By: Hinojosa

S.B. No. 1331

## A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT
relating to the regulation of individuals and entities that conduct
forensic analyses, examinations, and tests.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
SECTION 1. Section 2, Article 38.01, Code of Criminal
Procedure, is amended by adding Subdivision (4-a) to read as
follows:
(4-a) "Forensic examination or test not subject to
accreditation" means an examination or test described by Articles
<u>38.35(a)(4)(A), (B), (C), and (D) that is exempt from</u>
accreditation.
SECTION 2. Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is
amended by adding Section 3-b to read as follows:
Sec. 3-b. CODE OF PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY. (a) The
commission shall adopt a code of professional responsibility to
regulate the conduct of persons, laboratories, facilities, and
other entities regulated under this article.
(b) The commission shall publish the code of professional
responsibility adopted under Subsection (a).
(c) The commission shall adopt rules establishing sanctions
for code violations.
(d) The commission shall update the code of professional
responsibility as necessary to reflect changes in science,
technology, or other factors affecting the persons, laboratories,

facilities, and other entities regulated under this article. 1 2 SECTION 3. Sections 4(a), (a-1), (b-1), and (c), Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows: 3 4 (a) The commission shall: (1) develop and implement a reporting system through 5 which a crime laboratory may report professional negligence or 6 7 professional misconduct; require a crime laboratory that conducts forensic 8 (2) 9 analyses to report professional negligence or professional misconduct to the commission; and 10 11 (3)investigate, in a timely manner, any allegation of professional negligence or professional misconduct that would 12 13 substantially affect the integrity of : (A) the results of a forensic analysis conducted 14 15 by a crime laboratory; 16 (B) an examination or test that is conducted by a 17 crime laboratory and that is a forensic examination or test not subject to accreditation; or 18 (C) testimony related 19 to an analysis, 20 examination, or test described by Paragraph (A) or (B). (a-1) The [for educational 21 commission may initiate purposes] an investigation of a forensic analysis or a forensic 22 examination or test not subject to accreditation, without receiving 23 24 a complaint  $[\tau]$  submitted through the reporting system implemented 25 under Subsection (a)(1), [that contains an allegation of professional negligence or professional misconduct involving the 26 forensic analysis conducted] if the commission determines by a 27

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1 majority vote of a quorum of the members of the commission that an
2 investigation of the [forensic] analysis, examination, or test
3 would advance the integrity and reliability of forensic science in
4 this state.

5 (b-1) If the commission conducts an investigation under Subsection (a)(3) of a crime laboratory that is not accredited 6 7 under this article or the investigation involves a forensic examination or test not subject to accreditation [is conducted 8 9 pursuant to an allegation involving a forensic method or methodology that is not an accredited field of forensic science], 10 11 the investigation may include the preparation of a written report that contains: 12

(1) observations of the commission regarding the integrity and reliability of the <u>applicable</u> [forensic] analysis, <u>examination, or test</u> conducted;

16 (2) best practices identified by the commission during17 the course of the investigation; or

18 (3) other recommendations that are relevant, as19 determined by the commission.

(c) The commission by contract may delegate the duties described by Subsections (a)(1) and (3) <u>and Sections 4-d(b)(1)</u>, <u>(b-1)</u>, <u>and (d)</u> to any person the commission determines to be qualified to assume those duties.

24 SECTION 4. Sections 4-a(c) and (d), Article 38.01, Code of 25 Criminal Procedure, are amended to read as follows:

(c) The commission by rule may establish voluntary
 licensing programs for forensic <u>examinations or tests</u> [disciplines]

S.B. No. 1331 that are] not subject to accreditation [under this article]. 1 2 (d) The commission by rule shall: establish the qualifications for a license that 3 (1)4 include: 5 (A) successful completion of the education requirements established by the commission; 6 7 (B) specific course work and experience, including instruction in courtroom testimony and ethics in a crime 8 9 laboratory; successful completion of 10 (C) an examination 11 required or recognized by the commission; [and] successful completion of proficiency testing 12 (D) 13 to the extent required for crime laboratory accreditation; and (E) minimum standards for character and fitness, 14 15 including consideration of an applicant's criminal history and any 16 other information that may indicate whether the person possesses the requisite honesty, trustworthiness, or integrity to be a 17 license holder; 18 (2) set fees for the issuance and renewal of a license; 19 20 and establish the term of a forensic analyst license. 21 (3) 22 SECTION 5. Section 4-d(b-1), Article 38.01, Code of Criminal Procedure, is amended to read as follows: 23 24 (b-1) As part of the accreditation process established and 25 implemented under Subsection (b), the commission may: (1)establish minimum standards that relate to the 26 27 timely production of a forensic analysis to the agency requesting

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1 the analysis and that are consistent with this article and 2 applicable laws;

3 (2) validate or approve specific forensic methods or 4 methodologies; and

5 (3) establish procedures, policies, <u>standards</u>, and 6 practices to improve the quality of forensic analyses conducted in 7 this state.

8 SECTION 6. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.