By: Campbell

S.B. No. 1905

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1	AN ACT
2	relating to state savings and government efficiency achieved
3	through a tuition equalization grant program administered by the
4	comptroller of public accounts.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
6	SECTION 1. Section 42.253, Education Code, is amended by
7	adding Subsection (b-1) to read as follows:
8	(b-1) Notwithstanding Subsection (b), the commissioner
9	shall adjust enrollment estimates and entitlement for each school
10	district for each school year based on information provided by the
11	comptroller under Section 42.551(k). This subsection expires
12	September 1, 2024.
13	SECTION 2. Chapter 42, Education Code, is amended by adding
14	Subchapter J to read as follows:
15	SUBCHAPTER J. TEXAS EQUALIZATION FOR EXCELLENCE (TEX) GRANTS
16	Sec. 42.551. TEXAS EQUALIZATION FOR EXCELLENCE (TEX) GRANT
17	PROGRAM. (a) In this section, "program" means the Texas
18	Equalization for Excellence (TEX) Grant Program established under
19	this section.
20	(b) A parent or legal guardian of an eligible student who
21	agrees to accept a grant awarded under this section in an amount
22	that is less than the state average maintenance and operations
23	expenditures per student may receive a grant awarded under this
24	section from the state for the tuition owed for the enrollment of

the eligible student at a private school accredited by an 1 organization that is recognized by the Texas Private School 2 3 Accreditation Commission in an amount that is the lesser of: 4 (1) the tuition owed; or 5 (2) 60 percent of the state average maintenance and 6 operations expenditures per student. 7 (c) A student is eligible to participate in the program if the student is a school-age child who resides in a school district 8 9 that opts to participate in the program under Subsection (d) or (e) and: 10 11 (1) is either: (A) a member of a household with a total annual 12 13 income that is at or below 250 percent of the federal poverty level; 14 or 15 (B) eligible to participate in a school 16 district's special education program under Section 29.003; and 17 (2) who: 18 (A) is entering kindergarten or first grade; (B) attended a public school for all of the 19 20 academic year immediately preceding initial participation in the 21 program; or 22 (C) participated in the program in a preceding 23 academic year. (d) The board of trust<u>ees of a school district by a majority</u> 24 25 vote may allow children residing in the district to participate in the program, subject to applicable eligibility requirements. 26 27 (e) The residents of a school district may vote at a general

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election to allow children residing in that district to participate in the program, subject to applicable eligibility requirements. The district shall hold an election described by this subsection on the next uniform election date that permits compliance with applicable deadlines for the election if the district receives a petition requesting the election that is signed by at least 10 percent of the registered voters residing in the district.

(f) A school district that opts to participate in the 8 9 program under Subsection (d) may opt to cease participating in the program by a two-thirds vote of the district's board of trustees. 10 11 If a school district ceases participating in the program under this subsection, notwithstanding Subsection (c), a student residing in 12 13 the district who has participated in the program for at least two years and is otherwise eligible to participate in the program under 14 that subsection may continue participating in the program until the 15 student graduates from high school. 16

17 (g) In addition to any funding the district receives under 18 Chapter 42, for each eligible student participating in the program, 19 the school district the student would otherwise attend is entitled 20 to receive for the first year in which the student participates in 21 the program an amount equal to 20 percent of the state average 22 maintenance and operations expenditures per student.

23 (h) Money from the available school fund and federal funds
24 may not be used for grants awarded under this section.

(i) A private school voluntarily selected by a parent for
 the parent's child to attend, with or without governmental
 assistance, may not be required to comply with any state law or rule

1 governing the school's educational program that was not in effect
2 on January 1, 2019.

3 (j) The comptroller shall administer the program and 4 provide a grant awarded under this section to a parent or legal 5 guardian of an eligible student as authorized by this section.

(k) Not later than October 1 of each year, the comptroller 6 7 shall notify the commissioner and the Legislative Budget Board of the number of eligible students likely to participate in the 8 9 program, disaggregated by the school district or open-enrollment charter school the eligible students would otherwise attend. Not 10 later than March 1 of each year, the comptroller shall provide final 11 information to the commissioner and the Legislative Budget Board 12 13 regarding the number of students participating in the program, disaggregated in the same manner as the initial information. 14

15 SECTION 3. As soon as practicable, but not later than 16 October 15, 2019, the comptroller of public accounts, in coordination with the commissioner of education, shall adopt rules 17 to implement the Texas Equalization for Excellence (TEX) Grant 18 Program under Section 42.551, Education Code, as added by this Act, 19 20 including rules to prevent fraud in financial transactions under the program and to determine the net savings resulting from 21 22 implementation of the program. The rules must require reconciliation of payments for all grants within the same fiscal 23 24 year or within the first month following the end of the fiscal year. 25 SECTION 4. (a) The constitutionality and other validity under the state or federal constitution of all or any part of 26

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Subchapter J, Chapter 42, Education Code, as added by this Act, may

be determined in an action for declaratory judgment in a district 1 2 court in Travis County under Chapter 37, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, except that this section does not authorize an award 3 4 of attorney's fees against this state and Section 37.009, Civil Practice and Remedies Code, does not apply to an action filed under 5 this section. This section does not authorize a taxpayer suit to 6 7 contest the denial of a tax credit by the comptroller of public 8 accounts.

9 (b) The appeal of a declaratory judgment or order, however 10 characterized, of a district court, including an appeal of the 11 judgment of an appellate court, holding or otherwise determining 12 that all or any part of Subchapter J, Chapter 42, Education Code, as 13 added by this Act, is constitutional or unconstitutional, or 14 otherwise valid or invalid, under the state or federal constitution 15 is an accelerated appeal.

16 (c) If the judgment or order is interlocutory, an 17 interlocutory appeal may be taken from the judgment or order and is 18 an accelerated appeal.

A district court in Travis County may grant or deny a 19 (d) 20 temporary or otherwise interlocutory injunction or a permanent 21 injunction on the grounds of the constitutionality or unconstitutionality, or other validity or invalidity, under the 22 state or federal constitution of all or any part of Subchapter J, 23 24 Chapter 42, Education Code, as added by this Act.

(e) There is a direct appeal to the Texas Supreme Court from
an order, however characterized, of a trial court granting or
denying a temporary or otherwise interlocutory injunction or a

1 permanent injunction on the grounds of the constitutionality or 2 unconstitutionality, or other validity or invalidity, under the 3 state or federal constitution of all or any part of Subchapter J, 4 Chapter 42, Education Code, as added by this Act.

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(f) The direct appeal is an accelerated appeal.

6 (g) This section exercises the authority granted by Section
7 3-b, Article V, Texas Constitution.

8 (h) The filing of a direct appeal under this section will 9 automatically stay any temporary or otherwise interlocutory 10 injunction or permanent injunction granted in accordance with this 11 section pending final determination by the Texas Supreme Court, 12 unless the supreme court makes specific findings that the applicant 13 seeking such injunctive relief has pleaded and proved that:

14 (1) the applicant has a probable right to the relief it15 seeks on final hearing; and

16 (2) the applicant will suffer a probable injury that 17 is imminent and irreparable, and that the applicant has no other 18 adequate legal remedy.

section, (i) An under this 19 appeal including an interlocutory, accelerated, or direct appeal, is governed, 20 as applicable, by the Texas Rules of Appellate Procedure, including 21 Rules 25.1(d)(6), 26.1(b), 28.1, 28.3, 32.1(g), 37.3(a)(1), 22 38.6(a) and (b), 40.1(b), and 49.4. 23

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SECTION 5. This Act takes effect September 1, 2019.