on a debatable question was taken, debate
23 is permissible on the reconsideration of such debatable question.

24 Sec. 39. MAJORITY VOTE REQUIRED. Every motion to
25 reconsider shall be decided by a majority vote, even though the vote
26 on the original question requires a two-thirds vote for affirmative
27 action. If the motion to reconsider prevails, the question then

1 immediately recurs on the question reconsidered.

2 Sec. 40. WITHDRAWAL OF MOTION TO RECONSIDER. A motion to
3 reconsider cannot be withdrawn unless permission is given by a
4 majority vote of the house, and the motion may be called up by any
5 member.

6 Sec. 41. TABLING MOTION TO RECONSIDER. A motion to
7 reconsider shall be subject to a motion to table, which, if carried,
8 shall be a final disposition of the motion to reconsider.

9 Sec. 42. DOUBLE MOTION TO RECONSIDER AND TABLE. The double
10 motion to reconsider and table shall be in order. It shall be
11 undebatable. When carried, the motion to reconsider shall be
12 tabled. When it fails, the question shall then be on the motion to
13 reconsider, and the motion to reconsider shall, without further
14 action, be spread on the journal, but it may be called up by any
15 member, in accordance with the provisions of Section 43 of this
16 rule.

17 Sec. 43. DELAYED DISPOSITION OF MOTION TO RECONSIDER. (a)
18 If a motion to reconsider is not disposed of when made, it shall be
19 entered in the journal, and cannot, after that legislative day, be
20 called up and disposed of unless one legislative day's notice has
21 been given.

22 (b) Unless called up and disposed of prior to 72 hours
23 before final adjournment of the session, all motions to reconsider
24 shall be regarded as determined and lost.

25 (c) All motions to reconsider made during the last 72 hours
26 of the session shall be disposed of when made; otherwise, the motion
27 shall be considered as lost.

1 Sec. 44. MOTION TO RECONSIDER AND SPREAD ON JOURNAL. (a) A
2 member voting on the prevailing side may make a motion to reconsider
3 and spread on the journal, which does not require a vote, and on the
4 motion being made, it shall be entered on the journal. Any member,
5 regardless of whether he or she voted on the prevailing side or not,
6 who desires immediate action on a motion to reconsider which has
7 been spread on the journal, can call it up as soon as it is made, and
8 demand a vote on it, or can call it up and move to table it.

9 (b) If the motion to table the motion to reconsider is
10 defeated, the motion to reconsider remains spread on the journal
11 for future action; however, any member, regardless of whether he or
12 she voted on the prevailing side or not, can call the motion from
13 the journal for action by the house, and, once disposed of, no other
14 motion to reconsider can be made.

15 Sec. 45. MOTION TO REQUIRE COMMITTEE TO REPORT. (a) During
16 the first 76 calendar days of a regular session, when any bill,
17 resolution, or other paper has been in committee for 6 calendar
18 days, exclusive of the calendar day on which it was referred, it
19 shall be in order for a member to move that the committee be
20 required to report the same within 7 calendar days. This motion
21 shall require a two-thirds vote for passage.

22 (b) After the first 76 calendar days of a regular session,
23 when any bill, resolution, or other paper has been in committee for
24 6 calendar days, exclusive of the calendar day on which it was
25 referred, it shall be in order for a member to move that the
26 committee be required to report the same within 7 calendar days.
27 This motion shall require a majority vote for passage.

1 (c) A motion to instruct a committee to report is not a
2 privileged motion and must be made during the routine motion period
3 unless made under a suspension of the rules.

4 (d) The house shall have no authority to instruct a
5 subcommittee directly; however, instructions recognized under the
6 rules may be given to a committee and shall be binding on all
7 subcommittees.

8 Sec. 46. MOTION TO REREFER TO ANOTHER COMMITTEE. (a)
9 During the first 76 calendar days of a regular session, when any
10 bill, resolution, or other paper has been in committee for 7
11 calendar days after the committee was instructed by the house to
12 report that measure by a motion made under Section 45 of this rule,
13 it shall be in order for a member to move to rerefer the bill,
14 resolution, or other paper to a different committee. This motion
15 shall require a two-thirds vote for passage.

16 (b) After the first 76 calendar days of a regular session,
17 when any bill, resolution, or other paper has been in committee for
18 7 calendar days after the committee has been instructed to report
19 that measure by a motion made under Section 45 of this rule, it
20 shall be in order for a member to move to rerefer the bill,
21 resolution, or other paper to a different committee. This motion
22 shall require a majority vote for passage.

23 (c) A motion to rerefer a bill, resolution, or other paper
24 from one committee to another committee is not a privileged motion
25 and must be made during the routine motion period unless made under
26 a suspension of the rules.

RULE 8. BILLS

1
2 Sec. 1. CONTENTS OF BILLS. (a) Proposed laws or changes in
3 laws must be incorporated in bills, which shall consist of:

4 (1) a title or caption, beginning with the words "A
5 Bill to be Entitled An Act" and a brief statement that gives the
6 legislature and the public reasonable notice of the subject of the
7 proposed measure;

8 (2) an enacting clause, "Be It Enacted by the
9 Legislature of the State of Texas"; and

10 (3) the bill proper.

11 (b) A house bill that would impose, authorize, increase, or
12 change the rate or amount of a tax, assessment, surcharge, or fee
13 must include a short statement at the end of its title or caption
14 indicating the general effect of the bill on the tax, assessment,
15 surcharge, or fee, such as "imposing a tax (or assessment),"
16 "authorizing a surcharge (or fee)," or "increasing the rate (or
17 amount) of a tax."

18 (c) A house bill that would create a criminal offense,
19 increase the punishment for an existing criminal offense or
20 category of offenses, or change the eligibility of a person for
21 community supervision, parole, or mandatory supervision must
22 include a short statement at the end of its title or caption
23 indicating the general effect of the bill on the offense,
24 punishment, or eligibility, such as "creating a criminal offense,"
25 "increasing a criminal penalty," or "changing the eligibility for
26 community supervision (or parole or mandatory supervision)."

27 (d) A house bill that would create a requirement that an

1 individual or entity obtain a license, certificate, registration,
2 permit, or other authorization before engaging in a particular
3 occupation or profession or that would expand an existing
4 requirement to additional individuals or entities must include a
5 short statement at the end of its title or caption indicating the
6 general effect of the bill on the occupation or profession, such as
7 "requiring an occupational license" or "expanding the
8 applicability of an occupational license (or permit or
9 certificate)."

10 Sec. 2. PUBLISHING ACTS IN THEIR ENTIRETY. No law shall be
11 revived or amended by reference to its title. The act revived, or
12 the section or sections amended, shall be reenacted and published
13 at length. This rule does not apply to revisions adopted under
14 Article III, Section 43, of the Texas Constitution.

15 Sec. 3. LIMITING A BILL TO A SINGLE SUBJECT. Each bill
16 (except a general appropriations bill, which may embrace the
17 various subjects and accounts for which money is appropriated or a
18 revision adopted under Article III, Section 43, of the Texas
19 Constitution) shall contain only one subject.

20 Sec. 4. CHANGING GENERAL LAW THROUGH AN APPROPRIATIONS
21 BILL. A general law may not be changed by the provisions in an
22 appropriations bill.

23 Sec. 5. COAUTHORSHIP, JOINT AUTHORSHIP, SPONSORSHIP,
24 COSPONSORSHIP, AND JOINT SPONSORSHIP. (a) A house bill or
25 resolution may have only one primary author. The signature of the
26 primary author shall be the only signature that appears on the
27 measure filed with the chief clerk. The signatures of all coauthors

1 or joint authors shall appear on the appropriate forms in the chief
2 clerk's office.

3 (b) Any member may become the coauthor of a bill or
4 resolution by securing permission from the author. If permission
5 is secured from the author prior to the time the measure is filed
6 with the chief clerk, the primary author and the coauthor shall sign
7 the appropriate form, which shall be included with the measure when
8 it is filed with the chief clerk. If a member wishes to become the
9 coauthor of a measure after it has been filed, no action shall be
10 required by the house, but it shall be the duty of the member
11 seeking to be a coauthor to obtain written authorization on the
12 appropriate form from the author. This authorization shall be
13 filed with the chief clerk before the coauthor signs the form for
14 the bill or resolution. The chief clerk shall report daily to the
15 journal clerk the names of members filed as coauthors of bills or
16 resolutions. If a coauthor of a bill or resolution desires to
17 withdraw from such status, the member shall notify the chief clerk,
18 who in turn shall notify the journal clerk.

19 (c) The primary author of a measure may designate up to four
20 joint authors by providing written authorization on the appropriate
21 form to the chief clerk. If a member designated as a joint author
22 has not already signed on the measure as a coauthor, that member
23 must also sign the form before the records will reflect the joint
24 author status of that member. The names of all joint authors shall
25 be shown immediately following the primary author's name on all
26 official printings of the measure, on all house calendars, in the
27 house journal, and in the electronic legislative information

1 system.

2 (d) The determination of the house sponsor of a senate
3 measure is made at the time the measure is reported from committee.
4 In the case of multiple requests for house sponsorship, the house
5 sponsor of a senate measure shall be determined by the chair of the
6 committee, in consultation with the senate author of the measure.
7 The chair of the committee must designate a primary sponsor and may
8 designate up to four joint sponsors or an unlimited number of
9 cosponsors. The names of all joint sponsors shall be shown
10 immediately following the primary sponsor's name on all official
11 printings of the measure, on all house calendars, in the house
12 journal, and in the electronic legislative information system.

13 Sec. 6. FILING, FIRST READING, AND REFERRAL TO COMMITTEE.
14 Each bill shall be filed with the chief clerk when introduced and
15 shall be numbered in its regular order. Each bill shall be read
16 first time by caption and referred by the speaker to the appropriate
17 committee with jurisdiction.

18 Sec. 7. PREFILING. Beginning the first Monday after the
19 general election preceding the next regular legislative session, or
20 within 30 days prior to any special session, it shall be in order to
21 file with the chief clerk bills and resolutions for introduction in
22 that session. On receipt of the bills or resolutions, the chief
23 clerk shall number them and make them a matter of public record,
24 available for distribution. Once a bill or resolution has been so
25 filed, it may not be recalled. This shall apply only to
26 members-elect of the succeeding legislative session.

27 Sec. 8. DEADLINE FOR INTRODUCTION. (a) Bills and joint

1 resolutions introduced during the first 60 calendar days of the
2 regular session may be considered by the committees and in the house
3 and disposed of at any time during the session, in accordance with
4 the rules of the house. After the first 60 calendar days of a
5 regular session, any bill or joint resolution, except local bills,
6 emergency appropriations, and all emergency matters submitted by
7 the governor in special messages to the legislature, shall require
8 an affirmative vote of four-fifths of those members present and
9 voting to be introduced.

10 (b) In addition to a bill defined as a "local bill" under
11 Section 10(c) of this rule, a bill is considered local for purposes
12 of this section if it relates to a specified district created under
13 Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution (water
14 districts, etc.), a specified hospital district, or another
15 specified special purpose district, even if neither these rules nor
16 the Texas Constitution require publication of notice for that bill.

17 Sec. 9. FILING. (a) A bill must be filed with the chief
18 clerk in the manner and in an electronic or other format specified
19 by the chief clerk at the time that the bill is introduced.

20 (b) A bill relating to conservation and reclamation
21 districts and governed by the provisions of Article XVI, Section
22 59, of the Texas Constitution must be filed with copies of the
23 notice to introduce the bill attached if the bill is intended to:

24 (1) create a particular conservation and reclamation
25 district; or

26 (2) amend the act of a particular conservation and
27 reclamation district to:

- 1 (A) add additional land to the district;
- 2 (B) alter the taxing authority of the district;
- 3 (C) alter the authority of the district with
- 4 respect to issuing bonds; or
- 5 (D) alter the qualifications or terms of office
- 6 of the members of the governing body of the district.

7 Sec. 10. LOCAL BILLS. (a) The house may not consider a

8 local bill unless notice of intention to apply for the passage of

9 the bill was published as provided by law and evidence of the

10 publication is attached to the bill. If not attached to the bill on

11 filing with the chief clerk or receipt of the bill from the senate,

12 copies of the evidence of timely publication shall be filed with the

13 chief clerk and must be distributed to the members of the committee

14 not later than the first time the bill is laid out in a committee

15 meeting. The evidence shall be attached to the bill on first

16 printing and shall remain with the measure throughout the entire

17 legislative process, including submission to the governor.

18 (b) Neither the house nor a committee of the house may

19 consider a bill whose application is limited to one or more

20 political subdivisions by means of population brackets or other

21 artificial devices in lieu of identifying the political subdivision

22 or subdivisions by name. However, this subsection does not prevent

23 consideration of a bill that classifies political subdivisions

24 according to a minimum or maximum population or other criterion

25 that bears a reasonable relation to the purpose of the proposed

26 legislation or a bill that updates laws based on population

27 classifications to conform to a federal decennial census.

1 (c) Except as provided by Subsection (d) of this section,
2 "local bill" for purposes of this section means:

3 (1) a bill for which publication of notice is required
4 under Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution (water
5 districts, etc.);

6 (2) a bill for which publication of notice is required
7 under Article IX, Section 9, of the Texas Constitution (hospital
8 districts);

9 (3) a bill relating to hunting, fishing, or
10 conservation of wildlife resources of a specified locality;

11 (4) a bill creating or affecting a county court or
12 statutory court or courts of one or more specified counties or
13 municipalities;

14 (5) a bill creating or affecting the juvenile board or
15 boards of a specified county or counties; or

16 (6) a bill creating or affecting a road utility
17 district under the authority of Article III, Section 52, of the
18 Texas Constitution.

19 (d) A bill is not considered to be a local bill under
20 Subsection (c)(3), (4), or (5) if it affects a sufficient number of
21 localities, counties, or municipalities so as to be of general
22 application or of statewide importance.

23 Sec. 11. CONSIDERATION IN COMMITTEE. (a) No bill shall be
24 considered unless it first has been referred to a committee and
25 reported from it.

26 (b) After a bill has been recommitted, it shall be
27 considered by the committee as a new subject.

1 Sec. 12. ORDER OF CONSIDERATION. All bills and resolutions
2 before the house shall be taken up and acted on in the order in which
3 they appear on their respective calendars, and each calendar shall
4 have the priority accorded to it by the provisions of Rule 6,
5 Sections 7 and 8.

6 Sec. 13. DEADLINES FOR CONSIDERATION. (a) No house bill
7 that is local as defined by Section 10(c) of this rule and that
8 appears on a local, consent, and resolutions calendar shall be
9 considered for any purpose after the 130th day of a regular session,
10 except to:

- 11 (1) act on senate amendments;
- 12 (2) adopt a conference committee report;
- 13 (3) reconsider the bill to make corrections; or
- 14 (4) pass the bill notwithstanding the objections of
15 the governor.

16 (b) No other house bill or joint resolution shall be
17 considered on its second reading after the 122nd day of a regular
18 session if it appears on a daily or supplemental daily house
19 calendar, or for any purpose after the 123rd day of a regular
20 session, except to:

- 21 (1) act on senate amendments;
- 22 (2) adopt a conference committee report;
- 23 (3) reconsider the bill or resolution to make
24 corrections; or
- 25 (4) pass the bill notwithstanding the objections of
26 the governor.

27 (c) No senate bill or joint resolution shall be considered

1 on its second reading after the 134th day of a regular session if it
2 appears on a daily or supplemental daily house calendar, or for any
3 purpose after the 135th day of a regular session, except to:

4 (1) adopt a conference committee report;

5 (2) reconsider the bill or resolution to remove house
6 amendments;

7 (3) reconsider the bill or resolution to make
8 corrections; or

9 (4) pass the bill notwithstanding the objections of
10 the governor.

11 (d) The speaker shall not lay any bill or joint resolution
12 before the house or permit a vote to be taken on its passage on the
13 136th and 137th days of a regular session, except to:

14 (1) act on senate amendments;

15 (2) adopt a conference committee report;

16 (3) reconsider the bill or resolution to remove house
17 amendments;

18 (4) reconsider the bill or resolution to make
19 corrections; or

20 (5) pass the bill notwithstanding the objections of
21 the governor.

22 (e) The speaker shall not lay any bill or joint resolution
23 before the house or permit a vote to be taken on its passage on the
24 138th and 139th days of a regular session, except to:

25 (1) adopt a conference committee report;

26 (2) reconsider the bill or resolution to remove house
27 amendments;

1 (3) discharge house conferees and concur in senate
2 amendments;

3 (4) reconsider the bill or resolution to make
4 corrections; or

5 (5) pass the bill notwithstanding the objections of
6 the governor.

7 (f) No vote shall be taken upon the passage of any bill or
8 resolution within 24 hours of the final adjournment of a regular
9 session unless it be to reconsider the bill or resolution to make
10 corrections, or to adopt a corrective resolution.

11 (g) The clock of record for the house, as determined under
12 Rule 2, Section 2, shall be used to determine compliance with
13 deadlines and other time requirements of the Texas Constitution and
14 these rules. A motion to suspend this rule must be decided by a
15 record vote.

16 Sec. 14. DELIVERY PRIOR TO CONSIDERATION. (a) Each bill or
17 resolution, except the general appropriations bill, shall be
18 delivered to each member by making a copy of the bill or resolution
19 available in an electronic format for viewing by the member and,
20 when the electronic format copy of the appropriate printing becomes
21 available, by sending notice of that fact to a Capitol e-mail
22 address designated by the member, at least 36 hours if convened in
23 regular session and 24 hours if convened in special session before
24 the bill can be considered by the house on second reading. If a
25 member informs the chief clerk in writing that the member desires to
26 receive paper copies of bills and resolutions under this section in
27 addition to delivery in an electronic format, the chief clerk shall

1 place a paper copy of the bill or resolution in the newspaper box of
2 the member as soon as practicable after the electronic copies of the
3 bill or resolution are made available for viewing.

4 (a-1) A printed copy of the general appropriations bill
5 shall be placed in the newspaper mailbox of each member at least 168
6 hours during a regular session and at least 72 hours during a
7 special session before the bill can be considered by the house on
8 second reading.

9 (b) By majority vote, the house may order both the original
10 bill or resolution and the complete committee substitute to be
11 printed. It shall not be necessary for the house to order complete
12 committee substitutes printed in lieu of original bills.

13 (c) A two-thirds vote of the house is necessary to order
14 that bills, other than local bills, be not printed. It shall not be
15 necessary for the house to order that local bills be not printed.

16 Sec. 15. REQUIREMENT FOR THREE READINGS. A bill shall not
17 have the force of law until it has been read on three several
18 legislative days in each house and free discussion allowed, unless
19 this provision is suspended by a vote of four-fifths of the members
20 present and voting, a quorum being present. The yeas and nays shall
21 be taken on the question of suspension and entered in the journal.

22 Sec. 16. CONSIDERATION SECTION BY SECTION. (a) During the
23 consideration of any bill or resolution, the house may, by a
24 majority vote, order the bill or resolution to be considered
25 section by section, or department by department, until each section
26 or department has been given separate consideration. If such a
27 procedure is ordered, only amendments to the section or department

1 under consideration at that time shall be in order. However, after
2 each section or department has been considered separately, the
3 entire bill or resolution shall be open for amendment, subject to
4 the provisions of Rule 11, Section 8(b). Once the consideration of
5 a bill section by section or department by department has been
6 ordered, it shall not be in order to move the previous question on
7 the entire bill, to recommit it, to lay it on the table, or to
8 postpone it, until each section or department has been given
9 separate consideration or until the vote by which section by
10 section consideration was ordered is reconsidered.

11 (b) A motion to consider a bill section by section is
12 debatable within narrow limits; that is, the pros and cons of the
13 proposed consideration can be debated but not the merits of the
14 bill.

15 Sec. 17. PASSAGE TO ENGROSSMENT OR THIRD READING. After a
16 bill or complete committee substitute for a bill has been taken up
17 and read, amendments shall be in order. If no amendment is made, or
18 if those proposed are disposed of, then the final question on its
19 second reading shall be, in the case of a house bill, whether it
20 shall be passed to engrossment, or, in the case of a senate bill,
21 whether it shall pass to its third reading. All bills ordered
22 passed to engrossment or passed to a third reading shall remain on
23 the calendar on which placed, but with future priority over bills
24 that have not passed second reading.

25 Sec. 18. CERTIFICATION OF FINAL PASSAGE. The chief clerk
26 shall certify the final passage of each bill, noting on the bill the
27 date of its passage, and the vote by which it passed, if by a yea and

1 nay vote.

2 Sec. 19. EFFECTIVE DATE. Every law passed by the
3 legislature, except the General Appropriations Act, shall take
4 effect or go into force on the 91st day after the adjournment of the
5 session at which it was enacted, unless the legislature provides
6 for an earlier effective date by a vote of two-thirds of all the
7 members elected to each house. The vote shall be taken by yeas and
8 nays and entered in the journals.

9 Sec. 20. BILLS CONTAINING SAME SUBSTANCE AS DEFEATED BILL.
10 After a bill or resolution has been considered and defeated by
11 either house of the legislature, no bill or resolution containing
12 the same substance shall be passed into law during the same session.

13 Sec. 21. CONSIDERATION OF BILLS INVOLVING STATE FUNDS. (a)
14 In order to assure the continuation of financial support of
15 existing state services through the passage of the general
16 appropriations bill, it shall not be in order during the first 118
17 days of the regular session for the speaker to lay before the house,
18 prior to the consideration, passage, and certification by the
19 comptroller of the general appropriations bill, any bill that
20 directly or indirectly prevents from being available for purposes
21 of funding state government generally any money that under existing
22 law would otherwise be available for that purpose, including a bill
23 that transfers or diverts money in the state treasury from the
24 general revenue fund to another fund.

25 (b) In order to assure compliance with the limitation on
26 appropriations of state tax revenue not dedicated by the
27 constitution as provided by Article VIII, Section 22, of the Texas

1 Constitution, it is not in order for the speaker to lay before the
2 house, prior to the time that the general appropriations bill has
3 been finally passed and sent to the comptroller, any bill that
4 appropriates funds from the state treasury that are not dedicated
5 by the constitution.

6 (c) When bills subject to the provisions of Subsection (a)
7 of this section become eligible for consideration, they shall be
8 considered for passage under the rules of the house and the joint
9 rules as any other bill but shall not be signed by the speaker as
10 required by the Constitution of Texas and the rules of the house
11 until the general appropriations bill has been signed by the
12 presiding officers of both houses of the legislature and
13 transmitted to the comptroller of public accounts for certification
14 as required by Article III, Section 49a, of the Constitution of
15 Texas.

16 (d) All bills subject to the provisions of Subsection (a) of
17 this section that have finally passed both houses shall be enrolled
18 as required by the rules and transmitted to the speaker. The
19 speaker shall note on each bill the date and hour of final
20 legislative action and shall withhold his or her signature and any
21 further action on all such bills until the general appropriations
22 bill has been signed by the presiding officers of both houses and
23 transmitted to the comptroller of public accounts for
24 certification. Immediately thereafter, the speaker shall sign in
25 the presence of the house all bills on which further action was
26 being withheld because the bills were subject to the provisions of
27 this section. After being signed by the speaker, the bills shall

1 then be transmitted to the comptroller of public accounts for
2 certification or to the governor, as the case may be, in the order
3 in which final legislative action was taken. "Final legislative
4 action," as that term is used in this subsection, shall mean the
5 last act of either house meeting in general session necessary to
6 place the bill in its final form preparatory to enrollment.

7 (e) Subsections (a)-(d) of this section shall not apply to
8 any bills providing for:

9 (1) the payment of expenses of the legislature;

10 (2) the payment of judgments against the state;

11 (3) any emergency matter when requested by the
12 governor in a formal message to the legislature; or

13 (4) the reduction of taxes.

14 (e-1) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to a
15 bill that prevents the deposit into the general revenue fund of
16 money received from the federal government or earnings on that
17 money if the bill does not prevent that money from being available
18 for the purpose of funding state government generally to the same
19 extent as under existing law.

20 (f) Unless within the authority of a resolution or
21 resolutions adopted pursuant to Article VIII, Section 22(b), of the
22 Texas Constitution, it is not in order for the house to consider for
23 final passage on third reading, on motion to concur in senate
24 amendments, or on motion to adopt a conference committee report, a
25 bill appropriating funds from the state treasury in an amount that,
26 when added to amounts previously appropriated by bills finally
27 passed and sent or due to be sent to the comptroller, would exceed

1 the limit on appropriations established under Chapter 316,
2 Government Code.

3 (g) The general appropriations bill shall be reported to the
4 house by the Committee on Appropriations not later than the 90th
5 calendar day of the regular session. Should the Committee on
6 Appropriations fail to report by the deadline, Subsections (a)-(d)
7 of this section shall be suspended for the balance of that regular
8 session.

1 Sec. 3. PLACEMENT OF JOINT RESOLUTIONS ON A CALENDAR. Joint
2 resolutions on committee report shall be referred to the Committee
3 on Calendars for placement on an appropriate calendar. The
4 Committee on Calendars shall maintain a separate calendar for house
5 joint resolutions and a separate calendar for senate joint
6 resolutions. Senate joint resolutions shall be considered on
7 calendar Wednesdays and calendar Thursdays along with senate bills.

1 RULE 10. HOUSE RESOLUTIONS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

2 Sec. 1. FILING. Resolutions shall be introduced by filing a
3 resolution with the chief clerk in the manner and in an electronic
4 or other format specified by the chief clerk, who shall number and
5 record house resolutions in one series and concurrent resolutions
6 in a separate series.

7 Sec. 2. REFERRAL TO COMMITTEE. (a) After numbering and
8 recording, all resolutions shall be sent to the speaker for
9 referral to the proper committee.

10 (b) Resolutions proposing the expenditure of money out of
11 the contingent expense fund of the legislature shall be referred to
12 the Committee on House Administration.

13 (c) All other resolutions shall be referred to the
14 appropriate committee with jurisdiction.

15 Sec. 3. REFERRAL TO CALENDARS COMMITTEES. All resolutions
16 on committee report, other than privileged resolutions, shall be
17 referred immediately to the appropriate calendars committee for
18 placement on the appropriate calendar.

19 Sec. 4. ORDER OF CONSIDERATION. Unless privileged,
20 resolutions shall be considered by the house only at the time
21 assigned for their consideration on the calendar, in accordance
22 with the provisions of Rule 6, Section 7.

23 Sec. 4A. RECORD VOTE REQUIRED BY TEXAS CONSTITUTION. A vote
24 on final passage of a resolution other than a resolution of a purely
25 ceremonial or honorary nature must be by record vote with the vote
26 of each member entered in the journal as required by Section 12(b),
27 Article III, Texas Constitution.

1 Sec. 5. SIGNING BY GOVERNOR. Concurrent resolutions shall
2 take the same course as house resolutions, except that they shall be
3 sent to the governor for signing when finally passed by both houses.

4 Sec. 6. MASCOT RESOLUTIONS. (a) All candidates for the
5 office of mascot shall be named in and elected by a single house
6 resolution.

7 (b) Only children of house members who are under the age of
8 12 years shall be eligible for election to the honorary office of
9 mascot. A child once named a mascot shall not be eligible for the
10 honor a second time.

11 (c) No separate classification or special title shall be
12 given to any mascot, but all shall receive the same title of
13 honorary mascot of the house of representatives.

14 (d) The speaker shall issue a certificate showing the
15 election of each mascot and deliver it to the parent member of the
16 child.

17 Pictures of mascots shall appear on the panel picture of the
18 house.

19 Sec. 7. CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTIONS DURING CALLED
20 SESSIONS. The subject matter of house resolutions and concurrent
21 resolutions does not have to be submitted by the governor in a
22 called session before they can be considered.

23 Sec. 8. RESOLUTIONS AUTHORIZING TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.
24 Resolutions authorizing the enrolling clerk of the house or senate
25 to make technical corrections to a measure that has been finally
26 acted upon by both houses of the legislature shall be privileged in
27 nature and need not be referred to committee. Such resolutions

1 shall be eligible for consideration by the house upon introduction
2 in the house or receipt from the senate.

3 Sec. 9. AUTHOR'S SIGNATURE ON CONGRATULATORY OR MEMORIAL
4 RESOLUTION. The enrolled printing of a house congratulatory or
5 memorial resolution shall include a place for the signature of the
6 primary author of the resolution. The chief clerk shall provide the
7 primary author with the opportunity to sign the resolution after
8 the resolution is enrolled. The absence of the primary author's
9 signature does not affect the validity of the resolution as adopted
10 by the house.

RULE 11. AMENDMENTS

1
2 Sec. 1. ACCEPTABLE MOTIONS TO AMEND. When a bill,
3 resolution, motion, or proposition is under consideration, a motion
4 to amend and a motion to amend that amendment shall be in order. It
5 shall also be in order to offer a further amendment by way of a
6 substitute. Such a substitute may not be amended. If the
7 substitute is adopted, the question shall then be on the amendment
8 as substituted, and under this condition an amendment is not in
9 order.

10 Sec. 2. MOTIONS ON A DIFFERENT SUBJECT OFFERED AS
11 AMENDMENTS. No motion or proposition on a subject different from
12 the subject under consideration shall be admitted as an amendment
13 or as a substitute for the motion or proposition under debate.
14 "Proposition" as used in this section shall include a bill,
15 resolution, joint resolution, or any other motion which is
16 amendable.

17 Amendments pertaining to the organization, powers,
18 regulation, and management of the agency, commission, or advisory
19 committee under consideration are germane to bills extending state
20 agencies, commissions, or advisory committees under the provisions
21 of the Texas Sunset Act (Chapter 325, Government Code).

22 An amendment to a committee substitute laid before the house
23 in lieu of an original bill is germane if each subject of the
24 amendment is a subject that is included in the committee substitute
25 or was included in the original bill.

26 Sec. 3. AMENDING A BILL TO CHANGE ITS ORIGINAL PURPOSE. No
27 bill shall be amended in its passage through either house so as to

1 change its original purpose.

2 Sec. 4. AMENDMENTS TO BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS ON LOCAL,
3 CONSENT, AND RESOLUTIONS CALENDARS. Amendments to a bill or
4 resolution shall not be in order during its consideration on a
5 local, consent, and resolutions calendar set by the Committee on
6 Local and Consent Calendars, unless the amendments have first been
7 submitted to and approved by the Committee on Local and Consent
8 Calendars, which shall be noted thereon by the chair of the
9 Committee on Local and Consent Calendars prior to the offering of
10 the amendments.

11 Sec. 5. AMENDMENTS ON THIRD READING. When a bill has been
12 taken up on its third reading, amendments shall be in order, but
13 shall require a two-thirds vote of the members present for their
14 adoption. A bill on third reading may be recommitted to a committee
15 and later reported to the house with amendments, in which case the
16 bill shall again take the course of a bill at its second reading.

17 Sec. 6. COPIES OF AN AMENDMENT. (a) Five copies of each
18 amendment shall be filed with the speaker. When the amendment is
19 read, two copies shall go to the chief clerk, one copy to the
20 journal clerk, one copy to the reading clerk, and one copy to the
21 speaker. No amendment offered from the floor shall be in order
22 unless the sponsoring member has complied with the provisions of
23 this section with respect to copies of the amendment. The chief
24 clerk shall retain one copy of each amendment filed with the speaker
25 under this section whether or not the amendment was offered by the
26 filing member.

27 (b) Prior to the time that an amendment is offered, if the

1 amendment exceeds one page in length, the sponsoring member must
2 provide to the chief clerk a minimum of five copies to be available
3 for distribution to those members requesting copies of the
4 amendment.

5 (c) If the amendment is only one page in length or less, the
6 sponsoring member must provide one additional copy of the amendment
7 to the chief clerk, who shall immediately proceed to have
8 additional copies made and available for those members requesting
9 copies of the amendment.

10 (d) The provisions of this section with respect to extra
11 copies shall not apply to committee amendments or to amendments
12 which do nothing more than delete material from the bill or
13 resolution.

14 (e) The speaker shall not recognize a member to offer an
15 original amendment that exceeds one page in length and that is in
16 the form of a complete substitute for the bill or resolution laid
17 before the house, or in the opinion of the speaker is a substantial
18 substitute, unless 10 copies of the amendment have been provided to
19 the chief clerk and were available in the chief clerk's office at
20 least 12 hours prior to the time the calendar on which the bill or
21 resolution to be amended is eligible for consideration.

22 (f) An amendment may be typed, hand-printed, or
23 handwritten, but must be legible in order to be offered.

24 (g) The speaker shall not recognize a member to offer an
25 original amendment to a bill on second reading if the bill extends
26 [~~extending~~] an agency, commission, or advisory committee under the
27 Texas Sunset Act unless 10 copies of the amendment have been

1 provided to the chief clerk and were available in the chief clerk's
2 office at least 24 hours prior to the time the calendar on which the
3 bill appears for second reading [~~or resolution to be amended~~] is
4 first eligible for consideration.

5 (h) If the house is convened in regular session, the speaker
6 shall not recognize a member to offer an original amendment to the
7 general appropriations bill on second reading unless 10 copies of
8 the amendment have been provided to the chief clerk and were
9 available in the chief clerk's office at least 72 hours prior to the
10 time the calendar on which the general appropriations bill appears
11 for second reading is first eligible for consideration.

12 (i) The Committee on House Administration shall ensure
13 that:

14 (1) the floor amendment system through which members
15 of the house may view an electronic image of current or past
16 amendments, or the system's successor in function, is available to
17 the public on the Internet;

18 (2) members of the public using the system available
19 on the Internet may view the same information that members may view
20 at the same time that members may view the information; and

21 (3) members of the public using the system available
22 on the Internet may view any amendment required to be provided to
23 the chief clerk under Subsections (e) [~~Rule 11, Sections 6(e)~~],
24 (g), and (h) of this section at least 10 hours prior to the time the
25 calendar on which the bill or resolution to be amended is eligible
26 for consideration.

27 (j) To the extent practicable, an amendment must include the

1 page and line numbers of the text of the bill, resolution, or
2 amendment being amended. Failure to comply with the requirements of
3 this subsection is not subject to a [~~sustainable~~] point of order.

4 Sec. 7. ORDER OF OFFERING MOTIONS TO AMEND. Classes of
5 motions to amend shall be offered in the following order:

6 (1) motions to amend by striking out the enacting
7 clause of a bill (or the resolving clause of a resolution), which
8 amendment cannot be amended or substituted;

9 (2) motions to amend an original bill, resolution,
10 motion, or proposition (other than substitute bills as provided for
11 in Subdivision (3) below), which shall have precedence as follows:

12 (A) original amendment;

13 (B) amendment to the amendment;

14 (C) substitute for the amendment to the
15 amendment.

16 Recognition for the offering of original amendments shall be
17 as follows: first, the main author; second, the member or members
18 offering the committee amendment; and third, members offering other
19 amendments from the floor;

20 (3) motions to amend an original bill by striking out
21 all after the enacting clause (substitute bills), which substitute
22 bills shall be subject to amendment as follows:

23 (A) amendment to the substitute bill;

24 (B) substitute for the amendment to the
25 substitute bill.

26 Recognition for offering such substitute bills shall be as
27 follows: first, the main author of the original bill, if the

1 member has not sought to perfect the bill by amendments as provided
2 for in Subdivision (2) above; second, the member or members
3 offering the committee amendment; and, third, members offering
4 amendments from the floor.

5 It shall be in order under the procedure described in this
6 subdivision to have as many as four complete measures pending
7 before the house at one time; that is, an original bill, an
8 amendment striking out all after the enacting clause of the bill and
9 inserting a new bill body, an amendment to the amendment striking
10 out all after the enacting clause of the bill and inserting a new
11 bill body, and a substitute for this amendment to the amendment to
12 the original bill which is also a new bill body. These "substitute
13 bills" shall be voted on in the reverse order of their offering;

14 (4) motions to amend the caption of a bill or joint
15 resolution, which may also be offered in accordance with Section
16 9(a) of this rule.

17 Sec. 8. STRIKE OUTS AND INSERTIONS. (a) A motion to strike
18 out and to insert new matter in lieu of that to be stricken out shall
19 be regarded as a substitute and shall be indivisible.

20 (b) Matter inserted or stricken out of an original bill by
21 way of amendment may not be taken out or reinserted at a later time
22 on the same reading except under the following conditions:

23 (1) reconsideration of the inserting or deleting
24 amendment;

25 (2) adoption of a "substitute bill" amendment;

26 (3) adoption of an amendment for a whole paragraph,
27 section or subdivision of a bill which so materially changes the

1 original text that the portion inserted or deleted is in fact of
2 minor importance.

3 Sec. 9. AMENDING CAPTIONS. (a) An amendment to the caption
4 of a bill or resolution shall not be in order until all other
5 proposed amendments have been acted on and the house is ready to
6 vote on the passage of the measure, and it shall then be decided
7 without debate.

8 (b) If the previous question has been ordered on a bill or
9 joint resolution at any reading, an amendment to the caption of that
10 bill or joint resolution may be offered and voted on immediately
11 preceding the final vote on the bill or joint resolution.

12 Sec. 10. MOTION TO LIMIT AMENDMENTS. (a) A motion to limit
13 amendments shall be admitted only when seconded by 25 members. The
14 motion may take either of two forms:

15 (1) to limit amendments to those pending before the
16 house; or

17 (2) to limit amendments to those pending on the
18 speaker's desk.

19 (b) The motion shall be put by the chair in this manner: "The
20 motion has been seconded. Three minutes pro and con debate will be
21 allowed on the motion to limit amendments." As soon as the debate
22 has ended, the chair shall continue: "As many as are in favor of
23 limiting amendments on (here state on which question or questions)
24 will say 'Aye,'" and then "As many as are opposed say 'Nay.'" As in
25 all other propositions, a motion to limit amendments shall be
26 decided by a record vote if demanded by any member. If ordered by a
27 majority of the members voting, a quorum being present, the motion

1 shall have the effect of confining further debate and consideration
2 to those amendments included within the motion, and thereafter the
3 chair will accept no more amendments to the proposition to which the
4 motion is applied.

5 (c) The motion to limit amendments, if adopted, shall not in
6 any way cut off or limit debate or other parliamentary maneuvers on
7 the pending proposition or propositions or amendment or amendments
8 included within the motion. The sole function of the motion is to
9 prevent the chair from accepting further amendments to the
10 proposition to which the motion is applied.

11 (d) Except as otherwise provided, the motion to limit
12 amendments shall have no effect on the parliamentary situation to
13 which the motion is applied, and the matter to which the motion is
14 applied shall continue to be considered by the house in all other
15 respects as though the motion had not been made.

16 (e) The amendments that are included within the motion to
17 limit amendments shall each be subject to amendment, if otherwise
18 permitted under the rules.

19 Sec. 11. MOTION TO TABLE A MOTION TO LIMIT AMENDMENTS. The
20 motion to limit amendments is not subject to a motion to table.

21 Sec. 12. ORDER OF VOTING ON AMENDMENTS. When an amendment
22 is offered, followed by an amendment to that amendment, and then a
23 substitute for the amendment to the amendment, these questions
24 shall be voted on in the reverse order of their offering.

25 Sec. 13. CERTIFICATION OF ADOPTION OF AMENDMENTS. When an
26 amendment is adopted, such action shall be certified by the chief
27 clerk on the amendment, and the official copy of the amendment shall

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1 then be securely attached to the bill or resolution which it amends.

RULE 12. PRINTING

Sec. 1. PRINTINGS OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS. (a)

Except as otherwise provided in this rule, all bills and joint resolutions shall be printed and a copy provided to each member at each of the following stages in the parliamentary progress of the bill or joint resolution:

(1) at the time of the committee report on the bill or joint resolution, which shall be known as "First Printing" and which shall consist of:

(A) a complete text of the bill or joint resolution as reported from committee;

(B) a complete copy of the bill analysis, a complete copy of the summary of committee action, and a complete copy of the witness list;

(C) the text of the committee report;

(D) the record vote by which the measure was reported from committee, including the vote of individual members;

(E) a copy of the latest fiscal note; and

(F) a copy of each impact statement received by the committee;

(2) at the time the bill or joint resolution, if amended, finally passes the senate, senate amendments and house engrossment text will be printed, which shall be known as "Second Printing"; and

(3) at the time the conference committee, if any, makes its report on the bill or joint resolution, which shall be known as "Third Printing."

1 (b) In any section of the first printing of a bill or joint
2 resolution that proposes to amend an existing statute or
3 constitutional provision, language sought to be deleted must be
4 bracketed and stricken through, and language sought to be added
5 must be underlined. This requirement does not apply to:

- 6 (1) an appropriations bill;
- 7 (2) a local bill;
- 8 (3) a game bill;
- 9 (4) a recodification bill;
- 10 (5) a redistricting bill;
- 11 (6) a section of a bill or joint resolution not
12 purporting to amend an existing statute or constitutional
13 provision;
- 14 (7) a section of a bill or joint resolution that
15 revises the entire text of an existing statute or constitutional
16 provision, to the extent that it would confuse rather than clarify
17 to show deletions and additions; and
- 18 (8) a section of a bill or joint resolution providing
19 for severability, nonseverability, emergency, or repeal of an
20 existing statute or constitutional provision.

21 (c) The speaker may overrule a point of order raised as to a
22 violation of Subsection (b) of this section if the violation is
23 typographical or minor and does not tend to deceive or mislead.

24 (d) The requirement to provide a copy of a printing to each
25 member may be accomplished by making a copy of the printing
26 available in an electronic format for viewing by the member and,
27 when the electronic format copy of the appropriate printing becomes

1 available, sending notice of that fact to a Capitol e-mail address
2 designated by the member. If a member informs the chief clerk that
3 the member also desires to receive a paper copy of printings at
4 first, second, or third printing, the chief clerk shall place paper
5 copies of those printings designated by the member in the newspaper
6 box of the member as soon as practicable after the electronic copies
7 of the printings are made available for viewing.

8 (e) The provisions of Subsection (d) of this section
9 authorizing delivery of a printing by electronic means also apply
10 to any fiscal note, impact statement, analysis, or other item
11 required by these rules to be delivered or made available to each
12 member as an attachment to or in connection with the applicable
13 printing.

14 Sec. 2. LOCAL BILLS. Local bills shall not be reprinted
15 after the first printing except when ordered printed by a majority
16 vote of the house.

17 Sec. 3. CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS. A concurrent resolution
18 shall be printed only if the resolution:

- 19 (1) grants permission to sue the state;
- 20 (2) memorializes Congress to take or to refrain from
21 taking certain action;
- 22 (3) sets legislative policy or declares legislative
23 intent;
- 24 (4) makes corrective changes in any bill, joint
25 resolution, or conference committee report;
- 26 (5) establishes or interprets policy for a state
27 agency, department, or political subdivision;

1 (6) establishes, modifies, or changes internal
2 procedures or administration of the legislature or any component
3 part thereof;

4 (7) proposes an amendment to the Joint Rules of the
5 Senate and the House of Representatives; or

6 (8) is ordered printed by a majority vote of the house.

7 Sec. 4. HOUSE RESOLUTIONS. A house resolution shall be
8 printed only if the resolution:

9 (1) proposes an amendment to the rules of the house;

10 (2) establishes, modifies, or changes the internal
11 procedures and administration of the house;

12 (3) establishes legislative policy or interprets
13 legislative intent; or

14 (4) is ordered printed by a majority of the house.

15 Sec. 5. ACCEPTABLE STANDARDS OF COMPLIANCE WITH PRINTING
16 REQUIREMENTS. Except for matter to be printed in the journal, all
17 requirements contained in the rules with respect to the printing of
18 bills, resolutions, reports, and other matters shall be considered
19 complied with if the material is adequately and properly reproduced
20 by any acceptable means of reproduction.

1 RULE 13. INTERACTIONS WITH THE GOVERNOR AND SENATE

2 CHAPTER A. MESSAGES

3 Sec. 1. MESSAGES FROM THE GOVERNOR. Messages and
4 communications from the governor shall be received when announced,
5 and shall be read on the calendar day received.

6 Sec. 2. MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE. (a) All messages from
7 the senate shall be received when announced. Senate bills
8 announced as passed shall be read for the first time and referred to
9 the appropriate committee as soon as practicable.

10 (b) Messages from the senate announcing amendments to house
11 bills and resolutions, nonconcurrence in house amendments to senate
12 bills and resolutions, requests for conference committees, reports
13 of conference committees, and all other matters of disagreement,
14 amendments, and requests between the two houses, shall go to the
15 speaker's desk in their regular order, but may be called up for
16 action by the house at any time as a privileged matter, yielding
17 only to a motion to adjourn.

18 CHAPTER B. SENATE AMENDMENTS

19 Sec. 3. HOUSE ACTION ON SENATE AMENDMENTS. When a bill,
20 resolution, or other matter is returned to the house with senate
21 amendments, the house may:

- 22 (1) agree to the amendments; or
23 (2) disagree to all of the amendments and ask for a
24 conference committee; or
25 (3) agree to one or more of the amendments and disagree
26 as to the remainder and request a conference committee to consider
27 those in disagreement; or

1 (4) agree to one or more and disagree as to the
2 remainder; or

3 (5) disagree to all amendments.

4 Sec. 4. ADOPTION OF SENATE AMENDMENTS FOR BILLS WITH
5 IMMEDIATE EFFECT. If a bill is to go into immediate effect, senate
6 amendments thereto must be adopted by a vote of two-thirds of the
7 elected membership of the house.

8 Sec. 5. PRINTING SENATE AMENDMENTS. (a) Senate amendments
9 to house bills and resolutions must be printed and copies provided
10 to the members at least 24 hours before any action can be taken
11 thereon by the house during a regular or special session.

12 (b) When a house bill or joint resolution, other than the
13 general appropriations bill, with senate amendments is returned to
14 the house, the chief clerk shall request the Legislative Budget
15 Board to prepare a fiscal note outlining the fiscal implications
16 and probable cost of the measure as impacted by the senate
17 amendments. A copy of the fiscal note shall be distributed with the
18 senate amendments on their printing before any action can be taken
19 on the senate amendments by the house.

20 (c) When a house bill or joint resolution, other than the
21 general appropriations bill, with senate amendments is returned to
22 the house, the chief clerk shall request the Texas Legislative
23 Council to prepare an analysis that describes the substantive
24 changes made to the house version of the bill by the senate
25 amendments. A copy of the council's analysis of senate amendments
26 shall be provided to the members electronically or as a printed copy
27 at least 12 hours before action is taken on the senate amendments by

1 the house. The Texas Legislative Council shall make all reasonable
2 efforts to timely provide the analysis in as accurate a form as time
3 allows. However, an unavoidable inability to provide the analysis
4 or an inadvertent error in the analysis is not subject to a point
5 [~~sustainable question~~] of order.

6 (d) When a house bill or joint resolution for which a tax
7 equity note was required under Rule 4, Section 34(b)(5), is
8 returned to the house with senate amendments, the chief clerk shall
9 request the Legislative Budget Board to prepare a tax equity note
10 estimating the general effects of the senate amendments on the
11 distribution of tax and fee burdens among individuals and
12 businesses. A copy of the updated tax equity note shall be made
13 available to each member, in some format, before any vote on the
14 floor can be taken on the senate amendments by the house.

15 [~~Sec. 5A. RETURN OF NONGERMANE SENATE AMENDMENTS BY~~
16 ~~SPEAKER. When a house bill or joint resolution, other than the~~
17 ~~general appropriations bill, with senate amendments is returned to~~
18 ~~the house, the speaker, with the permission of the primary author of~~
19 ~~the bill or resolution, may return the bill or resolution to the~~
20 ~~senate if the speaker determines that the senate amendments are not~~
21 ~~germane to the house version of the bill or resolution. The speaker~~
22 ~~may act under this section without regard to whether the bill or~~
23 ~~resolution is eligible for consideration by the house. If the~~
24 ~~speaker returns a bill or resolution to the senate under this~~
25 ~~section, the speaker shall attach to the bill or resolution a~~
26 ~~statement of the speaker's action that includes an explanation of~~
27 ~~the speaker's determination, and shall enter the statement in the~~

1 ~~journal as soon as practicable.]~~

2 CHAPTER C. CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

3 Sec. 6. MEMBERSHIP AND OPERATION. (a) In all conferences
4 between the senate and the house by committee, the number of
5 committee members from each house shall be five. All votes on
6 matters of difference shall be taken by each committee separately.
7 A majority of each committee shall be required to determine the
8 matter in dispute. Reports by conference committees must be signed
9 by a majority of each committee of the conference.

10 (b) A copy of the report signed by a majority of each
11 committee of the conference must be furnished to each member of the
12 committee in person or if unable to deliver in person by placing a
13 copy in the member's newspaper mailbox at least one hour before the
14 report is furnished to each member of the house under Section 10(a)
15 of this rule. The paper copies of the report submitted to the chief
16 clerk under Section 10(b) of this rule must contain a certificate
17 that the requirement of this subsection has been satisfied, and
18 that certificate must be attached to the copy of the report
19 furnished to each member under Section 10(d) of this rule. Failure
20 to comply with this subsection is not subject to a [sustainable]
21 point of order [~~under this rule~~].

22 Sec. 7. MEETINGS. (a) House conferees when meeting with
23 senate conferees to adjust differences shall meet in public and
24 shall give a reasonable amount of notice of the meeting in the place
25 designated for giving notice of meetings of house standing
26 committees. Any such meeting shall be open to the news media. Any
27 conference committee report adopted in private shall not be

1 considered by the house.

2 (b) At a meeting of the conferees to adjust differences on
3 the general appropriations bill, the chair of the house conferees
4 may request the assistance of any house member who serves on the
5 appropriations committee.

6 Sec. 8. INSTRUCTIONS. Instructions to a conference
7 committee shall be made after the conference is ordered and before
8 the conferees are appointed by the speaker, and not thereafter.

9 Sec. 9. LIMITATIONS ON JURISDICTION. (a) Conference
10 committees shall limit their discussions and their actions solely
11 to the matters in disagreement between the two houses. A conference
12 committee shall have no authority with respect to any bill or
13 resolution:

14 (1) to change, alter, or amend text which is not in
15 disagreement;

16 (2) to omit text which is not in disagreement;

17 (3) to add text on any matter which is not in
18 disagreement;

19 (4) to add text on any matter which is not included in
20 either the house or senate version of the bill or resolution.

21 This rule shall be strictly construed by the presiding
22 officer in each house to achieve these purposes.

23 (b) Conference committees on appropriations bills, like
24 other conference committees, shall limit their discussions and
25 their actions solely to the matters in disagreement between the two
26 houses. In addition to the limitations contained elsewhere in the
27 rules, a conference committee on appropriations bills shall be

1 strictly limited in its authority as follows:

2 (1) If an item of appropriation appears in both house
3 and senate versions of the bill, the item must be included in the
4 conference committee report.

5 (2) If an item of appropriation appears in both house
6 and senate versions of the bill, and in identical amounts, no change
7 can be made in the item or the amount.

8 (3) If an item of appropriation appears in both house
9 and senate versions of the bill but in different amounts, no change
10 can be made in the item, but the amount shall be at the discretion of
11 the conference committee, provided that the amount shall not exceed
12 the larger version and shall not be less than the smaller version.

13 (4) If an item of appropriation appears in one version
14 of the bill and not in the other, the item can be included or omitted
15 at the discretion of the conference committee. If the item is
16 included, the amount shall not exceed the sum specified in the
17 version containing the item.

18 (5) If an item of appropriation appears in neither the
19 house nor the senate version of the bill, the item must not be
20 included in the conference committee report. However, the
21 conference committee report may include appropriations for
22 purposes or programs authorized by bills that have been passed and
23 sent to the governor and may include contingent appropriations for
24 purposes or programs authorized by bills that have been passed by at
25 least one house.

26 This rule shall be strictly construed by the presiding
27 officer in each house to achieve these purposes.

1 (c) Conference committees on tax bills, like other
2 conference committees, shall limit their discussions and their
3 actions solely to the matters in disagreement between the two
4 houses. In addition to the limitations contained elsewhere in the
5 rules, a conference committee on a tax bill shall be strictly
6 limited in its authority as follows:

7 (1) If a tax item appears in both house and senate
8 versions of the bill, the item must be included in the conference
9 committee report.

10 (2) If a tax item appears in both house and senate
11 versions of the bill, and in identical form and with identical
12 rates, no change can be made in the item or the rate provided.

13 (3) If a tax item appears in both house and senate
14 versions of the bill but at differing rates, no change can be made
15 in the item, but the rate shall be at the discretion of the
16 conference committee, provided that the rate shall not exceed the
17 higher version and shall not be less than the lower version.

18 (4) If a tax item appears in one version of the bill
19 and not in the other, the item can be included or omitted at the
20 discretion of the conference committee. If the item is included,
21 the rate shall not exceed the rate specified in the version
22 containing the item.

23 (5) If a tax item appears in neither the house nor the
24 senate version of the bill, the item must not be included in the
25 conference committee report.

26 This rule shall be strictly construed by the presiding
27 officer in each house to achieve these purposes.

1 (d) Conference committees on reapportionment bills, to the
2 extent possible, shall limit their discussions and their actions to
3 the matters in disagreement between the two houses. Since the
4 adjustment of one district in a reapportionment bill will
5 inevitably affect other districts, the strict rule of construction
6 imposed on other conference committees must be relaxed somewhat
7 when reapportionment bills are involved. Accordingly, the
8 following authority and limitations shall apply only to conference
9 committees on reapportionment bills:

10 (1) If the matters in disagreement affect only certain
11 districts, and other districts are identical in both house and
12 senate versions of the bill, the conference committee shall make
13 adjustments only in those districts whose rearrangement is
14 essential to the effective resolving of the matters in
15 disagreement. All other districts shall remain unchanged.

16 (2) If the matters in disagreement permeate the entire
17 bill and affect most, if not all, of the districts, the conference
18 committee shall have wide discretion in rearranging the districts
19 to the extent necessary to resolve all differences between the two
20 houses.

21 (3) Insofar as the actual structure of the districts
22 is concerned, and only to that extent, the provisions of Subsection
23 (a) of this section shall not apply to conference committees on
24 reapportionment bills.

25 (e) Conference committees on recodification bills, like
26 other conference committees, shall limit their discussions and
27 their actions solely to the matters in disagreement between the two

1 houses. The comprehensive and complicated nature of recodification
2 bills makes necessary the relaxing of the strict rule of
3 construction imposed on other conference committees only to the
4 following extent:

5 (1) If it develops in conference committee that
6 material has been inadvertently included in both house and senate
7 versions which properly has no place in the recodification, that
8 material may be omitted from the conference committee report, if by
9 that omission the existing statute is not repealed, altered, or
10 amended.

11 (2) If it develops in conference committee that
12 material has been inadvertently omitted from both the house and
13 senate versions which properly should be included if the
14 recodification is to achieve its purpose of being all-inclusive of
15 the statutes being recodified, that material may be added to the
16 conference committee report, if by the addition the existing
17 statute is merely restated without substantive change in existing
18 law.

19 (f) Limitations imposed on certain conference committees by
20 the provisions of this section may be suspended in part by
21 permission of the house to allow consideration of and action on a
22 specific matter or matters which otherwise would be prohibited.
23 Permission shall be granted only by resolution passed by majority
24 vote of the house. All such resolutions shall be privileged in
25 nature and need not be referred to a committee. The introduction of
26 such a resolution shall be announced from the house floor and the
27 resolution shall be eligible for consideration by the house:

1 (1) three hours after a copy of the resolution has been
2 distributed to each member; or

3 (2) for a resolution suspending limitations on a
4 conference committee considering the general appropriations bill,
5 48 hours in a regular session and 24 hours in a special session
6 after a copy of the resolution has been distributed to each member.

7 (g) The time at which the copies of such a resolution are
8 distributed to the members shall be time-stamped on the originals
9 of the resolution. The resolution shall specify in detail:

10 (1) the exact language of the matter or matters
11 proposed to be considered;

12 (2) the specific limitation or limitations to be
13 suspended;

14 (3) the specific action contemplated by the conference
15 committee;

16 (4) except for a resolution suspending the limitations
17 on the conferees for the general appropriations bill, the reasons
18 that suspension of the limitations is being requested; and

19 (5) a fiscal note distributed with the resolution
20 outlining the fiscal implications and probable cost of the items to
21 be included in the conference committee report that would otherwise
22 be prohibited but for the passage of the resolution.

23 (h) In the application of Subsection (g) of this section to
24 appropriations bills, the resolution:

25 (1) need not include changes in amounts resulting from
26 a proposed salary plan or changes in format that do not affect the
27 amount of an appropriation or the method of finance of an

1 appropriation, but shall include a general statement describing the
2 salary plan or format change;

3 (2) need not include differences in language which do
4 not affect the substance of the bill;

5 (3) if suspending a limitation imposed by Subsection
6 (b)(2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section, must specify the amount by
7 which the appropriation in the conference committee report is less
8 than or greater than the amount permitted for that item of
9 appropriation under Subsection (b) of this section; and

10 (4) shall be available in its entirety on the
11 electronic legislative information system that is accessible by the
12 general public.

13 (i) Permission granted by a resolution under Subsection (f)
14 of this section shall suspend the limitations only for the matter or
15 matters clearly specified in the resolution, and the action of the
16 conference committee shall be in conformity with the resolution.

17 Sec. 10. PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTS. (a) All
18 conference committee reports must be printed and a copy furnished
19 to each member as provided by Rule 12, Section 1, at least 24 hours
20 before action can be taken on the report by the house during a
21 regular or special session.

22 (b) Three original copies of a conference committee report
23 shall be submitted to the chief clerk for printing. Each original
24 conference committee report shall contain the following:

25 (1) the signatures of the house conferees and senate
26 conferees who voted to adopt the conference committee report;

27 (2) the text of the bill or resolution as adopted by

1 the conference committee; and

2 (3) an analysis of the conference committee report as
3 required by Section 11 of this rule.

4 (c) Before action can be taken by the house on a conference
5 committee report on a bill or joint resolution, other than the
6 general appropriations bill, a fiscal note outlining the fiscal
7 implications and probable cost of the conference committee report
8 shall be submitted to the chief clerk, and a copy of the fiscal note
9 shall be distributed with the conference committee report on its
10 printing.

11 (d) Before a vote on the floor can be taken by the house on a
12 conference committee report on a bill or joint resolution for which
13 a tax equity note was required under Rule 4, Section 34(b)(5), a tax
14 equity note estimating the general effects of the conference
15 committee report on the distribution of tax and fee burdens among
16 individuals and businesses shall be submitted to the chief clerk,
17 and a copy of the tax equity note shall be made available to each
18 member.

19 Sec. 11. ANALYSIS OF REPORTS. (a) All reports of conference
20 committees shall include an analysis showing wherein the report
21 differs from the house and senate versions of the bill, resolution,
22 or other matter in disagreement. The analysis of appropriations
23 bills shall show in dollar amounts the differences between the
24 conference committee report and the house and senate versions. No
25 conference committee report shall be considered by the house unless
26 such an analysis has been prepared and distributed to each member.

27 (b) The analysis shall to the extent practical indicate any

1 instance wherein the conference committee in its report appears to
2 have exceeded the limitations imposed on its jurisdiction by
3 Section 9 of this rule. An analysis and the conference committee
4 report in which the analysis is included are not subject to a point
5 of order due to a failure to comply with this subsection or due to a
6 mistake made in complying with this subsection.

7 Sec. 12. CONSIDERATION OF REPORTS. A conference committee
8 report is not subject to amendment, but must be accepted or rejected
9 in its entirety. While a conference committee report is pending, a
10 motion to deal with individual amendments in disagreement is not in
11 order.

12 Sec. 13. WHEN REPORTS NOT ACCEPTABLE. When a conference
13 committee report is not acceptable to the house for any reason, it
14 may be recommitted to the same committee with the request for
15 further consideration, and the house may or may not give any
16 specific instructions on the report to the conference committee; or
17 the house may request the appointment by the senate of a new
18 conference committee and then proceed to empower the speaker to
19 name new conferees for the house.

1 RULE 14. GENERAL PROVISIONS

2 Sec. 1. WHEN RULES ARE SILENT. If the rules are silent or
3 inexplicit on any question of order or parliamentary practice, the
4 Rules of the House of Representatives of the United States
5 Congress, and its practice as reflected in published precedents,
6 and Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure shall be considered as
7 authority.

8 Sec. 2. AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES. (a) Amendments to the
9 rules of the house shall be proposed by house resolutions which
10 shall be referred at once, without debate, to the Committee on House
11 Administration [~~Rules and Resolutions~~] for study and
12 recommendation.

13 (b) A resolution proposing an amendment to the rules shall
14 not be considered by the house until a printed copy of the
15 resolution has been provided to each member of the house at least 48
16 hours before consideration.

17 (c) Amendments to the rules shall require a majority vote of
18 the house for adoption.

19 Sec. 3. MOTION TO SUSPEND THE RULES. A motion to suspend
20 the rules shall be in order at any time, except when motions to
21 adjourn or recess are pending, even when the house is operating
22 under the previous question. A motion to "suspend all rules" shall
23 be sufficient to suspend every rule under which the house is
24 operating for a particular purpose except the provisions of the
25 constitution and the joint rules of the two houses. If the rules
26 have been suspended on a main motion for a given purpose, no other
27 motion to suspend the rules on a main motion shall be in order until

1 the original purpose has been accomplished.

2 Sec. 4. NOTICE OF PENDING MOTION TO SUSPEND THE RULES. It
3 shall not be in order to move to suspend the rules or the regular
4 order of business to take up a measure out of its regular order, and
5 the speaker shall not recognize anyone for either purpose, unless
6 the speaker has announced to the house in session that the speaker
7 would recognize a member for that purpose at least one hour before
8 the member is so recognized to make the motion. In making the
9 announcement to the house, the speaker shall advise the house of the
10 member's name and the bill number, and this information, together
11 with the time that the announcement was made, shall be entered in
12 the journal. This rule may be suspended only by unanimous consent.

13 Sec. 5. VOTE REQUIREMENTS FOR SUSPENSION. A standing rule
14 of the house may be suspended by an affirmative vote of two-thirds
15 of the members present. However, if a rule contains a specific
16 provision showing the vote by which that rule may be suspended, that
17 vote shall be required for the suspension of the rule. The specific
18 provision may not be suspended under the provisions of this
19 section.

20 Sec. 6. DISPOSAL OF MEASURES TAKEN UP UNDER SUSPENSION. Any
21 measure taken up under suspension and not disposed of on the same
22 day shall go over as pending or unfinished business to the next day
23 that the house is in session, and shall be considered thereafter
24 from day to day (except the days used for the consideration of
25 senate bills) until disposed of.

26 ~~[Sec. 7. COMMITTEE GIFTS. A member of the house may not~~
27 ~~offer, confer, or agree to confer to a committee member one or more~~

1 ~~gifts with a total value of more than \$75 per year.~~

2 ~~[Sec. 8. EXPLANATION OF THE FINAL RULING OF A POINT OF~~
3 ~~ORDER. The speaker shall instruct the parliamentarian to provide~~
4 ~~to each member a written explanation of the final ruling on a point~~
5 ~~of order, including providing the citation of any house or~~
6 ~~congressional precedents used in determining the ruling. The~~
7 ~~explanation shall be provided to each member through the electronic~~
8 ~~legislative information system not later than 24 hours after the~~
9 ~~final ruling was announced before the house.]~~

RULE 15. APPROPRIATE WORKPLACE CONDUCT

Sec. 1. STATEMENT OF POLICY. (a) The house finds that:

(1) a safe and professional environment in which each individual is treated with respect is essential for conducting the legislative business of Texas;

(2) harassment based on an individual's characteristics and activity protected by law is inconsistent with the necessary safe and professional environment; and

(3) there is a need for policies designed to prevent harassment and to appropriately address it if it occurs.

(b) The house declares that all forms of harassment prohibited by law (including harassment by the making of a complaint of harassment or discrimination or by participating in the investigation of a complaint) are against the policy of the house.

(c) Members, officers, and employees of the house are expected to promote public confidence in the integrity of the house by:

(1) conducting themselves in a manner that is free of harassment in each setting related to the service of the member, officer, or employee; and

(2) reporting any harassment in the workplace of which they have direct, personal knowledge.

(d) This rule is the policy on which the house relies for guidance in promoting appropriate workplace conduct. This rule is not intended to, and does not, create an independent cause of action, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity,

1 by any party against:

2 (1) the house or its officers, employees, or agents;

3 (2) the State of Texas or its departments, agencies,
4 entities, officers, employees, or agents; or

5 (3) any other person.

Smithee

H.R. No. 4

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.R. No. 4 was adopted by the House on January 9, 2019, by the following vote: Yeas 142, Nays 0, 1 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House