By: Perry

S.B. No. 643

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 AN ACT 2 relating to a pilot program for assisting certain recipients of public benefits to gain permanent self-sufficiency. 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 4 5 SECTION 1. Subchapter B, Chapter 531, Government Code, is amended by adding Section 531.02241 to read as follows: 6 7 Sec. 531.02241. PILOT PROGRAM FOR SELF-SUFFICIENCY OF CERTAIN PERSONS RECEIVING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OR SUPPLEMENTAL 8 NUTRITION ASSISTANCE BENEFITS. (a) In this section: 9 (1) "Financial assistance benefits" means money 10 payments under the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 11 program operated under Chapter 31, Human Resources Code, or under 12 the state temporary assistance and support services program 13 14 operated under Chapter 34, Human Resources Code. (2) "Living wage" means an amount of money, determined 15 16 by a market-based calculation that uses geographically specific expenditure data, that is sufficient to meet a family's minimum 17 necessary spending on basic needs, including food, child care, 18 health insurance, housing, and transportation. 19 (3) "Self-sufficiency" means being employed in a 20 position that pays a living wage, having financial savings in an 21 amount that is equal to at least \$1,000 per member of a family's 22 23 household, and owing only a reasonable amount of harmful or 24 unsecure debt.

86R4582 KKR-D

(4) "Slow reduction scale" means a graduated plan for
reducing financial assistance or supplemental nutrition assistance
benefits that correlates with a phase of the pilot program's
progressive stages toward self-sufficiency.

S.B. No. 643

5 (5) "Supplemental nutrition assistance benefits" 6 means money payments under the supplemental nutrition assistance 7 program operated under Chapter 33, Human Resources Code.

(b) The commission shall develop and implement a pilot 8 program for assisting not more than 500 eligible families to gain 9 permanent self-sufficiency and no longer require financial 10 assistance, supplemental nutrition assistance, or other 11 12 means-tested public benefits. If the number of families participating in the program during a year reaches capacity for 13 14 that year as determined by the commission, the number of families 15 that may be served under the program in the following year may be 16 increased by 20 percent.

17 (c) The pilot program will test extending, for at least 24 months but not more than 60 months, financial assistance and 18 supplemental nutrition assistance benefits by deferring the 19 application of income and asset limit eligibility requirements for 20 continuation of the benefits and reducing the benefits using a slow 21 reduction scale. The amount of any income limit requirement that is 22 applied must be in an amount that does not exceed the amount, based 23 24 on a participating family's makeup and the living wage in the family's geographical area of residence, determined to be necessary 25 26 for the purposes of the program. The deferral of the application of any asset limit requirement must allow the family to have assets in 27

S.B. No. 643 an amount that is equal to or less than \$1,000 per member of the 1 2 family's household. 3 (d) The pilot program must be designed to allow social services providers, public benefit offices, and other community 4 5 partners to refer potential participating families to the program. 6 (e) A family is eligible to participate in the pilot program 7 established under this section if the family: (1) includes one or more members who are recipients of 8 financial assistance or supplemental nutrition assistance 9 10 benefits, at least one of whom is: 11 (A) at least 18 but not more than 62 years of age; 12 and 13 (B) willing, and physically and legally able, to 14 be employed; and 15 (2) has a total household income that is less than a living wage based on the family's makeup and geographical area of 16 17 residence. (f) The pilot program must be designed to assist eligible 18 19 participating families in attaining self-sufficiency by: 20 (1) identifying eligibility requirements for the continuation of financial assistance or supplemental nutrition 21 assistance benefits, the application of which may be deferred for a 22 limited period and that, if applied, would impede self-sufficiency; 23 24 (2) implementing strategies, including deferring the application of the eligibility requirements identified in 25 26 Subdivision (1), to remove barriers to self-sufficiency; and (3) moving eligible participating families through 27

1 progressive stages toward self-sufficiency that include the 2 following phases: 3 (A) an initial phase in which a family moves out of an emergent crisis by securing housing, medical care, and 4 financial assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance 5 benefits, as necessary; 6 7 (B) a second phase in which: 8 (i) the family moves toward stability by securing employment and, if necessary, child care and by 9 participating in services that build the financial management 10 skills necessary to meet financial goals; and 11 12 (ii) the family's financial assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance benefits are reduced according 13 14 to the following scale: 15 (a) on reaching 25 percent of the family's living wage, the amount of benefits is reduced by 10 16 17 percent; (b) on reaching 50 percent of the 18 19 family's living wage, the amount of benefits is reduced by 25 20 percent; and 21 (c) on reaching 75 percent of the family's living wage, the amount of benefits is reduced by 50 22 23 percent; 24 (C) a third phase in which the family: (i) transitions to self-sufficiency by 25 26 securing employment that pays a living wage, reducing debt, and building savings; and 27

S.B. No. 643

	S.B. No. 643
1	(ii) becomes ineligible for financial
2	assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance benefits on
3	reaching 100 percent of the family's living wage; and
4	(D) a final phase in which the family attains
5	self-sufficiency by retaining employment that pays a living wage,
6	amassing at least \$1,000 per member of the family's household, and
7	having manageable debt so that the family will no longer be
8	dependent on financial assistance, supplemental nutrition
9	assistance, or other means-tested public benefits for at least six
10	months following the date the family stops participating in the
11	program.
12	(g) A person from a family that wishes to participate in the
13	pilot program must attend an in-person intake meeting with a
14	program case manager. During the intake meeting the case manager
15	shall:
16	(1) determine whether:
17	(A) the person's family meets the eligibility
18	requirements under Subsection (e); and
19	(B) the application of income or asset limit
20	eligibility requirements for continuation of financial assistance
21	and supplemental nutrition assistance benefits may be deferred
22	under the program;
23	(2) review the family's demographic information and
24	household financial budget;
25	(3) assess the family members' current financial and
26	career situations;
27	(4) collaborate with the person to develop and

S.B. No. 643 1 implement strategies for removing barriers to the family attaining self-sufficiency, including deferring the application of income 2 and asset limit eligibility requirements for continuation of 3 financial assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance 4 5 benefits; and 6 (5) if the person's family is determined to be eligible 7 for and chooses to participate in the program, schedule a follow-up 8 meeting to further assess the family's crisis, review available referral services, and create a service plan. 9 10 (h) The pilot program must provide each participating family with holistic, wraparound case management services, 11 12 including the strategic use of financial assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance benefits, to ensure that goals 13 included in the family's service plan are achieved. 14 А 15 participating family must be assigned a program case manager who 16 shall: 17 (1) if the family is determined to be eligible, provide the family with a verification of the deferred application 18 19 of asset and income limits described by Subsection (c), allowing the family to continue receiving financial assistance and 20 supplemental nutrition assistance benefits on a slow reduction 21 22 scale; 23 (2) assess, at the follow-up meeting scheduled under 24 Subsection (g)(5), the family's crisis, review available referral services, and create a service plan; and 25 26 (3) during the initial phase of the program, create 27 medium- and long-term goals consistent with the strategies

S.B. No. 643 1 developed under Subsection (g)(4). 2 (i) The pilot program must operate for at least 24 months. 3 The program shall also include 16 additional months for: 4 (1) planning and designing the program before the 5 program begins operation; 6 (2) recruiting eligible families to participate in the 7 program; 8 (3) randomly placing each participating family in one of at least three research groups, including: 9 10 (A) a control group; (B) a group consisting of families for whom the 11 12 application of income and asset limits is deferred; and (C) a group consisting of families for whom the 13 14 application of income and asset limits is deferred and who receive 15 wraparound case management services under the program; and 16 (4) after the program begins operation, collecting and 17 sharing data that allows for: (A) obtaining <u>participating</u> 18 families' 19 eligibility and identification data before a family is randomly placed in a research group under Subdivision (3); 20 21 (B) conducting surveys or interviews of 22 participating families to obtain information that is not contained in records related to a family's eligibility for financial 23 24 assistance, supplemental nutrition assistance, or other means-tested public benefits; 25 26 (C) providing quarterly reports for not more than 60 months after a participating family is enrolled in the pilot 27

S.B. No. 643

1	program regarding the program's effect on the family's labor market
2	participation and income and need for means-tested public benefits;
3	(D) assessing the interaction of the program's
4	components with the desired outcomes of the program using data
5	collected during the program and data obtained from state agencies
6	concerning means-tested public benefits; and
7	(E) a third party to conduct a rigorous
8	experimental impact evaluation of the pilot program.
9	(j) The commission shall develop and implement the pilot
10	program with the assistance of the Texas Workforce Commission,
11	local workforce development boards, faith-based and other relevant
12	public or private organizations, and any other entity or person the
13	commission determines appropriate.
14	(k) The commission shall monitor and evaluate the pilot
15	program in a manner that allows for promoting research-informed
16	results of the program.
17	(1) On the conclusion of the pilot program but not later
18	than 48 months following the date the last participating family is
19	enrolled in the program, the commission shall report to the
20	legislature on the results of the program. The report must include:
21	(1) an evaluation of the program's effect on
22	participating families in achieving self-sufficiency and no longer
23	requiring means-tested public benefits;
24	(2) the impact to this state on the costs of the
25	financial assistance and supplemental nutrition assistance
26	programs and of the child care services program operated by the
27	Texas Workforce Commission;

S.B. No. 643

1	(3) a cost-benefit analysis of the program; and
2	(4) recommendations on the feasibility and
3	continuation of the program.
4	(m) During the operation of the pilot program, the
5	commission shall provide to the legislature additional reports
6	concerning the program that the commission determines to be
7	appropriate.
8	(n) The executive commissioner and the Texas Workforce
9	Commission may adopt rules to implement this section.
10	(o) This section expires September 1, 2026.
11	SECTION 2. If before implementing any provision of this Act
12	a state agency determines that a waiver or authorization from a
13	federal agency is necessary for implementation of that provision,
14	the agency affected by the provision shall request the waiver or
15	authorization and may delay implementing that provision until the

16 waiver or authorization is granted.

SECTION 3. This Act takes effect immediately if it receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution. If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2019.