By: West, Johnson

S.J.R. No. 56

A JOINT RESOLUTION

1 proposing a constitutional amendment establishing the Texas 2 Redistricting Commission and providing redistricting procedures 3 for state legislative, state judicial, and congressional 4 districts.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

6 SECTION 1. Section 28, Article III, Texas Constitution, is 7 amended to read as follows:

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Sec. 28. (a) In this section:

9 <u>(1) "Commission" means the Texas Redistricting</u> 10 Commission.

11 (2) "Majority party" means the political party with 12 the most members among the combined membership of the Texas Senate 13 and the Texas House of Representatives.

14 (3) "Minority party" means the political party with
 15 the second highest number of members among the combined membership
 16 of the Texas Senate and the Texas House of Representatives.

(b) Following [The Legislature shall, at its first regular 17 session after] the publication of each United States decennial 18 census, [apportion] the state shall be apportioned into senatorial 19 and representative districts, agreeable to the provisions of 20 21 Sections 25 and 26 of this article [Article]. The legislature and the Texas Redistricting Commission exercise the legislative 22 23 authority of this state to adopt redistricting plans for the election of the Texas House of Representatives, the Texas Senate, 24

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| 1 | and the members of the United States House of Representatives |
| 2 | elected from this state in the manner provided by this section and |
| 3 | Section 28a of this article. Districts for those legislative |
| 4 | bodies may not be established or changed except as provided by this |
| 5 | section and Section 28a of this article. |
| 6 | (c) The commission consists of the following seven members: |
| 7 | (1) the governor; |
| 8 | (2) the comptroller; |
| 9 | (3) the secretary of state; |
| 10 | (4) one member appointed by the speaker of the Texas |
| 11 | House of Representatives; |
| 12 | (5) one member appointed by majority vote of the party |
| 13 | caucus for the political party with the most members in the Texas |
| 14 | House of Representatives of which the speaker of the Texas House of |
| 15 | Representatives is not a member; |
| 16 | (6) one member appointed by the president of the Texas |
| 17 | Senate; and |
| 18 | (7) one member appointed by majority vote of the party |
| 19 | caucus for the political party with the most members in the Texas |
| 20 | Senate of which the president of the Texas Senate is not a member. |
| 21 | (d) An appointed member of the commission may not be a |
| 22 | current member of Congress. |
| 23 | (e) Two members of the commission serve as co-chairs. One |
| 24 | co-chair is selected by majority vote of the members of the Texas |
| 25 | Senate and the Texas House of Representatives who belong to the |
| 26 | majority party and one co-chair is selected by majority vote of the |
| 27 | members of the Texas Senate and the Texas House of Representatives |

| 1 | who belong to the minority party. |
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| 2 | (f) Except as otherwise provided by this section or Section |
| 3 | 28a of this article, a simple majority vote of the commission |
| 4 | members is required for any action by the commission. |
| 5 | (g) Except as provided by Subsection (h) of this section, a |
| 6 | majority vote of the members of the commission, including at least |
| 7 | one member of the commission who belongs to the majority party and |
| 8 | at least one member of the commission who belongs to the minority |
| 9 | party, is required to: |
| 10 | (1) adopt rules of the commission; |
| 11 | (2) hire staff for the commission; or |
| 12 | (3) expend commission funds. |
| 13 | (h) If the commission is unable to agree, by the vote |
| 14 | required under Subsection (g) of this section, on the manner in |
| 15 | which commission funds should be expended, each co-chair has the |
| 16 | authority to expend one-half of the funds appropriated to the |
| 17 | commission. |
| 18 | (i) The affirmative vote of four members of the commission, |
| 19 | including at least two members of the commission who belong to the |
| 20 | majority party and two members of the commission who belong to the |
| 21 | minority party, is required to adopt any redistricting plan for the |
| 22 | Texas Senate or the Texas House of Representatives. |
| 23 | (j) For purposes of this section and Section 28a of this |
| 24 | article: |
| 25 | (1) the governor is considered to belong to the |
| 26 | governor's political party; |
| 27 | (2) the comptroller is considered to belong to the |

| 1 | <pre>comptroller's political party;</pre> |
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| 2 | (3) the secretary of state is considered to belong to |
| 3 | the political party to which the governor who appointed the |
| 4 | secretary of state belongs; |
| 5 | (4) a member of the commission appointed by the |
| 6 | president of the Texas Senate or the speaker of the Texas House of |
| 7 | Representatives is considered to belong to the political party to |
| 8 | which the person making the appointment belongs; and |
| 9 | (5) a member of the commission selected by vote of a |
| 10 | political party caucus is considered to belong to that political |
| 11 | party. |
| 12 | (k) At the first meeting of the commission, which the |
| 13 | governor may convene only in a year ending in the numeral one, |
| 14 | except as otherwise provided by this section, Section 28a of this |
| 15 | article, and Section 7a, Article V, of this constitution, the |
| 16 | commission shall set a schedule for the adoption of procedural |
| 17 | rules for the operation of the commission. |
| 18 | (1) Before adopting, but after introducing, a proposed |
| 19 | redistricting plan for the Texas Senate or the Texas House of |
| 20 | Representatives, the commission shall conduct at least three public |
| 21 | hearings across the state to present the proposed plan and shall |
| 22 | seek public input regarding the proposed plan. |
| 23 | (m) All meetings of the commission are open to the public. |
| 24 | The commission shall broadcast meetings by electronic means of |
| 25 | transmission using a medium readily accessible by the general |
| 26 | public. |
| 27 | (n) The commission shall adopt final redistricting plans |

for the Texas Senate and the Texas House of Representatives not 1 later than the first day of May of a year ending in the numeral one. 2 After the commission adopts a final plan, the commission shall 3 promptly file the plan with the secretary of state and [In the event 4 5 the Legislature shall at any such first regular session following the publication of a United States decennial census, fail to make 6 such apportionment, same shall be done by the Legislative 7 8 Redistricting Board of Texas, which is hereby created, and shall be composed of five (5) members, as follows: The Lieutenant Governor, 9 10 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Attorney General, the Comptroller of Public Accounts and the Commissioner of the 11 General Land Office, a majority of whom shall constitute a quorum. 12 Said Board shall assemble in the City of Austin within ninety (90) 13 14 days after the final adjournment of such regular session. The Board 15 shall, within sixty (60) days after assembling, apportion the state into senatorial and representative districts, or into senatorial or 16 17 representative districts, as the failure of action of such Legislature may make necessary. Such apportionment shall be in 18 writing and signed by three (3) or more of the members of the Board 19 duly acknowledged as the act and deed of such Board, and, when so 20 21 [executed and] filed with the secretary of state [Secretary of State], the plan shall have force and effect of law. 22 The plan becomes [Such apportionment shall become] effective at the next 23 24 succeeding statewide general election.

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(o) If the commission does not adopt a redistricting plan
 for the Texas House of Representatives or the Texas Senate under
 Subsection (n) of this section on or before the last day of May of a

1 year ending in the numeral one, then the legislature shall adopt a 2 plan for either or both legislative bodies, as necessary, in the 3 form of a bill not later than the last day of June of that year. 4 (o-1) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (o) 5 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of the members of each house of the legislature, including the 6 7 affirmative vote of at least one-third of the members of the 8 majority party and at least one-third of the members of the minority party in each house, and the plan becomes law, the plan remains 9 10 effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as provided in Subsection (u) of this section. 11 12 (o-2) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (o) of this section by the affirmative vote of at least one-half of the 13 members of each house of the legislature, but not by the vote 14 required by Subsection (o-1) of this section, then the following 15 16 requirements apply to the plan: 17 (1) the legislature may not adopt a plan that unduly favors or disfavors a political party or its incumbents; 18 19 (2) the legislature may not unduly split political 20 subdivisions, giving preference to keeping counties whole, then to 21 keeping municipalities whole; 22 (3) the legislature shall attempt to draw districts 23 that are compact; and 24 (4) the legislature must include in the plan an explanation of the plan's compliance with Subdivisions (1), (2), 25 26 and (3) of this subsection. 27 (o-3) A plan adopted in the manner provided by Subsection

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1 (o-2) of this section that becomes law remains effective until two general elections for the legislative body to which the plan 2 applies have occurred under the plan, except as provided in 3 4 Subsection (u) of this section. 5 (p) Not later than the last day of May of the year after the year in which a plan expires under Subsection (o-3) of this section, 6 7 the commission shall be reconstituted, reconvene, and adopt a plan 8 by the affirmative vote of at least four members of the commission, including at least two members of the commission who belong to the 9 10 majority party and at least two members of the commission who belong to the minority party. A plan adopted under this subsection takes 11 12 effect upon filing with the secretary of state and remains effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as 13 provided in Subsection (u) of this section. A plan adopted under 14 this subsection must be drawn using the federal decennial census 15 data or other data on which the previous redistricting was based. 16 17 (q) If the commission is required to but does not adopt a

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17 If the commission is required to but does not daopt a plan under Subsection (p) of this section on or before the last day of May of the year after the year in which a plan expires under Subsection (o-3) of this section, then the legislature shall adopt a plan in the form of a bill not later than the last day of June of that year. A plan adopted under this subsection must be drawn using the federal decennial census data or other data on which the previous redistricting was based.

25 (q-1) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (q)
26 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of
27 the members of each house of the legislature, including the

affirmative vote of at least one-third of the members of the 1 majority party and at least one-third of the members of the minority 2 party in each house, and the plan becomes law, the plan remains 3 effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as 4 5 provided in Subsection (u) of this section. 6 (q-2) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (q) 7 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least one-half of the members of each house of the legislature, but not by the vote 8 required by Subsection (q-1) of this section, then the following 9 10 requirements apply to the plan: (1) the legislature may not adopt a plan that unduly 11 12 favors or disfavors a political party or its incumbents; (2) the legislature may not unduly split political 13 14 subdivisions, giving preference to keeping counties whole, then to 15 keeping municipalities whole; 16 (3) the legislature shall attempt to draw districts 17 that are compact; and (4) the legislature must include in the plan an 18 19 explanation of the plan's compliance with Subdivisions (1), (2), and (3) of this subsection. 20 21 (q-3) A plan adopted in the manner provided by Subsection (q-2) of this section that becomes law remains effective until the 22 next year ending in the numeral one, except as provided in 23 24 Subsection (u) of this section. (r) Before the legislature adopts a plan under this section, 25 26 a joint committee of the legislature shall hold at least two public committee hearings concerning a proposed plan. The legislature and 27

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1 the commission shall facilitate and allow for the submission of 2 proposed plans by members of the public in the manner provided by 3 general law.

(s) For purposes of filing a plan with the governor or the
secretary of state, a plan must include both a legal description of
the boundaries of the districts for the Texas House of
Representatives or the Texas Senate, as applicable, and all
electronic data necessary to create a district map for the purpose
of holding elections.

10 (t) When a plan ceases to be effective under this section, 11 the district boundaries described in the plan continue in operation 12 for the purpose of holding elections until a new plan takes effect 13 in accordance with this section. If a vacancy occurs in a district 14 that was created under the previous plan, the election to fill the 15 vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term shall be held using 16 the previous plan.

17 (u) In the event that any subsection of this section relating to a redistricting plan for the Texas House of 18 19 Representatives or the Texas Senate or any district or group of districts is challenged and is determined to be invalid by a final 20 order of a court of competent jurisdiction not subject to appeal, 21 then notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the 22 commission shall be reconstituted and reconvene and shall adopt a 23 24 plan in accordance with the valid provisions of this section, to be used until the next time for redistricting under this section. 25 26 The commission shall adopt a plan under this subsection not

27 later than the 30th day after the last day on which an appeal of the

1 court order could have been filed or, if the order is not 2 appealable, the 30th day after the day on which the order is issued. 3 If the commission does not adopt a new plan in accordance with 4 this subsection, then not later than the 30th day after the deadline 5 for the commission to adopt the plan, the legislature shall adopt a 6 plan in accordance with the valid provisions of this section, to be 7 used until the next time for redistricting under this section.

8 <u>A plan adopted under this subsection must remedy any legal</u> 9 <u>defects in the previous plan identified by the court but may not</u> 10 <u>include changes to the previous plan other than those made in order</u> 11 <u>to remedy those defects.</u>

12 <u>(v) Unless otherwise already convened, the legislature</u> 13 <u>shall convene in special session on the first Tuesday that occurs</u> 14 <u>during a period in which the legislature is required to adopt a plan</u> 15 <u>under this section.</u>

16 <u>(w)</u> The Supreme Court of Texas shall have jurisdiction to 17 compel <u>the commission</u> [such Board] to perform its duties in 18 accordance with the provisions of this section, Section 28a of this 19 <u>article, and Section 7a, Article V, of this constitution</u>, by writ of 20 mandamus or other extraordinary writs conformable to the usages of 21 law.

22 <u>(x)</u> The <u>legislature</u> [Legislature] shall provide necessary 23 funds for clerical and technical aid and for other expenses 24 <u>necessary or</u> incidental to the work of the <u>commission</u> [Board, and 25 the Lieutenant Governor and the Speaker of the House of 26 Representatives shall be entitled to receive per diem and travel 27 expense during the Board's session in the same manner and amount as

| 1 | they would receive while attending a special session of the |
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| 2 | Legislature]. |
| 3 | (y) Four weeks after adopting redistricting plans for the |
| 4 | legislature and, if necessary, for members of the United States |
| 5 | House of Representatives elected from this state, the commission is |
| 6 | automatically dissolved. The commission shall be reconstituted and |
| 7 | reconvene as provided by this section, Section 28a of this article, |
| 8 | and Section 7a, Article V, of this constitution. |
| 9 | SECTION 2. Article III, Texas Constitution, is amended by |
| 10 | adding Section 28a to read as follows: |
| 11 | Sec. 28a. (a) In this section: |
| 12 | (1) "Commission" means the Texas Redistricting |
| 13 | Commission established under Section 28 of this article. |
| 14 | (2) "Majority party" means the political party with |
| 15 | the most members among the combined membership of the Texas Senate |
| 16 | and the Texas House of Representatives. |
| 17 | (3) "Minority party" means the political party with |
| 18 | the second highest number of members among the combined membership |
| 19 | of the Texas Senate and the Texas House of Representatives. |
| 20 | (4) "Plan" means a redistricting plan for the election |
| 21 | of the members of the United States House of Representatives |
| 22 | elected from this state, adopted as provided by this section. |
| 23 | (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the |
| 24 | legislature is responsible for the congressional redistricting of |
| 25 | this state based on the prescribed number of congressional |
| 26 | districts apportioned to the state under Section 2, Article I, |
| 27 | United States Constitution. |

1 (c) Not later than the last day of May of a year ending in the numeral one, the legislature shall adopt a plan in the form of a 2 bill by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of the members 3 of each house of the legislature, including the affirmative vote of 4 5 at least one-half of the members of the majority party and at least one-half of the members of the minority party in each house. A plan 6 7 that is adopted under this subsection and becomes law remains 8 effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as provided in Subsection (p) of this section. 9

If the legislature does not adopt a plan under 10 (d) Subsection (c) of this section on or before the last day of May of a 11 12 year ending in the numeral one, the commission shall adopt a plan not later than the last day of June of that year by the affirmative 13 vote of at least four members of the commission, including at least 14 15 two members of the commission who belong to the majority party and at least two members of the commission who belong to the minority 16 17 party. The plan takes effect upon filing with the secretary of state and remains effective until the next year ending in the 18 19 numeral one, except as provided in Subsection (p) of this section.

20 (e) If the commission is required to but does not adopt a 21 plan under Subsection (d) of this section on or before the last day 22 of June of a year ending in the numeral one, then the legislature 23 shall adopt a plan in the form of a bill not later than the last day 24 of July of that year.

25 (e-1) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (e)
26 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of
27 the members of each house of the legislature, including the

affirmative vote of at least one-third of the members of the 1 2 majority party and at least one-third of the members of the minority party represented in that house, and the plan becomes law, the plan 3 remains effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, 4 5 except as provided in Subsection (p) of this section. 6 (e-2) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (e) 7 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least one-half of the 8 members of each house of the legislature, but not by the vote required by Subsection (e-1) of this section, then the following 9 10 requirements apply to the plan: (1) the legislature may not adopt a plan that unduly 11 12 favors or disfavors a political party or its incumbents; (2) the legislature may not unduly split political 13 14 subdivisions, giving preference to keeping counties whole, then to 15 keeping municipalities whole; 16 (3) the legislature shall attempt to draw districts 17 that are compact, but Subsection (m)(2) of this section does not apply; and 18 19 (4) the legislature must include in the plan an explanation of the plan's compliance with Subdivisions (1), (2), 20 and (3) of this subsection. 21 (e-3) A plan adopted in the manner provided by Subsection 22 (e-2) of this section that becomes law remains effective until two 23 24 general elections for the United States House of Representatives 25 have occurred under the plan, except as provided in Subsection (p) 26 of this section. 27 (f) Not later than the last day of May of the year after the

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1 year in which a plan expires under Subsection (e-3) of this section, 2 the legislature shall adopt a plan in the form of a bill by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of the members of each 3 house of the legislature, including the affirmative vote of at 4 5 least one-half of the members of the majority party and at least one-half of the members of the minority party in each house. A plan 6 7 adopted under this subsection that becomes law remains effective 8 until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as provided in Subsection (p) of this section. A plan adopted under this 9 10 subsection must be drawn using the federal decennial census data or other data on which the previous redistricting was based. 11

12 (g) If the legislature is required to but does not adopt a plan under Subsection (f) of this section on or before the last day 13 of May of the year after the year in which a plan expires under 14 Subsection (e-3) of this section, then the commission shall be 15 reconstituted, reconvene, and adopt a plan not later than the last 16 17 day of June of that year by the affirmative vote of at least four members of the commission, including at least two members of the 18 19 commission who belong to the majority party and at least two members of the commission who belong to the minority party. A plan adopted 20 under this subsection takes effect upon filing with the secretary 21 22 of state and remains effective until the next year ending in the 23 numeral one, except as provided in Subsection (p) of this section. 24 A plan adopted under this subsection must be drawn using the federal decennial census data or other data on which the previous 25 26 redistricting was based.

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(h) If the commission is required to but does not adopt a

1 plan under Subsection (g) of this section on or before the last day of June of the year after the year in which a plan expires under 2 Subsection (e-3) of this section, then the legislature shall adopt 3 a plan in the form of a bill not later than the last day of July of 4 5 that year. A plan adopted under this subsection must be drawn using the federal decennial census data or other data on which the 6 7 previous redistricting was based. 8 (h-1) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (h) of this section by the affirmative vote of at least three-fifths of 9 the members of each house of the legislature, including the 10 affirmative vote of at least one-third of the members of the 11 12 majority party and at least one-third of the members of the minority party in each house, and the plan becomes law, the plan remains 13 effective until the next year ending in the numeral one, except as 14 provided in Subsection (p) of this section. 15 (h-2) If the legislature adopts a plan under Subsection (h) 16 17 of this section by the affirmative vote of at least one-half of the members of each house of the legislature, but not by the vote 18 19 required by Subsection (h-1) of this section, then the following 20 requirements apply to the plan:

(1) the legislature may not adopt a plan that unduly favors or disfavors a political party or its incumbents;

23 (2) the legislature may not unduly split political 24 <u>subdivisions, giving preference to keeping counties whole, then to</u> 25 <u>keeping municipalities whole;</u>

26 (3) the legislature shall attempt to draw districts 27 that are compact, but Subsection (m)(2) of this section does not

1 apply; and

2 <u>(4) the legislature must include in the plan an</u> 3 <u>explanation of the plan's compliance with Subdivisions (1), (2),</u> 4 and (3) of this subsection.

5 (h-3) A plan adopted in the manner provided by Subsection 6 (h-2) of this section that becomes law remains effective until the 7 next year ending in the numeral one, except as provided in 8 Subsection (p) of this section.

Before the legislature adopts a plan under this section, 9 (i) 10 a joint committee of the legislature shall hold at least two public committee hearings concerning a proposed plan. Before the 11 12 commission adopts a plan under this section, the commission shall hold at least two public hearings concerning a proposed plan. The 13 14 legislature and the commission shall facilitate and allow for the 15 submission of proposed plans by members of the public in the manner 16 provided by general law.

17 (j) For purposes of filing a plan with the governor or the 18 secretary of state, a plan must include both a legal description of 19 the boundaries of the congressional districts and all electronic 20 data necessary to create a congressional district map for the 21 purpose of holding congressional elections.

22 (k) When a plan ceases to be effective under this section, 23 the district boundaries described in the plan continue in operation 24 for the purpose of holding elections until a new plan takes effect 25 in accordance with this section. If a vacancy occurs in a district 26 that was created under the previous plan, the election to fill the 27 vacancy for the remainder of the unexpired term shall be held using

1 the previous plan.

2 (1) Each congressional district is entitled to a single representative in the United States House of Representatives in 3 each Congress. The total population of the state, as determined by 4 5 the federal decennial census or, if the federal decennial census is unavailable, another basis as directed by the legislature, shall be 6 7 divided by the number of congressional districts apportioned to the 8 state under Section 2, Article I, United States Constitution, and the quotient shall be the congressional ratio of representation for 9 10 the next 10 years. Notwithstanding the fact that boundaries of counties or municipalities within a district may be changed, 11 12 district boundaries shall be created by using the data from the most recent federal decennial census or from the basis directed by the 13 legislature, as applicable. 14 15 (m) A plan must comply with all of the following 16 requirements: 17 (1) the plan must comply with all applicable provisions of the constitutions of this state and the United States 18 and of federal law, including federal laws protecting racial 19 20 minority voting rights; 21 (2) each congressional district must be compact; 22 (3) each congressional district must be composed of contiguous territory, and the boundary of each district must be a 23 24 single nonintersecting continuous line; (4) except as otherwise required by federal law, in a 25 26 county that contains a population that exceeds the congressional ratio of representation, the authority drawing the districts shall 27

1 take the first of the following actions that applies to that county: 2 (A) if a municipality located in the county contains a population that exceeds the congressional ratio of 3 representation, the authority shall attempt to include a 4 significant portion of that municipality in a single district and 5 may include in that district other municipalities that are located 6 7 in that county and whose residents have similar interests as the residents of the municipality that contains a population that 8 exceeds the congressional ratio of representation; 9 10 (B) if one municipality in that county contains a population of not less than 100,000 and not more than the 11 12 congressional ratio of representation, that municipality may not be 13 split; or 14 (C) if that county contains two or more 15 municipalities described by Paragraph (B) of this subdivision, only 16 the most populous of those municipalities may not be split; 17 (5) if a congressional district includes only part of the territory of a particular county, the part of that 18 19 congressional district that lies in that particular county must be 20 contiguous within the boundaries of the county; (6) no two congressional districts may share portions 21 22 of the territory of more than one county, except for a county whose population exceeds the congressional ratio of representation or as 23 24 necessary to comply with federal law; and (7) the authority drawing the districts must attempt 25 26 to include at least one whole county in each congressional district, but this subdivision does not apply to a congressional 27

1 district that is contained entirely within one county or that 2 cannot be drawn in that manner while complying with federal law. 3 (n) In determining whether the population of a municipality 4 exceeds the congressional ratio of representation for the purpose 5 of Subsection (m)(4)(A) of this section, if the territory of that

6 <u>municipality completely surrounds the territory of another</u>
7 <u>municipality, the territory of the surrounded municipality is</u>
8 <u>considered part of the territory of the surrounding municipality.</u>

9 (o) For purposes of this section, a county or municipality is considered to be split if, based on the census data used for the 10 purpose of redistricting, any contiguous portion of its territory 11 12 is not contained entirely within one district except that if a municipality has territory in more than one county, the contiguous 13 portion of that municipality that lies in each county shall be 14 considered to be a separate municipality for purposes of this 15 16 section.

17 (p) In the event that any subsection of this section relating to congressional redistricting, any plan, 18 or any 19 congressional district or group of congressional districts is challenged and is determined to be invalid by a final order of a 20 court of competent jurisdiction not subject to appeal, then 21 22 notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, the legislature shall adopt a plan in accordance with the valid 23 provisions of this section, to be used until the next time for 24 redistricting under this section. 25

26The legislature shall adopt a plan under this subsection not27later than the 30th day after the last day on which an appeal of the

court order could have been filed or, if the order is not 1 appealable, the 30th day after the day on which the order is issued. 2 If the legislature does not adopt a new plan in accordance 3 with this subsection, then not later than the 30th day after the 4 deadline for the legislature to adopt the plan, the commission 5 shall be reconstituted and reconvene and shall adopt a plan in 6 accordance with the valid provisions of this section, to be used 7 8 until the next time for redistricting under this section.

9 <u>A plan adopted under this subsection must remedy any legal</u> 10 <u>defects in the previous plan identified by the court but may not</u> 11 <u>include changes to the previous plan other than those made in order</u> 12 <u>to remedy those defects.</u>

13 (q) Unless otherwise already convened, the legislature 14 shall convene in special session on the first Tuesday that occurs 15 during a period in which the legislature is required to adopt a plan 16 under this section.

17 SECTION 3. Section 7a, Article V, Texas Constitution, is 18 amended by amending Subsections (e) and (i) and adding Subsection 19 (j) to read as follows:

the legislature 20 (e) Unless enacts а statewide reapportionment of the judicial districts following each federal 21 decennial census, the board shall convene not later than the first 22 Monday of June of the third year following the year in which the 23 24 federal decennial census is taken to make а statewide reapportionment of the districts. The board shall complete its 25 26 work on the reapportionment and file its order with the secretary of state not later than August 31 of the same year. If the Judicial 27

Districts Board fails to make a statewide apportionment by that date, the <u>Texas</u> [Legislative] Redistricting <u>Commission</u> [Board] established by Article III, Section 28, of this constitution shall <u>convene on September 1 of the same year to</u> make a statewide reapportionment of the judicial districts not later than the <u>90th</u> [150th] day after the final day for the Judicial Districts Board to make the reapportionment.

8 (i) The legislature, the Judicial Districts Board, or the Texas [Legislative] Redistricting Commission [Board] may not 9 10 redistrict the judicial districts to provide for any judicial district smaller in size than an entire county except as provided by 11 this section. Judicial districts smaller in size than the entire 12 county may be created subsequent to a general election where a 13 majority of the persons voting on the proposition adopt the 14 15 proposition "to allow the division of _____ County into judicial districts composed of parts of _____ County." No 16 17 redistricting plan may be proposed or adopted by the legislature, Judicial Districts Board, or the 18 the Texas [Legislative] 19 Redistricting Commission [Board] in anticipation of a future action by the voters of any county. 20

(j) Until January 1, 2021, a reference in this section to
 the Texas Redistricting Commission means the Legislative
 Redistricting Board established under Section 28, Article III, of
 this constitution. This subsection expires January 1, 2021.

25 SECTION 4. This proposed constitutional amendment shall be 26 submitted to the voters at an election to be held November 5, 2019. 27 The ballot shall be printed to permit voting for or against the

S.J.R. No. 56 1 following proposition: "The constitutional amendment establishing 2 the Texas Redistricting Commission and providing redistricting 3 procedures for state legislative, state judicial, and 4 congressional districts."